

MEMORANDA: MEDICAL, SURGICAL, OBSTETRICAL.

POST-MORTEM CAESAREAN SECTION.

In the annotation at p. 1062 (May 5th) on Caesarean section in the moribund it is stated that it is right to deliver the child immediately after death and not to operate before death.

The following case confirms this opinion and shows that it is safe to wait till life is extinct:

Mrs. L., aged 26, near the end of the eighth month of pregnancy, died in my presence from coma the result of meningitis of about two weeks' duration. The child could be felt moving in the uterus. The friends were unwilling for operative interference as they were not sure she was dead, though both pulse and respiration had ceased, so I endeavoured to deliver per vaginam, thinking that the parts would be so relaxed by death that delivery would be possible, since she was the mother of four children already. I found after a few minutes' trial it was impossible to dilate the cervix sufficiently to introduce my hand. If there had been any life left in the patient the stretching of the cervix (probably like stretching the sphincter ani) would have aroused her. So, finding it impossible to deliver in any reasonable time, I performed Caesarean section with a bistoury (the placenta was in the line of incision, and bled freely), and pulled out the child by the leg. After a few seconds the child gave a gasp, and was quickly restored, so as to give a cry, and was soon breathing regularly. The child is now ten weeks old, and doing well. The only defect is a small umbilical hernia.

PETER TYTLER, M.D.,

Honorary Surgeon, Ancoats Hospital, Manchester.

PROGRESSIVE VENOUS THROMBOSIS.

I WAS called recently to see a man named D. A., aged 56 years, suffering from a mild attack of influenza; it ran a normal course, and he made an uneventful recovery. Arcus senilis was well established in both eyes, and the patient looked older than his age. His arteries were markedly atheromatous. The pulse beat, 60 to the minute, was irregular and intermittent. The left ventricle was slightly enlarged, and there was a soft-blowing V.S. murmur over the mitral area. He had had rheumatic fever when a youth.

A fortnight after recovery from the influenzal attack he complained of a sudden dull, aching pain in his right forearm, which gave rise to a feeling as if "pins and needles were running through the flesh." Next day the hand and forearm began to swell; the swelling was a little tender, did not pit on pressure, and felt elastic to the touch. The skin and nails became blue. The radial pulse was easily felt and showed no change. The median basilic and median cephalic veins were distinctly felt as hard, cord-like, and thrombosed. Seven to ten days later the swelling had extended upwards as far as the shoulder, and the brachial and axillary veins had become thrombosed throughout their whole length. At the same time the right foot and leg began to swell, the swelling being of the same nature as that of the arm, with thrombosis of the internal saphenous vein. The superficial and deep veins of the neck were the next to become thrombosed, accompanied by swelling of the right side of the face. The internal and external jugular veins could be felt, and were hard and thrombosed. The thrombosis passed along the subclavian vein and up to the trachea and larynx, when the patient completely lost his voice and could only articulate huskily. A few days later the patient suddenly became unconscious and died, the cause of death being attributed to thrombosis of the sinuses at the base of the brain. No necropsy was allowed. No change took place on the left side. The temperature remained normal throughout the whole course of the illness except during the first three or four days, when it rose to 101°. There was no history of syphilis or phthisis, and no enlarged glands could be felt. The illness lasted three weeks. Presumably the thrombosis was due to a phlebitis.

Morrison.

M. W. WILLIAMS, M.B., Ch.B. Glasg.

HETEROCHROMIA IRIDIS.

As renewed interest is being shown in heterochromia, the following, which came under my notice recently is worth recording:

Mrs. M., aged 48, complains of epiphora affecting the right eye. On examination the right eye is seen to have an iris grey in its temporal half and hazel-brown in its nasal half, the grey merging somewhat into the hazel-brown at the lower middle; at the upper middle the line of demarcation is distinct. The left eye has an iris completely grey. The pupils are equal and normally dilated; they react readily to light and accommodation. The patient is myopic, and vision is reduced in both eyes, more markedly in the right. The epiphora is of catarrhal origin.

Both her maternal grandparents (deceased) had grey eyes, her mother has grey eyes, her father (deceased) had brown eyes. A brother and sister have grey eyes, and one brother has brown. She is married to a man with grey eyes, and has four children; three have grey eyes and one brown. A grandson, aged 2 years, has grey eyes; both his parents are grey-eyed.

In this family history, extending over five generations, no other case of heterochromia iridis has occurred, and it is worth noting that amongst the living relations, representing four generations, the individual who has this abnormality is the only one who complains of defective vision. Her mother, aged 74, fitted with suitable glasses, reads and writes quite comfortably.

Liverpool.

A. NEWTON DAVIES.

SINCE seeing the record of Dr. Allan's case in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL of May 6th of last year, I have examined the irides of 5,000 patients for this condition. I did so because I felt certain that heterochromia iridis was more unobserved than rare. The fact that eleven cases came under my notice—roughly 1 in 450—bears this out. On looking over the notes and diagrams made I find that, classified according to characteristics, (1) 3 were in males, 8 in females; (2) in 9 the colours present were grey-blue and brown, in 1 dark-brown and black, in 1 green and amber; (3) in 8 the lines of demarcation were distinct and straight, in 2 there was shading from one colour into the other; (4) in 6 these lines were radial in direction, in 1 they were parallel, in 1 the line was a tangent to the pupil; (5) in 1 case the eyes had irides of two distinct colours, the right iris being brown, the left grey. None of these 11 patients had any eye symptoms. The condition seems to be a curiosity.

The Hospital, Darlington.

JAMES A. ROSS.

NEMATODES AND THE APPENDIX.

THE following case is of special interest in view of the article on *Ascaris* and Appendicitis by Surgeon F. E. Anley, published in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL on March 24th. In January, 1905, a Gourka came to see me, presenting a resistant mass in the region of the caecum. His condition was, however, not very urgent, and as he had served in China, I thought it well to try a dose of yellow santonin before interfering surgically. Thirty-six hours later, however, he had passed nothing per rectum, and had rapidly developed all the classical signs and symptoms of appendicitis. I decided, therefore, to operate without further delay. On the operating table, however, the man refused operation. Persuasion proved useless and I returned him to the ward, expecting to find him moribund next morning. Next day, however, he was much better, and had passed per anum twenty-four large round worms.

H. L. WHALE, M.B., B.C. Camb.,
Captain, I.M.S.

Mian Mir.

THE next examination for the certificate in psychological medicine granted by the Medico-Psychological Association of Great Britain and Ireland will be held at the Bethlem Hospital, London; Gartloch Asylum, Glasgow; and Richmond Asylum, Dublin, on July 12th, at 10 a.m. The examination for the Gaskell prize will be held at Bethlem Hospital on July 13th. The last day for receiving the essays for the bronze medal and prize of the Association is June 14th. Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Registrar of the Association, Hatton Asylum, near Warwick.

MEDICAL NEWS.

SIR HENRY D. LITTLEJOHN, M.D., LL.D., will preside at the next dinner of the Edinburgh University Club of London, which takes place on Wednesday, May 16th, at the Criterion Restaurant.

THE annual dinner of the British Balneological and Climatological Society is to take place next Wednesday at the Impérial Restaurant, Dr. G. W. Hamilton Cumming, of Torquay, President, in the chair. A smoking concert will follow.

AN extraordinary general meeting of the National League for Physical Education and Improvement will be held at Denison House, Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W., on Wednesday, May 16th, when the Bishop of Ripon will take the chair at 4 p.m. All members of the XXth Century League have been invited.

THE annual meeting of the National Health Society will be held at Grosvenor House on Monday, May 21st, at 4 p.m. The chair will be taken by the Earl of Derby, and the diplomas, medals, and certificates of the Society will be presented to successful candidates by Princess Christian.

SOON after the inception of the King's College Hospital removal scheme the Drapers' Company promised to give a sum of £5,000 provided a certain amount was raised during the year from other sources. At a subsequent date it doubled its offer and extended the time limit. It has now decided to remove all conditions and to make a free gift of £10,000.

THE annual banquet of the Association of British Postal Medical Officers will be held in the Whitehall Rooms, Hôtel Métropole, on Wednesday, July 11th, at 7.30 p.m., when the chair will be taken by Dr. E. Leonard Adeney, of Tunbridge Wells, the President of the Association. The Postmaster-General has accepted an invitation to be present.

AT a General Court of the Governors of Guy's Hospital on May 4th Mr. Clement Lucas was appointed Consulting Surgeon and Mr. Charles Higgins Consulting Ophthalmic Surgeon. At the same meeting Mr. Louis Albert Dunn was made Surgeon, Mr. Robert Pugh Rowlands an Assistant Surgeon, Dr. Herbert Stanley French an Assistant Physician, and Messrs. Herbert Lightfoot Eason and Arthur William Ormond, Ophthalmic Surgeons.

MR. W. W. JAMES, 21, Wimpole Street, Honorary Secretary of the Committee appointed to organize a museum in connexion with the annual meeting of the British Dental Association on May 17th, 18th, and 19th, desires to obtain the loan of specimens, microscopical sections, photographs or skiagrams, for exhibition at the Examination Hall of the Royal Colleges on the Embankment.

AN entertainment of a somewhat novel character was given on Wednesday evening in the Great Hall of St. Bartholomew's Hospital in aid of the pathological block fund. It consisted of a series of dances illustrating the development of the action and music of the dance in Europe from the sixteenth to the eighteenth century. The musical arrangements were made by Miss Nellie Chaplin, and the dancers, who included several children, had been trained by Signor Carlo Coppi. Among the dances, which were very admirably rendered, were the galliard, the chacone, the rigaudon, the allemande, the minuet, and the gavotte. Before each dance Mr. F. Cunningham Woods gave a short account of the history of the dance, and of the relation of its music to the forms adopted by Bach, Handel, and other composers usually counted among the classics. The entertainment brought in over a hundred guineas to the fund for the new pathological building. It is anticipated that this will soon be commenced, the new out-patient block being well under way.

THE third annual meeting of the Rural Midwives' Association was held at 3, Grosvenor Place, S.W., on May 3rd, under the Chairmanship of Sir Michael Foster. The annual report stated that 280 applications for training had been received, as against 187 in the previous year. The applications for midwives had only been twenty-nine, but all these were genuine, whereas the great majority inquiring for training did not stand the severe test of the Association's requirements, so that in the end the supply and demand were about on a par. The number of women actually sent for training had been 36, making altogether 87 in the three years, and of these 68 were now at work in various counties. The Chairman congratulated the Committee on the progress made during the year, and moved the adoption of the report, which was seconded by Dr.

Boxall and carried. Subsequently Mrs. Heywood Johnstone read a paper on the training, inspection of midwives, and registration of nurses.

THE ninth annual dinner of the Chelsea Clinical Society was held on May 3rd, at the Criterion Restaurant, London, under the genial chairmanship of Dr. J. B. Ball. The dinner was well attended and its growing popularity is attributed by the Council of the Chelsea Clinical Society to the fact that the toast list is strictly limited and the speakers are required to deliver their orations in the shortest time possible. After the loyal toasts had been duly honoured the Chairman, in proposing "The Chelsea Clinical Society," said that the origin of the Society was due to the natural tendency for men in various districts to form themselves into medical societies for the purpose of bringing practitioners together, thus giving them opportunities of knowing one another and of promoting good fellowship. He congratulated the Society on the increase in the number of members and on the excellent premises in which they held their meetings; for that accommodation the thanks of the Society were due to the Committee of the Chelsea Dispensary. Dr. A. F. Penny, in responding, was much applauded for the conciseness of his speech; he simply said, "Gentlemen, on behalf of the Chelsea Clinical Society I beg to thank you." Dr. Vincent Dickinson submitted the toast of "The Visitors and Kindred Societies," which was acknowledged by Mr. C. B. Keetley and the Mayor of Chelsea. The toast of "The President and Officers of the Society" was proposed by Dr. Collie, who observed that the Chelsea Clinical Society showed medical men in other districts what could and should be done. The Chairman, in his reply, spoke of the loyal help he had received from all the officers of the Society, especially the Honorary Treasurer, Dr. Austin Cooper, the Honorary Secretary, Dr. A. A. Cooper, and the Editorial Secretary, Dr. J. F. Palmer. The enjoyment of the evening was much enhanced by talented artistes, who kept the guests amused till a late hour.

MEDICAL SICKNESS AND ACCIDENT SOCIETY.—The usual monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the Medical Sickness, Annuity, and Life Assurance Society was held at 429, Strand, London, W.C., on April 27th, Dr. de Havilland Hall in the chair. The claims for the current year have been less numerous and of shorter duration than is usual in the early months of the year. The funds of the Society now amount to over £200,000, and the income has grown to more than £25,000. The report to be presented to the annual general meeting, at the rooms of the Medical Society of London, on Thursday next, at 5 p.m., states that business last year was very successful; notwithstanding that a considerable sum was paid to the members as cash bonus, and that all stock investments of the Society which had been purchased at a premium were written down to par, the funds were increased by nearly £10,000. The number of new entrants was greater than in any previous year of the Society's working. Prospectuses and all particulars on application to Mr. F. Addiscott, Secretary, Medical Sickness and Accident Society, 33, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.

THE EXTENSION OF BOLINGBROKE HOSPITAL.—On Saturday, May 5th, H.R.H. the Princess Royal, who was accompanied by the Duke of Fife, laid the foundation stone of a new block of buildings, in which will eventually be housed the administrative offices of the Bolingbroke Hospital, Wandsworth Common. It will contain also the residential quarters for the medical, nursing, and domestic staffs. One of the three blocks of wards, which, with the administrative block, will complete the new hospital, is at present in course of erection. The estimated cost of the whole will be about £30,000; of this nearly £8,000 has been already subscribed. The hospital was founded in 1880, but so great has been the development of the district in which it is situate, that in spite of an extension in 1901 the accommodation has long been inadequate, and the work of the institution has accordingly been considerably handicapped. In reply to an address read by Canon Erskine Clarke, the Duke of Fife said that both the Princess and himself were thoroughly alive to the importance and the necessity for providing hospital accommodation in the district owing to the fact that the population had greatly grown. If only the thousands of people who lived within hail of the hospital would combine to assist and maintain it according to their means, some with their pence, others with their shillings, and others with their pounds—for it was only by combination that they could keep up such an institution—there would be no difficulty. Her Royal Highness then performed the ceremony of laying the foundation stone, and subsequently received purses on behalf of the building fund.

useful to indicate by a plate the place at which patients are seen and messages can be left. (2) We can add nothing to what has been said before as to the use of the title "Dr."

CANVASSING FOR PRACTICE.

W. MUSSELLWHITE writes: A. is the medical attendant of a house painter, whom another medical man, B., employs to decorate his house. Later the painter calls in A., when B. remonstrates with the tradesman and says that since he had given him so much work he should have called him in. How does B.'s action stand in regard to medical ethics?

* * Such conduct would be unjustifiable interference with the patient of another practitioner.

THE USE OF NON-REGISTRABLE DEGREES.

VARSITY writes objecting to the use of the M.D. Brux, without indicating the university in the case of the author of a paper in this JOURNAL. He considers that the author is not justified in posing "before the public and his confrères of the British Medical Association either as Dr. or M.D., when the M.D. is not a registrable qualification in Britain."

* * Foreign and colonial diplomas were not registrable in this country until the special provision of the Medical Act of 1886 allowed practitioners in possession of such degrees at the time of the passing of the Act to register them, while denying the right in future except in cases where equal facilities are afforded by the foreign country or colony. This rule is based not upon the academic value of the degrees, but solely upon the existence or non-existence of reciprocity; thus a French M.D. cannot register his degree, while an Italian M.D. can do so. But, on the other hand, such degrees have always been recognized in courtesy, and if it were permissible to mention names, excellent precedents in the present as well as in the past could be given in support of this custom.

THE METHODS OF THE MALTHUSIAN LEAGUE.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to us to complain that a "wooden-legged man, wearing a Highland costume and playing an accordion," begged outside his house, and when his little girl took him out a copper she was handed a leaflet of "The Malthusian League," which is headed:—"President: C. R. Drysdale, M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.S.; Honorary Secretary and Treasurer: W. H. Reynolds (Publisher), New Cross, London, S.W." (sic), and similar papers were handed by the man to other children. Our correspondent asks whether, whatever may be our opinion as to the doctrines which the League is intended to support, we approve of this method of circulating its publications.

* * The leaflet sent to us, after giving an account of the origin of the League, insists on the grave and growing importance of this question in the present day, when a large and increasing amount of unemployment, appalling destitution, enormous infantile mortality, and overcrowding exist; it is added that the prudent middle classes should control the numbers created for them to provide for, in view of the tendency of modern legislation not only to educate the children of the poor, but to feed and perhaps clothe them too. In view of its urgency monthly meetings will be held at Armfield's Hotel, South Place, Finsbury, where on Thursday, April 5th, a paper was read on "The State Control of the Birth-Rate," by C. V. Drysdale, D.Sc., to which meetings all interested in the question are invited. The amount of the subscription, the principles of the League, and a form of application for membership complete the information supplied. No one can approve of such papers being distributed to children in the street, but we hesitate to believe that this has the sanction of the president, who should inquire into the matter, and put a stop to the proceedings of the man with the wooden leg.

EXAMINATION OF BODIES.

A. (SCOTLAND) is requested by the police authorities to examine and report on several dead bodies (on four separate occasions within a few weeks) found on the seashore within a few miles of his residence. B., who is in practice in the same town as A., writes to the police authorities asking why A. should examine all the bodies, and pointing out as a prior claim his being parochial medical officer for the district in which the bodies were found. Has A. any right to feel aggrieved at B.'s action in the matter?

* * The police are entitled to call in whomsoever they please, and the fact of B. being parochial medical officer does not give him a prior claim.

SCHOOL CERTIFICATES.

M.B.—We would refer our correspondent to the answer under this head published last week, p. 1076.

OBLIGATIONS OF A SUBSTITUTE.

EAST YORKS writes: X. was attending a lady and her maid-servant, and, being ill during the attendance, asked his friend Y. to attend. Eighteen months after the maid consulted Y., who declined to attend until he had interviewed X., who consented to Y. attending, but not to his conditions—namely, that the fees should be shared. X. considers that, as Y. attended the maid at the request of the mistress, she was at liberty to select her own practitioner for any future attendance. Y., on the other hand, maintains that his introduction to the maid was due to his attendance as X.'s deputy, and, as X. did not object to Y. taking over the patient, a fair solution of the difficulty would be the sharing of the fees.

* * Y. rightly declines to attend a patient to whom he was introduced as X.'s substitute. If, however, X. considers that Y. is free to attend her, Y. may accept her as his patient, and take the fees, or, if he has scruples about it, he had better decline the case altogether.

MEDICAL ADVICE IN LADIES' NEWSPAPERS.

A CORRESPONDENT sends us cuttings from *Hearth and Home*, which is a newspaper for ladies, and, like most journals of this class, devotes much space to paragraphs purporting to give advice on matters of health, especially as this affects the personal appearance and the state of the hair and skin. Most of these recommendations are to be supplied by firms who doubtless pay for them either directly or by taking a certain amount of space in the advertising columns, but some recommend medical practitioners, as in the marked copy sent to us, where, under the heading "Burmah Girl," the correspondent is advised to apply to that "clever food specialist, Dr. O. E. Horn, of 43, Parkholme Road, Boscombe Park, Bournemouth," who it is said will not only "give you a tonic to add to your food that will make it digest easily," but also make "helpful suggestions which he will give you with pleasure if you say you are a reader of *Hearth and Home*." Dr. O. E. Horn's name does not appear upon the *Medical Register* for 1906, so that he is not a legally-qualified practitioner.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES.

UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD.

Degree of M.D.—The degree of M.D. has been conferred on Cyril Ogle, M.A., M.B., B.Ch., Trinity College, F.R.C.P.

Sibthorpe Professorship.—The electors will proceed to the election of a Sibthorpe Professor of Rural Economy on Saturday, June 9th, 1906. Candidates are requested to send in their applications, on or before May 19th, to the Registrar of the University, from whom all particulars may be obtained. Among the conditions is the following: "The Sibthorpe Professor of Rural Economy shall lecture and give instruction on the scientific principles of agriculture and forestry, including the pathology of plants."

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE.

THE following have passed all three sections of the Third M.B., Part II:

J. D. Barris, B.A., Cai.; H. J. Clarke, B.A., Trin.; R. P. Cockin, B.A., Cai.; R. M. Courtauld, M.A., Pemb.; W. I. Cumberland, B.A., Christ's; R. Davies-Colley, B.A., Emm.; J. R. Draper, B.A., Joh.; C. F. Fothergill, B.A., Emm.; A. Goulston, M.A., Cla.; W. B. Grandage, B.A., Cla.; M. Grundy, B.A., Joh.; C. R. F. Hall, B.A., Trin.; G. H. Harper-Smith, B.A., Cai.; C. King, B.A., Trin.; S. G. MacDonald, B.A., Joh.; J. McIntyre, B.A., King's; J. T. Macnab, B.A., Christ's; E. H. Mayhew, B.A., Emm.; A. W. Moore, B.A., Emm.; W. L. Murphy, M.A., Joh.; A. S. M. Palmer, B.A., Jes.; W. H. Robinson, B.A., Down; C. Stanley-Clarke, B.A., Cai.; F. J. Thornton, B.A., Cai.; J. H. Trench, B.A., Trin.; A. Walker, B.A., Emm.; G. L. Webb, B.A., Cai.; C. J. Wilson, B.A., Christ's; H. W. Wiltshire, M.A., Cla.; F. Worthington, B.A., Joh.

Mr. W. M. Mollison, M.A., of King's College, has been approved for the degree of M.C.

The following have been nominated members of the Board of Managers of the Quick Fund for the Professorship of Protozoology: Professor Sims Woodhead, Mr. Adam Sedgwick, Mr. A. E. Shipley, Dr. Langley, Mr. J. J. Lister, and Mr. F. F. Blackman.

Mr. F. G. Hopkins, of Emmanuel College, and Mr. W. M. Fletcher, of Trinity College, have been appointed Examiners for the Gedge Prize.

Mr. A. E. Shipley, of Christ College, has been reappointed Representative of the University on the Council of the Marine Biological Association.

Mr. F. Gayner, M.B., B.C., has been elected to a Research Scholarship in connexion with the Committee for the Study of Special Diseases.

Advanced Classes.

In addition to the ordinary classes in general pathology and pharmacology, the series of shorter courses dealing with more

advanced work will be repeated this year. Lectures and demonstrations will be given on pharmacology (bronchial asthma, vaso-constriction, the specific actions of drugs, etc.), and on pathology (inflammation, immunity, antitoxins, and antibodies, food poisoning, etc.). Dr. Nuttall will also repeat this year his course on protozoal diseases. These courses, which are open to medical men and senior students only, will be held if a class of ten can be formed; they will not extend over more than four weeks. Particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. E. E. Stubbings, Pathological Department, New Medical School, Cambridge.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON. *London Hospital Medical College.*

MR. JONATHAN HUTCHINSON, F.R.S., Emeritus Professor of Clinical Surgery to the London Hospital, will begin a course of four lectures on Tuesday, June 12th, at 3 p.m. The lectures will be free to all students of the University and to medical graduates. The dates and subjects are as follows: June 12th, on the transmission of syphilis to the third generation; June 19th, on syphilis and tuberculosis; June 26th, on tuberculosis and diseases of the skin; July 3rd, on diseases of the skin caused by insects.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE. *Lectures.*

A COURSE of eight lectures on the Structure and Functions of the Central Nervous System, with special reference to the brain stem will be given in the Physiology Department by Dr. W. Page May, on Wednesdays, at 5 p.m., commencing on May 16th. The lectures are open to students and qualified medical practitioners on presentation of their cards.

Appointment.

The Council have appointed Mr. G. E. Waugh Senior Demonstrator in the Department of Anatomy from October next, vice Mr. Mower White, resigned.

CONVOCATION.

A general meeting of Convocation had been appointed to be held on May 8th at 5.30 p.m., but as the statutory quorum of fifty members was not present, the Chairman, Sir E. H. Busk, after waiting half an hour, announced that the meeting stood adjourned to Tuesday, June 12th, at 5.30 p.m. He remarked that members of the University of Paris would be the guests of the University of London in the previous week. He also stated that, as no nomination for the office of Deputy Chairman of Convocation had been received, no election to the office could be made at the adjourned meeting in June; as the appointment, when made, held good for twelve months, it might possibly be better to defer it for a year, so that the election might not wander from May to some less convenient month.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM.

THE following degrees were conferred at the Convocation on April 28th:

M.D.—C. H. Clarke, Ida E. Fox, H. L. Heslop, H. L. Noel-Cox, T. Y. Simpson, J. B. Waters.

M.D. for Practitioners of Fifteen Years' Standing.—B. H. Andrew, H. Buxton, E. C. Freeman, J. F. Nall, R. R. Sleman, J. P. Walker, A. W. Waller.

M.B.—F. W. Cheese, J. H. Cooke, Hamilton Drummond, Horsley Drummond, W. Fairclough, A. Finlay, J. Galloway, S. G. V. Harris, A. B. Jones, J. C. Pearce, R. B. Reed, W. Seymour, F. T. Simpson, F. J. Strachan, E. Tate, A. J. Turner, R. J. Weidner, R. J. Willan.

B.S.—F. W. Cheese, J. H. Cooke, Hamilton Drummond, Horsley Drummond, W. Fairclough, A. Finlay, J. Galloway, S. G. V. Harris, S. H. Hawley, A. B. Jones, J. C. Pearce, R. B. Reed, W. Seymour, F. J. Strachan, E. Tate, A. J. Turner, R. J. Weidner, R. J. Willan.

B.Hy.—J. W. H. Morrison, H. Renney, H. J. Slade.

The following received the Diploma in Public Health (*D.P.H.*): J. A. Mitchell, J. W. H. Morrison, H. J. Slade.

ROYAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND.

Second Examination in Medicine, Spring, 1906.

THE following candidates have been approved at the examinations indicated:

Second Examination (Upper Pass).—*M. Connell, *H. J. Grant, *A. P. O'Connor, B.A., *J. M. O'Connor, *W. Tyrrell.

Pass.—J. B. Aickin, J. A. Brown, B. Byrne, S. Campbell, S. R. Campbell, F. S. Carson, E. M. Condy, V. L. Connolly, J. Counihan, J. B. Crawford, N. Cunningham, G. Douglas, J. H. Harbison, W. F. Hooper, D. J. Jackson, P. J. Geogh, Caroline V. Lowe, H. D. Manderson, P. H. O'Connell, W. M. J. O'Connor, M. G. O'Malley, A. Patton, B.A., A. H. Rentoul, W. H. Sheffield, J. Spence, W. S. R. Steven, R. S. Taggart, B. A. West.

Third Examination.—*J. K. P. Clarke, *E. Dowling, *M. F. Huston, *M. J. Mulligan, *W. D. O'Kelly, *J. J. O'Neill, *M. Woldron.

Pass.—D. Barry, A. R. Boyd, W. Bradbury, T. G. Buchanan, W. A. Burke, J. P. Cahir, A. J. W. Compton, B.A., Caroline J. Crawford, L. J. Curtin, G. Deery, J. Dewar, C. Dickson, E. H. Flanagan, T. Forde, C. H. Harbison, T. J. Hollins, B.A., J. G. Johnston, R. G. C. M. Kinkaid, R. Lavallin, S. Levy, J. E. A. Lyaham, B.A., M. McNiff, H. H. MacWilliam, T. J. Magill, H. C. Swertz, G. J. W. Tierney, G. P. White, M. White.

The M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. Degrees Examination.

Final Examination (Upper Pass).—*J. Finegan, *J. J. Hollywood, *R. Jameson, E. J. Kavanagh, *W. J. Leighton, *R. J. Lytle, D. T. MacCarthy, *W. A. McKee, B.A., *J. W. Murphy, *T. O'Driscoll.

Pass.—*W. J. Hill, G. W. Knipe, J. F. McDermott, J. Magill, T. Meagher, E. H. M. Milligan, *M. J. O'Grady, J. J. O'Mahoney, B.A., G. V. Ryan, H. S. Sims, W. G. Stewart.
* Qualified to sit for Honours in one or other subject.

UNIVERSITY OF DUBLIN.

THE following degrees have been conferred:

M.D.—A. G. Alexander, G. Nunan, T. L. Sands.

M.B., Ch.B., B.A.O.—A. G. Alexander, B. G. Brooke, A. C. Elliott, S. G. S. Haughton, H. J. Knox, R. S. Oldham, J. D. Sands.

Licence in Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics.—T. R. King-Edwards.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF EDINBURGH.

A QUARTERLY meeting of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh was held on Tuesday, May 1st, Dr. PLAYFAIR, President, in the chair.

Introduction of Fellow.

John Dixon Comrie, M.A., B.Sc., M.B., Ch.B., was introduced and took his seat as a Fellow of the College.

Admission to the Membership.

On a ballot, the following candidates were admitted to the Membership of the College after examination: Augustus Kinsey-Morgan, M.D., M.R.C.S. Eng., Bournemouth; Edward Collett Hort, L.S.A., L.R.C.P. I., San Remo; William Augustine McEnery, L.R.C.P. Lond., M.R.C.S. Eng., San Francisco; Alfred Nolan Fell, M.B., Ch.B., Edinburgh; Russell Gerald William Adams, L.R.C.P. and S.E., Edinburgh; John William Keay, M.B., Ch.B., Edinburgh.

Admission to the Licence.

The Registrar reported that since the last quarterly meeting twenty-seven persons had obtained the Licence of the College by examination.

Annual Report Regarding the Laboratory.

The Curator submitted his report for the last year regarding the research and reporting work undertaken in the laboratory during the year and the expenditure incurred. The report showed that 36 workers had been engaged in research; that 2,479 specimens had been reported on, being an increase of 53 on the number for the previous year; and that the expenditure had amounted to £1,217 15s. ½d. The report was adopted by the College.

Conjoint Committee of Management of Triple Qualification.

Dr. James Andrew was re-elected as Representative of the College on the Conjoint Committee of Management of the Triple Qualification.

Appointment of Morison Lecturer.

It was intimated that Dr. A. R. Urquhart had been appointed Morison Lecturer for the ensuing session.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS IN IRELAND.

Election of Examiners.

At a meeting of the President, Vice-President, and Council on May 1st, the following examiners were elected:

Court "A" (for Conjoint Licence, Diploma in Public Health, and Preliminary).—Anatomy: Alexander Fraser, Bertram C. A. Windle. Surgery: Alexander Blayney, F. Conway-Dwyer, John Dundon, Richard Lane-Joynt. Pathology and Bacteriology: Arthur Hamilton White. Midwifery and Gynaecology: Frederick W. Kidd. Biology: John J. Burgess. Ophthalmology: Arthur H. Benson, Herbert C. Mooney. Sanitary Law and Vital Statistics: Edward Francis Stephenson. Languages: L. J. Woodroffe. Mathematics, Physics, Dictation, and English Essay: J. W. Tristram.

Court "B" (for Fellowship, Licence in Surgery—for registered practitioners,—Licence in Midwifery—for registered practitioners,—and Licence in Dental Surgery).—Anatomy: Patrick Joseph Fagan, Alexander Frazer. Surgery: Alexander Blayney, F. Conway-Dwyer, Thomas E. Gordon, Richard Lane-Joynt. Pathology and Bacteriology: Leveson-Gower Gunn, Arthur Hamilton White. Midwifery and Gynaecology: Frederick W. Kidd. Chemistry and Physics: Edwin Lapper, Robert J. Montgomery. Dental Surgery and Pathology: George M. P. Murray, William G. Story. Mechanical Dentistry: Kevin E. O'Duffy, Daniel L. Rogers.

A MEETING of Fellows will be held on June 9th at 1 p.m. to receive the annual report of the Council.

A meeting for the election of a President, Vice-President, Council, and Honorary Secretary for the ensuing year will take place on Monday, June 11th, at 1 p.m. Fellows desiring to have their names printed in the list of candidates for office, are requested to notify the Registrar at the College by Wednesday, May 30th.

UNDER the will of the late Miss Emily Alicia Nottidge of Richmond, Surrey, the Royal Hospital, Richmond, Surrey, receives £200, and the Royal Sea-Bathing Hospital, Margate, the Royal Medical Benevolent College, and the Hospital for Women, Soho Square, sums of £100 each.