

Dr. Garrod's ingenious and industrious mind. It is much to the credit of the College that it has been able to fill up, and most worthily to fill up, these important vacancies from the ranks of its own pupils, and thus to secure a continuance of that excellent teaching which has placed this College in so high a rank among the great medical schools.

It is, I am sure, the earnest wish of this great assembly that the usefulness and prosperity of the future may throw into the shade even the prosperous and useful past of University College.

#### DEATH OF DR. JOHN HATCH POWER.

WITH the deepest feelings of regret we have to record the decease of this distinguished and respected member of the medical profession. Dr. Power was one of the two Professors of Surgery in the Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, and one of the Surgeons of the City of Dublin Hospital; appointments which he obtained by steady perseverance in an uninterrupted course of successful labour as a teacher, writer, and practitioner, and which he filled with credit to himself and advantage to both these institutions. By colleagues and pupils he was valued as a friend, and by observers of his character admired as a straightforward and conscientious member of society, ever ready to afford advice and assistance. To those entering the medical profession we can with confidence point to the career of our lamented fellow-labourer as a lesson not to be forgotten or disregarded; proving as it does that the honest, steadfast, and industrious pursuit of legitimate objects of ambition is the surest course towards success and reputation. The object of these our imperfect encomiums was indebted to no questionable expedients to obtain admission into the body of which he became a conspicuous member, neither was he indebted to any unsuitable practice to arrive at the position he occupied. As a student he was a diligent and punctual attendant in all places of instruction, and an attentive observer of all facts and objects of importance submitted to his view, while as a practitioner he was content with that recognition of his just claims to public confidence which a quiet discharge of professional duties secures. We believe that the fatal disease was in the beginning of a rheumatic nature, accompanied by severe symptoms, in the sequel assuming a formidable typhoid character. The profection which followed his remains to their resting place in St. Patrick's Cathedral on Monday last bore a sad testimony to the respect in which his well applied talents and Christian virtues were held, for it included nearly every member of the profession in this city, his colleagues, and almost every student of medicine at present in Dublin, as well as many of our most distinguished citizens, whose professional confidence and friendship he had enjoyed for many years. (*Dub. Med. Press*)

**COCOA STATISTICS.** Ten million pounds weight of cocoa were imported into the United Kingdom last year, an increase upon the returns of 1861 of about 880,000 lbs. Considerably more than one-half of the entire supply in the latter year came from the British West Indies. Ecuador sent one and three quarter million lbs.

**PRODUCTIVENESS OF FISH.** Mr. Buckland tells us that there are probably no creatures in nature which are better calculated to repay our care by their enormous productiveness than fish. From experiments he had ascertained that the salmon and trout both deposited eggs at the rate of 1,000 for every pound weight of the parent fish. Turbot deposited 385,000 eggs; roach, 48,000; mackerel, 86,000; jack, 42,800; brill, 239,000; smelt, 36,000; soles, 134,000; perch, 120,000; and the codfish no less than 4,000,000.

## Association Intelligence.

### BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION: ANNUAL MEETING.

THE Thirty-first Annual Meeting of the British Medical Association will be holden at Bristol, on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 5th, 6th, and 7th days of August.

PHILIP H. WILLIAMS, M.D., *Gen. Sec.*

Worcester, April 21st, 1863.

#### BRANCH MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

NAME OF BRANCH.	PLACE OF MEETING.	DATE.
BATH AND BRISTOL. [Annual.]	Philosophical Institution, Bristol.	Thursday, June 18, 4.30 P.M.
EAST ANGLIAN. [Annual.]	Yarmouth.	Friday, June 26th, 3 P.M.
WEST SOMERSET. [Annual.]	The Squirrel Hotel, Wellington.	Wednesday, July 1, 2 P.M.

#### EAST YORK AND NORTH LINCOLN BRANCH: ANNUAL MEETING.

THE seventh annual meeting of this Branch was held at the Hull Infirmary on May 14, 1863, at 1 P.M.; F. B. ANDERSON, Esq., President, in the chair. Sixteen members and one visitor were present.

Mr. HARDEY, on retiring as president, spoke of the pleasure it had afforded him to preside over a meeting composed of his colleagues, with whom he had lived so long on terms of intimacy and friendship. On resigning the office to his friend Mr. Anderson, who with himself were the oldest members of the Branch, he felt convinced that that gentleman would sustain the duties of that office with credit to himself and gratification to the members generally. He himself had to thank the members of this meeting for their attention and many kindnesses he had received at their hands during the past year.

*New Members.* It was resolved that S. B. Denton, M.D., Hornsea; J. W. Dudley, Esq., Patrington; S. N. Harrison, Esq., Patrington; E. S. Roberts, Esq., Hull; John Armington, Esq., Hull; and A. O. Arden, Esq., Hull; be admitted members of the Branch.

*Officers for 1863-4.* The officers appointed for the ensuing year are as follows:—*President:* F. B. Anderson, Esq. (Hessle). *President-Elect:* O. Daly, M.D. *Representatives in General Council:* Sir H. Cooper, M.D. (Hull); W. J. Lunn, M.D. (Hull). *Honorary Secretary:* H. Munroe, M.D., F.L.S. (Hull). *Committee:* Sir H. Cooper, M.D. (Hull); R. M. Craven, Esq. (Hull); O. Daly, M.D. (Hull); K. King, M.D. (Hull); R. Hardey, Esq. (Hull); W. J. Lunn, M.D. (Hull); J. P. Bell, M.D. (Hull).

*Notice of Alteration of Law.* Dr. MUNROE gave notice that at the next general meeting he should propose an alteration of Law 3:—"That four members of the Committee of Management instead of five should form a quorum."

*Next General Meeting.* It was resolved that the next general meeting should be held at Howden.

*Papers.* The following papers and communications were made:—

1. Modern Treatment of Glaucoma. By K. King, M.D.
2. Case of Intestinal Calculus. By W. H. Eddie, Esq.
3. Notes on Revaccination. By J. P. Bell, M.D.
4. Preternatural Labour; Rare Presentation. By H. Munroe, M.D.
5. Case. By R. M. Craven, Esq.

On account of the long and interesting discussion which took place on the paper on Revaccination by Dr. Bell, Dr. Munroe's and Mr. Craven's papers were obliged to be postponed.

The papers read at the meeting will be forwarded for publication in the *JOURNAL*.

*Dinner.* At four o'clock, an excellent dinner was provided at the George Hotel. F. B. Anderson, Esq., the President (Hessle), occupied the chair; and Dr. Daly the vice-chair.

The PRESIDENT spoke warmly of the advantages arising from meetings of this character, which brought members from all parts of the district to exchange ideas and offer suggestions as to the best means of keeping up the status of the profession. He himself had been a member of the Association from its formation, and considered it a duty to be always present at these reunions of his medical brethren.

Dr. BELL made some very appropriate allusions to the prospects of the British Medical Association compared with a few years ago. The Association was increasing in numbers and influence every year; and the time would soon arrive when from necessity it must become one of the most important bodies of the profession.

Dr. DALY made some remarks on the increase of members and importance of the Association. He, at one time, thought that the *JOURNAL* was too expensive an item to be carried on with the income of the Association, and that its publication did not meet the views of many of the members; but now he attributed the increase of members and increased usefulness of the Association to be due to the great improvement of the *JOURNAL* under the present able editorship.

Dr. MUNROE, honorary secretary and treasurer, showed the financial position of the Branch to be in a very flourishing condition, he having a large surplus in hand. The number of members for the last few years had been gradually increasing; and this year he had to record the largest number since the formation of the Branch. He also spoke of the value and advantages of these prandial gatherings, as the means of bringing together in social conversation professional brethren living at a distance with but few opportunities of meeting each other—as being the foundation of many true and lasting friendships, and the cementing of those already formed. He also referred to the great necessity, now-a-days, of medical men being united in heart and mind to defend themselves against prosecution from the public; and he especially condemned the practice of medical men appearing in the witness-box to impugn the mode of treatment of disease by a brother practitioner.

Many members spoke in sympathy with those who had suffered in the late disgraceful prosecutions of members of our profession.

**ACTION OF CHLORIDE OF ZINC ON SILK.** M. J. Persoz, junr., states that solution of chloride of zinc of 60° will dissolve, after some time in the cold, but in a few moments when heated, silk in sufficient quantity to render the solution quite viscous, and to form a thick syrup. This solution diluted with acidulated water may be dialysed; the metallic salt passes through the dialyser, and the silk remains in a mass, having the appearance of starch, retaining, however, a little zinc; desiccation yields it as an insoluble vitreous residue. The solution might, therefore, be employed in place of albumen for fixing colours on fabrics, and might also be useful as a varnish. One of its peculiarities is worthy of remark—it is not decomposed below a red heat. Under the influence of heat it yields a red colouring matter something like murexide, which has not yet been thoroughly investigated. The chloride of zinc solution, rendered basic by oxide of zinc, does not dissolve wool or vegetable fibres, and may therefore serve as a reagent for the separation of mixed tissues. (*Pharmaceutical Journal*.)

## Special Correspondence.

### LIVERPOOL.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

THE *Medical Institution* has just concluded a very successful session. The excellent reports of the proceedings, regularly furnished to the *JOURNAL* by our indefatigable Secretary, Mr. Lowndes, renders it unnecessary for me to add more than that the average attendance at the meetings was good, and the papers and cases, as well as the discussions, interesting and instructive. The profession of Liverpool are peculiarly fortunate in possessing, as their own property, a noble building so admirably adapted for the purposes of a library, and for scientific meetings, or for assembling their members on any of those occasions which call for united action or for a public expression of professional opinion. Notwithstanding the manifest advantage and importance to the medical community of the town in thus having as it were "a local habitation and a name", unfortunately a large proportion of our brethren here, by withholding their support, deprive themselves of those benefits of professional intercourse and cooperation which it was the special object of the founders of the Institution to place within the reach of every practitioner in the locality, and at the same time impose unnecessary burdens upon those who are left to maintain the establishment in a state of efficiency. These remarks may appear inapplicable and uninteresting to general readers unconnected with this neighbourhood; but I may remind them that, although the incidents of my story are local, the moral has a wide and almost unlimited application; so that, while giving my neighbours a hint, I am calling the attention of the profession at large to a prevailing delinquency, of which, indeed, our own Association forms a notable illustration. Notwithstanding its recent rapid growth and its present respectable muster-roll, what a small percentage it includes of the names which fill nearly five hundred pages of the *Medical Register*! The great facilities afforded by institutions of this kind for prompt and united action on important emergencies have recently been well shown by the energetic and instantaneous movement of the profession of Liverpool in reference to the late *cause célèbre* at Chester, in which they gave precedence only to that city itself, and set an example which many here think might with propriety have been more generally followed in other large towns.

The subscriptions towards the Waters fund emanating from the Liverpool Medical Institution already amount to upwards of £70. Our friends on the opposite shores of the Mersey have held a meeting at Birkenhead, and have commenced a subscription. Our Manchester brethren do not as yet appear to have come out in great force in this matter; but this, I feel sure, is attributable to no want of sympathy for Dr. Waters, or to a disapproval in the object of the movement; but I understand some unforeseen obstacles arose in the organisation of a general meeting of the practitioners of the town, which seem to have ended in their taking refuge in the Council

## Medical News.

**ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS.** The following gentlemen, having undergone the necessary examinations for the diploma, were admitted members of the College at a meeting of the Court of Examiners, on May 8th:—

Bateman, William Adolphus Fredk., L.S.A., Richmond, Surrey  
 Brookwell, John, Cleator, Cumberland  
 Compson, John Charles, Stourbridge, Worcestershire  
 Francis, Alfred Ollivant, Derby  
 Hinds, Charles, Barbadoes  
 Holyoake, Thomas, Kinver, Staffordshire  
 Hunt, Henry John, Melksham, Wilts  
 Hurlstone, Martin de Galway, Chester Street, Hyde Park Corner  
 Jones, William, Llangorse, Brecon  
 McBride, James, Rathfriland, co. Down, Ireland  
 Miles, Thomas, Totnes, Devon  
 Peatfield, Thomas John, Edwinstowe, Notts.  
 Pyle, Charles John, Amesbury  
 Pyle, George Edward, Amesbury  
 Soffe, William Edward, L.F.P. & S.Glasg., Bungay, Suffolk  
 Steward, Joseph S., L.R.C.P.Lond., Usemore Hill, Cumberland  
 Summerhayes, Henry, Crewkerne, Somerset  
 Swabey, Samuel, Prince Edward Island  
 Turner, James Smith, Margaret Street, Cavendish Square  
 Vallance, Edmund, Brighton  
 Whipple, John Henry Connell, M.D.St.And., Plymouth  
 Wintle, Richard Prior, Earls Court Terrace, Kensington  
 Wood, Francis Henry, New Romney

**APOTHECARIES' HALL.** On May 14th, the following Licentiates were admitted:—

Clapperton, George, Lower Broughton, Manchester  
 Dykes, William Astly Sherratt, Lonsborough, Yorkshire  
 Elliott, George Hurlstone, Chichester  
 Hall, Samuel, Belper, Derbyshire  
 Norris, George Robert, Charmouth, Dorset  
 Perks, Charles, Queen's College, Birmingham  
 Poulton, Albert Edward, Horncastle  
 Rudyard, Alfred Thomas, Bexhill  
 Spence, James Atkinson West, Bedale, Yorkshire  
 Woolley, Thomas Starbuck, Codnor, Derbyshire

At the same Court, the following passed the first examination:—

Armstrong, Henry Edward

### APPOINTMENTS.

COWELL, George, Esq., appointed Medical Officer to the Royal Pimlico Dispensary.  
 DOBBIE, Robt., M.D., appointed Surgeon to the County Prison, Ayr.  
 EDWARDS, Alexander M., Esq., appointed Assistant-Surgeon to the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary.  
 FREEMAN, John H., Esq., elected Medical Officer of Health for the Parish of St. George-in-the-East.  
 GRIFFITH, Gorreuer, Esq., appointed House-Surgeon to the London Surgical Home.  
 ORD, George R., Esq., appointed Surgeon to the Royal Asylum of St. Ann's Society.  
 PADLEY, G., M.D., elected Physician to the Swansea Infirmary.  
 STARLING, John, Esq., appointed Medical Officer to the Chelsea, Brompton, and Belgrave Dispensary.  
 WATSON, Patrick H., M.D., appointed Third Acting Surgeon to the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary.  
 WILLEY, H., Esq., elected House-Surgeon to the Poplar Hospital.

### POOR-LAW MEDICAL SERVICE.

AYRE, Edwin S., Esq., to the High Hoyland District of the Penistone Union.  
 BURKE, John P., M.D., to the Louisburgh District of the Westport Union, co. Mayo.  
 CANDLER, John, Esq., to the Mendham District of the Hoxne Union, Suffolk.  
 CLARKE, Alexander C., M.D., Resident Medical Officer to the New Workhouse, Crumpsall, Manchester.  
 EARLE, John, Esq., to the Workhouse of the Altrincham Union.  
 EDWARDS, John, Esq., to the East Bampton District of the Tiverton Union.  
 FARMER, J., Esq., to the Cottesford District of the Bicester Union.  
 GILMORE, Samuel, L.R.C.P.Edin., to the Workhouse Infirmary and Fever Hospital of the Castleblayney Union, co. Monaghan.  
 MACKRETH, John F., L.R.C.P.Ed., to the Danby District of the Guisborough Union.  
 MURCH, William, Esq., to the Orton District of the East Ward Union, Appleby, Westmoreland.  
 STEPHENSON, William H., M.D., to the Mellor District of the Blackburn Union.  
 TROTTER, Charles John, Esq., to the District of Holme, Huddersfield Union.

### ROYAL NAVY.

BAIRD, William J., Esq., Surgeon, to the *Cossack*.  
 BELL, William H., Esq., Assistant-Surgeon, to the *Cossack*.  
 DURS, William, M.D., Surgeon, to the *Marlborough*.

### MILITIA.

GRAY, J., Esq., to be Assistant-Surgeon Northamptonshire and Rutland Militia.

### YEOMANRY CAVALRY.

MORETON, J. C., Esq., to be Assistant-Surgeon Earl of Chester's Yeomanry Cavalry.  
 SICARD, A., M.D., to be Surgeon Royal East Kent Yeomanry Cavalry.

### VOLUNTEERS. (A.V.—Artillery Volunteers; R.V.—Rifle Volunteers):—

BENNETT, C. H., M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon 4th Middlesex R.V.  
 To be Honorary Assistant-Surgeons:—  
 BYRNE, W. A., Esq., 1st Glamorganshire Engineer Volunteers.

### BIRTHS.

OSBORN. On May 16th, at Northampton, the wife of Ashby G. Osborn, Esq., Surgeon, of a daughter.  
 POEND. On May 18th, at Odiham, the wife of \*George Pound, Esq., Surgeon, of a son.

### DEATHS.

ADAMS. On May 14th, at 37, Harrington Square, aged 6, Henry Clements, second son of William Adams, Esq., Surgeon.  
 \*COUCH, Richard Q., Esq., at Penzance, aged 46, on May 8.  
 CUTFIELD, Alfred B., M.D., at Deal, aged 46 on May 11.  
 ELLIS. On May 10th, at Bristol, aged 2 years and 5 months, Robert Valentine, eldest son of Robert W. Ellis, Esq.  
 FIELD, Edward, M.D., at Framlingham, on May 10.  
 GRIFFITH. On March 9th, near Bathurst, New South Wales, aged 40, Richard Clewin Griffith, Esq., eldest son of Richard C. Griffith, Esq., Surgeon, of Gower Street.

**VACCINATION (IRELAND) BILL.** This Bill has been read and passed in the House of Commons.

**ALLEGED NARCOTISM FROM SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION.** It is stated that a patient lately died in the Middlesex Hospital from narcotism induced by the subcutaneous injection of morphia.

**THE ARMY IN INDIA.** Meetings of the Royal Commission to inquire into the Sanitary State of the Army in India, Lord Stanley, M.P., in the chair, were held at the War-office on Saturday the 9th, Wednesday the 13th, Saturday the 16th, and Tuesday the 19th inst.

**UNIVERSITY OF ST. ANDREW'S.** A vacancy has occurred in the chair of chemistry and anatomy in the United College, St. Andrew's, by the resignation of Dr. George Edward Day, owing to ill health. The patronage is vested in the University Court.

**ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL.** At the annual dinner of this hospital, held at the Albion on the 5th inst., the receipt of nearly £700 in donations, etc., was announced. A legacy of £200 has also been lately left to the hospital by Mr. Charles Maccabe of Wimpole Street; and Mr. B. B. Cabbell has lately obtained for the hospital, as a gift from the Society for the Discharge and Relief of Persons imprisoned for Small Debts, £300, being the fourth donation from that Society.

**THE QUEEN AND THE WINDSOR INFIRMARY.** A short time ago, her Majesty visited the Windsor Infirmary. Since then a letter has been received in which is expressed—"Her Majesty's great satisfaction at all her Majesty saw on her late visit, and the approbation with which her Majesty noted the care and attention bestowed on the patients, and the cleanliness and the order that prevail in an institution which has the Queen's best wishes." The following letter was also received by the treasurer:—"Dr. Becker presents his compliments to the treasurer of the Windsor Infirmary. He has received the commands of her Royal Highness the Princess Louis of Hesse to forward the enclosed cheque for £20, as a contribution from her Royal Highness towards the funds of the infirmary. Her Royal Highness knows

that she is thus contributing towards one of the best directed undertakings for the benefit of the poorer classes of the town and neighbourhood of Windsor; and it is a satisfaction to her Royal Highness, before returning to Germany, thus to leave some token of affectionate remembrance of the scenes where so large a portion of her childhood and youth has been happily passed."

**THE SMALL-POX.** In the House of Commons, a few days ago, General Buckley asked the President of the Poor Law Board whether he was aware that fresh cases of small-pox were brought into the workhouse of St. George's, Hanover Square parish, and other workhouses in London, and whether some arrangement could not be made to prevent fresh cases of small-pox being brought into the populous part of London? Mr. Villiers had not heard of any fresh cases of small-pox in the workhouse of St. George's or in any other of the workhouses of the metropolis; but he had heard that the malady generally was on the decline. Some weeks ago the Privy Council issued a circular to all the metropolitan unions, urging them to take precautionary measures with a view to the extension of accommodation for patients suffering from small-pox, and the Privy Council further issued a circular to the Poor Law Board, requesting them to urge upon Boards of Guardians to take such measures. Since that time answers had been received from no less than twenty-five out of the forty metropolitan unions, stating that their accommodation was more than adequate for the number of patients. With respect to the workhouse of St. George's, it might be satisfactory to the hon. and gallant General to hear a report had been made with respect to that workhouse within the last few days, from which it appeared that a wing of the building had been set aside for small-pox patients; that the said wing was capable of accommodating forty patients; that the greatest number in at any one time had been thirty; that the total numbers admitted since the outbreak of the malady was fifty-eight; and that at present there were only fifteen in it, the major part of whom were convalescent.

**THE RUSSELL v. ADAMS CASE.** Court of Bankruptcy, May 15th. The bankrupt, Annie Russell, who described herself as "a professor of music, and spinster," applied for her release. She was the unsuccessful plaintiff in the cause of "Russell v. Adams", and had been arrested for £315 costs incurred by Mr. Adams in defending the action. Mr. Wild, for Mr. Adams, opposed the application. He said the total expense incurred by Mr. Adams in his defence would be £1000. The defendant had been obliged to bring a vast amount of evidence from Holyhead and elsewhere, with a view to showing that on former occasions the bankrupt had fixed charges of breaches of promise of marriage upon clergymen and other persons, in order to extort money.—The bankrupt, who gave her evidence in a somewhat confident tone, said: It is quite true that the verdict was not exactly for me; but my solicitor applied to Messrs. Wild and Barber for leave to examine Mr. Adams and myself as witnesses upon the trial, in order that the truth might be established; but they refused to give permission, otherwise the verdict would, in my opinion, have been very different.—The Commissioner: The verdict was against you?—The Bankrupt: Yes; but if Mr. Adams had not placed himself in the position, he would not have incurred the expense. From experience he might have known that it was rather dangerous to trifle with the affections of a lady.—The Commissioner: I see that in the declaration the damages are laid at £3000.—Mr. Wild: Yes, and the defendant a married man with a large family.—The Commissioner: I do not think I can release the bankrupt until she has been four months in prison. It is a monstrous case.—The Bankrupt: Very well. I was informed yesterday that you would prejudice

the case.—The Commissioner: I do not know how I could prejudice the case. Until to-day I never saw either plaintiff, defendant, judge, or jury. I cannot release the bankrupt until she has suffered four months imprisonment.—The bankrupt was then removed, his honour adding (with a smile): "I hope she will not sue me." [A laugh.]

**UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, LONDON.** The distribution of prizes to the students of the Faculty of Medicine in University College, London, took place on Tuesday, Dr. Parkes, F.R.S., Fellow of the College, former Professor of Clinical Medicine, in the chair. *Atkinson Morley Surgical Scholarship*: William J. Smith, of Basingstoke. *Longridge Prize (£40) for General Proficiency*: William H. Griffin, of Banbury.—*Filliter Exhibition in Pathological Anatomy (£30)*: Thomas Griffiths, of Carmarthen-shire.—*Fellowes's Clinical Medals: Gold Medal*: Telford Jones, of Brecon. *Extra Gold Medal*: Frederick T. Roberts, of Carmarthen. *Silver Medal*: Richard Dawson, of Brighton. *Anatomy and Physiology: Gold Medal*: Bryan H. Allan, of London. *First Silver Medal*: William Snow, of Barnstaple. *Second Silver Medal (Equal)*: John Morrison, of Stirling, and John Williams, of Llangudock. *Certificates of Honour*: 5. (Equal) James J. Coxeter, of London; George Jackson, of Tavistock; 7. Thomas H. Green, of Saffron Walden; 8. (Equal) Frederick B. Nunneley, of Burton-on-Trent; Julian A. M. Evans, of London; 11. (Equal) Edward F. Willoughby, of Brighton; William Akerman, of Islington; 13. Charles J. H. Smith, of Kentish Town; 14. (Equal) Frank Howard, of Harrow; Marshall Hooper, of Sevenoaks.—*Anatomy: Senior Class: Gold Medal*: Charles Bradley, of Nottingham. *First Silver Medal*: William Snow. *Second Silver Medal*: Philip B. Mason, of Burton-on-Trent. *Certificates of Honour*: 4. Thomas H. Green; 5. Bryan H. Allan; 6. George Jackson; 7. Henry G. Walker, of London; 8. William Akerman; 9. Charles J. H. Smith. *Junior Class: Silver Medal*: George O. Spencer, of London. *Certificates of Honour*: 2. Frederick Barton, of Bedford; 3. James J. Cluff, of London; 4. Francis J. Buckell, of Romsey; 5. Frederick B. Nunneley; 6. Francis J. Grose, of Dinapore, Bengal.—*Chemistry: Gold Medal*: J. Pearson Hughes, of Llandoverly. *First Silver Medal*: Percy J. Harding, of London. *Second Silver Medal*: John M. Whitwell, of Kendal. *Certificates of Honour*: 4. (Equal) George O. Spencer, John D. Thomas, of Swansea; 5. William Hoffmeister, of Cowes; 6. Russell Swanwick, of Chestertfield; 7. (Equal) Francis J. Buckell; William C. Cass, of Cowes; R. Ramsay Morton; William R. Davies, of Carmarthen; Henry Carter Wigg, of Geelong, Australia; Robert Colman, of London; 8. (Equal) G. Vivian Poore, of Andover; George Crow, of London; 9. J. W. Langmore, of London.—*Comparative Anatomy: Gold Medal*: John C. Leach, of Crediton. *Certificates of Honour*: 2. William Hoffmeister; 3. G. Vivian Poore; 4. James J. Coxeter.—*Practical Physiology and Histology: Silver Medal*: Philip B. Mason.—*Certificates of Honour*: 2. James J. Coxeter; 3. Frederick B. Nunneley; 4. Henry C. Wigg; 5. John M. Whitwell.—*Medicine: Gold Medal*: Palemon Best, of St. Ives, Cornwall. *First Silver Medal*: John Harman, of Canterbury. *Second Silver Medal*: Athene-dore De Negri, of London. *Certificates of Honour*: 4. (Equal) Edmund Nash, of Royston; Alexander Bruce, of London; 9. John Roberts, of Kidwelly.—*Surgery: Gold Medal*: Herbert Everett, of Norwich. *First Silver Medal*: Alexander Bruce. *Second Silver Medal*: Samuel Mills, of Huddersfield. *Certificates of Honour*: 4. (Equal) John Hackney, of London; John B. Grewcock; 5. William Gill, of Truro; 6. Charles S. A. Atkinson, of Norwich; 7. Thomas Evans, of Llandussyl, South Wales.

