

produced by the use of diseased or otherwise unsound food. Several cases of trichiniasis had occurred in Dublin. The lecturer insisted on the necessity of cooking most thoroughly the flesh of animals liable to entozoa; and after the lecture many of the audience remained to inspect, through numerous powerful microscopes, specimens of the parasites found in food.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.

A NUMEROUSLY attended meeting of noblemen and gentlemen was held on Saturday last at Willis's Rooms, for the purpose of devising some means of increasing the resources of St. George's Hospital. His Grace the Duke of Devonshire presided; and among those present were His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, the Archbishop of York, the Bishops of London, Oxford, and Peterborough, the Duke of Norfolk, Lord Cairns, Lord Penryn, Archbishop Manning, Baron A. Rothschild, Earl Cadogan, Mr. Gathorne Hardy, M.P., etc. The Chairman, in opening the business of the meeting, urged the necessity of making a determined effort; and announced that a gentleman had offered to give £100 a year for five years, if five other persons would do the same. The Duke of Cambridge said that in 1868 the ordinary receipts were £11,760, and the expenditure during the same time £19,083—leaving a deficiency of £7,323. He moved a resolution expressive of the necessity for making an extraordinary effort to raise funds to prevent the curtailment of the benefits of the hospital, to continue the 331 beds already in existence, and to add the 48 beds which the new wing could accommodate. The motion was seconded by the Archbishop of York; and the meeting was also addressed by the Bishop of Oxford, Lord Cairns, Mr. Gathorne Hardy, the Bishop of Peterborough, Dr. Manning, Baron Rothschild, Lord Penryn, and Mr. J. A. Smith; and resolutions were unanimously passed, to the effect that any interruption of the career of St. George's Hospital would be a calamity deeply to be deplored; that its active usefulness must be curtailed if additional funds be not forthcoming; that the increase of buildings in the surrounding districts, containing the residences of probably the wealthiest population in the world, had not produced that increase in the resources of the charity which might have been expected; and that every exertion should be made to excite public liberality on behalf of the charity, in order that the Governors may be enabled to continue to relieve the sick poor.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AT KING'S COLLEGE.

ON Wednesday, June 2nd, the annual distribution of prizes took place in the large hall of the College; His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury in the Chair.

The Dean of the Medical Department spoke of the increase which had taken place in the number of the students during the past year, amounting to 25 per cent. He referred to the great success that had been attained at the University of London by King's College men. Amongst the most distinguished were Dr. R. S. Smith, who obtained the Gold Medal at the M.D. examination; Mr. W. A. Richards, who received the Gold Medal in Medicine and also in Midwifery at the M.B. degree; and Mr. J. Curnow, who carried off all the exhibitions that were given last year at the first M.B. examination, besides numerous minor distinctions. In congratulating the students on their behaviour, he spoke of the advantages that the Council had conferred on the College by having built a new chemical and physical laboratory, in both of which large classes were working most satisfactorily.

The following obtained scholarships and prizes, and were presented to the Archbishop of Canterbury. Senior Scholar, A. J. Cotterill; Second Year Scholar, A. W. Blyth; Junior Scholars, J. H. Philpot, A. Duncan, G. Bomford; Warneford Scholars, Class I, J. H. Philpot, A. Duncan; Warneford Scholar, Class II, F. R. Cross. Prizes—*Winter Session:* Warneford, A. Cotterill; Leathes, J. N. Rat; Divinity, J. N. Rat, J. H. Philpot, A. Duncan; Anatomy, W. Berry; Physiology, J. C. Briggs; Chemistry, J. C. Briggs; Medicine, A. C. Gibbings; Surgery, E. B. Roche; Clinical Medicine, A. T. Gibbings. *Summer Session:* Practical Chemistry, A. W. Blyth; Forensic Medicine, A. Pritchard; Botany, H. J. Hope; Obstetric Medicine, C. Mayhew; Materia Medica, G. C. Hunt Rowland; Comparative Anatomy, J. N. Rat; Clinical Medicine, C. Mayhew; Clinical Surgery, A. Pritchard; Todd Clinical, G. H. Pedler.—The following old students were elected Associates: G. Amsden; F. Argles; H. Bland; E. Casey; A. Cotterill; J. Curnow; W. Little; F. Marshall; A. Pritchard; J. P. Richards.

The Archbishop of Canterbury then addressed the students, and congratulated the successful ones on the rewards they had obtained.

He dwelt chiefly on the tie that existed between the medical and theological professions, and showed what a wide field lay open to their exertions; how the life and aims of each tended to the benefit of mankind; and how, in doing so, one common aim guided them. As Bishop of London, he had watched the progress of the College with much interest; and now that it had obtained a permanent position, he augured for it a successful career.

The Bishop of London proposed, and Dr. Jelf seconded, a vote of thanks to His Grace for his kindness in presiding on the occasion.

Amongst those present were the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, the Principal (Dr. Barry), Mr. W. H. Smith, M.P., and all the medical and surgical staff.

METROPOLITAN POOR-LAW DISPENSARIES.

THE following memorandum has been unanimously approved at a meeting of the Council of the Poor-law Medical Officers' Association.

The Council of the Poor-law Medical Officers' Association have had their attention drawn to a statement in the speech of the President of the Poor-law Board, on moving the second reading of the Metropolitan Poor Act (1867) Amendment Bill, to the effect that "the difficulty in London had turned upon the question whether the sick poor should be attended to at the medical officer's surgery or in a dispensary"; and, further, that "a great many medical officers said it was more convenient that the sick should attend at their surgeries; and, as the guardians of many unions agreed with them, there was great resistance on the part of the guardians to the establishment of dispensaries."

The Council desire to express their conviction that Mr. Goschen must have been misinformed as to the feelings and wishes of the medical officers generally. At the first meeting of the Metropolitan Poor-law Medical Officers' Association, which comprised nearly half of the medical officers of the metropolitan districts, held July 16th, 1866, a principal object of the Association was declared to be "to obtain from the local authorities the provision of all medicines and appliances prescribed for the sick poor, and the employment and payment by the same of qualified dispensers." At the first meeting of the Poor-law Medical Officers' Association, which numbers nearly eight hundred members, held July 31st, 1868, the same "object" was incorporated in the laws. And when Mr. Gathorne Hardy brought in his Metropolitan Poor Act (1867), no part of the scheme was more highly approved by the district medical officers than that comprised in the dispensary clauses.

The subject has often been considered at the quarterly meetings of the Association, when the attendance of all Poor-law medical officers is invited, and at the monthly meetings of the Council; and no difference of opinion has ever arisen with respect to the desirability of establishing dispensaries. The delay in carrying out this measure has been a source of deep regret and disappointment to many members of the Association and others; and at the last quarterly meeting, held in April, the following resolution was unanimously adopted; viz., "That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable that the clauses of the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, relating to the establishment of dispensaries, should be put into general operation forthwith."

If, therefore, Mr. Goschen's statement, which amounts to this—that a great many medical officers are opposed to the establishment of dispensaries—be correct, the fact now comes to the knowledge of the Council for the first time.

ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

YORKSHIRE BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held in the Museum of the Yorkshire Philosophical Society, York, on Thursday, June 17th, at 3 P.M.; WM. MATTERSON, M.D., President, in the Chair.

The members will dine at the Station Hotel, at 5 P.M. punctually. Tickets, including dessert, 7s. 6d. each.

Gentlemen intending to read papers or cases, are requested to send the names or titles of the same to the Secretary.

York, June 1869.

W. PROCTER, M.D., *Hon. Sec.*

BIRMINGHAM AND MIDLAND COUNTIES BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Hen and Chickens Hotel, Birmingham, on Friday, June 18th, at 3 P.M.; J. VOSE SOLOMON, Esq., President, in the Chair.

Dinner will be on the table at 5 P.M. punctually. Tickets, including waiters and dessert, 7s. 6d. each.

T. H. BARTLEET, *Honorary Secretary.*

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION: ANNUAL MEETING.

THE Thirty-seventh Annual Meeting of the British Medical Association will be held in Leeds, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th days of July next.

President—H. W. ACLAND, M.D., LL.D., F.R.S., Regius Professor of Medicine in the University of Oxford.

President-Elect—CHARLES CHADWICK, M.D., F.R.C.P., Senior Physician to the Leeds Infirmary.

An *Address in Medicine* will be delivered by Sir WILLIAM JENNER, Bart., M.D., F.R.S., Physician in Ordinary to Her Majesty, and Physician to University College Hospital.

An *Address in Surgery* will be delivered by THOMAS NUNNELEY, Esq., F.R.C.S., Surgeon to the Leeds Infirmary.

An *Address in Midwifery* will be delivered by T. E. BEATTY, B.A., M.D., Dublin.

The business of the meeting will be conducted under five sections:

Section A. MEDICINE.—*Presidents*, W. T. Gairdner, M.D. *Vice-Presidents*, J. T. Banks, M.D.; and J. T. Heaton, M.D. *Secretaries*, T. Clifford Allbutt, M.D.; and H. Charlton Bastian, M.D., F.R.S.

Section B. SURGERY.—*President*, William Hey, Esq. *Vice-Presidents*—George Southam, Esq.; and W. Stokes, jun., M.D. *Secretaries*, W. Fairlie Clarke, M.B.; and T. R. Jessop, Esq.

Section C. MIDWIFERY.—*President*, Arthur Farre, M.D., F.R.S. *Vice-Presidents*, S. Berry, Esq.; and W. O. Priestley, M.D. *Secretaries*, G. H. Kidd, M.D.; and J. Thorburn, M.D.

Section D. PHYSIOLOGY.—*President*, J. Hughes Bennett, M.D., F.R.S. *Vice-Presidents*, Lionel S. Beale, M.B., F.R.S.; and A. T. H. Waters, M.D. *Secretaries*, E. Chapman, Esq., M.A.; H. Powel, M.B.

Section E. PUBLIC MEDICINE.—*President*, W. Farr, M.D., D.C.L., F.R.S. *Vice-Presidents*, E. D. Mapother, M.D.; and A. P. Stewart, M.D. *Secretaries*, G. H. Philipson, M.D.; and A. Wiltshire, M.D.

Gentlemen desirous of reading papers, cases, or any other communications, are requested to give notice of the same to the General Secretary, at their earliest convenience.

T. WATKIN WILLIAMS, *General Secretary*

13, Newhall Street, Birmingham, June 1st, 1869.

SOUTH EASTERN BRANCH.

THE twenty-fifth annual meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Public Hall, Reigate, on Thursday, June 17th, at 2 o'clock; C. HOLMAN, M.D., in the Chair. Visitors will be admitted on the introduction of a member of the Branch. The President-elect will be happy to see members and their friends to luncheon at one o'clock. Carriages will be at the Redhill Junction Station, at 10.30 A.M., to convey those gentlemen who would wish to visit the Idiot Asylum, Earlswood. Carriages will also meet the 4.14 P.M. train at Reigate Town Station, to convey members and their friends to see the Natural History Collection of W. Wilson Saunders, Esq., F.R.S., who has kindly consented to throw open his conservatories and museum.

The dinner will be provided at six o'clock precisely. At the dinner, the testimonial will be presented (by Francis Sibson, M.D., F.R.S., President of the Committee of Council of the Association, on behalf of the subscribers) to Thomas Heckstall Smith, Esq., F.R.C.S. Eng., etc. Tickets for the dinner (including wine, dessert, coffee, and attendance), 10s. 6d. each, to be obtained at the Public Hall.

Gentlemen desirous of bringing forward communications to the meeting, will be pleased to give notice thereof to the Honorary Secretary, one week previously to the meeting; and those who intend to be present at the dinner, will oblige by informing him on or before the 14th of June.

G. F. HODGSON, *Honorary Secretary*.

52, Montpellier Road, Brighton, May 1869.

NORTH WALES BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Royal Hotel, Rhyl, on Tuesday, July 6th, at 1.16 P.M., under the presidency of W. MAUGHAM, M.D., Carnarvon.

Members of the Council of the Branch will meet at 12.30 P.M.

Dinner at 4 o'clock. Tickets, including wine, etc., 12s. each. To be had at the bar of the above hotel.

Gentlemen who purpose reading or communicating papers and cases, and who intend dining, will please to give an early intimation to

Beaumaris, June 1869. D. KENT JONES, *Hon. Sec.*

CAMBRIDGE AND HUNTINGDON BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held, in conjunction with the East Anglian Branch, at Cambridge, on Friday, June 18th, at 2 P.M.; W. W. FISHER, M.D., Downing Professor of Medicine, President. By the permission of the Masters and Fellows, the meeting will be held in the Hall of Gonville and Caius College.

Gentlemen intending to read papers or cases, are requested to communicate with the secretaries of these respective Branches, at their earliest convenience.

With the permission of the Master, Professors, and Fellows, the dinner will be served in the Hall of Downing College.

P. W. LATHAM, M.D., *Honorary Secretary*.

17, Trumpington Street, Cambridge, May 5th, 1869.

EAST ANGLIAN BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held, in conjunction with the Cambridge and Huntingdon Branch, at Cambridge, on Friday, June 18th, at 2 P.M.; W. W. FISHER, M.D., Downing Professor of Medicine, President.

The meeting of the Council will take place at 1.45 P.M.

Dinner tickets may be had of the Secretaries.

B. CHEVALLIER, M.D., Ipswich. } *Hon. Secs.*
J. B. PITT, M.D., Norwich. }

Ipswich, May 18th, 1869.

CUMBERLAND AND WESTMORLAND BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held at the New Crown Hotel, Penrith, on Wednesday, June 23rd, at 1.30 P.M.; T. BARNES, M.D., Carlisle, President; M. W. TAYLOR, M.D., Penrith, President-elect.

Dinner will be on the table at 4 P.M. punctually.

Carlisle, June 1869.

HENRY BARNES, M.D., *Hon. Sec.*

LANCASHIRE AND CHESHIRE BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Town Hall, Lancaster, on Thursday, June 24th, at 12 o'clock. The chair will be taken by Dr. HALL, the President-elect.

Refreshments will be provided at the Town Hall, at 11.30. The dinner will take place at 3.45 P.M., at the King's Arms. Tickets, 7s. each, exclusive of wine.

Gentlemen intending to read papers, are requested to communicate with the Honorary Secretary by the 12th inst. Gentlemen intending to dine, will facilitate arrangements if they will kindly give their names to C. Johnson, Esq., 36, Castle Park, Lancaster, a few days before the date of the meeting.

Manchester, June 1869.

HENRY SIMPSON, M.D.,
Honorary Secretary.

NORTHERN BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held in the Library of the Newcastle Infirmary, on Tuesday, June 29th. President for 1868-69, JOHN JOBSON, F.R.C.S.; President-elect for 1869-70, DENNIS EMBLETON, M.D., F.R.C.P.

Gentlemen intending to read papers or describe pathological specimens, are requested to communicate with the Secretary without delay.

G. H. PHILIPSON, M.D., *Honorary Secretary*.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, June 1869.

SOUTH MIDLAND BRANCH.

THE thirteenth annual meeting of the above Branch will take place at the Northampton General Infirmary, on Tuesday, June 29th, at 1.30 P.M.: WILLIAM NEWMAN, M.D. (Stamford), President, in the Chair.

Gentlemen intending to read papers or cases, are requested to send the names or titles of the same, forthwith, to Dr. Bryan, Northampton.

J. M. BRYAN, M.D., Northampton } *Hon. Secs.*
G. P. GOLDSMITH, Esq., Bedford }

Northampton, May 1869.

WEST SOMERSET BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held at Meeten's London Hotel, Taunton, on Thursday, July 1st, at 2.30 P.M.; H. J. ALFORD, Esq., President-elect, will be in the Chair.

Gentlemen wishing to read papers, or to join the dinner at 5 o'clock, are requested to give early notice to the Honorary Secretary.

Taunton, June 1869.

W. M. KELLY, M.D., *Hon. Sec.*

SHROPSHIRE SCIENTIFIC BRANCH.

THE next evening meeting will be held at the Museum, Shrewsbury, on Wednesday, June 23rd, at 6 P.M.

A discussion on the Treatment of Epilepsy will be opened.

SAMUEL WOOD, F.R.C.S., *Hon. Sec.*

MIDLAND BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held in the Board Room of the Leicester Infirmary, on Thursday, July 8th, at 2 o'clock; T. W. BENFIELD, Esq., President, in the Chair.

Dinner at the Bell Hotel at 5.30 P.M. Tickets 7s. 6d. each, exclusive of wine.

Gentlemen intending to read papers, are requested to communicate, without delay, with JOHN SLOANE, M.D.,

Leicester, June 1869.

Honorary Secretary.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE COUNCIL OF THE COLLEGE OF SURGEONS.

THE subjoined letters from Mr. Erichsen, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Solly, in reply to the questions submitted to them by Dr. Morris (see JOURNAL of last week, p. 529), have been forwarded to us.

6, Cavendish Place, W., May 28th, 1869.

MY DEAR SIR,—I beg to acknowledge your letter of the 27th, and have much pleasure in replying to the questions contained in it, with reference to my views respecting the College of Surgeons. I will answer your questions *seriatim*, and in the order in which you put them.

1. I am of opinion that it would be highly advantageous to the profession that the proceedings of the Council of the College of Surgeons should be reported, and made public, either in the journals or in a separate form.

2. I would throw open the Council to any Fellow who is actually in practice as a surgeon.

3. I am of opinion that it would be in the highest degree advantageous to the interests of the College to throw its government more widely open to the Fellows, by whom meetings should be periodically held—say at quarterly or half-yearly intervals—to receive the reports of the Council, and to discuss and adopt them, if thought expedient.

In addition to this, I think that the Fellows ought, under certain restrictions as to time and number of requisitionists, to be allowed to summon and to hold meetings within their own College for the discussion of matters of public policy in connexion with the institution.

4. The representative of the College of Surgeons in the General Council of Medical Education ought most certainly to be elected by the general body of Fellows and Members, and should not, as now, be a delegate from the Council. This point I have several times strongly advocated in my position as President of the Metropolitan Counties Branch of the British Medical Association.

5. The constitution of the Court of Examiners requires, in my opinion, thorough revision and reform. I believe the following changes in it to be imperatively necessary.

a. No member of Council should be allowed to sit in the Court of Examiners. If a member of Council be elected to the Examining Board, he should be obliged to vacate his seat on the Council.

b. Any Fellows should be eligible for election on the Court of Examiners, whether he be, or has been, in the Council or not. (Members of the College are, I believe, not eligible by the present charter.)

c. The office of Examiner should be an annual one; but every Examiner should be eligible for re-election for a certain period—say five or seven years, but not beyond this.

d. The Examiners should be paid a certain fixed annual stipend, irrespective of, and not dependent on, the number of candidates who present themselves.

In addition to these points, I would say that the question of allowing country Fellows living beyond a certain distance from London, and medical officers in the army and navy who are Fellows, the power of voting by proxy, deserves serious consideration for many reasons.

I am, my dear sir, most faithfully yours,

JOHN ERIC ERICHSEN.

To Edwin Morris, Esq., F.R.C.S., Spalding.

9, Savile Row, W., May 27, 1869.

DEAR SIR,—The answers to the questions contained in your letter of yesterday's date, having in a great measure been anticipated by a letter of mine which is now published in the *Lancet*, it is unnecessary that I

should say more upon the several points to which you refer, than that I am in favour of the direct representation of the profession in the General Council. I may, however, add a few words upon another subject; viz., what have been called the "prizes of the profession." We are constantly reminded that the seniors of the profession have a kind of prescriptive right to be elected in their turn to the higher offices in the Council, and to enjoy the emoluments of such offices. These emoluments have been treated as vested interests. Now it is certainly pleasant to contemplate that those who have worked hard during many years should, at the close of their career, enjoy themselves in ease and affluence. But the question assumes a very different aspect when it is considered that the means of their so doing is extracted from the younger members of the profession at a time when they can often very ill afford to meet even their own necessities. It is a golden rule that the fathers should lay up for their children. We have reversed this, and make our younger brethren bear all the expenses of the College, without allowing them any voice in the administration of its affairs. Considering that all emoluments connected with the Court of Examiners and the Council, as well as the officials of the College, are derived from the profession, the amount so received should, in my opinion, represent work done, and nothing more. If such were the case, the offices of Councillor and Examiner would cease to be regarded as "prizes" in a pecuniary point of view.

I am, yours very faithfully,

HENRY LEE.

Edwin Morris, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.S.; etc.

Savile Row, May 27th, 1869.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to yours of yesterday, I must at once decline pledging myself, if re-elected on the Council of the College of Surgeons, to support any particular measures, however much I might agree to the spirit of them. If my general conduct as a surgeon, if what I have done for the advancement of anatomy, physiology, and the practice of surgery, coupled with the fact that I have always been a reformer, will not secure my re-election, I must submit to the blow.

Nevertheless, I do feel very confident that the great body of Fellows will act justly, and that I must only ask every Fellow who thinks that I am deserving of the honour to attend the meeting, on the 1st of July.

Believe me to remain yours truly,

SAMUEL SOLLY,

Vice-President of the College.

To Edwin Morris, Esq., M.D.

SIR,—In olden times, when two distinct companies of surgeons existed, one company called the Barbers of London, and the other the Surgeons of London, it was very fit and proper that His Majesty should will, ordain, constitute and declare, give and grant certain privileges to particular individual members of those companies.

It was at that time His Majesty's further will and pleasure that the individuals whom he had named should elect, choose, and appoint twenty-one persons to be the Court of Assistants of the same College. Of these Assistants, ten were to be appointed Examiners. His Majesty further willed that the Masters, Governors and Assistants should in July of each year choose out of the Examiners one person to be Principal Master, and should choose the requisite number out of their own body to be Examiners of the said College; and also choose out of the members of the College certain persons to supply any deficiency there might be in the Court of Assistants.

The Examiners soon became the controllers of the College, and instead of being Assistants they became the real Governors. It was they who determined who should be admitted into the Council, and they naturally took care to admit those only who would conform to their principles. Nothing could work in a more vicious circle than things then did. The Examiners elected the Council, the Council elected the Examiners; a Councillor might then, and may now, give the casting vote in his own favour as an Examiner. The Council, practically under the control of the Board of Examiners, now had the exclusive appropriation of large sums of money. These sums were derived almost entirely from junior members of the profession, and yet they were allowed no voice either in the appropriation of these funds, or in the management of the College.

Circumstances having so far changed from the time when our charters of incorporation were granted, a change was called for in the government of the College.

Whenever any society or corporation shews that it has the elements of self-government, no length of time can elapse before it attains its freedom. The College of Surgeons has shown that it has that power and has obtained the right to exercise it. Much has been accomplished, but more remains to be done. We are in a transition state. By far the greater number of our body as yet have no voice in the management of its affairs. If they prove themselves (as I doubt not for a moment that they will) capable of discussing and voting upon principle, independent

less about the profession, should be chosen by the suffrages of the registered practitioners. The only reason which Dr. Stewart gives for his opinion that the resolution is impolitic and unwise, viz., because it is opposed to the expressed views of the Representation Committee, does not appear to me very conclusive. That Committee has recommended that the elective members should be added in the proportion of one in four, whereas we ask that they may be chosen in the proportion of one in three of the total number. Is it impolitic to ask for more than one is likely to get?

Our resolutions are designed to amend a bill which as yet has not left the hands of the General Medical Council. Had it been actually launched in either House of Parliament, I admit that any want of accord in the profession on any point would retard, if not endanger, the passing of the measure.

As this draft bill has been three years in a state of incubation at 32, Soho Square, it is deserving of consideration whether our great Association ought not at once to get the measure brought before the legislature.

I am, etc., SEPTIMUS GIBBON,

June 5th, 1869.

Hon. Sec. of the Parliamentary Committee.

MEDICO-PARLIAMENTARY.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Monday June 7th.

METROPOLITAN POOR-LAW AMENDMENT ACT.—The debate on this Bill was resumed.—Mr. McCullagh TORRENS made forcible objections to the proposed new hospitals, contending that the existing private hospitals, with subsidies from the rates, supplemented by a system of treating the sick poor at their homes, would be the most judicious and effectual mode of dealing with them. He protested with much warmth against massing the sick together in hospitals, and for the children he advocated the system of boarding out, which had been successful in Ireland. It was not the duty of Parliament, he insisted, to relieve the working classes of the charge of their sick and their children; and, seconded by Sir C. DILKE, he moved a Resolution deferring legislation until there had been an inquiry into the sufficiency of the present accommodation.—Mr. G. HARDY defended and explained the calculations on which he had passed the Act of 1867. Agreeing with many of Mr. McCullagh Torrens' ideas as to the segregation of the sick and the value of the dispensary system, he maintained that workhouse hospitals are necessary for the destitute sick, who, for the most part, had no homes of their own in which they could be treated, and that the ordinary hospitals were intended for a totally different class.—Mr. HARDY gave the Bill an earnest support, and urged the House not to draw back from a policy which, while it placed the sick and aged in becoming comfort, would make the workhouses deterrent to the vagrant and wilful pauper.—After some observations from Dr. BREWER, Sir M. LOPES, Mr. W. H. SMITH, Mr. D. DALRYMPLE, and Mr. SAMUDA, Mr. GOSCHEN replied; and on a division Mr. TORRENS' amendment was defeated by 118 to 13.

Tuesday, June 8th.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ACT.—Mr. BRUCE nominated the Committee on the Contagious Diseases Act (1866) as follows:—Mr. Childers, Sir John Pakington, Captain Vivian, Marquis of Hamilton, Mr. Dalrymple, Mr. Percy Wyndham, Mr. Kinnaird, Mr. Collins, Sir John Simeon, Mr. James Lowther, Mr. Rathbone, Lord Eustace Cecil, Lord Charles Bruce, Sir James Elphinstone, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Tipping, Dr. Brewer, Mr. Mills, Captain Grosvenor, Sir John Trevellyn, and Mr. Mitford.

OBITUARY.

MATTHEW STOVELL, M.D., F.R.C.P., C.S.I.,
LATE INSPECTOR-GENERAL, BOMBAY MEDICAL SERVICE.

WE regret to announce the death of this highly distinguished member of our profession, which took place on May 8th, at the residence of his brother, Belsize Park. Dr. Stovell received his professional education at St. George's Hospital. In 1827, he gained the botanical prize given by the Apothecaries' Company. He obtained the diploma of the Royal College of Surgeons in 1828. In October of that year, he left England, having been appointed Assistant-Surgeon in the East India Company's Service. He returned to England in 1858, and graduated at the University of Aberdeen. He was admitted a Member of the Royal College of Physicians in 1859, and elected a Fellow in 1863. He retired from the service in 1866, and was gazetted a Companion of the

Star of India in the following year. The following is an extract from the *Bombay Review* of January 19th, 1867.

"The Government *Gazette* of last Thursday, in announcing the retirement of Dr. Stovell, Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department, from the public service, on the pension of his rank, does him (we are happy to congratulate Government) that justice that he ought long since to have received from its hands."

"Dr. Stovell," say the Government Records, "has done good service to the State for thirty-eight years. His skill and good management as Surgeon to the European General Hospital for the space of ten years are well known in Bombay. His work during that period, as Secretary to the Board of Education, was highly esteemed by its members. His service in Persia, as Principal Medical Officer of the First Division of the force under Sir James Outram, received honourable mention by the Governor-General. He subsequently held the office of Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals in the Poona Division of the army during the space of four years; and for the last five years, as Principal Inspector-General, he has effectively superintended the Medical Department of this Presidency (Bombay), and usefully advised the Government in all matters of medical administration. His Excellency the Governor in Council will specially represent Dr. Stovell's services to Her Majesty's Government."

Dr. Stovell did not enjoy his *otium* long, having during the last six months suffered from repeated and severe attacks of illness. An unusually severe attack cut him off May 8th, in the sixty-second year of his age. Dr. Stovell was one of those men who shed their best lustre in a public service, in whom the official is always lost in the learned, accomplished, and high-minded gentleman. We may safely affirm that no member of the Bombay Medical Service ever bore a brighter name than he has "in Christian service and true chivalry".

MEDICAL NEWS.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND.—The following members of the College, having undergone the necessary examinations for the Fellowship on May 29th and 31st and June 1st, were reported to have acquitted themselves to the satisfaction of the Court of Examiners; and, at a meeting of the Council on June 10th, were admitted Fellows of the College.

George Thomas Jones, L.S.A., Clarendon Road, Watford, diploma of membership dated July 31, 1849; Frederick Abercrombie Hope Robson, Great Marlborough Street, June 27, 1856; Charles Chinner Fuller, Albany Street, Regent's Park, February 6, 1857; George Edward Walker, Downshire Hill, April 23, 1863; and Marcus Beck, Isleworth, July 26, 1865. Students of University College.—Alfred Winkfield, Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, December 2, 1859; and John Dearden Bush, Hanover Square, May 10, 1866 (of St. Bartholomew's Hospital).—Thomas Michell, Redruth, December 6, 1859; and Warren Tay, King Street, Finsbury Square, April 25, 1866 (of the London Hospital).—Samuel Messenger Bradley, Manchester, June 10, 1862; and John Rostron Woodcock, Halcombe, Manchester, July 28, 1864, of the Manchester School.—Matthew Coates, L.S.A., Wellington Road, St. John's Wood, January 14, 1859, of Bristol and Paris.—Thomas Savage, Bordesley, Birmingham, November 15, 1860, of the Birmingham School.—Charles Taylor Aveling, Homerton, May 23, 1865, of St. Thomas's Hospital.—Francis Manley Boldero Sims, Down Street, Piccadilly, November 16, 1865, of St. George's Hospital; and Robert Temple Wright, Royal Victoria Hospital, Netley, April 27, 1866, of King's College and Edinburgh.

It is stated that all the candidates who presented themselves for the pass examination were successful, including Mr. Edwin Rayner, of University College, a member, April 21st, 1868, who will be admitted to the Fellowship when qualified in medicine.

APOTHECARIES' HALL.—Names of gentlemen who passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received certificates to practise, on Thursday, June 3rd, 1869.

Kennedy, Edward, Manchester
Morris, John, Cliffe, Lewes

At the same Court, the following passed the first examination.
Bayliffe, Alworth Merewether, London Hospital

MEDICAL VACANCIES.

THE following vacancies are declared:—

BIRMINGHAM AND MIDLAND EYE HOSPITAL—House-Surgeon (£80 per annum, apartments, board, and attendance).
BIRKENHEAD BOROUGH HOSPITAL—Assistant-Surgeon (£40 per annum, with board and residence).
BLOFIELD UNION, Norfolk—Medical Officer for the Acle District (£40 per annum).
BOYLE UNION, co. Roscommon—Medical Officer for the Gorteen Dispensary District (£100 per annum, and Registration and Vaccination Fees).
BRIXTON, STREATHAM HILL, AND HERNE HILL DISPENSARY—Resident Medical Officer.
BURTON-ON-TRENT INFIRMARY—House-Surgeon (£120 per annum, with coal, gas, and rooms).

CASHEL UNION, co. Tipperary—Medical Officer for the Cashel Dispensary District (£100 per annum, and Registration and Vaccination Fees).
 CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL—Physician to the Skin Department.
 CONWAY UNION, Carnarvonshire—Medical Officer for the Creuddyn District (£50 per annum).
 CRAIGNISH, Argyleshire—Parochial Medical Officer.
 DARLINGTON UNION, Durham—Medical Officer for the Haughton-le-Skerne District.
 DROGHEDA UNION, co. Louth—Medical Officer for St. Peter's (East Ward) Dispensary District (£80 per annum, and Registration and Vaccination Fees).
 GATESHEAD DISPENSARY—Surgeon.
 GLASGOW, BARONY PARISH POOR-HOUSE—A qualified Assistant (£75 per annum, with furnished rooms, coal, gas, and water).
 GLYNCORRWG COAL COMPANY, near Briton Ferry—Medical Officer (about £150 per annum, and private practice).
 GOWER UNION, Glamorganshire—Medical Officer for the Eastern District (£20 per annum, and fees); Medical Officer for the Western District and the Workhouse (£35 per annum, and fees).
 KING'S COLLEGE—Professor of Physiology.
 KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL—Assistant-Physician.
 LAMBETH UNION WORKHOUSE—Resident Medical Officer.
 LINCOLN COUNTY HOSPITAL—Physician.
 LIVERPOOL DISPENSARIES—Medical Officer to the South Dispensary.
 MERTHYR TYDVIL UNION, Glamorganshire—Medical Officer for the Methyr Tydvil District (£25 per annum).
 MULLINGAR UNION, co. Westmeath—Medical Officer for the Castleown Geoghegan Dispensary District (£90 per annum, and Registration and Vaccination Fees).
 NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE INFIRMARY—House-Surgeon; Junior House-Surgeon.
 NEWTON ABBOT UNION—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for District No. 11 (£47 per annum [including extra Surgical Fees], and Midwifery Fee).
 NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE INFIRMARY, Etruria—Surgeon.
 NORTHUMBERLAND PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM, Morpeth—Assistant-Surgeon (£85 per annum, with board and residence).
 NORTHWICH PROVIDENT DISPENSARY—Surgeon.
 READING DISPENSARY—Physician; Three Surgeons.
 ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY, Greenwich—Three Medical Officers for Deptford.
 SAFFRON WALDEN UNION, Essex—Medical Officer for District No. 7 (£76 per annum, with extra Medical Fees for whole District, and Vaccination Fees for three parishes).
 ST. GEORGE DISPENSARY, Mount Street, Grosvenor Square—Physician.
 ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN, Manchester—Physician.
 ST. PANCRAS AND NORTHERN DISPENSARY—Physician.
 SHEFFIELD GENERAL INFIRMARY—Assistant to the House-Surgeon (£65 per annum, with board, lodging, and washing).
 SOUTH SALOP AND BRIDGNORTH INFIRMARY—House-Surgeon.
 SPALDING UNION, Lincolnshire—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Moulton District (£45 per ann., and Surgical, Midwifery, and Vaccination Fees).
 TRIM UNION, co. Meath—Medical Officer for the Athboy Dispensary District (£100 per annum).
 TRINITY COLLEGE, Dublin—Professor of Zoology and Director of Museum.
 UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, London—Professor of Medical Jurisprudence.

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Names marked with an asterisk are those of Members of the Association

JOUBERT, C. H., Esq., appointed House-Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital.
 *ROBERTS, Frederick T., M.B., B.Sc., appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy at University College, London.
 *SQUAREY, Charles E., M.B., appointed Assistant-Physician to the Hospital for Women, Soho Square.

BIRTHS.

ARCHER.—On May 28th, at King's Lynn, the wife of *E. Archer, M.D., of a son.
 BOGG.—On June 2nd, at New Barnet, the wife of E. Beverley Bogg, M.D., F.N., prematurely, of a son, stillborn.
 BURY.—On June 4th, at Whetstone, the wife of *George Bury, Esq., Surgeon, of a daughter.
 CHALDECOTT.—On June 4th, at Dorking, the wife of *Charles W. Chaldecott, Esq., Surgeon, of a son.
 CHEADLE.—On June 4th, at Hyde Park Place, the wife of *W. B. Cheadle, M.D., of a son.
 ELIN.—On June 1st, at Hertford, the wife of *George Elin, M.D., of a son.
 HILL.—On June 1st, at Weymouth Street, the wife of *Berkeley Hill, Esq., of a son.
 MAXWELL.—On May 25th, at Stickney, near Boston, the wife of Peter Maxwell, M.D., of a son.
 STOKOE.—On May 29th, at East Dulwich, the wife of Paul H. Stokoe, M.D., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

*ANFORD, W. H., M.B., of Bridgwater, to Amelia Eliza Maria, daughter of the late Robert Berry Niblett, Esq., of Dorking, on June 3rd.
 BALLANTYNE, Alexander, M.D., Dalkeith, to Maria Orford, only daughter of the late Henry Sherman, Esq., of Cape Town, South Africa, at Brixton, on June 3rd.
 BENLEY, Edwin C., Esq., Surgeon, H.M.'s Indian Army, to Catherine, youngest daughter of Henry Sheffields, Esq., Avenue Road, Regent's Park, on June 3rd.
 BREND, William, Esq., Surgeon, Kensington, to Margaret, only daughter of the late John Charles, Esq., Champion Park, Denmark Hill, at Clapham, on June 3rd.
 CADDICK, Alfred, Esq., West Bromwich, third son of E. Caddick, Esq., Carradoc, Herefordshire, to Anne Jessie, second daughter of *John ARMSTRONG, M.D., J.P., of Gravesend, at Milton-next-Gravesend, on June 8th.
 *GRIFFITHS, Lemuel Matthews, Esq., Surgeon, of Bristol, to Anne Susannah, younger daughter of G. H. SHARP, Esq., of Bristol, on June 3rd.
 HEELAS, Martin L., Esq., Surgeon, London, to Mary Rose, youngest daughter of the late William DUNCAN, Esq., merchant, Aberdeen, on June 3rd.
 LATHAM, Philip A., Esq., son of *P. M. Latham, M.D., to Ella, daughter of R. NEVITT-BENNETT, Esq., of Cornwall Terrace, Regent's Park, on May 25th.

LLOYD, T. Franklin, Esq., Surgeon, of Finsbury Circus, to Emily, second daughter of George W. RICH, Esq., of Hounslow, on May 27th.
 LOCKING, George H., Esq., of Leeds, to Sarah, second daughter of James HANKS, M.D., of Snaith, Yorkshire, at Hull, on June 2nd.
 *MACDONALD, John, Esq., Surgeon, at Lincoln, to Louisa Harvey, third daughter of *G. W. JOTHAM, Esq., Surgeon, of Kidderminster, on June 1st.
 ROBINSON, Thos., M.D., of Lamb's Conduit Street, to Caroline, youngest daughter of the late Thomas SKELTON, Esq., of Dartmouth, on June 1st.
 SHAW, Robert, M.B. & C.M., to Margaret, daughter of the late James Hunter KELLOCK, Esq., at Thornhill, Dumfriesshire, on June 1st.
 TOWNSEND, Henry, Esq., of Hatfield, Herts, to Mary Anne, second daughter of C. LINTON ALEXANDER, Esq., of Great Dover Street, at Southwark, on June 3rd.
 WILLEY, Henry, M.B., of Bromley, Kent, to Edith, second daughter of the Rev. Arthur G. GARLAND, of Winchester, on June 1st.
 WARD, Martindale, L. R. C. P. Ed., of Chelsea, to Mary Ann, widow of the late Joseph ARTHUR, M.D., on May 31st.

DEATHS.

*BARKER, Edward Robert, M.D., late of Menai Bridge, at Beaumaris, aged 29, on June 2nd.
 HILL, Ninian, M.D., at Levanne House, Renfrewshire, on May 30th.
 HUMPAGE, John, Esq., Surgeon, late of Stroud, Gloucestershire, at Milton-next-Gravesend, aged 87, on June 3rd.
 *KENT, Octavius J., Esq., Surgeon, at Eastbourne, aged 33, on June 2nd.
 M'LELLAN, William E. M., M.D., at Oban, aged 30, on May 31st.
 MELLER, Charles J., M.D., at Berrima, aged 33, on February 26th.
 OGDEN, James, M.D., at Ardwick, Manchester, aged 76.
 REID, William, M.D., at Lower Mount Street, Dublin, aged 59, on May 28th.
 TAYLOR.—On May 25th, at Colchester, Susanna G., wife of T. Taylor, Esq., Surgeon, of Barking, Essex.
 TOMKIN.—On May 28th, at Witham, Essex, aged 76, Eleanor, widow of Thomas Tomkin, M.D.
 WALKER.—On May 27th, at Bebbington, Cheshire, Penelope, widow of the late John Walker, M.D., aged 53.

BEQUESTS.—The late Mr. Samuel Scott, the banker, has left £1,000 each to the Middlesex and St. Mary's Hospitals, and £500 each to the St. John's Institution for Nurses and the Cancer Hospital.

OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MONDAY.....Metropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's, 9 A.M. and 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.
 TUESDAY.....Guy's, 1.30 P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—National Orthopaedic Hospital, 2 P.M.
 WEDNESDAY...St. Mary's, 1.15 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1.30 P.M.—Samaritan Free Hospital for Women and Children, 2.30 P.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.
 THURSDAY....St. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Royal Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.
 FRIDAY.....Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M.
 SATURDAY....St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Lock (Clinical Demonstrations and Operations), 1 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 1.30 P.M.—East London Hospital for Children, 2 P.M.

MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

TUESDAY.—Anthropological Society of London, 8 P.M.
 THURSDAY.—Linnean Society.—Chemical Society.—Royal Society.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All Letters and Communications for the JOURNAL, to be addressed to the Editor, 37, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

WE CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO RETURN MANUSCRIPTS NOT USED.

CORRESPONDENTS not answered are requested to look to the Notices to Correspondents of the following week.

TO PURCHASERS.—To insure attention, it is requested that all orders sent to the Office for extra copies of the JOURNAL, be accompanied with stamps for the amount.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names—of course, not necessarily for publication.

VILLAGE HOSPITALS.—Mr. Albert Napper, of Cranley, near Guildford, is a very high authority on this subject.

CURDLED MILK.—To prevent milk from curdling, to retard its acid change, it suffices to saturate the acetic and lactic acids which may be developed in it by the addition of a little bicarbonate of soda. About fifteen grains of this alkaline salt to each pint of milk is sufficient and is harmless. Milk will, as every housewife knows, sometimes clot after it has been boiled for a meal. The "turned" milk may be restored to its normal state by adding some bicarbonate of soda, in the proportion above mentioned, and again boiling it.

THE PERMANGANATE TEST.

SIR.—In the paper entitled "Water-Analysis for Sanitary Purposes," which appeared in your impression of May 29th, the following passage occurs:—"But though the permanganate test is wholly untrustworthy as a means of ascertaining the amount of organic substance in water, it has been considered capable of affording useful indications as to the nature and condition of that organic substance. Its application with that important object is due to Dr. R. A. Smith."

Allow me to say that the latter sentence is totally incorrect. The application therein alluded to is due to me, and not to Dr. Smith. So long ago as the year 1858, I publicly demonstrated the practical importance of permanganate solution as a popular test for the relative purity of drinking water as regards organic taint, and having drawn the attention of the Government Department of Science and Art thereto. My method was in the following year published for popular information at the South Kensington Museum. I subsequently brought out and extensively sold a mechanical arrangement for the purpose, which was accompanied with directions.

It is possible that Dr. Smith may, more recently, have improved upon my method, with the view of adapting it to the purposes of scientific analysis. That idea, I freely admit, may be due to him. I entirely disclaim it for myself; and must leave to Dr. Smith the defence of the scientific value of the permanganate test against those chemists who deny it. My part in the matter has been to introduce and popularise permanganate solution in the form of Condry's Fluid, as an easy and ready approximate qualitative sanitary water test, which it undeniably is.

I have no desire to undervalue the importance of Dr. Smith's labours; but, in justice to myself, cannot remain silent when mine are entirely ignored, as is the case in the paper in question. I am, etc.

Battersea, June 1869.

H. B. CONDY.

[Mr. Condy appears to have misunderstood the purport of the passage he quoted, and to have imagined that the reference to the permanganate test was intended to indicate its first introduction, instead of a special application of the test with an object different from that of Mr. Condy, Dr. Letheby, or Professor Forchhammer.]

THE LICENSE OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS.

SIR,—I see from a letter to you in the JOURNAL of May 8th, that a Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of London is at a loss what to style himself. Having taken the license myself, I was in the same position for several months, and at last wrote to the Registrar of the College for advice. I received a reply, written in the very guarded terms usually employed by the gentlemen in office at the different Colleges, from which, however, I gathered that the College would object to a Licentiate styling himself Dr.; but that they would not object to him styling himself Mr. —, Physician; or Mr. —, Physician and Surgeon, as the case might be. For, says the Registrar, as a Licentiate of this College is a Physician, we see no reason why it is not as proper for him to style himself so, as for a member of the College of Surgeons to style himself Mr. —, Surgeon; or a Licentiate of the Society of Apothecaries to style himself Mr. —, Apothecary. For myself, I intend to have the word Physician on my plate after my name, and so prevent my appearing to be what I am not, i.e., a "pure physician." I shall have after the word Physician the sign &c. If this plan were followed by all Licentiates—at least, of the London College—it would, as the Registrar intimates, be a step towards getting out of the present confusion. I am, etc.

Liverpool, May 1869.

J. E. BURTON, L.R.C.P. Lond.

We are indebted to correspondents for the following periodicals, containing news reports and other matters of medical interest:—The Wiltshire County Mirror, June 9th; The Lincoln Journal, June 8th; The Western Daily Press, June 8th; The New York Medical Gazette, May 22nd; The Indian Medical Gazette, May 21st; The Belfast Northern Whig, June 2nd; The New York Medical Record, May 22nd; The Western Mail, June 5th; The Brighton Daily News, June 7th; The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, May 27th; The Durham Chronicle, June 4th; The Brighton Times, June 5th; The Aberdeen Free Press, June 4th; The Merthyr Telegraph, June 5th; The Carnarvon and Denbigh Herald, June 5th; The Whitehaven Herald, May 22nd.

COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, ETC., have been received from:—

Dr. E. Watson, Glasgow; Mr. E. C. Concy, London; Dr. James Ellis, London; Mr. T. S. Cooper, London; Mr. G. Hardie, London; Dr. Henderson, Crook; Mr. L. Tait, Wakefield; Dr. Waring-Curran, Downpatrick; Dr. Morley Rooke, Cheltenham; Mr. R. S. Crothy, Dublin; Mr. J. B. Hutchins, London; Mr. H. S. Taylor, Guildford; Mr. O'Connor, March; Dr. Aitken, Edinburgh; Mr. Thomas Eden, Liverpool; Dr. Procter, York; Dr. Hermann Weber, London; Dr. Bümler, London; Professor Longmore, Netley.

LETTERS, ETC. (with enclosures) from:—

Sir James Y. Simpson, Bart., Edinburgh; Dr. E. Ludlow, Bristol; Mr. T. Logan, Thornhill; Dr. H. B. Spencer, Oxford; Dr. A. Ransome, Bowden; Dr. J. O. Fletcher, Manchester; Mr. J. Birchenall, Macclesfield; Mr. J. F. West, Birmingham; Dr. Lomas, London; Dr. Murchison, London; Dr. Thos. J. Walker, Peterborough; Mr. Solly, London; Mr. Henry Lee, London; Dr. Savage, Birmingham; Mr. A. W. Nankivell, Rochester; M.D.; Mr. G. D. Pollock, London; The Secretary of Apothecaries' Hall; The Registrar-General of Ireland; The Registrar-General of England; Mr. T. M. Stone, London; Dr. Treutler, Kew; The Registrar of the Medical Society of London; Mr. St. George Mivart, London; Dr. Dyce Duckworth, London; Dr. Fleming, Birmingham; Dr. Squarey, London; Dr. Mapother, Dublin; Dr. Armstrong, Gravesend; Dr. F. T. Roberts, Liverpool; Dr. Perry, Evesham; Mr. D. Kent Jones, Beaumaris; Dr. H. Johnson, Shrewsbury; Mr. S. Wood, Shrewsbury; Dr. E. Ablett, Whitehaven; Dr. H. Charlton Bastian, London; Dr. Paul, London; Dr. Joseph Rogers, London; Dr. R. P. Cotton, London; Dr. Gillespie, Edinburgh.

BOOKS, ETC., RECEIVED.

The High Death-Rate; an Answer to the Question, "What is to be Done?" By J. Conyers Morrell. Manchester: 1869.
The Eighth Annual Report of the Glasgow Dispensary for Skin-Diseases. Observations on Ligature of Arteries on the Antiseptic System. By Joseph Lister, F.R.S. Edinburgh and London: 1869.
Transactions of the St. Andrew's Medical Graduates' Association for 1868. Edited by Leonard W. Sedgwick, M.D. London: 1869.

Results of Meteorological Observations, for the week ending Saturday, June 5th, 1869.

NAMES OF STATIONS AND OBSERVERS.	BAROMETER. Reduced to 32 deg. F. & mean sea lev.		MEAN TEMPERA- TURE.		Mean degree of Humidity (sat. -100)	SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.										Mean amount of Clouds (0-10).	Mean amount of Ozone (0-10).	WIND.										RAIN.	
	Mean.	Range.	Of Air in Shade.	Of Evaporation.		Of Dew-point.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Range.	Mean of all Maxima.	Mean of all Minima.	Black bulb Maxm. in Sun.	Minimum ex- posed on grass.	Number of days it blew in certain directions.										Mean Force 0-12.	Number of days it fell.	Amount in inches.			
														N.	N.E.			E.	S.E.	S.	S.W.	W.	N.W.				Calm, etc.		
BATH Dr. Barter, F.M.S.	30.118	0.338	55.4	53.1	50.9	86	72.0	37.2	34.8	64.8	46.3	111.0	..	7	2	..	..	..	..	..	2.7	0.7	1	2.6	2	2	0.23
BOURNEMOUTH Dr. Compton, F.M.S.	30.167	0.290	52.1	50.4	48.8	88	65.3	33.3	27.0	61.4	46.5	142.0	32.4	3.6	3.6	0.7	..	..	..	1.3	4	..	1	1.3	4	0.21	
DUBLIN Dr. J. W. Moore.	30.125	0.344	54.3	51.5	48.8	81	67.2	46.7	20.5	59.3	49.5	..	40.7	7.9	..	..	..	0.3	0.7	..	1.9	2.3	1	8	1.9	5	0.29
KEW Dr. Treutler, F.L.S., etc.	30.145	0.338	54.0	49.2	44.5	70	71.5	37.0	34.5	63.1	45.9	137.0	28.7	6.1	5.7	..	0.3	..	..	..	2	2.3	1	1.3	2.5	3	0.21
LLANDUDNO Drs. Nicol and Dalton.	30.036	0.390	53.7	50.3	47.0	78	65.0	39.3	25.7	62.1	47.3	..	..	5.1	..	..	0.3	..	..	..	1.3	3.3	2	..	1.5	3	0.30
MALVERN Messrs. W. and J. Burrow.	30.162	0.403	53.7	49.3	45.0	72	70.5	40.3	30.2	65.8	45.9	125.0	34.2	6.5	4.0	..	1	..	..	..	2	2.6	1.3	..	1	3	0.13
SCARBOROUGH Dr. C. Fox, M.R.C.P., etc.	30.044	0.421	54.6	50.1	45.8	72	64.4	42.0	22.4	60.8	45.9	126	32.5	5.9	0.7	1.3	0.7	..	..	..	0.7	2	2	0.3	4.8	3	0.13
SIDMOUTH Dr. Mackenzie, F.M.S.	30.180	0.332	52.2	49.9	47.6	84	62.6	40.3	22.3	60.3	44.3	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	2	0.11	
WORTHING W. J. Harris, Esq., M.R.C.S.E.	30.143	0.351	53.7	52.9	48.3	81	61.7	37.6	24.1	59.5	46.7	..	32.2	6.2	3.8	0.3	..	0.3	..	..	3	1.7	0.3	1.3	1.4	2	0.19

REMARKS.—There has been a general and considerable increase of atmospheric pressure during the week, while the range has been much more limited. Temperature has also increased very considerably, while its range has, at the same time, been rather greater. Winds shifted to the S.W. early in the week, and have continued to blow from that quarter with moderate force ever since. The sky has been rather more free from clouds, and the amount of ozone has been somewhat less than during the previous week. The rainfall, though general, has been much less in quantity. A slight thunderstorm occurred at Bath on the 31st ultimo, lasting a quarter of an hour. The weather has on the whole assumed a more settled aspect. The commencement of the week was cool and cloudy, but with the beginning of the present month warm weather set in, accompanied by some slight showers during the day and frequent heavy dews at night, and occasional fogs. The public health is generally reported as very satisfactory.

Principal Plants first seen in Flower at Kew, and its vicinity, during the Week.—Cynoglossum officinale; Tamus communis; Valeriana dioica; Viburnum Opulus; Sarrothamnus Scoparius; Lonicera Periclymenum; Potamogeton natans; Menyanthes trifoliata; Rosa canina; Rosa spinosissima; Myosotis palustris; Matricaria Chamomilla; Nasturtium amphibium; Lychnis Flos-Cuculi; Ranunculus sceleratus; Heracleum Sphondylium; Aegopodium Podagraria; Euphorbia Peplus; Dactylis glomerata; Poa fluitans; Stellaria uliginosa; Stellaria graminea; Juncus squarrosus.

Kew, W., June 5th, 1869.

W. J. TREUTLER.