Universities and Colleges

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

At a Congregation held on May 23 the following medical degrees were conferred, the first three by proxy:

M.B., B.Chir.—H. L. McMullen, A. P. Bentall, C. N. Carter, R. D. S. Rhys-Lewis.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

The following candidates have been approved at the examination indicated:

tion indicated:

Third M.B., B.S.—1 3C. J. Champ, 12 4I. M. Hill, 12T. L. Kennedy, 14Vera J. McMullen, 12D. Weitzman, J. N. Aston, W. J. Aktinson, G. Auckland, V. Blackman, V. M. Borrelli, V. R. Bruce, B. S. Cardell, Lilian M. Chant, R. Citron, D. M. H. Cogman, A. F. Crick, J. H. Dadds, J. A. L. Davies, G. S. Davis, Elizabeth S. A. de Wit, Mary R. Ellis, D. T. R. Evans, P. R. C. Evans, R. J. Evans, P. J. Fawkner-Corbett, H. P. Ferreira, H. McD. Forde, H. D. Freeth, W. W. Goddy, J. P. Haile, Prudence Halton, G. T. Hammond, Margaret Hargreaves, R. A. Henson, A. C. Higgitt, E. Hirschowitz, T. D. S. Holliday, D. D. A. Jayamanne, P. G. S. Johnson, A. K. Jones, E. P. Jones, H. P. Jones, R. Keen, G. C. Kennedy, Ursula M. Lister, B. S. Lush, G. E. McFall, Annabella J. McGowan, T. McKeown, E. T. Manley, H. N. Mansfield, Betty M. Margetts, J. K. Martin, V. H. Martindiale, L. W. C. Massey, P. B. Maxted, B. Messer, Christine M. Millar, L. F. Miller, Joan S. Millett, B. B. Milstein, J. A. U. Morgan, T. K. Morgan, F. W. Nash, K. R. Ogilvie, L. J. Page, A. C. Parkinson, J. N. M. Parry, A. Pearlman, Phyllis Poyner Wall, R. J. W. Rees, P. B. Riley, D. J. Robertson, G. K. T. Roche, C. F. Ross, R. T. Routledge, C. F. Scurr, K. N. Sinha, J. S. Stead, S. D. Stock, P. H. D. Stone, S. J. Sutton, D. H. Teasdale, Margaret V. Teichmann, E. B. Thornton, A. Tickner, K. R. Todd, D. J. Trevan, P. S. Tweedy, A. Venner, P. M. Vicary, C. E. M. Ware, P. C. Watson, K. T. Weisers, E. J. E. Webb, F. T. Wheeldon, J. Wilks, P. N. Wilman, J. M. Wilson.

1 With honours. 2 Distinguished in pathology. 3 Distinguished in medicine.
 4 Distinguished in applied pharmacology and therapeutics.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH

At a meeting of the College, with Mr. J. W. Struthers, President, in the chair, the Honorary Fellowship was conferred on Lieut. Gen. Alexander Hood, C.B., C.B.E., M.D., Director-General, A.M.S., and on Prof. A. T. Jurasz, M.D., Hon. F.R.C.S.Eng., Dean of the Polish Faculty of Medicine in Edinburgh.

The Services

Air Commodore A. E. Panter, R.A.F., has been appointed Honorary Surgeon to the King, in succession to Air Commodore A. S. Glynn, R.A.F., retired.

The Gilbert Blane Medal for advance in medical science in its application to the naval service has been awarded to Surg. Cmdr. E. R. P. Williams, R.N.

The D.S.C. has been awarded to Prob. Temp. Surg. Lieut. J. Dickie, R.N.V.R.

Squadron Leader Gordon Primrose Smith, R.A.F.V.R., received the O.B.E. (Military Division) in the New Year Honours. His name was missed when the lists published in the *Journals* of Jan. 10 and 17 were compiled, because his degrees of M.B., Ch.B.Ed. were not included in the official entry in the London Gazette.

CASUALTIES IN THE MEDICAL SERVICES

Surg. Cmdr. Frank Cecil Mayall Bamford, R.N., is reported missing, presumed killed in action in H.M.S. Dorsetshire. He was the younger son of Mr. F. L. Bamford of Glasgow and was educated at the University of Glasgow, where he graduated M.B., Ch.B. in 1926. After holding the post of resident surgeon at the Western Infirmary, Glasgow, he entered the Royal Navy in 1928, was promoted surg. lieut.-cmdr. in 1933, and became surg. cmdr. in 1939. He had been a member of the B.M.A. since qualification.

Surg. Lieut. BASIL RICHARD BRAY, R.N.V.R., was officially posted as "Missing, Presumed Killed." It is now announced that he was killed in action in the Battle of Crete in H.M.S. Greyhound on May 22, 1941. He was 27 years of age, and was the only son of Dr. and Mrs. F. R. Bray of Sheffield, and received his earlier education at the Leys School before entering St. John's College, Cambridge.

Capt. James Wolfenden Crawford, R.A.M.C., who died on active service, in India on May 5, was born on April 13, 1910, the elder son of Dr. and Mrs. R. Crawford of Heaton, Bradford, and was educated at the University of Edinburgh, where he graduated M.B., Ch.B. in 1933. He had held the posts of anaesthetist at St. Luke's Hospital, Bradford, house-physical at the Boyol. Hospital for Sick Children Edinburgh and house Royal Hospital for Sick Children, Edinburgh, and housesurgeon to the special departments of the Victoria Infirmary, Glasgow, before settling in practice at Kelso. He entered the R.A.M.C. in April, 1940. He leaves a widow and one daughter.

War Subs. Capt. WILLIAM DOUGALL, R.A.M.C., who died on active service on April 16, was born on July 12, 1914, and was educated at the University of Glasgow, where he graduated M.B., Ch.B. in 1939. He entered the R.A.M.C. as temp. lieut. in March, 1940, and was promoted a year later. His home was at Paisley, and he joined the B.M.A. soon after dualification. qualification.

Prisoner of War.—Lieut. G. C. T. Burns, N.Z.M.C. Missing.—Capt. K. Daniels, R.A.M.C.

DEATHS IN THE SERVICES

Lieut.-Col. Sir Henry Albert John Gidney, I.M.S. (ret.), died suddenly of heat stroke at New Delhi on May 5, and so ended a remarkable career. He was born on June 9, 1873, at Igatpuri on the Western Ghats, the son of an Irish father and an Indian mother, and was educated at Calcutta Medical College as a military pupil. After completing his course there he was posted in 1894 to the Indian Subordinate Medical Department in Bombay as fourth-class assistant apothecary, and rose to third class in 1896. He then studied at Edinburgh and University College, London, qualified L.S.A. in 1896, and also took the F.R.C.S.Ed. and D.P.H.Camb. in 1902, and the D.O.Oxf. in 1910. Entering the I.M.S. as surg. lieut. in 1898, he became lieut.-col. in 1917, and retired in 1918. He served in the China War of 1900-1; at the relief of Peking and the action at Pehtsang (medal with clasp); on the North-East Frontier of India as senior medical officer in the Naga Hills Campaign in 1913; and on the North-West Frontier of India in the war of 1914-18, and was wounded in 1915. After his retirement he played a and was wounded in 1915. After his retirement he played a considerable part in Indian politics and wielded great influence; for nearly 20 years he was the chief representative of the "domiciled community," formerly known as Eurasians, but now as Anglo-Indians. In 1922 he became a member of the Legislative Assembly of India, and in 1941 was appointed a member of the new Indian Polegoe Council. He was knighted in 1921 of the new Indian Defence Council. He was knighted in 1931.

Lieut.-Col. John Allan Anderson, R.A.M.C. (ret.), died at Edinburgh on April 23, aged 61. He was born at Edinburgh on November 11, 1880, and was educated at the University there, graduating M.B., Ch.B. (with honours) in 1903. He also took the D.T.M. in 1909 and the D.P.H. in 1914. He entered the R.A.M.C. as lieut. in 1905, became brevet lieut.-col. in 1919, and retired in 1926. After his retirement he was appointed a Home Office inspector under the Cruelty to Animals Act, 1876, with his centre in Edinburgh, whence he visited laboratories in Scotland and the North of England. He had served throughout the war of 1914-18, first in Flanders with the original B.E.F., being present at the Battle of Mons, and later in Salonika, where he acted as A.D.M.S. from 1917 to 1919, and was awarded the Serbian Order of St. Sava (Third Class) in 1922. He had been a member of the B.M.A. for 26 years.

Medical Notes in Parliament

Notifications of Tuberculosis

Mr. Ernest Brown stated on May 21 that provisional figures showed that during the first 16 weeks of this year the number of cases notified as tuberculosis (but not all necessarily confirmed as such) was 15,525 in England and 1,193 in Wales. corresponding figures for the first 16 weeks of 1939 were 15,120 and 1,244 respectively. He understood that the interim report on the investigation by the Medical Research Council of the increase in tuberculosis among women could be expected in the near future.

Vaccination and Small-pox in the Army

Mr. ALFRED EDWARDS suggested on May 21 that the Secretary of State for War, "as no cases of small-pox had been recorded among soldiers during this war," should give orders that vaccination was only to be carried out at the request of individual militiamen. Sir JAMES GRIGG replied that vaccination and inoculation in the Army were not compulsory. There was no distinction in this respect between men who originally joined the militia and others. A number of unvaccinated soldiers in certain theatres of war had died from small-pox, and he therefore did not propose to issue instructions restricting vaccination.

Digestive Disorders in the R.A.F.

Sir Archibald Sinclair informed Sir E. Graham-Little on May 21 that the men invalided from the R.A.F. since the outbreak of war on account of digestive disorders were about 17% of all those discharged for all diseases. The dietary of the Force was under expert investigation. Laboratory and field