

on a too abrupt suspension of the treatment must not be overlooked. More heroic measures might have been adopted, but the feeble state of the patient had to be borne in mind and the quantities administered considered accordingly.

A CASE OF PSORIASIS OF MANY YEARS' STANDING TREATED WITH THYROID EXTRACT.

By HARRY R. PREECE, L.R.C.P. EDIN.,
L.R.C.S. EDIN., ETC.,
Birkenhead.

Miss P., aged about 26, first consulted me about the beginning of March, 1894, complaining of a rash on the face and body, which was accompanied by intense itching. The eruption was of red erythematous character on the face, whilst at the junction of the forehead with the hair there were numbers of yellowish dry scales. On separating the hair the scalp was seen to be pretty well covered with them. On the back the eruption was scaly, the scales being more silvery and the eruption so thick that one could hardly see any natural skin over the whole surface. On the elbows and knees was the true scaly eruption of psoriasis.

The patient's family history is rather interesting, as bearing upon the disease. Her mother was troubled for a very long time with the same affection, whilst her sister has very intractable eczema of the face, for which she has been under my care for some time. She herself tells me that the eruption has been on her body ever since she can remember, but has never appeared on her face before. She has been under treatment, but has never experienced anything but the most temporary relief.

I placed her on iron and arsenic three times a day, with an ointment of boracic acid and vaseline to relieve the irritation, and prohibited meat diet. The face got much better, but the rash remained distinctly visible, the scales still being persistent at the root of the hair and on the body and legs. I then tried unguentum sulphuris co. (B.P.), but still the eruption remained, though not so bad as before.

On April 1st I ordered her to take thyroid extract tabloids (B., W., and Co.), four in the day. I saw her a week later, when there was a marked improvement. The scales were becoming detached from the body, the face was perfectly clear with the exception of a few scales at the root of the hair.

On April 14th I saw her again, and was much struck by the most wonderful improvement in her condition. There were hardly any scales in the hair, and the face was quite well. On examining the body the scales were falling off, leaving a reddish eruption underneath. The irritation was much less. I should remark that at this time I used in conjunction with the tabloids (of which she was now taking six in the day) an ointment of oxide of zinc, boracic acid, and oil of tar. The same evening I was called in to see her, and found her suffering from a severe headache with slight pyrexia, the temperature being 99° F. I stopped the tabloids for the time being, and ordered antipyrin grs. 10. The next day the headache was better and temperature normal, but she was giddy when rising. I did not recommence the tabloids until the next day, and then only ordered one a day. In a few days the number was increased to four, and I found that the patient in a short time in her enthusiasm increased the number of her own accord to six. Her condition continued to improve, the only unpleasant symptom being occasional attacks of intense headache. When these came on I invariably stopped the tabloids, much against the patient's wish, as she would rather put up with the headache than stand the risk of her affection gaining ground. In June I examined her body again and found it quite free from scales; the only place where those were present was behind each ear. I now sent her away for change of air, and she went to Leamington, taking her tabloids with her. On her return, in about a month, much to my dismay, I found her much worse. The eruption had returned on the face and head, whilst the irritation was unbearable. However, I determined to stick to the thyroid extract for a little longer before discarding it, but there did not seem

to be much progress. I then began to suspect that there must be something wrong with the tabloids, so I wrote to Messrs. Burroughs, Wellcome, and Co., and they kindly sent me a supply. I used these, and was delighted to find that great improvement took place, the eruption disappeared, also the irritation, and from that time until now she has never gone back, and at the present moment she has not a trace of the disease upon her. I may mention that I received great help from the patient herself, as she faithfully carried out all my directions. I kept her entirely on a light diet, prohibiting butcher's meat, also ordering her to use Wright's liquor carbonis detergens in the washing water. I am hopeful that she is now cured and that the disease will not return.

MEMORANDA: MEDICAL, SURGICAL, OBSTETRICAL, THERAPEUTICAL, PATHOLOGICAL, Etc.

A CASE OF MYXEDEMA TREATED WITH THYROID EXTRACT.

M. A., single, aged 45, first consulted me in August, 1894. She complained of swelling of the whole body, breathlessness on exertion, etc. She attributed her illness to exposure to cold and wet during menstruation about eleven years ago. Her condition had gradually become worse until the time of coming under my notice.

She presented a general oedematous appearance, especially well marked in the connective tissue around the eyes, also in the lips and hands. The face was pale and waxy, with a circumscribed malar blush. The lips were swollen and translucent. Her tongue was also swollen and appeared too large for her mouth, otherwise the alimentary system was normal. No trace of thyroid gland was to be felt. The first sound of the heart was faint but there was no murmur. The respiratory and urinary systems were normal. The skin was dry and harsh, the hair was very scanty. She had had complete amenorrhoea for about eleven years, while during the year previous to its entire cessation menstruation had been very irregular. Her speech was slow and thick and her memory was almost completely gone. Her movements were very slow and her gait uncertain and tottering. The diagnosis was myxœdema.

She was put on thyroid extract tabloids (B., W., and Co.) commencing with one half daily and gradually increasing to three a day.

From the first I noticed an improvement which has gradually increased until now the oedema has entirely disappeared. Her speech has lost its thickness, her memory has returned, and menstruation is now quite regular; in fact my patient says that "she feels as well to-day as ever she did in her life."

I consider this case worthy of publication owing to the prolonged amenorrhoea and the return of menstruation under treatment at so late a period in life.

Walls, Shetland.

MATTHEW ELDER, M.B., C.M. EDIN.

CINNAMON IN INFLUENZA.

In the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL of March 16th you publish a letter from my friend Mr. C. G. Grant, on cinnamon in influenza. Acting on his theory I have tried the drug in some fifty cases of the disease, and have certainly found it far more useful than the ammoniated tincture of quinine. I give simply 3j doses of the tincture three times a day. At least thirty of the above cases were benefited, and I generally found from the patients' statements that the pains in the head and back were relieved after three or four doses.

H. A. STONHAM, M.R.C.S., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer Stepney Union, etc.

THROAT AFFECTIONS IN INFLUENZA.

In this neighbourhood we are in the middle of a rather severe epidemic of influenza. The symptoms have been aching of limbs with generally rather severe headache, mostly frontal, and this headache has, contrary to my experience in other epidemics, lasted some days after the fever

has abated, and has had a great tendency to recur as severe neuralgia if the patient exposes himself too early. I think I may say that nearly every case, whether mild or severe, has had an inflamed purplish-red oedematous appearance of the uvula and surrounding parts, with a very troublesome dry cough, and, as we should expect, more troublesome on lying down, and the patients generally express surprise when told this cough arises mainly from the throat, as they very seldom complain of or say that they feel any pain there when asked. Backache is not a very constant symptom and a rash is the exception. F. W. JOLLYE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,
Medical Officer of Health to the Alresford
Rural Sanitary Authority.

EFFECT OF UNILATERAL ATROPHY OF THE TESTICLE ON THE SIZE OF THE PROSTATE.

I HAVE recently had the opportunity of examining a prostate associated with atrophy of one testicle in a patient, aged 49, who was the subject of chronic brain disease. It had been thought for at least five years that the left testicle was absent from the scrotum; how much longer could not be ascertained. The bladder, prostate, right testicle, cords, etc., and a very rudimentary left testicle, which was lodged in the upper part of the left side of the scrotum, were removed entire. The right lobe of the prostate was found to be only slightly larger than the left; to touch, both had equal consistence. Situated immediately posterior to the vesical opening of the urethra was a small elevation of the mucous membrane, as if a small pea were beneath it. Except the slight difference of $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in the width of the lobes no difference could be detected between them. The prostate measured $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch from side to side and $1\frac{1}{4}$ from before back. The specimen is in the museum of Middlesex Hospital.

ASLETT BALDWIN, M.R.C.S.Eng., L.R.C.P.Lond.
Middlesex Hospital, W.

SULPHONAL POISONING: RECOVERY.

W. G., aged 14, weighing 23 kilogrammes, took from 5 to 6 grammes of sulphonol in the form of tabloids, which he mistook for harmless lozenges. Two hours later his stomach was artificially emptied. He was then very drowsy, and shortly afterwards fell into a deep sleep, from which, however, he could be partially roused. He remained in a semi-comatose state for twenty-four hours. When he had so far recovered as to be able to answer questions he complained of headache, lassitude, extreme giddiness, and sleepiness. Two days passed before he could stand. When he attempted to walk he staggered and fell. His attitude and look bore a striking resemblance to the effects of alcoholic intoxication. Giddiness, somnolence, and muscular inco-ordination continued for a week after taking the tabloids. The last sign to disappear was inability to walk in the dark. His urine was increased in quantity, and was of low specific gravity (1002 to 1012). It contained at no time hæmatoporphyrin, albumen, or formed elements. The red corpuscles of his blood were found to form rouleaux, as in health. There was no disposition for the corpuscles to remain separate, as E. Schäfer has observed in instances of chronic poisoning with this hypnotic. Constipation was the only disorder noticed in his digestive system. The temperature and pulse remained unaffected.

C. BIRT,
Bombay. Surgeon-Captain Army Medical Staff.

SCARLET RASH AFTER ENEMATA.

I HAVE frequently observed a scarlet rash following the use of soap and water enemata, such as described by Mr. G. E. Hale in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL of March 2nd; indeed, at the present time I have a case under my care. Notwithstanding Dr. Suckling's view, I cannot help thinking the cause is due to the irritating effect of the particular soap used in the enemata rather than to the absorption of liquefied faecal matter. If Dr. Suckling's view be correct, why is it that the rash does not show itself before the enema is used, for surely there is in many cases a certain amount of the more liquefied part of faecal matter being absorbed?

Bournemouth. A. KINSEY-MORGAN, M.D., etc.

REPORTS

MEDICAL & SURGICAL PRACTICE IN THE HOSPITALS AND ASYLUMS OF GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND, AND THE COLONIES.

ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM, MORNINGSIDE.

A CASE OF CHRONIC INSANITY WHICH RECOVERED UNDER
THYROID TREATMENT.

(By CHARLES C. EASTERBROOK, M.A., M.B.,
Assistant-Physician.)

THE following is a case of undoubted cure by the use of the thyroid gland, which has recently been applied to the treatment of insanity by my colleague, Dr. Bruce:

(G. S. R., a single woman, aged 24, a bookfolder, was admitted into the Royal Edinburgh Asylum on June 7th, 1892, suffering from puerperal mania.

Family History.—There was merely a neurotic heredity, evidenced by the fact that the patient's brother, father, and paternal grandmother (who was also asthmatic) were all subject to severe migrainous headaches; otherwise the family was a healthy one.

Personal History.—The patient, who had pertussis and measles with bronchitis in early childhood, also became the subject of migrainous headaches, which increased in severity as she grew up. Puberty came on at 13, and she developed into a healthy good-looking girl, of a cheery but simple disposition. During her adolescence, however, she lacked stability, and was inclined to be vain, extravagant in dress, and over-religious. At 19 she had a "hysterical attack due to a fright." She then became idle, got into bad company, and at 21 had an illegitimate child, after which she suffered from an attack of puerperal mania, from which she recovered somewhat suddenly after being for thirteen months under treatment in the Royal Edinburgh Asylum.

Present Illness.—Two years later she unfortunately became a second time pregnant, and, after the birth of the second illegitimate child, she again had puerperal mania, for which she was admitted on June 7th, 1892, into the asylum. She was in a condition of mania with grandiose delusions, her looks, utterances, and actions being those of a lady of great importance. She remained thus for fully half a year and then settled into a state of secondary stupor. She was in this condition a year after her illness began, and, instead of awakening from it, she during the next year and a half slowly developed the symptoms of secondary dementia. Recovery seemed practically hopeless, fully two years and a-half having elapsed since the onset of her illness. It was decided to put her through a course of thyroid treatment. This was begun on December 12th, 1894, her bodily health being good and her weight 90 lbs. She received twelve thyroid tabloids (60 grains) a day for seven days. A moderate febrile reaction ensued. She was out of bed on the fourteenth day (December 26th, 1894), when it was found that she had lost 6 lbs. in weight (84 lbs.). A complete mental change had now set in; in her own words, she said: "I feel as if I had come out of a long dream." She looked bright and cheery, smiled pleasantly, and began to work. A few days later she was dancing joyously at the New Year Ball, and singing merrily at her work. The mental improvement has continued, and her father states that she is as well in mind now as she ever was. What, perhaps, is quite as remarkable is that during the following eight weeks she gained 40 lbs. (nearly 3 stone) in weight, her weight on February 28th, 1895, being 124 lbs. At the date of writing (March 9th) her weight is 130 lbs. Amongst several of our insane patients who have been greatly benefited by the thyroid treatment this is certainly as yet the most striking case.

DR. CARL SEILER has resigned the post of Clinical Professor of Laryngology in the University of Pennsylvania on the ground of impaired health.

AN Austrian Otological Society has just been founded in Vienna. The President is Professor Joseph Gruber, the Vice-President Professor A. Politzer, the Treasurer Professor V. Urbantschitch.

medical posts at Charenton in succession. He was physician-in-chief of the asylum for twenty-two years, continuing to hold the appointment until he retired from active professional life in 1872. He spent the remainder of his days amidst books and plants, to both of which he was passionately devoted, in a charming house not far from the asylum which had been the scene of his life's work.

Calmeil was a man of a modesty equal to his talents and acquirements, and he took no pains at any time to push himself into notoriety. So devoted was he to his poor patients at Charenton that he refused the most tempting offers to embark on work of a more profitable kind. He was a man of the most kindly nature, though strict in matters of duty, in which he himself set the best possible example. His contributions to the literature of his speciality cover almost the whole ground of diseases of the mind. His thesis for the doctor's degree, which he took in 1824, was on the seat of epilepsy and its influence in the production of insanity.

Among his larger works may be mentioned: *On Paralysis in the Insane* (1826); *Diseases of the Cord* (1839); *On Madness from the Pathological, Philosophical, Historical, and Judicial Points of View* (1845). In this excellent work are described the great epidemics of simple or complicated delirium which have prevailed in various countries, and particularly in monastic establishments; and an account is given of the miscarriages of justice to which the non-recognition of insanity has given rise. Among his other works are *A Treatise on Inflammatory Diseases of the Brain* (1859), for which he received the Cross of Officer of the Legion of Honour.

THE death is announced of Mr. JAMES DAVIS, M.R.C.S. Eng., at his residence in Dublin. Mr. Davis, who was aged 88, was for 40 years engaged in the active practice of his profession. In 1834 he settled at Newport, Mayo, where his district was of enormous extent, reaching into the Isle of Achill on the one side, to Ballycrocy on the other. During the trying famine and epidemic periods in the West of Ireland his devotion to duty and heroic self-sacrifice gained for him the special recognition of the authorities. On his retirement he was granted the maximum pension under the Poor Law Board, and was presented with an illuminated address, accompanied by a purse of 100 guineas, by his patients and friends. Dr. Davis while actively engaged in practice acquired a special reputation for his skill in obstetrics. He was a man of upright character, whose sterling good qualities and readiness to give help in difficulties won for him the respect and affection of all who knew him. His eldest son entered the Medical Service of the Royal Navy, and had attained the rank of Staff-Surgeon when he died on the Pacific Station. His second son also entered the medical profession, but has since retired from practice, while his third son is Dr. Arthur N. Davis, Medical Superintendent of the Plymouth Borough Asylum.

WE regret to announce the death of Mr. DANIEL BALL, F.R.C.S. Eng., which took place at his residence at Stoke-on-Trent on March 17th in his 96th year. The deceased entered in 1821 as a student at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, became a Member of the Royal College of Surgeons in 1825, and was elected a Fellow in 1844. After qualifying he settled in Burslem, and continued to practise there until 1859. Mr. Ball had served on the staff of the North Staffordshire Infirmary from 1835, in which institution he took a great interest. The funeral, which took place on March 21st, was attended by a great number of sorrowing friends.

DR. WILLIAM GODFREY DYAS, one of the oldest practitioners of Chicago, who was recently run over by an express train in that city of reckless traffic, was born in Ireland. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, and went to Chicago in 1859. He was for some years editor of the *Medical Journal* of that city, and up to the time of his death he took a very active part in the professional life of Chicago. He was Consulting Surgeon to the Cook County Hospital and to the Women's Hospital, and an ex-President of the Chicago Medical Society. Dr. Dyas contributed comparatively little to medical literature. He had prepared an important work

embodying some of the results of his large clinical experience, but the MS., together with a large mass of material which he had collected for it perished in the great fire which destroyed Chicago in 1871. Dr. Dyas was naturally discouraged by this accident, and he was never able to screw his courage to the point of rewriting the work. He was 87 years of age.

DR. M. R. MARJOLIN, whose death, at the age of 83, was recently announced in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL, was the oldest of the hospital surgeons of Paris. He was a son of the distinguished surgeon of that name, formerly Professor of External Pathology in the Paris Faculty, and took his degree in 1839. He was one of the last surviving founders of the Société de Chirurgie. He was the author of a number of papers on subjects connected with operative surgery and hospital hygiene.

THE death is announced of Dr. CHARLES JOHN MILL, of Kirriemuir, in the 81st year of his age. Dr. Mill, who was a native of Arbroath, practised in Kirriemuir for fifty-two years and down to his retirement in 1887. He was well known in the district and highly esteemed.

MR. RICHARD LEACROFT FREER, M.R.C.S., L.S.A., who died on March 13th, was born in 1818, and was the eldest son of Mr. W. H. Freer, surgeon of Stourbridge, whose father also had been in practice in that town. Mr. R. L. Freer was educated at the Bridgnorth Grammar School, and subsequently studied at St. Bartholomew's Hospital. In 1840 he commenced practice with his father at Stourbridge, and on the elder gentleman's death in 1858 was joined by Mr. Alfred Freer. He continued in practice until 1880, when failing sight compelled him to retire. Mr. Freer, who served for a long time in the Yeomanry, was also a magistrate for the counties of Worcester and Stafford, and was very highly esteemed in Stourbridge and the neighbourhood.

DEATHS IN THE PROFESSION ABROAD.—Among the members of the medical profession in foreign countries who have recently passed away are Dr. Brunhes, Dean of the Faculty of Science of Dijon; Dr. Emile Bodast, of Brussels, Physician to the household of the King of the Belgians; Dr. Augustin Faucon, Burgomaster of Rœulx (Belgium), aged 65; Dr. Chabrely, a former President of the Bordeaux Society of Medicine and Surgery, and Vice-President-elect of the Congress of Internal Medicine, which is to be held at Bordeaux this year; Dr. Schoenfeld, of Berlin, formerly a Counsellor in the Prussian Cultusministerium; Dr. Waldau, of Berlin, a well-known ophthalmic surgeon, aged 73; Dr. de Larabrie, Professor of Clinical Surgery in the Medical School of Nantes; Dr. Fr. Müller, formerly President of the Swiss Federal Commission for Examination in Medicine; Dr. Carl Boedecker, sometime Professor of Physiological Chemistry in the University of Göttingen; and Dr. F. A. Sawyer, Vice-President of the Massachusetts Medical Society, aged 62.

MEDICO-LEGAL AND MEDICO-ETHICAL.

CHARGE OF EXPOSURE OF INFECTIOUS PATIENT.

At the Guildford Petty Sessions on March 23rd Mr. Bird, of High Wycombe, was summoned by the Woking sanitary authorities, under Section 126 of the Public Health Act, 1875, "for that he being in charge of Sara Williams, a person suffering from a dangerous infectious disorder, to wit scarlet fever, exposed her without proper precautions against spreading disorder in a street, public place, or public conveyance."

The facts stated were as follows: The two children of Mr. Bird were suffering from scarlet fever. He applied to the Hanover Institute of Nurses for a nurse. On January 14th Nurse Sara Williams arrived, having been sent by the institute. On January 18th she complained of being ill and said she thought the symptoms pointed to scarlet fever. In this view she was confirmed by Dr. Browne. According to the nurse, Mr. Bird insisted on her leaving at once. The defendant said she at once decided to leave. At all events, she elected to go to Woking, where the Hanover Nurses' Institute have a quarantine cottage for their nurses. She accordingly travelled to Paddington, and thence by cab to Waterloo, and on to Woking, and thence in a cab to the Institute. When in the train there were other passengers in the same compartment. On arrival at Woking the rash was well out on the neck and arms. High Wycombe has not adopted the Notification

ANTHONY GORHAM, Fleet Surgeon, to the *Royal Sovereign*, April 20th; THOMAS C. HICKEY, Fleet Surgeon, to the *Empress of India*, April 20th; ALFRED T. CORRIE, Fleet Surgeon, to the *Resolution*, April 20th; EVELYN R. H. POLLARD, Fleet Surgeon, to the *Excellent*, April 20th; JAMES L. SWEETNAM, Fleet Surgeon to Sheerness Yard, April 20th; HENRY A. W. RICHARDSON, Fleet Surgeon, to the *Repulse*, April 20th.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

SURGEON-COLONEL G. C. ROSS, Bengal Establishment, Sanitary Commissioner in the Central Provinces, will succeed Surgeon-Colonel R. Harvey, as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

Surgeon-Major-General W. R. RICE, M.D., C.S.I., Bengal Establishment, Surgeon-General and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, is permitted to retire from the service from March 29th. He was appointed Assistant-Surgeon November 20th, 1856, and became Surgeon-Major-General March 29th, 1890. He served in the Indian Mutiny in 1857, receiving the medal for the campaign. He was awarded a good-service pension in 1891.

Surgeon-Captains G. JAMIESON, M.B., Bengal Establishment, A. O. EVANS, Madras Establishment, and M. A. T. COLLIE, M.B., and W. H. QUICKE, Bombay Establishment, having completed twelve years' full pay service, become Surgeon-Majors, from March 31st.

MILITIA MEDICAL STAFF CORPS.

SURGEON-LIEUTENANT A. R. CHATER resigns his commission, March 27th.

THE VOLUNTEERS.

MR. W. P. RYALL, formerly a Surgeon-Lieutenant Army Medical Staff, is appointed Captain in the 2nd Devonshire Artillery (Western Division Royal Artillery), March 27th.

MR. JOSEPH ATKINSON is appointed Surgeon-Lieutenant to the 2nd Volunteer Battalion the Durham Light Infantry, March 27th.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE.

THE next examination in Sanitary Science will begin on Tuesday, April 2nd.

SCHOLARSHIPS IN NATURAL SCIENCE.—At Trinity College the following have been appointed: L. Blaikie, O. F. F. Grunbaum, B. H. Slater; and the following elected to Sizars: W. H. Maxwell, H. H. Dale, H. E. L. Newberry, S. W. Richardson. The exhibition scholarship held by Mr. A. C. Hill of the third year has been continued.—At Gonville and Caius College the Shuttleworth Scholarship of the annual value of £57, tenable for three years, for proficiency in Botany and Comparative Anatomy, has been awarded to Leslie Johnson Paton.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

MEDICAL SCHOOLS.—The medical classes in the University of Edinburgh, and extra academical schools, brought their winter session to a close on March 22nd. The summer session opens on May 1st. The First Professional Written Examination for Degrees in Medicine took place on March 23rd, 25th, and 26th. The *vide voce* examinations began on March 27th, and will be carried on *de die in diem*. The Second Professional Written took place on March 28th and 29th. The *vidua-voce* examination began on March 29th.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM.

AT the recent preliminary examination in Arts for the M.B. and B.Sc. Degrees sixteen candidates were successful, and in addition two candidates satisfied the examiners in Greek.

SOCIETY OF APOTHECARIES OF LONDON.

PASS LIST, MARCH, 1895.—The following candidates passed in:

Surgery.—T. B. Abbott, Leeds; R. N. De Beauvais, Aberdeen; A. Harding, Royal Free Hospital; F. E. H. Keogh, St. Mary's Hospital; W. E. Kirby, University College; P. Kitchin, Leeds and St. Mary's Hospital; A. E. Philipps, Guy's Hospital; J. A. K. Renshaw, Cambridge University and Manchester; J. Spears, London Hospital; G. E. Williams, London Hospital.

Medicine, Forensic Medicine, and Midwifery.—G. W. Brown, St. Thomas's Hospital; W. J. Gillespie, St. Bartholomew's Hospital; A. Harding, Royal Free Hospital; P. Kitchin, Leeds and St. Mary's Hospital; R. W. Middleton, Leeds; H. S. Oliver, Charing Cross Hospital; A. E. Philipps, Guy's Hospital; E. P. Staples, St. Mary's Hospital.

Medicine and Forensic Medicine.—T. H. Wilkins, Charing Cross Hospital.

Medicine.—S. H. L. Archer, London Hospital; R. G. Jones, London Hospital.

Forensic Medicine and Midwifery.—J. S. A. Murphy, Leeds; G. A. Skinner, Guy's Hospital.

Forensic Medicine.—G. C. Jackson, Cambridge University and St. Mary's Hospital; A. L. M. Churchill, Westminster Hospital.

Midwifery.—G. Downs, Dublin; T. B. Abbott, Leeds.

To Messrs. Archer, Churchill, Gillespie, Harding, Kitchin, Middleton, Philipps, Skinner, Spears, Staples, and Williams was granted the diploma of the Society entitling them to practise Medicine, Surgery, and Midwifery.

At the recent examination in Arts thirteen candidates passed all in the second class; eight other candidates passed in certain subjects.

THE Twelfth Congress of Polish Surgeons will be held at Cracow in July.

THE German Otological Society will hold its annual meeting this year at Jena on June 1st and 2nd.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND POOR-LAW MEDICAL SERVICES.

HEALTH OF ENGLISH TOWNS.

IN thirty-three of the largest English towns, including London, 6,693 births and 5,635 deaths were registered during the week ending Saturday, March 23rd. The annual rate of mortality in these towns, which had been 35.0 and 32.2 per 1,000 in the two preceding weeks, further declined to 27.7 last week. The rates in the several towns ranged from 18.9 in Birkenhead, 19.9 in Swansea, and 20.6 in Halifax to 37.1 in Wolverhampton, 38.1 in Oldham, and 47.5 in Brighton. In the thirty-two provincial towns the mean death-rate was 29.0 per 1,000, and was 3.0 above the rate recorded in London, which was 26.0 per 1,000. The zymotic death-rate in the thirty-three towns averaged 1.5 per 1,000; in London the rate was equal to 1.4, while it averaged 1.6 per 1,000 in the thirty-two provincial towns, and was highest in Blackburn, Manchester, and Bolton. Measles caused a death-rate of 1.3 in Brighton, 1.6 in Manchester, and 3.1 in Bolton; scarlet fever of 1.2 in Wolverhampton; and whooping-cough of 1.5 in Norwich, and 1.6 in Leicester and in Blackburn. The mortality from "fever" showed no marked excess in any of the large towns. The 50 deaths from diphtheria in the thirty-three towns included 24 in London, 5 in Leeds, 4 in Birmingham, 3 in West Ham, and 3 in Manchester. One fatal case of small-pox was registered in Derby and 1 in Liverpool, but not one in London or in any other of the large towns. There were 58 cases of small-pox under treatment in the Metropolitan Asylums Hospitals and in the Highgate Small-Pox Hospital on Saturday last, March 23rd, against 68, 56, and 57 at the end of the three preceding weeks; 14 new cases were admitted during the week, against 8, 8, and 12 in the three preceding weeks. The number of scarlet fever patients in the Metropolitan Asylums Hospitals and in the London Fever Hospital, which had been 1,621, 1,619, and 1,615 at the end of the three preceding weeks, had further declined to 1,587 on Saturday last, March 23rd; 184 new cases were admitted during the week, against 143, 141, and 133 in the three preceding weeks.

HEALTH OF SCOTCH TOWNS.

DURING the week ending Saturday, March 23rd, 1,010 births and 900 deaths were registered in eight of the principal Scotch towns. The annual rate of mortality in these towns, which had declined from 42.8 to 35.1 per 1,000 in the three preceding weeks, further fell to 31.2 last week, but exceeded by 3.5 per 1,000 the mean rate during the same period in the thirty-three large English towns. Among these Scotch towns the death-rate ranged from 25.1 in Greenock to 42.0 in Leith. The zymotic death rate in these towns averaged 4.0 per 1,000, the highest rates being recorded in Edinburgh and Leith. The 383 deaths registered in Glasgow included 17 from whooping-cough, 9 from measles, and 6 from diphtheria. Nineteen fatal cases of measles were recorded in Edinburgh, 17 in Leith, and 9 in Aberdeen.

THE REPRESSION OF SMALL-POX.

DR. MANLEY, in his report on the borough of West Bromwich for last year, states that there were no fewer than 24 separate importations of small-pox into the town in the year, 41 cases in all occurring in 24 houses, and yet in no instance did the disease spread beyond the house invaded. Of the imported cases, 16 were traced to the place of origin, and did not so much result from the immigration of vagrants as from the employment of West Bromwich residents in the workshops and factories of neighbouring towns. But, however brought in, great credit is due to the sanitary administration which led to such admirable handling of a constantly menacing danger. Rapid isolation of notified cases and thorough disinfection of infected houses were practised.

VACCINATION WITH CALF LYMPH.

PUBLIC VACCINATOR need not hesitate about the use of calf lymph for vaccination, as the Local Government Board rather encourages than opposes its use. He will obtain a supply (gratis) to begin with by writing to the National Vaccine Establishment, offices of the Local Government Board, Whitehall, London, S.W.

AN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF HYGIENE.

AN International Exhibition of Hygiene will be held in Paris in the Palais des Arts Libéraux, Champ de Mars, from May 15th to September 15th. The Exhibition will be divided into ten classes: Hygiene of the Dwelling; Hygiene of the Town; Prophylaxis of Communicable Diseases; Demography and Sanitary Statistics; Sanitary Science; Hygiene of Infancy; Industrial and Professional Hygiene; Alimentary Hygiene; Hygiene of Clothing; Physical Exercises.

BRECON BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

WE see in the *Brecon and Radnor County Times* the report of a recent meeting of the Brecon Board of Guardians, at which, after much discussion, it was decided to reduce the salaries of all the medical officers of the Board—namely, workhouse, district, and M.O.H. The clerk expressed his opinion that the Board had no power to reduce the salaries in the way proposed, and very properly declined to forward any reasons to the Local Government Board for this line of action unless specially ordered to do so.

** We cannot think that the Local Government Board will sanction this indiscreet, and in our opinion unjustifiable, reduction of salaries, as it must be evident that it will not ultimately be for the benefit either of the patients or the ratepayers.

MEDICAL NEWS.

THE Senckenberg Society of Scientists of Frankfort-on-the-Maine has awarded the Tiedemann prize to Professor Behring for his researches on serotherapeutics.

THE annual meeting of the British Association is to be held this year at Ipswich, and the date settled for the opening address is Wednesday, September 11th.

THE Poor-law Schools Committee held their 31st meeting on March 22nd. The taking of evidence having concluded, the committee adjourned to an early date in May, when they consider their report.

THE Spanish Government has conferred on Dr. José M. Vilches, Dean of the Medical Faculty of the University of Cadiz, the Grand Cross of Isabella the Catholic with remission of the customary fees.

THE Merchant Tailors' Company has granted £525 to the St. Thomas's Hospital Special Appeal Fund for opening the closed wards. It will be paid in annual instalments of 100 guineas.

CENTENARY OF THE ABERNETHIAN SOCIETY.—The centenary of the Abernethian Society at St. Bartholomew's Hospital will be celebrated by a *conversazione*, to be given in the Great Hall of St. Bartholomew's Hospital and in the Medical School Buildings on Wednesday, May 1st. Past members of the Society who desire to be present should communicate with the Secretary of the Society before April 15th, when a card of admission and (if desired) a ticket for a friend will be forwarded. We are asked to state that the number of tickets issued will be limited.

A MEETING of the South Western Division of the Medico-Psychological Association will be held at the City Asylum, Fishponds, Bristol, on Thursday, April 4th, at 2.30 p.m. A discussion will be opened by Dr. Law Wade on the question of granting gratuities to the widows or orphans of asylum officials who may die after long service, or be injured fatally in the discharge of their duties. Papers will be read by Dr. H. Bristowe, Dr. J. V. Blatchford, and Dr. MacDonald. A dinner will be held at the Grand Hotel at 5.15.

MEDICAL VACANCIES.

The following vacancies are announced:

ABERTILLERY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.—Medical Officer of Health. Appointment for one year. Salary, £50 per annum. Applications to J. A. Shepard, Clerk to the said Council, Town Hall, Tredegar, Monmouth. Election on April 1st.

BARNSTAPLE UNION.—District Medical Officer. Salary, £70 per annum, and midwifery fees. Applications to Wm. Henry Toller, Clerk, by April 3rd.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.—Two Resident Clinical Assistants; doubly qualified. Appointment for six months. Will be provided with such apartments, rations, washing, and attendance as the Committee shall consider reasonable. Applications, endorsed "Clinical Assistantship," to the Treasurer, at Bethlem Hospital, before March 31st.

BLOOMSBURY DISPENSARY, 12, Bloomsbury Street, W.C.—Physician. Must be F. or M.R.C.P.Lond. Honorarium £105 per annum. Applications to the Secretary by April 2nd.

BRIGHTON THROAT AND EAR HOSPITAL, 23, Queen's Road, Brighton. Non-Resident House-Surgeon. Salary at the rate of £52 per annum. Applications to the Secretary by April 3rd.

CAMBERWELL HOUSE.—Assistant Medical Officer, must be registered and unmarried. Salary to begin £100 per annum, with board, lodging, and washing. Applications to the Medical Superintendent, 33, Peckham Road, Camberwell.

COUNTY ASYLUM, Dorchester.—Second Assistant Medical Officer, unmarried, and not over 30 years of age. Salary to commence £130 per annum, rising £10 yearly to £160. Applications to Dr. MacDonald, Medical Superintendent, by April 8th.

COUNTY ASYLUM, Rainhill, near Liverpool.—Assistant Medical Officer, unmarried, and not more than 30 years of age. Salary commences at £100 per annum, with prospects of annual rise of £25 to £200, with further increase according to promotion, together with furnished apartments, board, attendance, and washing. Applications to the Medical Superintendent.

EAST LONDON HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Glamis Road, Shadwell E.—House-Physician. Board, lodging, etc., provided; no salary. Applications to the Secretary by April 8th.

HOLBORN UNION.—Medical Officer for the Union Schools at Mitcham, Surrey. Salary, £100 per annum, non-resident. Applications, endorsed "Application for Medical Officer," to Harry O. Hill, Clerk to the Guardians, Holborn Guardians' Office, Clerkenwell Road, E.C., by April 3rd.

HOLLOWAY AND NORTH ISLINGTON DISPENSARY.—Two Honorary Medical Officers for the Rupert Road Branch, doubly qualified. Applications to Charles Walton Sawbridge, Honorary Secretary, 68, Aldermanbury, E.C.

LEEDS UNION.—Assistant Medical Officer for the Workhouse Schools and Infirmary in Beckett Street, Leeds. Doubly qualified, unmarried, and not above 35 years of age. Applications (on forms to be obtained of the Clerk), endorsed "Assistant Medical Officer," to Jno. King, Clerk, Union Offices, East Parade, Leeds, by April 1st.

LEICESTERSHIRE AND RUTLAND ASYLUM.—Assistant Medical Officer. Unmarried, and between the ages of 25 and 30. Salary, £150, increasing £10 yearly to £200, with board, lodging, and washing. Applications to W. J. Freer, Clerk to the Visitors, 10, New Street, Leicester, by April 3rd.

LINCOLN COUNTY HOSPITAL.—House-Surgeon. Under 30 years of age, and unmarried. Salary, £100 per annum, with board, lodging, and washing. Applications to the Secretary by April 6th.

LONDON COUNTY ASYLUM, Hanwell, W.—Fifth Assistant Medical Officer, doubly qualified, and between 23 and 30 years of age. Salary, £120 per annum, rising by £5 a year to £150, with board, furnished apartments, and washing. Applications, on forms to be obtained at the office, to R. W. Partridge, Clerk to the Asylums Committee, Asylums Committee Office, 21, Whitehall Place, S.W., by April 6th.

LONDON HOSPITAL MEDICAL COLLEGE.—Assistant Demonstrator in Anatomy. Salary, £90 per annum. Applications to the Warden by April 25th.

LONDON SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FOR WOMEN.—Demonstrator of Physiology. Applications to the Secretary, 30, Handel Street, Brunswick Square, W.C., by March 31st.

MILLER HOSPITAL AND ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY, Greenwich Road, S.E.—Junior Resident Medical Officer. Salary, £30 per annum, with board, residence, and washing. Post tentable in the first instance for six months. Applications to the Honorary Secretary by April 4th.

NORFOLK COUNTY ASYLUM, Thorpe, Norwich.—Junior Assistant Medical Officer. Salary, £110 per annum, increasing £10 annually to £150, with board, lodging, and washing. Applications to Dr. Thomson, Medical Superintendent.

NORTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Hackney Road, Shore-ditch, N.E.—Physician. Must be F. or M.R.C.P.Lond. Applications to T. Glenton-Kerr, Secretary, at the Office, 27, Clement's Lane, E.C., by April 16th.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS.—Milroy Lecturer. Applications to the Registrar, Royal College of Physicians, Pall Mall East, S.W., by April 9th.

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN, Glasgow.—House-Surgeon and Assistant House-Surgeon. Salary, £80 per annum for the former and £36 for the latter, with board and washing in each case. Applications to M. P. Fraser, 91, West Regent Street, Glasgow, by April 6th.

STAFFORDSHIRE COUNTY ASYLUM, Stafford.—Junior Medical Officer. Salary commencing at £100 per annum, with furnished apartments, board, etc. Applications to the Medical Superintendent.

SURREY COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM, Brookwood, near Woking, Surrey. Second Assistant Medical Officer. Salary, £120 per annum, with board, lodging, attendance, laundry, but not beer. Applications to the Medical Superintendent by April 1st.

TANCRED'S CHARITIES.—Two Studentships in Divinity at Christ College, and one Studentship in Physic at Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge. Each student will receive £50 a year and a share in the surplus rents and profits (the stipend not to exceed £100 a year); the student in Physic until admission to the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, and for three years afterwards, or for such shorter terms as may be determined by authority. Candidates must be natives of Great Britain, members of the Church of England, unmarried, and not below the age of 16 or above the age of 22. Forms of petition and all information may be obtained from Mr. George Edgar Frère, 28, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C., Clerk to the Tancred's Charities, to whom petitions must be sent by April 20th.

TAUNTON AND SOMERSET HOSPITAL.—House-Surgeon; doubly qualified. Appointment for three years. Salary, £100 per annum, with board, lodging, and washing. And Honorary Physician; must reside within two miles of the hospital. Applications to J. H. Bid-dulph Pinchard, Secretary, 13, Hammet Street, Taunton, by April 4th for the first appointment and April 6th for the second.

WEST RIDING ASYLUM, Menston, near Leeds.—Third Assistant Medical Officer. Salary to commence at £130 per annum, rising £10 annually to £160, with board, lodging, and apartments. Applications to the Medical Superintendent at the Asylum by April 6th.

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

ADAMS, Webster, M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., reappointed Medical Officer for the No. 6 District of the Woodbridge Union.

ADYE, Wm. J. A., M.R.C.S.Eng., reappointed Medical Officer for the No. 3 District of the Bradford-on-Avon Union.

ALEXANDER, S. R., M.D.Lond., M.R.C.S.Eng., appointed Medical Officer for the First District of the Faversham Union.

ASKIN, T. C., B.A.Dubl., M.D., B.Ch., reappointed Medical Officer for the No. 2 District of the Woodbridge Union.

BEHRENDT, M. R. J., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.Edin., appointed Medical Officer of Health to the Brumby and Frodingham Urban District Council.

BODY, H. M., M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., reappointed Medical Officer for the Tedburn St. Mary District of the St. Thomas's Union.

BROMET, E., M.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., appointed House-Surgeon to the West London Hospital, Hammersmith.

BROOKS, Chas., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.Lond., appointed Medical Officer for the Gerrard's Cross District of the Eton Union.

BURY, Edward Chas., M.D.St.And., M.R.C.S.Eng., appointed Medical Officer of Health to the Wisbech District Council.

CUTFIELD, Arthur, B.A.Cantab., M.R.C.S.Eng., appointed Medical Officer to the Man of Ross Oddfellows' M. U., *vice* E. M. Knapp, L.R.C.P.Edin., M.R.C.S.Eng., resigned.

DATE, W. Horton, M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., appointed Medical Officer of Health to the Wellington Rural District Council.

EDINGTON, Geo. Henry, M.B.Glasg., late R.M.O. Glasgow Hospital for Sick Children, appointed Surgeon to Glasgow Central Dispensary, *vice* Dr. J. Wilson Mathie, resigned.

EDWARDES-KER, G. C., L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S.Eng., reappointed Medical Officer for the No. 7 District of the Woodbridge Union.

ELLIOTT, John, M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., reappointed Medical Officer of Health to the Erith District Council.

EVERS, Chas. J., M.D.Durh., M.R.C.S.Eng., reappointed Medical Officer of Health for the Faversham Borough and Port Sanitary Authority.

FLEGG, F. A. Martin, L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., appointed House-Surgeon to the Seamen's Infirmary and General Hospital, Ramsgate, and Visiting Surgeon to the Ramsgate and St. Lawrence Royal Dispensary.

FLEMING, G. G., M.D., appointed Medical Officer for the first District of the Ely Union.

GANGE, Fredk. W., M.R.C.S.Eng., L.R.C.P.Lond., reappointed Medical Officer for the Faversham Urban Infectious Hospital.

GAULT, Edward Leslie, M.A., M.B., B.S.Melb., appointed Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Alfred Hospital, Melbourne.

GIBSON, T. H., M.B., C.M.Edin., appointed Police Surgeon for Kirkby Stephen.

GODSON, Leonard J., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., appointed Senior House-Surgeon to the Infirmary, Shrewsbury.

GUNN, F. W., M.D.Durh., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.Lond., appointed Medical Officer for the Fourth District of the Morpeth Union.

HURLEY, James, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.Edin., reappointed Medical Officer for the Magor District of the Newport Union.

JONES, J. Arnallt, L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S.Eng., appointed Medical Officer of Health for the Borough of Aberavon.

KEER, J. C., M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., reappointed Medical Officer for the No. 8 District of the Woodbridge Union.

LAMBIE, J., M.B.Glasg., L.F.P.S., appointed Medical Officer for the Islandshire District of the Berwick-on-Tweed Union.

MACKEITH, A. A., M.B., C.M.Glasg., reappointed Medical Officer for the Bramford Speke District of the St. Thomas's Union.

MACKINTOSH, Angus, M.D., L.F.P.S.Glasg., etc., reappointed Medical Officer of Health to the Chesterfield Rural District Council, and also to the Urban District Councils of Clay Cross and Dronfield.

MITCHELL, Dr. R., appointed Medical Officer for the Hooton Pagnell District of the Doncaster Union.

MURDOCH, Mary C., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.Edin., L.F.P.S.Glasg., appointed Assistant Medical Officer to the North-Eastern Fever Hospital, Tottenham.

O'LEARY, Dr., appointed Medical Officer for the Courcey Dispensary District.

PAGET, Owen F., M.B., B.C.Cantab., appointed Resident Medical Officer to the St. George's and St. James's Dispensary, W.

PALMER, Ambrose M., L.R.C.P.Edin., M.R.C.S.Eng., reappointed Medical Officer of Health to the Whittington Urban District Council.

PUDDICOMBE, E. L., L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S.Eng., reappointed Medical Officer for the Rewe District of the St. Thomas's Union.

REYNOLDS, Francis M., M.B., C.M.Edin., appointed Medical Officer for the Newton Poppleford District of the St. Thomas's Union.

RUSSELL, W. A. G., M.A., M.B., C.M.Aberd., appointed Medical Officer for the Wingage District of the Easington Union.

SHAW, Cecil Edward, M.A., M.D., M.Ch.R.U.I., appointed Assistant Surgeon to the Belfast Ophthalmic Hospital.

SMITH, George, M.B., C.M.Edin., reappointed Medical Officer for Greys District of the Henley Union.

SMYTH, H. J., L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S.Eng., reappointed Medical Officer for the Eleventh District of the South Molton Union.

SMITH, James, L.R.C.P.Edin., L.R.C.S.Edin., L.F.P.S.Glasg., reappointed Medical Officer to Falkirk Cottage Hospital.

TAYNTON, W., L.R.C.P.Edin., M.R.C.S., appointed Medical Officer for the Linton District and the Workhouse of the Linton Union.

THOMSON, J. A. M., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.I., reappointed Medical Officer for the No. 1 District of the Bradford-on-Avon District.

WATERS, A. C., M.B., B.S.Durh., M.R.C.S.Eng., appointed Medical Officer of Health for the Borough of Southend-on-Sea, *vice* G. F. Jones, M.R.C.S.Eng.

WATSON, William, M.R.C.S.Eng., L.S.A., reappointed Medical Officer of Health to the Rochester Town Council.

WATTS, Dr., appointed Medical Officer to the Ilchester Almshouse Charity Trust, *vice* Dr. Daunt, resigned.

WEBB, W. H., M.D.Durh., L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S., reappointed Medical Officer of Health to the Kingsbridge Rural District Council.

DIARY FOR NEXT WEEK.

MONDAY.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 5 P.M.—Mr. J. H. Targett (Erasmus Wilson Lectures): Certain Forms of Neuro-pathic Joint Disease. Lecture I.

ODONTOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN, 40, Leicester Square, 8 P.M. Mr. G. G. Campion: Studies in Superior Protrusion (illustrated by lantern slides). Casual communications by Mr. G. Brunton.

TUESDAY.

THE CLINICAL MUSEUM, 211, Great Portland Street.—Open at 2 P.M., Lecture at 4.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS, 5 P.M.—Dr. G. F. Blandford: On the Diagnosis, Prognosis, and Prophylaxis of Insanity (Lumleian Lecture No. II).

PATHOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, 8.30 P.M.—Dr. Voelcker: Carcinoma of Ureter. Dr. F. Hawkins: Congenital Obliteration of Bile Duct. Mr. Jackson Clarke: Sarcoma Mammaræ. Mr. E. Willett: Carcinoma of Bed of Thumb Nail. Mr. L. A. Bidwell: Carcinoma of Stomach treated by Gastro-duodenostomy. Dr. Lee Dickinson: Duodenal Ulcers in Women. Dr. P. Weber: Cirrhosis of Liver in a Child. Card specimens will be shown by Dr. A. A. Kanthack, Mr. C. B. Lockwood, Mr. E. Lloyd, Dr. C. F. White, Dr. Voelcker, Dr. H. Snow, and Dr. Lee Dickinson.

WEDNESDAY.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 5 P.M.—Mr. J. H. Targett (Erasmus Wilson Lectures): Certain Forms of Neuro-pathic Joint Disease. Lecture II.

THE SANITARY INSTITUTE, Parkes Museum, Margaret Street, W., 8 P.M.—Discussion on Combined Drainage from the Point of View of Health, Construction, Administration, and Law, to be opened by Dr. J. F. J. Sykes and Mr. W. N. Blair.

WEST LONDON POST-GRADUATE COURSE, West London Hospital, W., 5 P.M.—Dr. Abraham: Parasitic Skin Affections.

OBSTETRICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, 8 P.M.—Specimens will be shown by Dr. Cullingworth and Dr. Duncan. Adjourned discussion on Dr. Probyn-Williams's and Mr. Leonard Cutler's paper on Some Observations on the Temperature, Pulse, and Respiration during Labour and Lying-in. Dr. Remfry: List of Ovariectomies in Women over 80; a Case aged 83, complicated by Epithelioma of the Vulva.

THURSDAY.

HARVEIAN SOCIETY, 8.30 P.M.—Dr. Howard Marsh: A Clinical Study of the more Important Forms of Abscess.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS, 5 P.M.—Dr. G. F. Blandford: On the Diagnosis, Prognosis, and Prophylaxis of Insanity (Lumleian Lecture No. III).

FRIDAY.

WEST KENT MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY, Miller Hospital, Greenwich, 8.15 P.M.—Discussion on Antiseptics, in which Mr. John Poland, Dr. Horrocks, Dr. Newton Pitt, Dr. Ezard, and Dr. Ernest Clarke will take part.

CANCER HOSPITAL, Brompton (Free), 4 P.M.—Mr. E. Cotterell: Excision of the Rectum.

WEST LONDON MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY.—Special general meeting, 8 P.M.; ordinary meeting, 8.30 P.M. Dr. Coutts: Treatment of Eempyema in Children. Mr. S. Paget: Three Cases of Secondary Malignant Disease of Pleura. Card Specimens by Dr. Parkes Weber, Mr. Lane, and Mr. S. Paget.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 5 P.M.—Mr. J. H. Targett (Erasmus Wilson Lectures): Certain Forms of Neuro-pathic Joint Disease. Lecture III.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

The charge for inserting announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths is 3s. 6d., which sum should be forwarded in post office order or stamps with the notice not later than Wednesday morning, in order to ensure insertion in the current issue.

BIRTHS.

RAMSAY.—On March 24th, at Jesmond Dene, Bournemouth, the wife of F. Winsom Ramsay, M.S., F.R.C.S.Eng., of a son.

ST. LEGER.—On March 20th, at Westbury, Watford, the wife of Robert A. St. Leger, M.B., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

CARTER—JUST.—On March 26th, at Westbury-on-Trym, by the Rev. S. Baker-Penoyre, Thomas Moravian Carter, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., to Adelaide Clara, youngest daughter of H. W. Just, Esq., Bristol.

MACDONALD—GILMOUR.—In St. Michael's Church, Linlithgow, on March 19th, by the Rev. John Ferguson, assisted by the Rev. C. C. Macdonald and the Rev. Robt. Fraser (father and uncle of the bridegroom), R. Cadell Macdonald, M.B., C.M., L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.Edin., to Margaret, eldest daughter of Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. Gilmour, J.P., Provost of Linlithgow.

ROBERTSHAW—COWINE.—At "Greenbank," Dalrymple Crescent, Edinburgh, on March 21st, by the Rev. H. Robertshaw, of Stocksbridge, near Sheffield (father of the bridegroom), assisted by the Rev. James Gregory Edine, and the Rev. A. R. Henderson, M.A., of Augustine Church, Edinburgh, Walter Midgley Robertshaw, M.B., C.M., to Janie, third daughter of T. O. Cowine, Esq.

DEATH.

LEE.—On March 23rd, at "Glenthorn," The Avenue, Surbiton (the residence of his sister), George Thomas Lee, M.R.C.S., L.S.A., son of Fred. Bowreman Jessett, F.R.C.S., aged 34, for eight years Senior Assistant Medical Officer of the Stafford County Lunatic Asylum.