Hospital Medical School, which he entered in August, 1914. A year later, having passed the first M.B. examination of the University of London, he enlisted as a private in the Honourable Artillery Company and served as a combatant in France. In 1917 he was invalided out of the Army and returned to the study of medicine at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, graduating M.B., B.S. in 1921 and winning the Willett Medal for operative surgery in the same year. He held successively the posts of house-surgeon and resident intern midwifery assistant at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, and then, having proceeded M.D. in 1924, he became house-physician at the London Chest Hospital.

In 1926 Jeaffreson went to the Jessop Hospital for Women, Sheffield, where he worked for two years under Professor Miles Phillips and where he began in earnest his career in obstetrics and gynaecology. In 1928, while working in Birmingham as assistant to the late Sir Beckwith Whitehouse, he obtained the F.R.C.S., and in 1930 he went to Leeds as tutor in obstetrics and gynaecology, later becoming senior clinical lecturer in gynaecology in the university. He told, always with amusement, how a lay member of one of the committees which appointed him at Leeds gave voice to her thought that his travels had made him a rolling stone and that soon he would be moving on again. But he settled down to a brilliant career in Leeds, being appointed honorary assistant surgeon to the Hospital for Women in 1930 and becoming honorary surgeon to the Maternity Hospital in 1934. Jeaffreson was admitted a Member of the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists in 1936, becoming a Fellow in 1950, and he served on the council of the College from 1942 to 1949. The work which interested him most was teaching, and indeed he was a great teacher. His lucid exposition and infinite patience endeared him to a large number of Leeds students. He himself had remarkable diagnostic powers, and he insisted on the painstaking elicitation of physical signs by his juniors. But his modesty in that, as in other respects, made the lesson on each occasion the more telling. If he will be honoured as a teacher, he will be remembered, particularly by his junior colleagues, as a kindly chief and an approachable friend.

He was a good organizer, and the success which attended the thirteenth British Congress of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, held at Leeds last year, was in no small measure due to his efforts as senior secretary. Many were looking forward to his term of office this year as president of the North of England Obstetrical and Gynaecological Society. He leaves a widow, and a son and a daughter.—A. V. G. B.

Sir T. DRUMMOND SHIELS, M.C., M.B., Ch.B.

A. B. W. writes: "T. D.," as he was known to many of us who graduated with him at Edinburgh, had something about him which drew us to him. Perhaps it was his seniority in years and his wider background of experience, but in those early days we recognized those sterling qualities of heart and mind—his humanism, his kindly sympathy and understanding, his quiet courage and patience, his intellectual endowments, and his dry humour-which he put to such good use later in the service of his profession, his country, and the Commonwealth. His concern was never for himself but for others, especially those struggling with ill-health or adversity. He was a fearless espouser of lost causes, like that of Oscar Slater, if he felt that a wrong had been committed. A devoted husband, a loving father, staunch and true to his many friends, "T. D." was indeed one of Nature's "veray parfit" gentlemen. He passes to his rest leaving the world better and nobler by his efforts.

Dr. E. G. L. Goffe, who practised for many years in Kingston-upon-Thames, died at Ferring, in Sussex, where he had lived in retirement for only a few months, on November 28, 1952, at the age of 85. Ernest George Leopold Goffe was born in Jamaica on September 12, 1867, the son of Mr. J. B. Goffe, J.P., and received his early education at York Castle High School, Jamaica. He then came to London and entered University College as a medical student, distinguishing himself as an athlete and as a rugby footballer. He graduated M.B. in 1897, and proceeded M.D. two years later. After holding a number of house appointments at University College Hospital he became assistant medical officer and later assistant medical superintendent at Lewisham Infirmary, subsequently holding posts at other hospitals in the London area. He then settled in practice at Kingston-upon-Thames and continued his hospital association by joining the staff of the Kingston Victoria Hospital, where his charm of manner and vast store of knowledge and experience endeared him to all his colleagues. The closure of the hospital to general practitioners in 1951 greatly saddened him. Dr. Goffe gave up general practice in June last year to enjoy a well-earned retirement, a retirement which proved to be tragically short. A member of the British Medical Association for 56 years, Dr. Goffe was chairman of the Kingston-upon-Thames Division in 1924-5, and he represented his constituency at the Annual Representative Meeting on six occasions. He married Edna Mary, daughter of the Reverend E. Pierce Powell, and she survives him, together with three sons. Mrs. Goffe is herself a member of the medical profession, and one of the sons is Dr. Alan Powell Goffe, also a medical practitioner,-T. W. M.

We are greatly indebted to Dr. DAVID NABARRO for the following appreciation: I first met Leopold Goffe more than 60 years ago, when I entered University College as a medical student in October, 1890. He had a fine physique which made him very noticeable in any assembly. A friend once remarked of him that he resembled a Greek god. His infectious laugh and his good humour made him a valuable acquisition to any company. In his student days he was a great athlete, and in 1892-3 he won the Quain challenge cup for athletic sports. He also played rugby football for University College Hospital from 1892 to 1894. Goffe was a great altruist. As an undergraduate he was very interested in the University College Boys' Club Society and attended the club every week to give the boys instruc tion in athletic sports. In the summer he helped to take them on their annual trip on the Norfolk Broads. He was also the honorary treasurer of the society. Further examples of his altruism in setting up and managing trusts for the sons of deceased colleagues will be well remembered by some of his friends. Goffe took the London M.D. in 1899, and at the presentation for degrees in May, 1900, at which the Prince of Wales-afterwards King Edward VII-distributed the prizes, I well remember the applause which greeted Goffe when he ascended the platform, a striking figure in scarlet and purple gown, to receive his degree from His Royal Highness. He was a most lovable man, and his patients must be considered fortunate to have had so good a doctor and so sympathetic a friend as their medical adviser. It was remarkable how he retained his interest in medicine to the end. Each year he attended the course for old students at University College Hospital, and 1952 was no exception. For several years we sat beside one another at the annual dinner, and it was only a few weeks ago that we sat alongside for the last time. And now this great man has gone to his rest, but his personality will endure. Our sympathy is extended to his widow and three sons in their bereavement, but theirs is the satisfaction of knowing that Leopold Goffe's name will live for many years in the affection of his multitude of patients and friends.

Dr. HILARY LEDGERWOOD, who died in London on December 6, was born on December 7, 1890, and was educated at Queen's University, Belfast, where she graduated M.B., B.Ch. in 1921. After holding a house appoint-

ment at Stanley Hospital, Liverpool, she settled in general practice in London. She became physician in charge of a maternity clinic in North Marylebone, and was for a time honorary assistant anaesthetist to the Metropolitan Ear, Nose, and Throat Hospital. Later she was appointed clinical assistant to the gynaecological department of the South London Hospital for Women and medical officer to a baby clinic in Kensington. Dr. Ledgerwood was the widow of the late Dr. Andrew Harman Pearce, who died in 1937. They were married in 1924.

A correspondent writes: Like society in general, the medical profession has grown poorer in characters in the Irish sense of this word. With the death of Dr. Hilary Ledgerwood it grows poorer still. Those who knew her in her college days when, after taking her degree in modern literature, she turned to medicine have always been aware of the literary quality that clung to her sayings and doings. It was a custom with convivial medical examiners to quote passages from Miss Ledgerwood's answers to questions; some of her papers were said to have been preserved. The casual might sometimes mistake her stylized wit for mere affectation, but her friends knew that her outward ways were the reflection of a real personality in which courage was always at war with almost painful sensitivity. Hilary Ledgerwood was beloved by many needy patients and by the friends who knew that, of all her impulses, generosity was the strongest. She will always be remembered by her own generation, but had she lived in an age more prolific of Boswells she would have been made immortal in medical legend.

Dr. GERTRUDE H. G. HICKLING died at her home at Newcastle-upon-Tyne on December 24, 1952, after a long illness, at the age of 69. Born at Blackpool on June 5, 1883, the daughter of the late Mr. H. Geiler, Gertrude Hermine Geiler was educated at the University of Manchester, where she graduated B.Sc. in 1906. Four years later she obtained the degrees of M.B., Ch.B., proceeding M.D. in 1912 and taking the D.P.H. in the same year. In 1910 she married Dr. H. G. A. Hickling, now emeritus professor of geology in the University of Durham. Dr. Gertrude Hickling lived most of her life in and around Manchester before moving to Newcastle-upon-Tyne in 1924. Her original aim had been medical missionary work, but that was rendered impossible of fulfilment because of severe rheumatic fever from which she suffered during her university career. After graduation her many interests were with children, and she was closely associated from 1910 to 1924 with the late Dr. Catherine Chisholm in child-welfare work, especially at Pendlebury Hospital and in helping to found the Manchester Babies' Hospital. In 1924 Dr. Hickling went to Newcastle-upon-Tyne with her husband, who had been a lecturer in the University of Manchester, and their young family, and from 1925 to 1929 she conducted a small Parents' National Educational Association school in her own home. Her association with the Newcastle-upon-Tyne maternity and child-welfare department began in 1930, when she joined the staff of part-time child-welfare medical officers, work which she continued to do until 1950, when she was forced to give up owing to ill-health. Besides her work for the local authority she did a great deal of voluntary work throughout her medical career. She was a founder member, and chairman for many years, of the Tyneside branch of the Nursery School Association of Great Britain, which, with the help of the British Federation of University Women, set up its first nursery school in Newcastle in 1929. The school provided work after her own heart, and she was honorary medical officer to several of the nurseries run by voluntary bodies both in Newcastle and in Gateshead. During the last war, besides taking on extra child-welfare duties under the local authority, she undertook some anaesthetic work at one of the local hospitals. It was probably due to those years of overwork and strain that her health broke down shortly after the war. Her friends always felt that her will to do was much stronger than her physical capacity would allow. Although a small, frail figure in later years, she remained a strong personality, young in mind and spirit. Her selfless work, her kindness, and her thought for others endeared her to many more than she ever realized, particularly among the poorer people on Tyneside when unemployment was rife during the years of depression. Our sympathy goes out to her husband, Professor Hickling, and to their son and two daughters.—S. M. L.

Dr. Donald Campbell Buchanan, who died at Glasgow on December 24, 1952, at the age of 62, was born at Taynuilt, Argyllshire, on June 4, 1890, and was educated at the University of Glasgow, where he was a very popular student. After a distinguished career he graduated M.A. in 1912 and proceeded to medicine, but his studies were interrupted by the outbreak of war in 1914, when, as a member of the Special Reserve, he was commissioned to the Seaforth Highlanders and went to France with his regiment. He was subsequently sent back to Glasgow to finish his medical course, and, after obtaining the degrees of M.B., Ch.B. in 1917, he served as a captain in the R.A.M.C. in East Africa, where he was surgeon at the K.A.R. Military Hospital at Nairobi, until the end of hostilities, being twice wounded. When Dr. Buchanan returned to civilian life he settled at Rutherglen, where he built up an extensive practice. He had obtained a commission as flight-lieutenant in the Auxiliary Air Force in May, 1939, and when war came again in the following September he was called up for full-time service. He was promoted squadron-leader in 1940. After a period in this country he saw service in East Africa and in the Middle East, but his several applications to serve with the Desert Forces in Egypt were rejected on account of his age, rejections which disappointed him sorely. In all he served four years overseas. After the war Dr. Buchanan returned to his practice at Rutherglen with his health somewhat impaired. He did not complain, but he was no longer a man of great physical strength, and he lacked the robust vigour which his friends had always associated with him. He could be described as a restless idealist with but one aim in life, to help his fellows. Of great intellectual capacity, he had accumulated a fund of masterly knowledge and experience in medicine, and he was an ardent Celtic scholar with a great love of the Gaelic language and literature. His loss will be mourned and his memory honoured by many colleagues and friends. He leaves a widow, to whom we offer our sincere condolence and deepest sympathy.—D. F.

By the death of Dr. LLOYD W. HUGHES on December 26, 1952, at the age of 63, South Caernarvonshire has lost a kindly and a conscientious practitioner. Lloyd William Hughes was born at Blaenau Festiniog on July 19, 1889. He completed his medical education in Scotland, and after qualifying in 1917 he served as a captain in the R.A.M.C. in the last two years of the war of 1914-18. In 1921 he settled in practice at Bottwnog, in succession to the late Dr. Edward Thomas. The extensive rural area in which he worked included the island of Bardsey, and from time to time he had to cross Bardsey Sound to attend to some of his patients. He had been in indifferent health for the last few years, a fact which obliged him to decline the presidency of the North Wales Branch of the British Medical Association some years ago. For many years he was medical officer to the old Board of Guardians of Pwllheli, and he was a former governor of Bottwnog Grammar School and a county councillor. It is possible that the rigours of country practice and the conscientiousness with which he carried out his work were contributory factors to his comparatively early death. His patients mourn a friendly and beloved physician, and his colleagues a practitioner who maintained the highest standard of medical ethics. Our sympathy goes out to his widow and to his two daughters and three sons, the eldest of whom was in partnership with his father, and who carries on his fine tradition.—H. H. J.

BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL

The sudden death on December 27, 1952, of Mr. CHARLES HAROLD MEDLOCK, or "Pop" as he was affectionately called by nurses and house officers, at the age of 64, has removed a familiar and popular figure from the North-east Metropolitan Region and especially from the Hertford County Hospital, which was his second home for the last 28 years. Born in London on September 12, 1888, the son of Mr. William Medlock, he was educated at University College School and at Guy's Hospital. In his youth he excelled in many branches of sport and represented his hospital at rugby football, cricket, and athletics. He also played cricket for the Public Schools against the M.C.C. at Lord's and had been captain of the Guy's Hospital and the Middlesex county rugby football teams. In the National Territorial Sports he distinguished himself by winning the long-jump championship three years running, from 1912 to 1914. Before qualifying M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. in 1915 he served in the war of 1914-18 as a dispatch rider but was granted "leave on duty" to complete his medical studies at Guy's. He later entered the R.A.M.C., attaining the rank of captain, and served in France from 1917 to 1919 as medical officer attached to the 4th battalion of the Tank Corps. He was mentioned in dispatches in 1919. From 1919 to 1924 he held various appointments at Guy's Hospital, and while there he obtained the F.R.C.S. in 1924, in which year he joined the late Dr. Ernest Ravensworth Hart in general practice at Hertford. He became assistant surgeon to the Hertford County Hospital, and from 1929 to 1948 he was its senior surgeon. He was also consulting surgeon to Ware Park Sanatorium, the East Herts Infectious Diseases Hospital, and the Brocket Hall and Pear Tree maternity hospitals. In 1935 he gave up general practice for consultant work, and in 1948 he relinquished all general surgical work in order to concentrate on his appointment of consultant in obstetrics and gynaecology in the Hertford group of hospitals. Keenly interested in medico-political and committee work, he was chairman of the East Herts Division of the British Medical Association in 1934-5. He was also chairman of the medical advisory committee of the group and was a regular attender at the house-committee meetings. His colleagues always chose him as their representative because of his absolute integrity and for the happy way in which he could explain matters not readily understood by lay members of the board. The nursing staff will remember him for his kindness and courtesy and for the excellence of his surgical lectures, and there are many grateful patients who will hear of his passing with regret. If he had one fault it was over-conservatism; but some of his more enterprising colleagues have had to admit that the results he obtained were often as good as, if not better than, those achieved by more drastic measures.-W. D. B.

Dr. A. M. Ware, who died at the age of 78 at his home at Guildford on January 5, came of a family of medical men, of whom the most notable was James Ware, F.R.S., a distinguished eye surgeon and one of the foundation members of the Medical Society of London. Arthur Maitland Ware was born in 1874, the younger son of Mr. Martin Ware, a barrister, and was educated at Haileybury and Pembroke College, Cambridge, where he obtained a half blue for hockey and graduated B.A. in 1895. His medical education was at St. Bartholomew's Hospital. He qualified in 1899 with the Conjoint diploma, and in the same year took the degrees of M.B., Ch.B., proceeding M.D. in 1903 with a thesis on malignant endocarditis. After holding resident appointments at Bart's and the Birmingham General Hospital, Dr. Ware went into general practice in Kensington. Here he was to remain, an active and well-loved figure, for over thirty years, with only one short interruption when in 1914 he was with the B.E.F. in France. Later, at the end of the war, he was medical officer to the British delegation to the Versailles Peace Conference. During a busy professional life he found time for much voluntary work, both with the Order of St. John, of which in 1934 he was made a Knight of Justice, and in other directions. He was for many years a member of the governing body of the Shaftesbury Homes, and a vice-president of the Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men. A professional appointment he particularly enjoyed was that of honorary physician to the Royal College of Music. After his retirement he went to live near Guildford, but even then he did not give up medical work entirely. During the war and until quite recently he was sitting on medical boards. In 1909 he married Edith Frances Maude. It was a happy marriage, and death came to him within a month of that of his wife. He is survived by two daughters.

C. V. N. writes: After leaving Bart's Arthur Ware started in practice in South Kensington, where he continued until 1935, when he retired and went to live on the hills outside Guildford. He was very popular with his patients, and, perhaps because of his attractive personality, the majority of them were likeable and interesting people. He. was a perfect gentleman and the best type of family doctor and friend. You could be quite certain he would not let anything happen to you that medical skill could prevent. If he could not give some specialized service himself he would do the very best for you. He was very loyal to his professional brethren, and one never heard an adverse criticism from them. A Knight of Justice of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, and for many years a member of Chapter General, he was keenly interested in all the beneficial activities of that ancient institution.

Mr. ARTHUR TWELFTREE, formerly chief clerk in the secretarial department of the Association, died in hospital at Worthing on January 15, at the age of 59. After military service in the first world war, Mr. Twelftree joined the staff as a committee clerk in 1919. He succeeded the late Mr. Coulson as chief clerk in 1937. In 1941 he was awarded the M.B.E. for his services to the Central Medical War Committee. He became seriously ill in the summer of 1950 and was unable to resume work until March, 1951. A recurrence of his illness in December of the same year led to his resignation, on medical advice, at the end of May, 1952. His death after a further short illness has come as a sad shock to his many friends in the Association who had hoped that, released from his arduous duties at B.M.A. House, he might enjoy many happy years in the new Sussex home to which he had moved.

The SECRETARY of the Association writes: Twelftree, throughout his many years of service, identified himself completely with the interests of the Association. He lived for the B.M.A. He had a complete mastery of the Association's constitution and procedure which made him a tower of strength to the members of the Secretariat, who were often assisted by his mature experience and shrewd judgment. Himself efficient, he expected efficiency in others, but it was a benevolent rule that he exercised as captain of a large clerical team, and in his dealings with subordinates he was always actuated by a sincere desire for their welfare and happiness. Their feeling towards him is shown by a remark of one of them: "I feel that I have lost not only an old colleague but also a true friend. Perhaps he was seen at his best in the turmoil of the Annual Meeting. Here his calm control did much to promote the smoothness of the "back-room" arrangements which drew so many congratulations from Representatives and overseas observers. There are many, not only on the staff, but also among present and former members of the central committees, the Council, and the Representative Body, who mourn his untimely death and extend their warm sympathy to his widow and son. To those who were intimately associated with him in the work of the Headquarters office he has left a happy memory of a most genial and kindly personality and an inspiring example of single-minded devotion to duty. The Association never had a more good and faithful servant than "A. T."

Universities and Colleges

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

The following candidates have been approved at the examinations indicated:

M.D.—Branch I (Medicine): P. J. Banks, A. F. Barnett, H. Barrie, B. Bass, Mary Bateman, S. I. Cohen, Phyllis M. E. Cook, Betty B. Dyer, F. R. Ellis, D. G. Evans, D. M. D. Evans, D. D. Felix Davies, I. T. Gabe, P. J. D. Heaf, Cherry D. Heath, B. W. Jaslowitz, R. P. V. Jayewardene, A. M. Johnson, J. C. Leonard, W. E. Medd, L. P. A. Newborne, C. P. Newcombe, B. E. C. Nordin, M. A. Pears, Betty E. Powe, S. J. G. Semple, R. G. Shorter, K. A. Sowden, C. J. Stevenson, F. Taylor, W. B. Thomson, Brenda D. Van Leuven, B. W. Webb. Branch II (Pathology): A. Bernstein, J. L. Brennan, Patricia C. Brown, L. H. Collier, H. R. Colquitt, J. C. Crook, Phyllis Dagnall, D. Marrack, D. J. O'Brien, F. R. Philps, K. A. Porter, J. I. Pugh, M. V. Salmon, W. J. L. Sladen, C. S. Treip, S. P. B. Way, W. J. Williams, A. L. Woolf, E. A. Wright. Branch III (Psychological Medicine): A. A. Cashmore, J. Denham, A. Folkson, W. P. Gurassa, J. Merry, D. J. Parr (Mark of Distinction, University Medal), H. P. Tarnesby, D. L. C. Thomas, G. C. Turle. Branch IV (Midwifery and Diseases of Women): J. C. Brace, S. Burke, F. Denny, J. Elstub, G. W. Garland, D. W. S. Gordon, J. M. Holmes, R. Moolan-Feroze, Elsie M. Sibthorpe, N. G. G. Talbot. Branch VI (Tropical Medicine): J. C. L. Adams, P. B. Adamson, A. C. S. Hobson.

The following candidates at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine have been approved at the examination indicated:

ACADEMIC POSTGRADUATE CERTIFICATE IN PUBLIC HEALTH.—I. Ash, Dorothy J. Ball, S. Bano, Mary M. M. Boyd, D. E. Boye-Johnson, R. Bradley, J. H. Brodie, P. P. M. Browne, Gwen S. Clark, J. Clearkin, C. Eid, A. J. Essex-Cater, R. S. Gibson, L. P. Harington, I. K. Hay, G. B. Hopkins, I. A. Hussein, Dorothy D. Jones, F. R. S. Kellett, A. J. I. Kelynack, S. Khuri-Otaqui, J. H. Lewis, K. H. Lim, B. Mahadevan, Mavis H. Mortimer, H. Mowschenson, A. Natarajan, F. G. Neild, B. Nicholson, W. L. Palmer, G. A. Real Jimenez, E. P. Rigby, W. F. Ross, M. C. Sanyal, J. H. Taylor, M. Tha Tun, D. E. Thompson, A. M. Thomson, D. R. Thomson, G. F. Willson, A. B. Wittek, C. H. Wood, A. Zahra, A. A. Zaki.

Dr. Mary F. Lockett has been recognized as a teacher of physiology and pharmacology in the University at the Chelsea Polytechnic. (Corrected announcement.)

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND

At a meeting of the Council of the College held on January 8, with Sir Cecil Wakeley, President, in the chair, the Cecil Joll Prize for 1953 was awarded to Mr. Geoffrey Keynes. A Laming Evans Research Fellowship was awarded to Dr. Angus McPherson for his research into the blood-flow changes in the limbs in poliomyelitis. A Hunterian Professorship was awarded to Professor H. R. Dew for a lecture to be delivered during his visit as Sir Arthur Sims Commonwealth Travelling Professor in 1953. Erasmus Wilson Demonstratorships were awarded to Mr. V. E. Negus, Sir Frank Colyer, and Dr. B. E. Heard, and an Arnott Demonstratorship to Mr. L. E. C. Norbury.

The following were elected to the Fellowship of the Faculty of Anaesthetists: Dr. J. G. Bourne (Salisbury), Dr. H. G. Epstein (Oxford), Professor Fernando Hudon (Quebec), Dr. J. V. Mitchell (Oxford), Dr. G. Jackson-Rees (Liverpool), Dr. Arnold Robertson (Brisbane), Dr. A. Slater (New Zealand), Dr. B. N. Sircar (Bombay).

Diplomas of Membership were granted to A. G. N. Calder (Middlesex), K. G. Lupprian (St. Thomas's), and N. E. Pitts (Sheffield).

Diplomas were awarded, jointly with the Royal College of Physicians of London, as follows:

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHETICS.—D. E. Argent, A. Banerjee, D. W. Barron, M. McC. Burrows, K. B. Chambers, C. C. D. Chandler, H. S. Cohen, E. A. Cooper, J. S. Crawford, D. W. J. Cullingford, L. D. Davidson, B. H. Egerton, S. Galloon, Rosalinde J. Harrison, Pamela M. Hellings, Frances S. Huxley, E. G. A. Jackson, J. W. Latham, R. A. L. Leatherdale, S. McKechnie, A. V. McVey, A. H. B. Masson, R. A. Millar, A. C. Milne, P. R. H. Molesworth, Ruth Molphy, E. J. O'Mullane, Doreen B. Pallot, J. Parkhouse,

C. Pearce, D. J. Pearce, S. Ponnambalam, L. T. Rees, P. W. H. Robinson, F. M. Sandford, P. H. Simmons, W. D. Turner, D. C. White.

DIPLOMA IN LARYNGOLOGY AND OTOLOGY.—T. L. Bradbeer, D. C. J. Carter, G. O. Clark, D. A. Clements, J. B. David, J. W. T. Dixon, A. K. Ghosh, H. V. Jones, K. V. Krishnamurthy, J. Lapper, J. Littlejohn, A. Majali, J. S. Martin, H. W. H. Shepherd, D. W. Stuart, J. K. Suryodayam.

DIPLOMA IN PSYCHOLOGICAL MEDICINE.—R. H. Boardman, K. N. Kothaneth, T. R. Malloy, T. L. Pilkington, J. W. Warboys.

DIPLOMA IN TROPICAL MEDICINE AND HYGIENE.—H. Barakat, M. S. Boparai, T. Mirza.

DIPLOMA IN PATHOLOGY.—J. N. Dearnaley, J. S. Elwood, M. M. Friedman, E. M. Stirk, Jean E. D. Taylor.

DIPLOMA IN CHILD HEALTH.—A. Banerjee.

Hospitals were recognized under paragraph 23 of the F.R.C.S. regulations as follows: Royal Hospital, Wolverhampton, Paragraph 23c, senior registrar (senior house officer); house officer. Doncaster Royal Infirmary, Paragraph 23c, ear, nose, and throat house-surgeon (senior house officer). Barnet General Hospital. two house-surgeons (general surgery); house-surgeon (orthopaedics), all for six months. Haymeads Hospital, Bishop's Stortford, senior house officer (surgical) for six months. Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford, Paragraph 23b, ophthalmological and neurological senior house officer. Harrogate and District General Hospital, decennial revision, registrar, general surgery; registrar, orthopaedics; two house-surgeons, all for six months. Croydon General Hospital, principal surgical officer (or senior surgical registrar); surgical registrar, both for one year. St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Rochester, casualty house-surgeon (January 1, 1954). Gravesend and North Kent Hospital, casualty officer (January 1, 1954). St. Mary's Hospital, Portsmouth, extension of temporary recognition until January 1, 1954, senior surgical registrar; surgical registrar, each for 12 months; housesurgeon (general surgery and orthopaedics); house-surgeon (general surgery), each for six months. Clare Hall Hospital, Barnet, registrar (surgical); senior house officer (surgical), each for six months. Southport General Infirmary, revision, registrar (in place of senior registrar); two house-surgeons for six months (until January 1, 1954). Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Gateshead, house officer; surgical registrar, both for six months. Sunderland General Hospital, additional recognition, first house-surgeon for six months. Ryhope General Hospital, Sunderland, first housesurgeon; senior house-surgeon, both for six months. Hospital, Lahore, three registrars and six house-surgeons for six months (for one year). Central Middlesex Hospital, decennial revision, two registrars (general and neurology); one registrar (general and urology); one registrar (general and orthopaedics), all for one year; three house-surgeons (general and neurology); two house-surgeons (general and urology); one house-surgeon (orthopaedics), all for six months. Casualty posts, two senior house-surgeons, casualty, from January 1, 1954. Doncaster Royal Infirmary, Paragraph 23b, ophthalmic house-surgeon. Royal Homoeopathic Hospital, London, decennial revision, house-surgeon (genera!) for six months. St. Martin's Hospital, Bath, additional recognition, orthopaedic house-surgeon for six months. Cheltenham General Hospital, decennial revision, resident surgical officer, two house-surgeons, all for six months. King Edward VII Hospital, Windsor, decennial revision, surgical registrar for one year; first, second, and third house-surgeons for six months. Casualty posts, casualty officer (senior house officer), from January 1, 1954.

Vital Statistics

Infectious Diseases

A large rise occurred in the incidence of infectious diseases in England and Wales during the week ending January 3. The numbers of notifications always rise in the week after Christmas, compensating for the fall recorded in the preceding week, but the rise recorded this year is larger than usual. The increase included 16,308 for measles, from 14,189 to 30,497, 1,048 for whooping-cough, from 1,117 to 2,165, 597 for acute pneumonia, from 826 to 1,423, 358 for scarlet fever, from 1,358 to 1,716, and 78 for dysentery, from 184 to 262.

The rise in the incidence of measles was mainly concentrated in and around London. The largest increases were

Emergency Bed Service: Applications and Admissions.-During the seven days ending January 19 the number of applications made by doctors to the London Emergency Bed Service for admission of patients was 1,700, of whom 83.97% were admitted. A white warning, indicating that the percentage of admissions fell below 85, was issued on January 6.

COMING EVENTS

The British Council for Rehabilitation has arranged a one-day conference on "Speeding recovery through the closer co-operation of hospitals and industry," which will be held at the Royal College of Nursing, Henrietta Place, London, W.1, on February 4. The conference is intended for industrial medical officers and nurses. The fee is 15s., and bookings should be made in advance with the general secretary, British Council for Rehabilitation, Tavistock House (South), Tavistock Square, London, W.C.1.

Oxford Graduates Medical Club.—Sir Rudolph Peters, F.R.S., will take the chair at the winter dinner of the Oxford Graduates Medical Club at the Royal College of Surgeons on January 30 at 7 p.m. Tickets (price 30s.) may be obtained from Mr. Selwyn Taylor, 3, Roedean Crescent, Roehampton, S.W.15.

The Psychology of Eating.—The Scottish Group of the Nutrition Society will hold a conference on "The Psychology of Eating" in the Anatomy Lecture Theatre, Marischal College, Aberdeen, on January 31 at 1.20 p.m. Professor Rex Knight will be in the chair, and other speakers will include Professor W. M. Millar, Professor C. F. W. Illingworth, Dr. C. F. Rolland, Dr. J. M. Walker, and Dr. C. G. Kennedy.

SOCIETIES AND LECTURES

Details in this column are necessarily brief. Further information and tickets where required (marked

) should be obtained from the institution

INSTITUTE OF PSYCHIATRY.-5.30 p.m., Dr. E. Stengel: Lecture-demonstration

for postgraduates.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON.—8.30 p.m., discussion to be introduced by Mr. W. J. Dempster, Mr. B. W. Rycroft, and Mr. A. L. Schofield: Present Status and Future Prospects of Homologous Tissue Transplanta-

Tuesday, January 27

BRITISH POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL FEDERATION.—At London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, 5.30 p.m., Sir Frederic Bartlett, F.R.S.: Nature and Place of Thinking in Medicine.

NSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY.—5.30 p.m., Dr. P. Wade: Treatment of the

Epithelioma.

LONDON UNIVERSITY.—At London Hospital Medical College, 5.30 p.m., Professor A. Claude (Brussels): Technical Aspects of Cell Research. WEST END HOSPITAL FOR NERVOUS DISEASES.—5.30 p.m., Mr. J. Minton: Ocular Manifestations in Nervous Disease: Part II. LONDON UNIVERSITY.

Wednesday, January 28

CAMBRIDGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—At Addenbrooke's Hospital, 8.15 p.m., A.G.M. Professor J. Dixon Boyd: "Pigment Cells" in Man. EDINBURGH CLINICAL CLUB.—4 p.m., visit to Experimental Practice Dispensional Computation of the Compu

A.G.M. Professor J. Dixon Boyd: "Pigment Cells" in Man. Edinsured Clinical Club.—4 p.m., visit to Experimental Practice Dispensary, Richmond Street.

Illuminating Engineering Society.—At Royal Institution, 6 p.m., Second Trotter-Paterson Memorial Lecture by Dr. E. D. Adrian, O.M., P.R.S.: Nervous Reactions of the Retina.

Institute of Dermatology.—5.30 p.m., Dr. H. Haber: Precancerous Conditions of the Skin.

Institute of Urrology.—At St. Paul's Hospital, W.C., 4.30 p.m., Dr. R. Thomson: Laboratory Aids to Diagnosis.

Renal Association.—At 41, Portland Place, W., 4 for 4.30 p.m., Mr. A. W. Wilkinson: Biochemical Changes after Transplantation of the Ureters; Mr. D. Innes Williams: Long-term Results of Transplantation of the Ureters for Ectopia Vesicae.

Royal Eye Hospital Clinical Society.—At Royal College of Surgeons of England, 8 p.m., demonstration of work of Ophthalmological Research Unit, Royal Eye Hospital, and Royal College of Surgeons of England.

Royal Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of England.

Royal Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glassow.—5 p.m., Finlayson Memorial Lecture by Professor E. J. Wayne: The Heart in Endocrine Disease.

Society of Chemical Industry: Food Group—Nutrition' Panel.—At Burlington House, W., 6.15 p.m., Dr. G. A. C. Herklots and Professor J. Yudkin: Food and the Future—Present Methods of Attack on the Problem.

Thursday, January 29

BRITISH POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL FEDERATION.—At London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine. 5.30 p.m., Sir Alexander Fleming, F.R.S.: Recent Progress in Antibiotics.

EDINBURGH UNIVERSITY.—At University New Buildings, 5 p.m., Professor Jean Fiolle (Aix-Marseille): Diagnosis and Treatment of Embolisms of Arteries of the Limbs.

PSOM AND SUTTON INTER-HOSPITAL PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION.—At St. Ebbas's Hospital, 6 p.m., clinical meeting. Dr. H. H. Robinson: Combined Insulin Coma and E.C.T. Treatment; Dr. D. E. Sands: Some Observations on 200 Patients Treated by Leucotomy with the Use of Three

Forms of Operation.

GLASGOW UNIVERSITY MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY.—At Glasgow University Union, 7.30 p.m., Mr. A. W. Kay: Ulcer Problem: The Quest for Achlorbydria.

● INSTITUTE OF CHILD HEALTH.—5 p.m., Mr. H. S. Sharp: Upper Respiratory Tract Disorders.

LONDON UNIVERSITY.—At London Hospital Medical College, 5.30 p.m.,

LONDON UNIVERSITY.—At London Hospital Medical College, 5.30 p.m., Professor A. Claude (Brussels): Morphological and Biochemical Aspects of Cell Structure and Function.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—5 p.m., Dr. G. W. Corner (Washington): Anatomical Illustration and the Fine Arts,

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL COLLEGE.—5 p.m., Sir Geoffrey S. Todd: Modern Methods in the Treatment of Pulmonary Tuberculosis,

St. Andrews University.—At Physiology Department, Dundee, 5 p.m., Professor J. M. Mackintosh: Medical Care To-morrow.

Friday, January 30

●INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY.—5.30 p.m., clinical demonstration by Dr. G. B. Mitchell-Heggs: Acne Vulgaris, Acne Excoriée, and Dermatitis

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PHILOSOPHY.—At University Hall, 14, Gordon Square, W.C., 5.15 p.m., Mr. D. A. Rees, M.A.: Greek Views of Nature and

NOTAL MEDICAL SOCIETY, Edinburgh.—8 p.m., Dr. K. W. Miller: Allergy. UNIVERSITY COLLEGE.—At Physiology Theatre, 5.30 p.m., Professor F. Bergel: Some Chemical Aspects of Normal Growth.

APPOINTMENTS

EYTON-JONES, JACK, M.B., Ch.B., D.Obst.R.C.O.G., Obstetrical Gynaecological Registrar, Scarsdale Hospital, Chesterfield, Derbyshire. Obstetrical and

HAMMOND, GEOFFREY T.. M.D., M.R.C.O.G., Consultant Obstetrician and Gynaecologist to Winchester Group of Hospitals.

NOTTINGHAM, CITY OF.—Elspeth M. Warwick, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Deputy Medical Officer of Health; Patricia H. S. Shaw, M.D., D.P.H., Senior Medical Officer.

O'RIORDAN, J. P., M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H., D.C.H., Lieutenant-Colonei, I.M.S.(ret.), Port and Airport Medical Officer, Dublin.

RICE-OXLEY, J. M., D.M., M.R.C.P., Consultant Physician to the Chester-field Royal Hospital and hospitals at Worksop and Retford.

field Royal Hospital and hospitals at Worksop and Retford.

St. Hill, Charles A., M.B., Ch.B., Home Office Pathologist (Liverpool Region), attached to Forensic Science Department, Preston.

SOUTH-WESTERN REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD.—A. E. Fyfc, M.B., B.S., Registrar in Obstetrics and Gynaccology, Southmead Hospital, Bristol:

Z. L. Szur, M.B., B.Ch., D.M.R.D., D.M.R., Assistant Radiotherapist, Exeter Clinical Area; J. B. Gordon-Russell, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.P., D.P.M., Consultant Psychiatrist to South Somerset Clinical Area; R. J. Hart, M.B., B.S., Orthopaedic Registrar in North Gloucestershire Clinical

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS

ewis.—On January 11, 1953, at The Maltins. Boars Hill, Oxford, to Dr. Evelyn, wife of Dr. Charles Lewis. a sister for Alexandra—Joanna

DEATHS

Atkinson.—On January 14, 1953, Wilfred Percy Tindal Atkinson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of Old Manse, Fair Green, Sawbridgeworth, Herts, aged 68. Browne.—On January 13, 1953, at the Bristol Royal Infirmary, Frederick William Browne, M.B., B.Ch., of Penhill, Shirehampton, Bristol. Cooper.—On January 15, 1953, at Packhorse Cottage, Bessels Green, Sevenoaks, Kent, John Gerald Cooper, M.B., B.Ch., aged 78.

Cuthbert.—On January 17, 1953, at Dundee, James Arthur Cuthbert, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., of 247, Strathmartine Road, Dundee.

Ch.B., D.P.H., of 247, Strathmartine Road, Dundee.

Elsner.—On January 12, 1953, at Desmesne House, Heighington, Darlington, Co. Durham. Otto William Alexander Elsner, C.B.E., D.S.O., L.R.C.P.&S.I. & L.M., D.P.H., Colonel, R.A.M.C., retired, aged 81, Fowler.—On January 14, 1953, Henry Fowler, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S. of 160, Chislchurst Road, Orpington, Kent.

Grant.—On January 14, 1953, at his home, Hazel Coppice, West Mersea, Essex, Alexander Smeaton Grant, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., aged 83.

Hayman.—On January 9, 1953, at his home, Royden House, Sharnbrook, Beds, Frank Keith Hayman, M.B., F.R.C.S., formerly of Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, aged 59.

Beds, Frank Keith Hayman, M.B., F.R.C.S., Iolineity of Great Talmouth, Norfolk, aged 59.

Lee.—On January 7, 1953, at his home, 7. Upper Maze Hill, St. Leonardson-Sea, Sussex, James Carrel Lee, M.D., C.M., J.P.

McGregor.—On January 12, 1953, at the Princess Royal Hospital, Halifax, Yorks, Robert McGregor, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S., of Moor View. Walsden, Todmorden, Yorks.

March.—On January 14, 1953, Charles March, M.B., Ch.B., of The Little House, Gerrards Cross, Bucks, aged 40.

Martin.—On January 6, 1953, at Hampstead, London, N.W., Alfred John Martin, O.B.E., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.M., of Norgrove, The Bishops Avenue, London, N., aged 43.

Mosse.—On January 7, 1953, Cotton Grimley Tenison Mosse, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of Southminster, Essex.

Robertson.—On January 6, 1953, at Banbury, Oxon, James Fenwick Robertson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., aged 76.

Scott.—On December 8, 1952, at the National Hospital for Nervous Diseases, Queen Square, London, W.C., Phillip Dennis Scott, M.B., B.S., of Clifton Hill, London, N.W., aged 61.

Wilson.—On January 14, 1953, at her home, Roseneath, Fairmoun Road, Cheltenham, Glos, Sarah Wilson (formerly Kaye), M.B., aged 85.

Williamson.—On January 18, 1953, at 11, Chaffer's Mead, Ashtead, Surrey, Williamson.—On January 18, 1953, at 11, Chaffer's Mead, Ashtead, Surrey, John Rutter Williamson, M.D., aged 81.