

Malaria was the chief disease, being highly endemic, and it therefore received first attention. But filariasis was also important and the appearance of yellow fever always a possibility, so that operations included action against *C. fatigans* and *Aedes aegypti*. It is interesting to note that the use of D.D.T. is far from being a purely routine matter with no call on the results of research, and the author expressly notes, if success is to be attained, the absolute necessity of close research into the habits of the adult, just as antilarval operations require research into the selective breeding habits of the different species.

S. R. CHRISTOPHERS.

PREFERENCE JUDGMENTS

Experimentelle Triebdiagnostik (Experimental Diagnosis of Impulsive Disorders). By L. Szondi. (Pp. 308. 68 Swiss francs.) Berne: Medizinischer Verlag Hans Huber.

The author of this somewhat formidable work is concerned to introduce a new psychodiagnostic method, obviously inspired by the Rorschach technique. The material consists of six sets of eight full-face photographs of various types of psychopathic individual, and is provided with the volume. Each set is presented in turn to the subject, who is required to indicate which of the individuals portrayed he finds most attractive and which most distasteful. The preference judgments thus obtained are recorded as a profile from which, it is claimed, certain conclusions of psychodiagnostic import can be drawn. The bulk of the volume consists in a description of the profiles made by a variety of psychotic and psychoneurotic individuals and an attempt to interpret them in the light of the author's reading of contemporary psychopathology.

It appears rather unlikely that Dr. Szondi's method will commend itself to clinical psychologists in this country. Although the analysis of preference judgments is a matter of some psychological interest, especially in so far as it may furnish a clue to the operation of deep-seated unconscious tendencies, the existing findings are too slight to justify the elaborate interpretations which Dr. Szondi puts on them. His test photographs, too, are so antiquated and repellent as to deter all but the most hardy and humourless of psychometrists. From the theoretical standpoint, the book appears to contribute little that is new to our understanding of personality, normal or deranged. It is turgid, verbose, and representative of the worst aspects of neo-Freudian psychopathology. One may fervently hope that the "Szondi test" will not become the focus of yet another esoteric cult in the psychological fraternity.

O. L. ZANGWILL.

HORMONES AND BEHAVIOUR

Hormones and Behaviour. A Survey of Interrelationships between Endocrine Secretions and Patterns of Overt Response. By Frank A. Beach. Foreword by Earl T. Engle. (Pp. 368. \$6.50.) New York: Paul B. Hoeber, Inc. London: Hamish Hamilton. 1948.

The author of this painstaking book gathers into one volume an almost staggering amount of information about the effects of the endocrine glands on the behaviour of fishes, amphibia, reptiles, birds, the lower mammals, and the primates, including man. If the last receives less attention than he himself would consider to be his fair share, that is his own fault in failing to control scientifically his experiments on himself and in degrading too often the proper study recommended by Pope into an improper study. Courtship, mating, bisexuality, oviposition, parturition, parental behaviour, migration, aggression, territorial defence, the acquisition of learning, metamorphosis, metabolism, are all fully considered—considered but not discussed, for the weakness of the book lies in its paucity of critical discussion of the results reported.

But if we are inclined to condemn this book as a scissors-and-paste compilation we have at once the author's reply: "Most books, it seems to me, develop in one of two ways . . . the second type . . . has a well-defined function to fulfil. Its role is not the exposition of a thesis, but the supplying of a body of facts and references. It is not a living organism but an inanimate tool and as a tool it may play a useful and important part." Not "may"—"will."

RAYMOND GREENE.

BOOKS RECEIVED

[Review is not precluded by notice here of books recently received]

Essen und Wissen. By H. Bircher-Rey. 2nd ed. (Pp. 203. No price.) Zurich: Rascher. 1948.

A book on dietetics intended for laymen as well as medical men.

Histopathology of the Peripheral and Central Nervous Systems. By G. B. Hassin, M.D. 3rd ed. revised. (Pp. 612. \$8.50.) Chicago: The Author. 1948.

A textbook with illustrations and extensive bibliographies.

Subacute Bacterial Endocarditis. By E. Libman, M.D., and C. K. Friedberg, M.D. 2nd ed. (Pp. 113. 21s.) New York and London: Geoffrey Cumberlege. 1948.

A review in the light of recent knowledge; reprinted from the *Oxford Loose-Leaf Medicine*.

Change of Life in Women. By Medica. (Pp. 76. 5s.) London: Delisle, Ltd. 1948.

A simply written account for women by a medical practitioner.

A Surgeon's Domain. By B. M. Bernheim, M.D. (Pp. 217. 9s. 6d.) Kingswood, Surrey: The World's Work (1913), Ltd. 1949.

Reminiscences and opinions of the Associate Professor of Surgery at Johns Hopkins Medical School.

Zinc Ions in Ear, Nose, and Throat Work. By A. R. Friel, M.D., F.R.C.S.I. (Pp. 59. 5s. 6d.) Bristol: John Wright. London: Simpkin Marshall. 1948.

An account of zinc electrolysis and ionization.

Children in Need. By M. Schmideberg, M.D. (Pp. 196. 12s. 6d.) London: George Allen and Unwin. 1948.

The author describes psychiatric and social methods of treating difficult children and their parents.

The Structure of Medicine and its Place Among the Sciences. By F. M. R. Walshe, M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P., F.R.S. (Pp. 26. 1s. 6d.) Edinburgh: E. and S. Livingstone. 1948.

The 1948 Harveian Oration.

Handbook of Surgery. By E. C. Mekie, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S.Ed., F.I.C.S., and I. Mackenzie, M.B.E., M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S.Ed. 2nd ed. (Pp. 764. 20s.) Edinburgh: E. and S. Livingstone. 1949.

Intended particularly for medical students; the text has been extensively revised for this edition.

The Scotsman's Food. By A. H. Kitchin, M.B., and R. Passmore, M.A., D.M., F.R.S.Ed. (Pp. 86. 3s. 6d.) Edinburgh: E. and S. Livingstone. 1949.

A historical introduction to modern food administration.

Psychological Medicine. By D. Curran, M.B., F.R.C.P., D.P.M., and the late E. Guttmann, M.D., M.R.C.P. 3rd ed. (Pp. 249. 12s. 6d.) Edinburgh: E. and S. Livingstone. 1949.

A practical guide for the non-specialist.

Introductory Botany. By A. Nelson, B.Sc., Ph.D., D.Sc. (Pp. 479. 22s. 6d.) Edinburgh: E. and S. Livingstone. 1949.

A textbook for medical students.

The Story of Human Birth. By A. F. Guttmacher, M.D. (Pp. 201. 7s. 6d.) London: Sigma Books. 1949.

An account for the layman.

Bacterial Metabolism. By M. Stephenson, Sc.D., F.R.S. 3rd ed. (Pp. 398. 30s.) London: Longmans, Green and Co. 1949.

A description of the essential chemical processes accompanying the life of bacteria. (Dr. Stephenson died in December, 1948.)

Neurological Anatomy in Relation to Clinical Medicine. By A. Brodal. (Pp. 496. 42s.) Oxford: Geoffrey Cumberlege. 1948.

A textbook for clinical neurologists by the Prosector of Anatomy, Oslo University.

A Handbook for the Assistant Nurse. By M. E. Swire, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Pp. 308. 10s. 6d.) London: Baillière, Tindall and Cox. 1949.

A textbook intended to cover the syllabus for assistant nurses.

Court, Lord Merriman, at its head, and Mr. Justice Pearce, another divorce judge, as one of its members. The third member was Lord Justice Singleton, who disclaims wide experience of divorce matters.

Findings on Appeal

The president said that the trial judge had fully appreciated the necessity for the two essential elements in a charge of cruelty: something that could be called misconduct by the husband coupled with danger, actual or apprehended, to the mental health of the wife. There was abundant evidence to enable the judge to come to the conclusion that the cumulative effect of the husband's conduct was having a serious effect on the wife's nervous and emotional stability. Sulking was not a new ingredient in cruelty, said the president, although no case turning directly on it seemed to have been reported. More than once he had in the course of trying a divorce petition committed himself to the statement that he could imagine no course of conduct more calculated to be destructive of married life than persistent and deliberate sulking. To "send a wife to Coventry" for ten days on end certainly amounted to cruelty, and the suggestion that the husband's action was involuntary was sheer rubbish. When he was pulled up by the wife or her mother he would behave better for a few days. He was not unable to control his temperament, and many of these incidents were brought about by resistance of the wife to the imposition of his will on hers. He had caused her two miscarriages by bullying her by the threat of sulks into going to church when she did not feel well enough. The president therefore found that she should have her divorce.

Mr. Justice Pearce agreed. He had no doubt that the husband's conduct amounted to cruelty in law, and thought the trial judge had taken the fullest advantage of seeing and hearing the witnesses. Even assuming that the husband had no intention of being cruel, his intentional acts had amounted in the view of the trial judge to cruelty. It would be unfortunate if the court were to refuse its protection on the ground that the injury to the wife's health was caused only by the subtle weapon of sulking.

Lord Justice Singleton, on the other hand, saw no evidence that the husband was either tyrannical or domineering. He was not satisfied that there was a deliberate course of conduct of a kind to cause reasonable apprehension of danger to health. He thought there must be something more than moods, and that the husband, though inconsiderate at times, had not been guilty of cruelty in law as his lordship understood the meaning of the word. There were faults on both sides, and he thought she could have done more; they were both difficult people, and he did not think that the legislature, in the word "cruelty," had intended to include what had been proved in this case. The appeal was, however, decided by the view of the majority.

Universities and Colleges

UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

In a Congregation held on Feb. 26 the following degrees were conferred:

D.M.—M. A. Partridge, A. P. Meiklejohn, G. Gordon, *J. A. L. Leeming.
B.M.—*V. J. E. Davies.

* In absence.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

Dr. G. R. E. Naylor has been reappointed University Demonstrator in Pathology for five years from Oct. 1.

The *Cambridge University Reporter* dated March 9, 1949, contains a report of the Faculty Board of Medicine on the regulations for degrees in medicine and surgery. The Board recommends that the regulations (*Ordnances*, p. 374) be rescinded and replaced by the regulations set out in the schedule to its report, published in the same issue of the *Reporter*.

UNIVERSITY OF ABERDEEN

William Malcolm Millar, M.D., lecturer in mental health in the University, has been appointed to the Chair of Mental Health in succession to Professor D. R. MacCalman, now Nuffield Professor of Psychiatry in the University of Leeds.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND

A meeting of the Council of the College was held on March 10, with Lord Webb-Johnson, President, in the chair.

Hunterian Professorships were awarded to Professor C. F. M. Saint (South Africa) and Professor Robert I. Harris (Toronto).

Professor W. E. Gye was elected an emeritus professor of the College as from the date of his retirement from the Directorship of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

A Leverhulme Scholarship was awarded to Mr. W. J. Dempster, of the British Postgraduate Medical School.

Mr. L. E. C. Norbury was reappointed as the representative of the College on the Council of Queen's Institute of District Nursing.

Diplomas in Public Health were granted jointly with the Royal College of Physicians of London to P. L. Karney and D. F. van Zwanenberg.

The following hospitals were recognized in respect of the Resident Surgical post required of candidates for the Final Fellowship Examination: R.A.F. Hospital, Ely, 1st and 2nd House Surgeons (General); 1st and 2nd House Surgeons (Orthopaedic); R.A.F. Hospital, Halton, 1st and 2nd House Surgeons (General), 1st and 2nd House Surgeons (Orthopaedic); Warwick Hospital, Registrar to Ear, Nose, and Throat Department.

CONJOINT BOARD IN SCOTLAND

The following candidates, having passed the final examination, have been admitted L.R.C.P.Ed., L.R.C.S.Ed., L.R.F.P.&S.Glas.:

Abd-El-Rahman Azzam, Elspeth V. Beveridge, Mahala M. Beveridge, A. Carlos, Elizabeth Carwardine, J. C. Cassaglia, S. H. Curry, S. B. Davies, I. M. Downie, K. A. H. Fermie, W. O'C. FitzPatrick, R. M. Gaze, J. Govan, J. G. Hart, Mary M. Hay, Lysbeth R. Hurwich, Margaret J. G. Jamieson, J. H. Kennedy, J. J. O'B. Lavery, J. Leonard, D. W. Lyon, G. J. McCann, Sushil Mallick, J. C. Marshall, H. P. P. Morris, J. S. Nelson, J. Ryan, S. Schilfka, J. G. Sheehy, I. Tandatnick, F. Whyte, H. N. R. Wilson, N. W. Wilson, M. Wotherspoon, J. C. Wright.

Medical Notes in Parliament

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE

Consultants and Specialists Awards Committee

Sir HUGH LUCAS-TOOTH on Feb. 28, asked the Minister of Health what remuneration he had in mind for the chairman and members of the National Awards Committee set up on the recommendation of the Spens Report on the remuneration of consultants and specialists.

Mr. BEVAN said that the chairman of the Awards Committee was being paid a salary of 3,000 guineas for the first year, 2,500 guineas for the second, and 2,000 guineas for the third. Those members of the committee who were retired received a fee of 7 guineas for each day given to the work of the committee.

Foreigners and Temporary Residents

Colonel STODDART-SCOTT inquired on March 10 whether it had been decided upon what principles doctors in the National Health Service were to be paid for the treatment of temporary residents, visitors, holidaymakers, foreigners, and patients not on the doctor's list.

Mr. BEVAN replied that he was still discussing with the profession the principles on which such payments should be made in future. The total amount of these payments depended on the number of persons involved and was a charge on the central pool for the remuneration of general medical practitioners. He had agreed with the profession that payment in respect of the period July 5 to Dec. 31, 1948, should broadly be on the same basis as under the National Health Insurance arrangements.

Answering a further question, Mr. Bevan said these payments in respect of the period July 5 to Dec. 31, 1948, would be made on March 31. Payments were necessarily made in arrears and payment in respect of the period Jan. 1 to March 31 this year would be made on June 30.

Diphtheria Immunization

In 1947 approximately 478,000 children under 5 and 111,000 from 5 to 14 received inoculations against diphtheria under local authority arrangements in England and Wales.

Returns from authorities in England and Wales for 1947 showed that 1,287 cases of diphtheria and 16 deaths occurred among immunized children, as compared with 2,654 cases and 182 deaths among children who were not immunized.

Petrol for Doctors.—Mr. NIALL MACPHERSON on March 3 asked the Minister of Fuel and Power the functions of British Medical Association liaison officers in relation to his department, and suggested that the applications of country doctors for more petrol were being refused. Mr. ROBENS replied that the liaison officers appointed by

Monday

- HUNTERIAN SOCIETY.—At Talbot Restaurant, 64, London Wall, E.C., March 21, 7 for 7.30 p.m. Dinner and discussion. "The Treatment of Coronary Thrombosis," to be opened by Dr. William Evans, Dr. Geoffrey Bourne, and Mr. George A. Mason.
- PHYSICAL SOCIETY.—At Royal Institution, 21, Albemarle Street, London, W., March 21, 5 p.m. "Experimental Studies in Thermal Convection," Guthrie Lecture by Professor A. O. Rankine.
- ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.—March 21, 5 p.m. "The Anatomy and Physiology of Bone—Part II." Arnott Demonstration by Dr. F. S. Gorriell.

Tuesday

- CHADWICK TRUST.—At Westminster Medical School, 17, Horseferry Road, London, S.W., March 22, 4.30 p.m. "A Health Service for Children," Chadwick Public Lecture by Dr. Helen M. M. Mackay.
- EUGENICS SOCIETY.—At Royal Society, Burlington House, Piccadilly, London, W., March 22, 5.30 p.m. "Some Problems of Race," by J. C. Trevor, M.A., B.Sc.
- INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY, 5, Lisle Street, Leicester Square, London, W.C.—March 22, 5 p.m. "The Treatment of Varicose Conditions of the Lower Limb," by Mr. A. K. Monro.
- ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C., March 22, 3.45 p.m. "The Propagation of Mouse Tumours by means of Dried Tissue." Imperial Cancer Research Fund Lecture by Professor W. E. Gye.
- ROYAL INSTITUTION OF GREAT BRITAIN, 21, Albemarle Street, London, W.—March 22, 5.15 p.m. "The Production of Transuranic Elements, and the New Radioactive Decay Series," by Professor H. J. Emeleus, D.Sc., F.R.S.
- ROYAL PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY, 16, Prince's Gate, London, S.W.—March 22, 7 p.m. "Visual Aids in Paediatrics," by Dr. Ronald C. MacKeith.

Wednesday

- ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.—March 23, 5 p.m. "The Results of Surgery in the Treatment of Breast Cancer." Moynihan Lecture by Dr. Frank E. Adair.
- ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PHILOSOPHY.—At Eugenics Theatre, University College, Gower Street, London, W.C., March 23, 7.30 p.m. "The General Will and the Will of All," by D. J. Allan, M.A.
- ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND HYGIENE.—At 28, Portland Place, London, W., March 23, 3.30 p.m. "The Social Significance of Geriatric Rehabilitation," by Mr. L. Z. Cozin.
- SOCIETY OF CHEMICAL INDUSTRY: FOOD GROUP.—At Gas Industry House (No. 3 Room), 1, Grosvenor Place, London, S.W., March 23, 6.15 p.m. Meeting of Nutrition Panel. "The Effect of Non-Protein Calories on the Utilization of Proteins," by Professor J. Beattie.

Thursday

- DEWSBURY: STAINCLIFFE GENERAL HOSPITAL.—March 24, 9 p.m. "The Training of a Doctor," by Professor E. F. Finch.
- INSTITUTE OF SOCIOLOGY.—At Royal Institute of British Architects, Portland Place, London, W., March 24, 5.30 p.m. "The Relations Between Anthropology, Psychology, and Sociology," by Professor T. H. Pear.
- ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.—March 24, 5 p.m. "Infra-red Photographic Studies of the Superficial Veins in the Female and their Clinical Application." Arris and Gale Lecture by Mr. Kenneth Bowes.

Friday

- BIOCHEMICAL SOCIETY.—At Department of Biochemistry, University College, Gower Street, London, W.C., March 25, 11 a.m. Annual general meeting. Papers will be read.
- CAMBRIDGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—At Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge, March 25, 2.30 p.m. "Antenatal Care—Its Use and Limitations," by Dr. C. W. Walker.
- GRANTHAM JOINT INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL.—At Conference Hall, Messrs. Aveling-Barford, March 25, 6.45 p.m. "Chest Radiography in Industry," by Dr. Benyon.
- KENT AND CANTERBURY HOSPITAL, Canterbury.—March 25, 8 p.m. Clinical meeting.
- LONDON CHEST HOSPITAL, Victoria Park, E.—March 25, 5 p.m. "Indications for Bronchoscopy in Chest Diseases," by Dr. H. V. Morlock.
- MEDICAL SOCIETY FOR THE STUDY OF VENEREAL DISEASES, 11, Chandos Street, London, W.—March 25, 8 p.m. "Some Aspects of Congenital Syphilis," by Dr. David Nabarro.
- ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF EDINBURGH, 9, Queen Street, Edinburgh.—March 25, 5 p.m. George Alexander Gibson Lecture by Dr. Ian G. W. Hill: "Multiple Lead Electrocardiograms: A Review."
- ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.—March 25, 5 p.m. "Pathological Anatomy of Certain Forms of Lumbar Fibrositis and the Role of Surgery in its Treatment." Hunterian Lecture by Professor W. S. C. Copeman.
- ROYAL SANITARY INSTITUTE.—At College of Technology, Howard Street, Rotherham, March 25, 10 a.m. "Industrial Medicine" and "Industrial Welfare." Discussions to be opened by Dr. R. A. Trevethick and Mr. D. R. B. Burdass.

Saturday

- ST. STEPHEN'S HOSPITAL (RHEUMATISM UNIT), 369, Fulham Road, Chelsea, S.W.—March 26, 10 a.m., "Aetiology of Acute Rheumatism." Introductory Address by Professor Bruce Perry. 11 a.m., "Modern Conception of the Aetiology and Classification of the Chronic Rheumatic Diseases," by Dr. Philip Ellman. 12 noon, "Organization of a Rheumatism Unit, with Special Reference to the Management of Rheumatoid Arthritis," by Dr. Francis Bach. 2 p.m., "Ward Round and Demonstration of Methods of Physical Treatment, Injection, and Plaster Technique," by Dr. Bach. 3 p.m., "Social Welfare, Dietetics, Occupational Therapy, and Vocational Guidance," by Dr. Bach and others. 4.15 p.m., "Clinical Pathology in the Rheumatic Diseases," by Dr. A. G. Signy. 5.15 p.m., "The Radiological Diagnosis of Arthritis." Lantern Lecture by Dr. Grace Batten.

Sunday

- ST. STEPHEN'S HOSPITAL (RHEUMATISM UNIT), 369, Fulham Road, Chelsea, S.W.—10 a.m., "Ward Round with Demonstration of Cases," by Dr. Philip Ellman and others. 11.15 a.m., (1) "Problem in Differential Diagnosis," (2) "Drug Treatment in the Rheumatic Diseases." Lectures by Dr. Ellman. 2 p.m., (1) "Orthopaedic Aspects of Rheumatic Disease and the Prevention and Treatment of Deformities," (2) "Demonstration of Cases and Treatment by Manipulation (if cases are available)," by Mr. Timbrell Fisher. 3.30 p.m., "Radiotherapy in the Treatment of the Rheumatic Diseases," by Dr. Margaret Snelling. 4.30 p.m., "Pain—Neuritic and Referred," by Dr. Blake Pritchard. 5.15 p.m., "Psychiatric Factors in the Chronic Rheumatic Diseases," by Dr. David Shaw.

APPOINTMENTS

Dr. Lawrence Wylie Fitzmaurice, O.B.E., has been appointed an Official Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Jamaica.

BRAMLEY, G. F., M.D., D.P.H., County Medical Officer and School Medical Officer, Gloucestershire County Council.

FULHAM HOSPITAL, St. Dunstan's Road, Hammersmith, W.—Junior Anaesthetic Registrar, S. Mehlman, M.D. House Surgeon, Frances Morley, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O.

HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN, Great Ormond Street, London, W.C.—Assistant Medical Registrars, E. G. A. Crawshaw, M.B., M.R.C.P., D.C.H., K. W. Lovell, B.M., B.Ch., A. MacKenzie, M.D., J. R. S. Macoun, M.B., B.Ch., T. P. Mann, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.C.H., W. E. Maclean, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.C.H., R. J. P. Pugh, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.P., D.C.H., T. R. Savage, B.M., B.Ch., M.R.C.P., M. H. Stanfield, M.B., B.S., D.C.H., D. G. Vulliamy, M.B., B.Ch., D.C.H., H. R. Jolly, M.B., B.Ch., M.R.C.P. Whole-time Surgical Registrars, P. J. Blaxland, F.R.C.S., H. H. Nixon, F.R.C.S., R. H. Percival, F.R.C.S. Part-time Surgical Registrars, R. L. G. Dawson, M.S., F.R.C.S., E. V. Hope, F.R.C.S., J. T. Fathi, M.S., F.R.C.S., D. I. Williams, M.Ch., F.R.C.S. Registrar to the Department of Physical Medicine, D. C. Arnott, M.B., B.S., D.C.H. Junior Anaesthetic Registrar, E. P. Champion, M.B., B.S. House Physician, M. W. Arthurton, M.B., B.S., D.C.H. Senior Casualty Physician, J. Rubie, M.D., F.R.C.S.

UNITED CARDIFF HOSPITALS.—Physician in charge of the Department of Physical Medicine, K. N. Lloyd, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.P. Assistant Radiotherapist to the United Cardiff Hospitals, A. W. O'Farrell, M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS

BIRTHS

- Aronson.—On March 7, 1949, in London, to the wife of Dr. R. P. Aronson, M.R.C.P., a daughter.
- Collinson.—On March 10, 1949, at Rotherham Nursing Home, to Desne (née Service), wife of Dr. Peter Collinson, a son.
- Derritt.—On March 3, 1949, at Whitehaven and West Cumberland Hospital, to Pearl (née Penrith), M.B., B.S., wife of Rev. L. J. Derritt, a second son.
- Drennan.—On March 7, 1949, at Lynde Regis Hospital, to Sally (née Woodford) and Dr. D. H. Drennan, Newlands, Charmouth, a son—Patrick Charles.

MARRIAGE

- Perera.—McKee.—On Feb. 26, 1949, at St. Aidan's Church, Sheffield, John Kenneth Percival Perera, B.A., M.B., B.Chir., Lieutenant R.A.M.C., eldest son of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. P. Perera, Sheffield, and Kathleen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McKee, Ballysallagh, Newtownards, Co. Down, N. Ireland.

DEATHS

- Cadell.—Recently, Nevil Pottow Cadell, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S.Glas., of Foxlease, Keymer, Hassocks, Sussex, aged 88.
- Cole.—On Feb. 28, 1949, at Albany, Georgia, U.S.A., Thomas Matthew Cole, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S.Glas.
- Coplestone.—On Feb. 28, 1949, at Le Chalet, Gorey, Jersey, William Drake Coplestone, B.Ch., aged 69.
- Davies.—Recently, Katharine Charis Davies, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S.Glas., of Upper Northgate Street, Chester.
- French.—On March 5, 1949, at Ranmore, Burgh Heath, Surrey, Ronald Edgar French, M.D.
- Ker-Gibson.—On March 3, 1949, at Cambridge Military Hospital, Aldershot, Arthur William Ker-Gibson, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S.Glas., Lieutenant-Colonel R.A.M.C., retired.
- Lang.—On March 7, 1949, at Marchwood, Bathgate, West Lothian, John Finlayson Lang, M.D.
- McGibbon.—On March 5, 1949, at Medwyn, Sauchie Road, Crieff, John McGibbon, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.P.Ed., F.R.C.O.G., Emeritus Professor of Midwifery and Gynaecology, Dundee Medical School, University of St. Andrews.
- Meade.—On March 5, 1949, at a Harrogate nursing home, Warren Meade, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., formerly of Southsea, aged 74.
- Pearson.—On March 2, 1949, at Hitchin Hospital, Beatrice Mary Pearson (née Knowles), M.D., aged 76.
- Slater.—On March 9, 1949, at Overdale, Dean Row, Wilmslow, Cheshire, Harry Slater, M.B., Ch.B.
- West.—On March 6, 1949, at Fleet, Hampshire, John Weir West, C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., M.Ch., LL.D., Major-General, late R.A.M.C.
- Wynne.—On March 7, 1949, at Melai, Northiam, Sussex, Walter Wynne, M.B., C.M., aged 81.