spot. Facilities for interchange of specimens and literature are now better than they were at the time the preface was written; indeed, they are considerably better than before the war. Nevertheless, this call for a second impression, and for a second edition within four years of the first edition, proves the continued need for an authoritative, but not too long, guide to arthropods of medical importance.

The new edition includes some thirty extra pages of text. Dr. Karl Jordan has rewritten and extended by some eleven pages the section on fleas, now named Suctoria, and some new illustrations have been added, notably an original illustration of the "jigger flea" to replace the former rather unsatisfactory drawing borrowed from Castellani and Chalmers. The section on tsetse flies has also been added to and considerably altered, chiefly by the inclusion of fresh material on the geographical distribution and vegetative associations of different species. Dr. Kenneth Mellanby has revised and added new matter to the chapter on arachnids. He has now adopted the view, put forward by the reviewer and his colleagues, that all stages of S. scabiei, except mature females, may inhabit small temporary tunne's or pockets in the surface of the skin. Additional information on mites includes an account of the part played by L. bacoti in the transmission of rodent filariasis, an important infection for chemotherapeutic tests, and of the great advantages of polyvinyl alcohol as a mounting medium. An important addition to the chapter on anophelines is a new table of malaria-carrying mosquitoes, ranked in order of importance, and contributed by Mr. H. S. Leeson. Finally, a very welcome improvement is the much more comprehensive index.

The reviewer has few criticisms to make, but he puts forward the following suggestion in the belief that a third edition will be required in the not too distant future. In view of the admirable economy of space achieved by limiting the number of species regarded as of medical importance, it is surprising to find so much space, both in the text and in the illustrations, devoted to such genera as Gasterophilus, Hypoderma, Melophagus, and Haematopinus, which, although of great veterinary importance, seldom cause lesions in man. The first edition was sold at the surprisingly low price of 15s., and the new and enlarged edition, which has been produced on superior paper, costs 20s., a small sum to spend on a work so finely produced and of such outstanding merit.

R. M. GORDON.

### TEXTBOOK OF MEDICINE

Medicine, Essentials for Practitioners and Students. By G. E. Beaumont, D.M., F.R.C.P., D.P.H. Fifth edition. (Pp. 831; 71 illustrations. £1 10s.) London: J. and A. Churchill. 1948.

This latest edition of Dr. Beaumont's textbook is well printed and well illustrated. I have used it for some time and found no major deficiencies so far as diagnosis is concerned. It gives a well-balanced picture of the world of organic disease. It is obviously designed with both eyes on the final examination in medicine. Recent advances in knowledge, as in jaundice and diseases of the blood, are well presented, but the author still discusses at some length outmoded disturbances of function such as chronic gastritis, hypersecretion, and muco-membranous colic, and says nothing about newer variants such as colon spasm.

It is as tempting to criticize a students' textbook as an anthology, but for a work designed for the student and practitioner the book has two main faults. The first is a tendency to give snippets of information about rarities such as the Stevens-Johnson syndrome or Lutembacher's syndrome. The second is the almost complete suppression of the psychological aspects of disease. How many fellows of the Royal College of Physicians would know what Collett's syndrome is? Beaumont gives more attention to Collett's syndrome than to psychogenic factors in his account of cardiospasm. Dr. Beaumont probably believes, and I think quite rightly, that much that has been written about psychosomatic medicine is arrant nonsense and not suitable for a students' textbook. But then he should cut out a lot of what I should call the organic nonsense-i.e., the rarities-and the historical nonsense such as Reichmann's disease and pithiatism. The result might be to give us a real Golden Treasury of organic disease, and that is something the clinical student badly needs.

L. J. WITTS.

## **BOOKS RECEIVED**

[Review is not precluded by notice here of books recently received]

A Bibliography of Serbian Medical Literature, 1757-1918. By Risto Yeremitch. (Pp. 223. No price.) Belgrade: Serbian Medical Association Library. 1947. In Serbian

The Autobiography of Benjamin Rush. Edited by G. W. Corner. (Pp. 399, 32s. 6d.) London: Geoffrey Cumberlege. 1948. Rush was a celebrated American eighteenth-century physician.

Irregular Discharge. By W. B. Tollen, Ph.D. (Pp. 64. No price.) Washington: Veterans Administration. 1948

An investigation into why some ex-Service tuberculous patients discharge themselves from hospital against medical advice.

Handbuch der speziellen Pastoralmedizin. Part 1. By A. Niedermeyer. (Pp. 508. No price.) Vienna: Herder. 1949.

This volume is on the sex life.

A Catalogue of Insecticides and Fungicides. By D. E. H. Frear, Ph.D. Vol. 2. (Pp. 153. \$5.50.) London: William Dawson, 1948.

This volume lists chemical fungicides and plant insecticides.

The Nomenclature of Disease. Drawn up by a Joint Committee appointed by the Royal College of Physicians of London. 7th ed. (Pp. 385. 8s. 6d.) London: H.M.S.O. 1948.

The names are classified by a new system, and a list of eponyms is included.

Clinical Chemistry in Practical Medicine. By C. P. Stewart, M.Sc., Ph.D., and D. M. Dunlop, B.A., M.D., F.R.C.P.Ed., F.R.C.P. 3rd ed. (Pp. 324. 17s. 6d.) Edinburgh: E. and S. Livingstone. 1949.

An account of the more important chemical tests and their uses and limitations; for senior students, house-men, and practitioners.

Psychosocial Medicine. By J. L. Halliday, M.D., D.P.H. (Pp. 278. 17s. 6d.) London: Heinemann, 1948.

A study in psychosomatic medicine and disorders of the social pattern.

Crystals and X-Rays. By Kathleen Lonsdale, D.Sc., F.R.S (Pp. 199. 21s.) London: G. Bell. 1949.

An account of x-ray crystallography for the non-specialist who may want to use it.

Factors Regulating Blood Pressure. Edited by B. W. Zweifach and E. Shorr. (Pp. 170. \$2.75.) New York: Josiah Macy. 1948. Papers delivered at a conference on the subject in 1948 at New York.

Blood Clotting and Allied Problems. Edited by J. E. Flynn. (Pp. 179. \$3.25.) New York: Josiah Macy. 1948.

The transactions of the first conference on the subject in 1948 at New York.

I Introduce. By Winifred Graham. (Pp. 232. 16s.) London: Skeffington. 1948.

Reminiscences of a well-known authoress.

The Premature Baby. By V. Mary Crosse, O.B.E., M.D., D.P.H., M.M.S.A., D.Obst.R.C.O.G. 2nd ed. (Pp. 167. 12s. 6d.) London: J. and A. Churchill. 1949.

Intended for obstetricians, general practitioners, and nurses.

The Haunting of Toby Jugg. By D. Wheatley. (Pp. 292. 12s. 6d.) London: Hutchinson. 1948.

A thriller.

Sexual Disorders in the Male. By K. Walker, F.R.C.S., and E. B. Strauss, D.M., F.R.C.P. 3rd ed. revised. (Pp. 260. 15s.) London: Hamish Hamilton. 1948.

A practical account intended particularly for the general practitioner.

Housewife Baby Book. By A. Cuthbert. (Pp. 254. 8s. 6d.) London: Hulton Press. 1948.

A guide to mothers on bringing up babies.

# **Obituary**

SIR WILLIAM HALE-WHITE, K.B.E., M.D., F.R.C.P.

Dr. Henry Robinson writes: May I be allowed to emphasize certain sides of Hale-White's career only lightly touched on in the obituary already published (March 5, p. 414)? I first met him as a consultant about forty years ago. I had been brought up as a student on his famous textbook, and was curious to meet the man himself. A more helpful, practical, friendly colleague I never met-he was a godsend to practitioner, patient, and the latter's family alike. Later I was his colleague for many years on the council of Epsom College, of which he was honorary treasurer for, I think, ten years. He was as much above the ordinary run of medical treasurers as he was outstanding among hospital physicians. He spoke little, but when he did his advice was always sound and courteous. During many years we met constantly at the Savile Club, where he was immensely popular with everyone. Here his book on Keats was highly appreciated; I heard one newspaper editor who was a member express surprise that Hale-White, whom he had known only as a physician, should be so accomplished a writer. When I told him that Hale-White's father had been "Mark Rutherford" he said that explained everything. Last year Hale-White spent a week or two in London and visited the Club almost every afternoon. He may possibly have had an enemy-but, if so, I never heard of one.

Dr. Thomas Reed, who died on Jan. 11 at the age of 64, had been in general practice in St. Leonards-on-Sea for nearly thirty years. He qualified at Guy's Hospital in 1920, and was for a time demonstrator in anatomy and biology there. In the same year he came to St. Leonards and joined Dr. G. H. Howe in partnership in general practice. Shortly afterwards he was appointed to the staff of the Buchanan Hospital, St. Leonards, as honorary physician, a position which he continued to hold until the time of his death. He was also a member of the board of management of the hospital for many years. Dr. Reed was honorary secretary of the Hastings Division of the B.M.A. from 1926 to 1934, and it was largely due to his efforts and enthusiasm that the Division became such an active one. He was elected chairman of the Division in 1935-6. His opinions and advice were greatly valued by his fellow practitioners, and particularly so at the meetings and discussions which took place before the inception of the National Health Service After its introduction he was elected a member of the Hastings Executive Council. A freemason, he was a past-master of the St. Leonards Lodge, and also held high office in the Provincial Grand Lodge. He was a keen angler, and many of his holidays were spent fishing in Wales and in Ireland. He was a founder member of the Hastings Flyfishers Club, and was president of the club at the time of his death. "Tom" Reed will long be remembered by his colleagues for his quiet friendliness and loyalty and by his patients for his unfailing kindness, sympathy, and good humour. He was deservedly popular and will be greatly missed. Much sympathy will be felt for his widow and for his son, Dr. Brian Reed.—E. A. P.

Dr. Cedric Whitfield Armstrong died at Danby, Yorks, on Feb. 12, at the age of 65. Dr. Danby was a student at the London Hospital, and qualified in 1917. In his remote rural practice in the Yorkshire hills and dales, versatility and self-reliance were required. Consultant and hospital services were twenty miles away, and there was much minor surgery to be done. His patients' homes sometimes lay at the end of a long path over moors and cart-tracks, and the distances were such that visits to three patients might well mean a rushed and busy day—with winter snowdrifts, almost an impossible day. Dr. Armstrong was keen on sport, and he helped the tennis, cricket, and badminton clubs which mean so much to the social life of a rural community. He cared little for money, and was glad when the National Health Service Act, which he thought "a good thing for the rural doctor," relieved him of the necessity of collecting accounts. Like everyone, he had his faults, but he had courage, not only in the way he faced many years ago an operation (which proved successful) for a malignant condition, but in the way in which he would stand up for the "medical" rights of a humble labourer against pressure from influential people. In these and other ways he did a good job as a country doctor.—J. L. B.

Dr. WILLIAM EDWARD HADDEN died at his home in Portadown on Feb. 12, at the age of 90. He had been in failing health for about eighteen months. The youngest son of Dr. David Hadden, of Skibbereen, Co. Cork, he studied medicine in Queen's College, Cork, a constituent college of the Old Queen's University of Ireland, where he was the first scholar in medicine for two years and prosector and assistant demonstrator in anatomy. He was also Peel Exhibitioner and first honourman in Queen's University. This university was dissolved and the Royal University of Ireland took its place, conferring its first degrees in July, 1882, when Dr. Hadden graduated. He took the M.A.O. in 1885. Later the Royal University was dissolved and its place was taken by the National University of Ireland in Dublin, and the Queen's University in Belfast, Dr. Hadden electing to be transferred to the latter university, of which he was the oldest graduate. After a period of dispensary work in Liverpool, a term as a ship surgeon on the S.S. Sarina, and assistantships in Durham and York, he went into practice in Portadown in 1886 and continued in active work there until 1930. Dr. Hadden was an ex-chairman of the Portadown and West Down Division of the B.M.A. In his long life he saw the acceptance and general application of many of the great discoveries which have revolutionized the practice of medicine. He kept abreast of the latest knowledge and gave of his best to all his patients. His hobby was gardening, and he was greatly gratified when the late Mr. Sam McGredy, of the famous rose-growing firm, called one of his new roses after him. Dr. Hadden married Rachel, the youngest daughter of Mr. Hamilton Robb, of Edenderry House, Portadown. They had four children, all of whom entered the medical profession; two of them, Dr. Winifred E. Hadden and Dr. Robert E. Hadden, and three grandchildren, survive him. Four of Dr. Hadden's five brothers were doctors, and by 1936 there were twenty-seven doctors among the descendants of his grandfather, the Royal Port

Dr. Charles Nugent Chadborn, who died on Feb. 18, was for many years a well-known figure in Brighton. After three years as senior house-surgeon at the Royal Sussex County Hospital he was appointed anaesthetist to the hospital in 1904, and held this post until ill health necessitated his retirement some twelve years ago. He was an expert in this special field, and a safe and trusted colleague. At the hospital he was known to all as "Chaddie." His dry humour, enhanced by a stammer which he never completely overcame, and his witty and fearless sallies, often at the expense of his colleagues and chiefs, were a constant source of delight to his hearers. Chadborn served in the 1914–18 war with the 2nd Eastern Hospital, with the 55th General Hospital in France, and later at Vogera in Italy. He was a bachelor, with a warm place in his heart for children. He cultivated various hobbies, at one time rose-growing, at another pigeon-breeding, in which he was a successful exhibitor at many shows. In his student days he played rugby for his hospital, St. George's, where he qualified in 1898, and as a golfer he was nearly a scratch player. His last years were clouded by illness, and when the end came it was a merciful one. He leaves behind him friends who will keep in remembrance a warm-hearted and whimsical colleague, whose shafts of wit were never barbed and whose contribution to the gaiety of his time was no small one.—H. N. F.

# Universities and Colleges

## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

Dr. Matthew Bennett, assistant director of the radiotherapeutic centre, Addenbrooke's Hospital, will deliver a lecture on "The Treatment of Malignant Melanoma" in the Department of Pathology on Wednesday, May 4, at 4.30 p.m. The lecture is open to members of the University and to the public without fee.

Dr. L. C. Martin has been appointed liaison officer to the United Cambridge Hospitals until Sept. 30, in the room of the late Dr. F. B.

On Feb. 26 the degree of M.A. was conferred on Sir Alan Filmer Rook, senior health service officer of the University Health Service. The following medical degrees were conferred on Feb. 26:

M.D.—C. H. Hoskyn, D. G. R. Fox.
M.B., B.Chir.—\*W. I. N. Kessel, \*R. V. Grange, \*T. C. Langdon, \*D. N. Phear, J. E. Naylor, P. C. J. Nicholl, M. I. M. Pines.

\* By proxy.

# ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF IRELAND

At a meeting of the College held on Feb. 4, the following were admitted to the Membership: T. D. Hanratty, R. W. M. Strain, F. G. C. Walker.

#### **Broadcast for Lost Drugs**

In response to the Pharmaceutical Society's request that they should not broadcast the names of lost drugs the B.B.C. has decided to discontinue altogether the broadcasting of police messages about lost or stolen drugs within the Metropolitan police district. . Cases in which danger to life is believed to exist will be excepted, and also those in which drugs or poisons have been purchased in mistake for some harmless medicine. The Society's objection was based on the fact that the name of the drug might disclose the doctor's treatment to the patient and also that the repetition of words like "phenobarbitone" made less responsible listeners regard such drugs as a joke.

# COMING EVENTS

#### Informing the Public

The Public Health Department of the Middlesex County Council (10, Great George Street, London, S.W.) has arranged a symposium on "The Principles and Technique of Informing the Public" to be held at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel held at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, W.C., on Monday, March 14. The programme is as follows: 10 a.m., Dr. W. Hartston, "The Tactics and Strategy of Health Education"; 10.30 a.m., Mr. A. A. McLoughlin, "On Approaching the Public"; 11 a.m., Dr. Charles Hill, "The Spoken Word"; 12 noon, Mr. Macdonald Hastings, "The Written Word"; 2.30 p.m. Mr. K. Lockhart Smith, "The Visual (Film) Approach"; 3.30 p.m. Mr. R. W. King, "Telling the World"; 4.15 p.m., open discussion on "Health Education."

#### Faculty of Anaesthetists

The annual general meeting of the Faculty of Anaesthetists of the Royal College of Surgeons of England will be held at the College Clincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.) on Wednesday, March 16, at 3.40 p.m.; at 5 p.m. the Joseph Clover Memorial Lecture entitled "Joseph Clover, His Life and Achievements" will be delivered by the Dean of the Faculty, Mr. A. D. Marston; and at 8 p.m. the first personal disperse of the Faculty will be held annual dinner of the Faculty will be held.

#### Cancellation of Lecture

The Dean of the National Hospital, Queen Square, London, W.C., has announced that, owing to the illness of Professor J. Lhermitte, the lecture on "Visual Hallucinations" which was to have been given on March 17 has been cancelled.

#### Discover Bethnal Green

A "Discover Your Neighbour" course will be held at Oxford House and University House on March 22-April 13. Those taking part study the home life and problems of the people of Bethnal Green as well as its history, geography, and institutions. Particulars may be obtained from Mr. G. A. McCarthy, Oxford House, Mape Street, Bethnal Green, London, E.2. The fee is 3 guineas a course; board, £2 10s. a week.

### Institute of Almoners

The annual general meeting of the Institute of Almoners will be held at the Central Hall, Westminster, London, S.W., on Friday, March 25, at 6.30 p.m., when Dr. John B. Grant, Director for Europe, International Health Division, the Rockefeller Foundation, will deliver an address.

### Association of Medical Illustrators

A meeting for actively engaged medical and surgical artists will be held at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, on Saturday, April 2, at 12 p.m., in order to form an Association of Medical Illustrators. The Association is being formed to maintain and improve the standard of medical illustration in this country, to further the use of art in medical science, and for the mutual benefit of members and the encouragement of young artists who wish to specialize in medical illustration. Artists who are interested should write to the provisional honorary secretary, Mrs. Zita Stead Blackburn, 19, York Avenue, East Sheen, London, S.W.14.

## **SOCIETIES AND LECTURES**

#### Monday

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, 11, Chandos Street, Cavendish Square, London, W.—March 14, 8.30 p.m. "Electroencephalography," by Dr. D. J. Williams; "Warts," by Dr. Isaac Muende.

#### Tuesday

Institute of Dermatology, 5, Lisle Street, Leicester Square, London, W.C.—March 15, 5 p.m. "Cutaneous Syphilis," by Dr. A. C. Roxburgh.

London: University College.—At Physiology Theatre, Gower Street, London, W.C., March 15, 5.15 p.m. "Integration of Activity of Reflexogenic Areas," by Dr. A. Schweitzer.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON, Pall Mall East, S.W., March 15, 5 p.m. "The Syndrome of Diabetes Mellitus," Oliver-Sharpey Lecture by Professor H. P. Himsworth.
ROYAL INSTITUTION OF GREAT BRITAIN, 21, Albemarle Street, London, W.—March 15, 5.15 p.m. "The Chemical Characterization of Fission Products," by Professor H. J. Emeleus, D.Sc., F.R.S.

#### Wednesday

HARVEIAN SOCIETY OF LONDON.—At 26, Portland Place, London, W.,

HARVEIAN SOCIETY OF LONDON.—At 26, Portland Place, London, W., March 16, 8.15 p.m. "Some Common Diseases of the Rectum and Anus," by Mr. W. B. Gabriel.

INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY, 5, Lisle Street, Leicester Square, London, W.C.—March 16, 5 p.m. "X-ray Technique," by Dr. C. W. McKenny.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.—At Ashford Hospital, London Road, Ashford, Middlesex, March 16, 3 p.m., General meeting. 5 p.m., "Angiocardiography in the Diagnosis of Congenital Heart Disease," by Drs. J. A. Brocklebank and K. D. Keele. ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.—March 16, 5 p.m. "Joseph Clover, His Life and Achievements." Joseph Clover Lecture by Mr. A. D. Marston.

ROYAL MEDICAL SOCIETY, 7, Melbourne Place, Edinburgh.—March 16, Annual Extraordinary General Meeting.

ROYAL MICROSCOPICAL SOCIETY, B.M.A. House, Tavistock Square, London, W.C.—March 16, 5.30 p.m. "The Electron Microscopy of Animal Viruses," by Dr. I. M. Dawson.

#### Thursday

EDINBURGH CLINICAL CLUB.—At B.M.A. Scottish House, 7, Drumsheugh Gardens, Edinburgh, March 17, 8 p.m. "The Home Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis," by Dr. J. G. Sclater.

LONDON UNIVERSITY.—At Large Lecture Theatre, St. George's Hospital Medical School, Hyde Park Corner, London, S.W., March 17, 4.30 p.m. Lecture-demonstration: "Psychiatry."

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON, Pall Mall East, S.W., March 17, 5 p.m. "The Syndrome of Diabetes Mellitus," Oliver Sharpey Lecture by Professor H, P. Himsworth.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF TROPICAL MEDICINE AND HYGIENE.—At Royal Army Medical College, Millbank, London, S.W., March 17, 7.30 p.m. Laboratory meeting. Various demonstrations will be given. given.

#### Friday

RONDON CHEST HOSPITAL, Victoria Park, E.—March 18. "Acute Pericarditis," by Dr. J. Browning Alexander.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PHILOSOPHY.—At University Hall, 14, Gordon Square, London, W.C., March 18, 5.15 p.m. "The Life of Reason," by Professor C. A. Campbell.

WEST LONDON MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY.—At South Kensington Hotel, 41, Queen's Gate Terrace, London, S.W., March 18, 7.15 p.m. for 7.30 p.m. Dinner meeting. "Foul Play," by Dr. Keith Simpson Simpson.

## BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS

### **BIRTHS**

Clark,—On Feb. 25, 1949, at Hargreaves Head, Northowram, Halifax, to Margaret (née Watkinson), wife of Mr. T. L. Clark, M.D., F.R.C.S., a daughter.

Gibson.—On Feb. 26, 1949, to Dr. Margaret G. Gibson (née Calwell), wife of Dr. S. Gibson, 10, Heald Street, Garston. Liverpool, twin daughters.

Jennings.—On Feb. 27, 1949, at Shoreham-by-Sea, to Faye, wife of George Jennings, F.R.C.S., a daughter.

Lacey.—On March 4, 1949, at Connaught Nursing Home, Cardiff, to Dr. Gaynor Nash Lacey (née Jones), wife of the late Dr. Charles E. Lacey, a son.

Pezeshgi.—On Dec. 23, 1948, at Avenue Shah Reza, Teheran, to Elizabeth (née Jones, of Sussex), wife of Dr. H. Pezeshgi, a daughter—Djallilah Sadry. Stallard.—To Molly (née Murray), wife of Dr. A. F. Stallard, Hereford, a daughter.

Trent.—On March 2, 1949, at Bearstead Memorial Hospital, London, N., to Muriel, wife of Dr. J. L. Trent, of 7, Hylda Court, St. Albans Road, London, N.W., a daughter—Pamela Susan.

Veall.—On Feb. 12, 1949, at Holmwood, Cowes, to Muriel Veall, M.B., B.S. (née Burgess), and Capt. R. M. Veall, Elmhurst, Mayfield Road, E. Clowes, a daughter.

Wall-Clarke.—On March 1, 1949, to Marjorie (née Roughley), wife of J. G. Wall-Clarke, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Brooklands, Kiln Lane, St. Helens, a son—David John.

Wear.—On March 1, 1949, at Bristol, to Eileen (née Cole), wife of Dr. A. R. Wear, a daughter—Jean Helen.

#### DEATHS

Clowes.-On Feb. 25, 1949, Norton Burroughs Clowes, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Cockeroft.—On Feb. 24, 1949, at Toby Cottage, Middleham, Yorks, George Cockeroft, M.B., B.S., aged 66.

Green.—On Feb. 23, 1949, at 356, London Road, Portsmouth, John Hugh Cuthbert Green, M.B., Ch.B.

Hadden.—On Feb. 12, 1949, at Magharee, Portadown, N. Ireland, William Edward Hadden, M.D., M.Ch., M.A.O., aged 90.

Kelgwin.—On Jan. 27, 1949, at Durban, George John Williams Keigwin, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S.Glas., late West African Medical Service.

Lyon.—On Feb. 25, 1949, at Brighton, James Malcolm Lyon, M.B., C.M., of 14, Wilbury Crescent, Hove, aged 83.

Martyn.—On March 1, 1949, at Quantock Lodge, Bridgwater, Somerset, Valentine Cleeve Martyn, M.C., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., aged 64.

Whalley.—Recently, Edgar Whalley, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of Park View Crescent, Roundhay, Leeds, aged 74.