

practical remedies will be obvious to the reader. A minimum height of seven feet should be adopted in all forecastles, and the latter should have at least treble the amount of communication with the open air for light and ventilation. The cowl recommended in our last article might easily and advantageously be adopted in all coasting vessels. Strict regulations should be issued that no cordage, sails, or articles of any kind other than the personal effects of the seamen, should be permitted in the fore-castle, whether in port or at sea; and the master should be held responsible for the cleanliness of this part of the vessel. It would be well that the scale of rations in coasters, as well as ocean-going ships, should be prescribed by law; and if a clause were inserted, fixing the number of hands with reference to the tonnage, undermanning and overworking would be prevented, and a proper proportion of time for sleep and meals would thereby be afforded to all. Means for the prevention of fever are but a repetition of the foregoing; and the remarks made last week, as to the prevention of rheumatic and venereal diseases, apply here with equal force and consistency.

Before concluding this part of our subject, we would remark how pointedly these particulars indicate the urgent necessity for the appointment of a port-inspector for the Thames, and, indeed, for all large ports. Sanitary rules and regulations, worded and enacted ever so closely and cautiously, are but a dead letter, unless their application is continuously and rigorously supervised. When the Prevention of Diseases Act came into operation during September of last year, Dr. Letheby wisely appointed a river-inspector for that part of the Thames under his jurisdiction. This officer has, during the past few months, issued orders for cleansing and airing to more than sixty vessels, all of which were reported dirty and badly ventilated. But the jurisdiction of the City extends but from London Bridge to the Tower Stairs, and on the north side of the Thames only; so that, as the law now stands, the master of a vessel who has received the City inspector's order may loose moorings, drop out of the City district, and laugh to scorn inspector and order alike. This miserable result of piecemeal legislation was pointed out in the *Times*, both by leading articles and in a letter from Dr. Letheby on the subject. On the other hand, the success of a centralised plan of inspection was shown by the results of the *Dreadnought* system of visitation during the last epidemic of cholera; and there can be no doubt of the utility of a plan which shall form the river into a distinct sanitary district. It was shown, some weeks ago, in the columns of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, that the Thames Conservancy are, as the governing body of the river, specially fitted to have the conduct of such a work; and that ample funds exist for its proper maintenance. It would be eminently advantageous to this corporation to have at their disposal the services of a competent medical officer; and they would then possess the sanitary as well as the administrative jurisdiction of the port of London. Local self-government, in most matters, is at best but doubtfully beneficial; but it is pitiful and fatal economy in sanitary questions, as well as ludicrously absurd legislation, to parcel out a river into little bits of districts, where, by consequence, an order may be made in one, and evaded immediately by the departure of the culprit into another. The creation of such an office as that just indicated would do more sanitary good to our coasting trade than any complex system of legal enactments, and would at the same time be welcome, as tending to correct some present evils that are probably more due to the careless habits of seamen than to the parsimony of masters or owners.

Association Intelligence.

BIRMINGHAM AND MIDLAND COUNTIES BRANCH: GENERAL MEETING.

THE Fourth General Meeting of the present session was held at the Midland Institute, January 10th, 1867. There were present, T. A. CARTER, M.D., Leamington, President, in the Chair; with twenty-eight members and one visitor.

Communications. 1. Mr. BRACE exhibited a Cystic Tumour removed from the breast of a Cochin China fowl, where it lay just beneath the skin in the sub-cutaneous cellular tissue. It was of about the size of an orange, and contained brownish fluid, and also a solid portion, which appeared to consist of laminated fibrine.

2. Mr. FURNEAUX JORDAN read a paper on the Hereditary Syphilitic Character of a Disease hitherto regarded as Strumous. The paper is received for publication.

3. Dr. NASON read the notes of a Case of Ligature of the Common Carotid Artery. (See p. 108.)

Reports of Societies.

OBSTETRICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON.

ANNUAL MEETING, JAN. 2ND, 1867.

ROBERT BARNES, M.D., President, in the Chair.

Dr. F. SHEPHERD, Messrs. Corner, Thorman, and Weller, were elected Fellows of the Society.

Cases, etc. Dr. THOMAS FAIRBANK read a case of Fracture of the Pelvis, with Injury to the Uterus, in the Sixth Month of Pregnancy; Recovery; Death occurring at a subsequent Delivery.

Dr. JOHN SHORTT, of Madras, read notes on Criminal Abortion.

Mr. W. A. HUNT gave the particulars of a case of Fetal Peritonitis *in Utero*.

Dr. PERCY BOULTON contributed a case of Paraplegia occurring during Pregnancy.

The business of the annual meeting then commenced.

The Report of the Auditors of the accounts of the Treasurer for the year ending December 31st, 1866, was read, from which it appeared that the balance in the hands of the Treasurer was £96:7:9, and that during the year the sum of £50 had been invested in the Funds in the names of the Trustees of the Society. The balance-sheet, read by the Secretary, showed that the Society had received during the year £580:2 as subscriptions from Fellows, and £51:2:1 as proceeds of the sale of the *Transactions* of the Society.

Dr. BRAXTON HICKS, after congratulating the Society on its increasing prosperity, moved—

"That the report now read be received and adopted."

Dr. PLAYFAIR seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

Dr. HALL DAVIS said he had great pleasure in moving the next resolution, because he felt confident that it would be warmly responded to by the Fellows of the Society. Amidst the steadily increasing prosperity and usefulness of the Obstetrical Society of London, he said, we must admit that our *Transactions* have been greatly enriched by contributions of

Medical News.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND. The following gentlemen, having undergone the necessary examinations for the diploma, were admitted members of the College at a meeting of the Court of Examiners, on January 24th.

Appleton, Robert Carlisle, Stockton-on-Tees (Newcastle)
 Arnold, John, L.R.C.P. Lond., Demerara (St. Bartholomew's)
 Berrol, George William, Bedford (St. George's)
 Bryant, Henry Vining, Hackney Road (King's College)
 Costelloe, Daniel, Canonbury Square (Dub. and St. Barthol.)
 Edgeworth, Richard Lestock, M.B. Univ. Dub., Edgeworthstown, co. Longford (Dublin)
 Haughey, Alexander R., M.B. Univ. Edin., Bushmill, co. Antrim (Edin. and Glasg.)
 Knowles, Frederick, Farnham, Surrey (Guy's)
 Marshall, Nicholas, St. Austell, Cornwall (University College)
 Renshaw, Wm. Alfred, Aston-on-Mersey (Manchester)
 Rootes, George, Ross, Hereford (Guy's)
 Stocker, James Reginald (Guy's)
 Tennant, Charles, Newbottle, Durham (Charing Cross)
 Thomas, John Davies, L.S.A., Swansea (University College)
 Watt, Thomas Mawhinny, M.A. Univ. Aberd., Ballyjamesduff, co. Cavan (Aberdeen, Belfast, and Dublin)
 Woolhouse, Frederick, Sheffield (Sheffield)

It is satisfactory to state that out of the sixty-nine candidates who offered themselves for examination for the diploma of membership, only nine failed to acquit themselves to the satisfaction of the Court, and were consequently referred back to their hospital studies for six months.

APOTHECARIES' HALL. On January 17th and 24th, 1867, the following Licentiates were admitted:—

Arundell, Shirley Woolmer, 130, Gower Street
 Heckford, Nathaniel, London Hospital
 McDonald, John Chisholm, 75, Claverton Street, Pimlico
 Quinton, Charles, Brook Square, Regency
 Wall, Reginald Bligh, 4, Bishop's Road, Bayswater

APPOINTMENTS.

FOSTER, Michael, M.D., appointed Teacher of Practical Physiology and Histology in University College.
 FOWLER, R. S., Esq., to be Surgeon to the Bath United Hospital, vice W. H. Brace, Esq., resigned.
 MASON, Francis, Esq., appointed Assistant-Surgeon to the Westminster Hospital.
 MOORE, J. Daniel, M.D., F.L.S., appointed Honorary Surgeon to the Lancaster Infirmary.

ROYAL NAVY.

FEAGAN, Henry, M.D., Surgeon (additional), to the *Rodney*.
 FORBES, Charles, M.D., Staff-Surgeon, to the *Rodney*.
 GREGORY, Bradley, Esq., Assistant-Surgeon, to the *Rodney*.
 POWELL, W. L., Esq., Assistant-Surgeon, to the *Galatea*.
 SYMES, W. H., Esq., Acting Assistant-Surgeon, to the *Galatea*.
 YOUNG, James, M.D., Surgeon, to the *Galatea*.

MILITIA.

GRAHAM, T. M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon Prince of Wales's Royal Renfrew Militia.

VOLUNTEERS. (A.V. = Artillery Volunteers; R.V. = Rifle Volunteers):—

CRIBB, H., Esq., to be Assistant-Surgeon 1st Hertfordshire Light Horse Volunteer Cavalry.
 M'GILL, J. F., Esq., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon 8th Ayrshire R.V.
 MOORE, J. D., M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon 24th Lancashire A.V.
 THOMPSON, J., M.B., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon 1st Hampshire Mounted R.V.

BIRTHS.

ADAMS. On January 23rd, at Barnes, the wife of James Adams, M.D., of a daughter.
 BLACKETT. On January 25th, at Southwold, Suffolk, the wife of Edward R. Blackett, M.D., of a daughter.
 FRY. On January 20th, at Thaxted, Essex, the wife of John W. Fry, Esq., Surgeon, of a daughter.
 HILL. On January 25th, at Lympington, Hants, the wife of W. Robinson Hill, M.D., of a daughter.
 LONG. On January 21st, at Wells, Norfolk, the wife of Frederick Long, Esq., L.R.C.P., of a daughter.
 MACKENZIE. On January 22nd, at 13, Weymouth Street, the wife of Morell Mackenzie, M.D., of a son.

POTTINGER. On January 26th, at Sheerness, the wife of Robert Pottinger, Esq., Staff-Surgeon H.M.'s Naval Hospital, Plymouth, of a daughter.

WILSON. On January 22nd, at Kensington Lodge, Liverpool, the wife of John Henry Wilson, L.K.Q.C.P., of a son.

DEATHS.

BLANKARNE, Henry, Esq., Surgeon, at 12, Upper Thomas Street, aged 66, on January 27.

DANIELL. On January 26th, at Bath, aged 62, Ann Malford, widow of the late John Bampfylde Daniell, M.D.

EARDLEY, John, M.D., of Charles Street, Westbourne Terrace, on January 25.

ELSDALE, Robinson, Esq., Surgeon, at Moulton, Spalding, aged 56, on January 25.

|| Mr. EYTON JONES, of Wrexham, has been appointed a magistrate for that borough.

UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW. The Senate of the University of Glasgow, at their meeting on Thursday, January 24th, conferred the degree of LL.D. on R. G. Mayne, M.D., Leeds, author of the *Expository Lexicon of Scientific Terms*.

HOSPITAL CARRIAGES. One of the new vehicles described under the above heading in the *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL* of January 19th, is now on view at Messrs. Woodall and Sons, Orchard Street, Portman Square. It is certainly worthy the inspection of all hospital officials.

SMALL-POX IN MARYLEBONE. The small-pox is very prevalent at the present time in the parish of Marylebone amongst all classes of the community. There are forty-three patients now in the Iron Hospital; as their places become vacant from death and other causes, they will, no doubt, as heretofore, be rapidly filled up. The hospital is under the charge of Mr. Benson Baker, with the help of one paid nurse and several pauper assistants. The Sanitary Board of Marylebone have recommended the vestry to adopt the powers and enforce the penalties provided permissively by the Privy Council for such a crisis.

INFANTICIDE. On Tuesday last a deputation from the Harveian Society of London waited upon Mr. Secretary Walpole, at the Home Office, on the subject of infanticide in England. Dr. Tyler Smith introduced the deputation, with some remarks to the same effect as we published in his address to the Harveian Society, in the *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL* of January 19th. Drs. Pollock, Smith, and Mr. Curgenven also expressed their views, and offered various suggestions for the prevention of infanticide. Mr. Walpole replied that a bill based upon the recommendation of the Capital Punishment Commissioners would be introduced in the forthcoming Session of Parliament. He also asked for further statistics on the matter.

VIVISECTION. Dr. Markham writes to the *Times*, that in 1863 a Committee of the French Academy of Medicine, composed of MM. Claude Bernard, Cloquet, Larrey, Cruveilhier, etc., was appointed to examine and report upon the subject of vivisection. They reported that vivisections, with a definite scientific object, are indispensable to the progress of physiology; and the Academy finally declared that the practice of vivisection must be left to the discretion of scientific men. Dr. Markham observes that, from the fact of this resolution having been adopted unanimously, we cannot hope for the co-operation of the French medical profession in arresting the practice of vivisection. He, however, counsels moderation in the language of those who attack these doings. It appears that the Committee of the Academy very strongly objected to the violence of the language employed in the last note forwarded to the French Emperor by the London Society for the Protection of Animals.

OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MONDAY.....Metropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's for Fistula and other Diseases of the Rectum, 9 A.M. and 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

TUESDAY....Guy's, 1½ P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

WEDNESDAY...St. Mary's, 1 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1.30 P.M.

THURSDAY.....St. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.—London Surgical Home, 2 P.M.—Royal Orthopedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.

FRIDAY.....Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

SATURDAY....St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Lock, Clinical Demonstration and Operations, 1 P.M.—Royal Free, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

MONDAY. Medical Society of London, 8 P.M. Lettsomian Lectures. Lecture III, by John Gay, Esq., on Surgery. "The Varicose Diseases of the Lower Extremities."—Epidemiological Society, 8 P.M. Dr. Milroy, "Yellow Fever in its relations to the Home Population"; Mr. Wilson, R.N., "The Yellow Fever Epidemic in Bermuda, 1864."

TUESDAY. Pathological Society of London, 8 P.M. Anthropological Society of London, 8 P.M.

WEDNESDAY. Obstetrical Society of London, 7 P.M., Council Meeting, 8 P.M., Dr. Woodman, "Case of Cholera during Pregnancy"; Dr. Wynn Williams, "Diphtheria"; and other papers.

THURSDAY. Harveian Society of London, 8 P.M. Mr. Teevan, "On New Aids in the Diagnosis and Treatment of Urethral Disease."

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MEMBERS are reminded that it is a matter of great convenience and economy to the Association, and conduces to the efficiency of its working and to their comfort and advantage, that their subscriptions, which are now due, should be paid promptly to the Secretary, Mr. T. WATKIN WILLIAMS, New-hall Street, Birmingham.

All Letters and Communications for the JOURNAL, to be addressed to the EDITOR, 37, Great Queen St., Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

COMMUNICATIONS.—To prevent a not uncommon misconception, we beg to inform our correspondents that, as a rule, all communications which are not returned to their authors, are retained for publication.

Communications as to the transmission of the JOURNAL, should be sent to Mr. RICHARDS, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names—of course, not necessarily for publication.

WE are reluctantly compelled, by pressure on our space, to omit the further list of subscribers to the *Pail Mall Gazette* Testimonial Fund. The Treasurers are, Mr. G. Pollock, 27, Grosvenor Street; and Mr. T. H. Hills, 45, Queen Anne Street.

WE are also compelled to omit the notices of further meetings of students at the hospitals in condemnation of the "Naval Medical Cadet" scheme.

THE SURGICAL HOME.

SIR,—I see advertisements of the "Surgical Home" paraded daily as under the patronage of H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, the Crown Princess of Prussia, and the Princess Louis of Hesse. It is most painful that these Royal ladies' names should be connected with an institution over which a black cloud hangs; and I think it would be well that they should discontinue their countenance to what has always appeared more of a private speculation than a charitable institution, to the great body of the profession, until such time as what is questionable in the proceedings enacted there has been satisfactorily explained. I am, etc.,
January 28th, 1867. G.

A MEMBER.—There will be an examination for the Midwifery Licence on the 6th inst. The examiners are Drs. Barnes, Farre, and Priestley.

CATTLE-PLAGUE AT WINDSOR.

After reading the communication which Mr. Henry Simpson has forwarded to us on this subject, we cannot but feel that the evidence is very strong indeed that Mr. Simpson's diagnosis is correct, and that the case was truly one of cattle-plague.

MR. BAILEY would probably quickly find a customer by advertising his set.

CASES THAT BONE-SETTERS DO NOT CURE.

DR. MACKINDER, Gainsborough, writes:—"Apropos of bone-setters. I have just had a man, aged 52, who, after a fall a few days ago, consulted a bone-setter, who thumbed him over, stuck on a plaster, charged him 5s. 6d., and told him he had 'broken his briskeet.' I need scarcely add that, beyond a slight contusion beneath his right breast, there is nothing the matter. My patient informs me that, after he left —, he thought 'what a fool he'd been.' I have also under treatment a young woman, who has been to a joiner in a neighbouring village six times to have her shoulder put in. Said joiner told her 'he was once in a London hospital, and seed how they put boans in, and he'd back himself against anybody in th' world for that 'ere business.'"

AN OLD ASSOCIATE.—The late Dr. Scott of Southsea was the first person in this country who successfully performed the operation of cesophagotomy. Mr. Cock has since done it. Mr. Elliott, the senior surgeon to the Chichester Infirmary, has been a successful lithotomist: he has operated three times on the same subject.

DR. S. BENTHAM, Southsea, wishes to know whether any associate at Brighton knows anything of a person calling himself a son of the Dr. Beaumont who had charge of Alexis Martin? He states that the subject of this inquiry borrowed money of a Mr. Dunn to pay his fare from Brighton to Plymouth, which he forgot to repay; that he has gone away and forgotten to pay for his lodgings; and has equally omitted to repay two pounds which he borrowed from a poor man whom he engaged to distribute bills, making known his skill: the two pounds being intended as caution-money.

THE SURGICAL HOME.

AN eminent provincial physician has forwarded to us the annexed correspondence, with a request that we will lay it before the profession.

136, Harley Street, Cavendish Square, W., Jan. 21, 1867.

SIR,—I am directed by the Chairman of "The London Surgical Home" to hand you on the other side the copy of a resolution which has been passed, with which I trust you may be pleased to comply.

The enclosed papers give ample particulars concerning the Institution.

A generous support has been given to the Society; but the vast increase in the applications for admission, forced upon the Committee the necessity of an additional wing, and hence the effort now making to enlist additional sympathy.

The Chairman will feel exceedingly obliged if you will favour me with a reply. I have the honour to be, sir,

Your most obedient and humble servant,

WILLIAM RICHARDSON.

London Surgical Home.

At a meeting of the Committee, held at the Home, January 8th, 1867, Baker Brown, Esq., in the chair, it was unanimously resolved—

That be respectfully invited to honour this Institution, by permitting his name to be enrolled as a "patron".

BAKER BROWN, Chairman.

The article in the *Times* of Dec. 15th, 1866, to which we directed the attention of the Lunacy Commissioners, is inserted. The sentence which attracted special remark, being printed as follows:

"A peculiar feature of the Home is, that in addition to the ordinary maladies which come under the head of surgical diseases, women are received who are suffering from nervous diseases,* provided that their infirmities are not hereditary or of a long duration previous to their application for admission. In it the great experiment is being made, for the first time, of endeavouring to cure such diseases† by surgical operations."

[Copy of reply.]

Mr. — declines to allow his name to be placed on the List of Patrons of the London Surgical Home—an Institution with which he does not desire to have his name associated.

January 26th, 1867.

* The original paragraph is altered from "of unsound mind".
† The original paragraph is altered from "mental diseases".

STAMPS.—The number of stamps issued to the principal London weekly newspapers during the year ending 30th June 1866, was as follows:—**BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL**, 114,400; *Weekly Times*, 111,600; *Law Times*, 108,000; *Punch*, 101,500; *Athenæum*, 84,000; *Lancet*, 81,575; *Mining Journal*, 76,879; and *Homeward Mail*, 70,000.

M. A. B. observes, that the Foundling Hospital to which Dr. Tyler Smith referred as situated in Great Coram Street, is in Guilford Street. The error would be unimportant, but that there was and may be still in Great Coram Street an "Infant Nursery", to which Dr. Tyler Smith's remarks do not apply.

J. P. reminds us that Dr. Prout long ago called attention to the not unfrequent—nay, general—connection between carbuncle and a saccharine state of the urine; so that M. Verneuil is not quite original in the observations quoted last week on this point in the **BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL**. M. Verneuil, however, did not claim originality, as the connection has been frequently pointed out since Prout (we are not aware whether it has been before); but the great number of cases within a short time, and the probability that the etiological connection of gangrene with diabetes has been frequently overlooked, makes the observations very interesting. We are indebted to our correspondent for recalling attention to the earlier history of this subject, which would be worth further investigation.

Dr. Brown's (Rochester) communication shall appear in an early number. We have to express our thanks for his letter.

DIPSOMANIACS.

SIR,—I have been asked by a patient of mine, if I knew of any institution, in London or elsewhere, where dipsomaniacs are treated (exclusively). I have some recollection of noticing in one of the journals, that some gentleman in Scotland took charge of cases of this kind. Could you assist me, by telling me if there is any such institution, or if you know of any medical man who devotes himself mainly to the cure of habitual intemperance? The lady who wishes for the information has ample means at her disposal. I am, etc.,
ROBERT T. H. BARTLEY.

Bristol, January 25th, 1867.

. We believe that such a patient would be received either at Sudbrook Park House, Richmond, a Hydropathic Establishment, under the charge of Dr. Lane; or at Hill Garden House, Cupar Angus, Perth, under the care of Dr. Dean Fairless. This is an institution especially devised for dipsomaniacs.

COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, &c., have been received from:—Dr. W. L. Gibson, Dundee (with enclosure); Major Rawlins, Netley (with enclosure); Mr. C. H. Moore; Mr. Parker, Liverpool (with enclosure); Lieutenant Eldsade, Royal Engineers, Spalding; Dr. R. T. H. Bartley, Bristol; Dr. F. J. Brown, Rochester; Mr. Charles Bailey, Chippenham; Mr. Peter Squire; Mr. H. Worthington (with enclosure); Mr. T. M. Stone; Dr. W. F. Clarke; Dr. Barnes; The Secretary of Apothecaries' Hall; Dr. F. W. Gibson, Broadmoor (with enclosure); Dr. Thomas Keith, Edinburgh; Mr. C. J. Fox (with enclosure); Dr. Mackinder, Gainsborough; Dr. Buchanan, Glasgow (with enclosure); Miss Perceval; Dr. Wm. Budd, Bristol (with enclosure); Dr. Haward; Dr. Walter G. Barker; Professor Humphry (with enclosure); Dr. Meadows; Mr. Harry Leach (with enclosure); Dr. Odling; Dr. G. P. C. Murray; Dr. G. Goddard Rogers; Mr. J. N. Radcliffe; Mr. F. Mason; Dr. Page, Southsea (with enclosure); Dr. J. D. Moore, Lancaster; Mr. R. N. Willer, Rathmines; Dr. F. Cooper Reade, Clifton; Dr. Cooke, Scarborough (with enclosure); Dr. Hillier; Dr. Maudslay; The Registrar of the Medical Society of London; Mr. C. Jay, Queen Camel, Taunton; Mr. J. E. Moreton, Tarvin, Chester; Mr. J. D. Jones, Washington, Durham; Dr. R. G. Mayne, Leeds; Mr. J. B. Curgenvin; The Registrar-General; Mr. Donnelly; Mr. T. Spencer Wells; and Mr. Morrant Baker (with enclosure).

BOOKS, &c., RECEIVED.

Proposition for a New Reform Bill, to fairly represent the Interests of the People. By W. F. Stanley. London: 1867.
Epidemic Cholera at Washington Colliery. By F. D. Jones, M.D. Newcastle: 1866.
Hysteria. Six lectures delivered at St. Bartholomew's Hospital. By F. C. Skey, F.R.S. London: 1866.
Medical Students of the Period. By R. T. Wright, M.D.

Just published, in crown 8vo, price 5s. cloth,

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Disease in General; Treatment of Disease by Tonic Agency; Local or Surgical Forms of Hysteria, &c. Six Lectures delivered to the Students of St. Bartholomew's Hospital MDCCCLXVI. By F. C. SKEY, F.R.S., &c., Consulting Surgeon to St. Bartholomew's Hospital.

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