

staff. In ward M.3 there were 55 patients, with a staff consisting only of the ward sister, two assistant nurses, two pupil nurses, and five orderlies.

On October 11, 1952, Mrs. Greaves was taken from bed to have a bath. Afterwards the ward sister was called to her bed, and found her moaning and in distress and pointing to her leg. The sister saw that there was something wrong with her leg, and suspected a fracture. The three nurses who had been lifting her into bed had heard a "crack" as Mrs. Greaves was lifted, although she had not been bumped or jolted in any way.

The house-physician was called and found her shocked and in pain, with her pulse rapid and feeble. He made her as comfortable as he could, and the house-surgeon put her leg into a Thomas splint. She was moved into ward M.1, the surgical ward. Her condition remained very poor, and she had only a fluid diet. She had several bowel motions and showed signs of urinary infection, which the ward sister reported. On October 18 the house-surgeon in the course of examining Mrs. Greaves found a large swelling in the lower part of her abdomen, and noted it in the records, making a provisional diagnosis that it was a tumour of some kind. He did not consider the matter to be urgent, and so did not report it to the consultant surgeon. The priority of treatment established by the consultant surgeon after the accident was to deal first of all with the fracture.

Three days later, on October 21, Mrs. Greaves died.

Professor Webster was asked on behalf of the coroner's officer to carry out a routine necropsy. He found that Mrs. Greaves had had an extensive stroke, that she had had a fracture of the upper third of the femur, that she had a mass of impacted faeces in the lower bowel, which he weighed and found to amount to 2½ lb. (1.2 kg.), and that she had an ascending infection from the bladder to the kidney.

He came to the conclusion that the fracture was not a spontaneous fracture, although the bone was thin and there was decalcification, because he tried at his examination to snap the bone and could not. He also sawed through it to see how hard it was. He found no bruising or abrasions on Mrs. Greaves's body.

Professor Webster considered that impacted faeces were the cause of the flare-up in the urinary tract. The most obvious cause of the impacting of the faeces would be that she had ceased to have her bowels open either by the fact that she had had no bed-pan or that she had lost the urge by neglecting to listen to the call. He regarded the house-surgeon's failure to report the lump and the consultant's failure to know that it was there until after death as bad doctoring. That constipation to such a degree should be allowed to occur he regarded as bad nursing.

Professor Webster said that he made no allegation of negligence against either the doctors or the nurses.

Dr. Donald Teare, who was called to give evidence on behalf of the doctors in charge of Mrs. Greaves, said that he had studied all the papers in connexion with the death, and had listened to all the evidence given at the inquiry. He accepted the pathological facts found by Professor Webster, but did not draw the same conclusions.

Dr. Teare was satisfied that, taking all the evidence together, the fracture was spontaneous. He would have expected some degree of shock to follow, and infection of the genito-urinary tract was a very common accompaniment. A post-mortem microscopical examination of the kidneys would have indicated the time over which the infection had existed. Constipation was a common occurrence among the chronic sick, particularly when their normal routine was upset. He did not think, from the records and the evidence, that a diagnosis of internal congestion could have been easily made. Treatment to interfere with the constipation could have caused a spread of infection, and there would have been nothing to choose between treating it and leaving it alone. He thought that the house-surgeon's provisional diagnosis of a tumour was an unlikely one.

Dr. Teare said that on Professor Webster's post-mortem findings and with knowledge of the full clinical picture he would not have launched serious allegations of bad doctoring and bad nursing.

After counsel had addressed the Committee on behalf of the nurses and of the doctors in whose care Mrs. Greaves had been, the chairman thanked all who had taken part in the inquiry and said that the report would be submitted to the proper authority in due course.

Universities and Colleges

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON

At a quarterly comitia of the College held on January 29, with the President, Sir Russell Brain, in the chair, Dr. A. S. Barnes was reappointed the College representative on the Court of Governors of Birmingham University; Dr. D. Hunter and Professor C. A. Keele were appointed members of the Joint Formulary Committee; Sir Weldon Dalrymple-Champneys was appointed delegate to the Health Congress of the Royal Sanitary Institute; and Sir Adolphe Abrahams was appointed the College representative on the Professional Classes Aid Council. It was announced that Dr. D. A. Long had been appointed Milroy Lecturer for 1954.

The following candidates, having satisfied the Censors' Board, were elected Members of the College: E. D. Acheson, B.M., Katharine M. S. Ainley-Walker, B.M., J. F. T. Allison, B.M., T. H. Barrie, M.B., R. N. Beck, M.D., B. Bevan, B.M., Major, R.A.M.C., S. K. Biswas, M.B., Joyce B. Burke, M.D., L. H. Capel, M.B., J. M. Cliff, M.B., Surgeon Lieutenant, R.N., J. D. De Jong, M.D., J. E. Forster, M.B., M. Harington, M.B., E. W. Hughes, M.D., A. F. Knyvett, M.B., R. C. Lewis, M.B., C. J. Lucas, M.B., E. M. McLachlan, M.B., R. J. Marshall, M.D., J. Q. Matthias, M.B., G. W. Scott, M.D., H. M. Sinclair, D.M., W. H. J. Summerskill, B.M., J. L. G. Thomson, M.B., Joan M. Wagner, M.B., M. H. Watson, M.B., J. L. Whitby, M.B., J. C. Woodrow, M.B.

Licences to practise were conferred upon the following 92 candidates who had passed the final examination in medicine, surgery, and midwifery of the Conjoint Board and who have complied with the by-laws of the College: B. L. Anderson, L. P. Balfour-Lynn, R. H. Bartley, Yvonne G. Beeching, Mary A. M. Beene, F. A. F. Biddle, A. R. Bollen, W. M. S. Boyd, Margaret H. Bradshaw, Joan T. Bruce, Jessie A. S. D. Burns, A. G. N. Calder, R. Y. Calne, H. T. Chadwick, H. W. V. Charlton, N. Crook, Agnes M. S. Curry, Sylvia J. Darke, P. H. Dennison, P. G. Dunbar, W. A. Elkin, Helen R. Ellis, J. E. Evans, J. L. Evans, Sheila M. Forbes, R. F. Fouche, N. B. Gillison, H. R. Gompertz, R. M. H. Gompertz, A. H. Gretton, M. C. Guard, Mureen E. Hall, A. G. Harrison, M. D. Heyman, M. D. Hickman, E. C. Howarth, R. J. Hutchinson, Shirley M. Inman, E. M. M. Jackson-Moore, J. A. Jemson, D. C. Jenkins, J. K. Johnson, C. G. Keith, W. J. Lawrence, R. E. Lovelace, K. G. Luppran, Irene M. McAndrew, R. M. A. McClelland, H. G. McDonald, J. A. McHardy, W. M. McIsaac, E. N. McKenzie, M. C. G. Mantell, J. Marryat, Gillian G. Matthews, L. J. Miller, Margaret E. C. Mitchell, G. L. Money, P. B. Moorhead, K. E. Murray, F. G. M. G. Myer, J. S. Norell, J. J. Parry, N. E. Pitts, M. F. Porter, J. F. Pritchard, D. Ricketts, W. H. Rout, J. A. Rozario, K. E. Schmidt, Rita W. Shannon, C. S. Sheldon, F. G. A. Shenton, G. Singh, J. Stark, I. A. Stewart, B. A. Thompson, R. W. Tooley, A. D. Tuddenham, B. A. Tudgay, J. L. Turk, Maire P. Wallington, J. W. S. Webb, F. L. Whalley, Dorothy J. Whitney, J. R. Williams, A. G. Winfield, D. W. Wood, J. C. Worswick, A. P. J. Wynne-Jones, J. R. Young, K. J. Zilkha.

Diplomas were granted, jointly with the Royal College of Surgeons of England, as follows:

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHETICS.—I. Jackson, and to the candidates whose names were printed in the report of the meeting of the Royal College of Surgeons of England in the *Journal* of January 24 (p. 226).

DIPLOMA IN TROPICAL MEDICINE AND HYGIENE.—H. Barakat, M. S. Bopari, M. J. J. T. Becker, T. Mirza.

DIPLOMA IN CHILD HEALTH.—A. Banerjee.

DIPLOMA IN INDUSTRIAL HEALTH.—D. N. Bhatavadekar, W. T. Buckle, P. N. B. Peacock, D. Ramadwar, E. S. O. Smith.

DIPLOMA IN PUBLIC HEALTH.—T. C. R. Archer, E. M. Ensor, S. Jawhar, G. S. Kambourian, A. McGregor, A. K. Mitra, W. T. D. Ray, J. E. C. Robinson, J. P. Scrivener, F. J. Wickremasinghe, O. S. Williams.

Diplomas in Laryngology and Otology, in Pathology, and in Psychological Medicine were also conferred, jointly with the Royal College of Surgeons of England, to the candidates whose names were printed in the report of the meeting of the Royal College of Surgeons of England in the *Journal* of January 24.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH

On November 5 the Honorary Fellowship of the College was conferred on Sir Cecil Wakeley and on Sir Reginald Watson-Jones. The Vice-President, Mr. W. Quarry Wood, in presenting Sir Cecil Wakeley, referred to his achievements as surgeon, as author, and as President of the Royal College of Surgeons of England. Mr. R. I. Stirling, in presenting Sir Reginald Watson-Jones, spoke of his career in orthopaedic surgery, culminating in his appointments as Extra Orthopaedic Surgeon to the Queen and as president of the British Orthopaedic Association. Mr. Stirling referred also to the recent conference of the Orthopaedic Surgeons of the English-speaking World, which owed its inspiration and success to Sir Reginald Watson-Jones.

At a meeting of the College held on December 17, 1952, with Professor Walter Mercer, President, in the chair, the following candidates, having passed the requisite examinations, were admitted Fellows: W. A. Anderson, M. I. Anwar, M. Anwer, Agnes U. Campbell, B. M. Corkill, C. M. Couves, R. M. Gaitonde, G. B. Gibson, R. W. L. Heddle, J. H. Hofmeqr, V. M. Kini, I. C. S. Knight, Guan Bee Ong, J. N. Ravalía, J. White.

ROYAL FACULTY OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF GLASGOW

At a meeting of the Faculty held on January 5, with Dr. Andrew Allison, President, in the chair, the following were admitted Fellows of Faculty *qua* Physician: Oon Teik Khoo, N. C. Mallik.

CONJOINT BOARD OF IRELAND

The following candidates were duly admitted Licentiates in Medicine and Midwifery on December 5, having passed the final examination in medicine, surgery, and midwifery of the Conjoint Board of Ireland: K. A. Beahan, A. Blake, Mary F. Bonar, R. Calo, G. J. Coghlan, A. W. Eldemire, J. E. Fahy, M. B. Griffin, W. W. Kohler, L. G. Meagher, P. Michalski, J. A. Moffitt, D. MacAlister, F. McCrystal, Marianne Neumann, W. Nolan, Gertrude Shaw, Gustawa Stendig, H. R. Trueman, Audrey Wilkinson.

FACULTY OF RADIOLOGISTS

The following candidates have satisfied the examiners for the Fellowship of the Faculty of Radiologists: *Radiodiagnosis*, P. M. Davies, J. D. Dow, J. R. Dow, E. P. G. H. du Boulay, C. J. Hodson, J. F. K. Hutton, G. M. Sinclair, C. G. Whiteside. *Radiotherapy*, R. Gibb, C. L. Lewis.

ROYAL MEDICO-PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION

The following candidates were successful at the Association's November examinations for the Diploma in Psychological Medicine: *Part I*.—J. K. Arkle, L. N. Cook, B. W. Davy, R. S. Ferguson, T. E. Hall, T. B. Stephens, R. M. Taylor. *Part II*.—D. S. G. M. Bailey, D. R. Moore, D. G. D. T. Smedberg, W. L. Walker.

whooping-cough 2,792, diphtheria 19, measles 21,882, acute poliomyelitis 24, dysentery 419, paratyphoid fever 8, and typhoid fever 3.

The December Fog

The fog that covered London in the first half of December was determined by absence of wind combined with low temperature. At ground level and for many feet above there was no air movement; smoke, sulphur oxides, and other contaminants therefore increased to concentrations above average. The table below shows how, during the first fortnight of December, the smoke and sulphur dioxide contents of the air increased and then declined. The figures for December 7-8 are the highest recorded at County Hall.

Date	Smoke	Sulphur Dioxide
Dec. 1	0.30	0.090
" 2	0.49	0.155
" 3	0.61	0.220
" 4	0.49	0.144
" 5	2.64	0.751
" 6	3.45	0.855
" 7	4.46	1.339
" 8	4.46	1.339
" 9	1.22	0.472
" 10	1.22	0.472
" 11	0.32	0.224
" 12	0.29	0.225
" 13	0.50	0.263
" 14	0.32	0.155

NOTE.—Smoke expressed as milligrams of black suspended matter per cubic metre of air. Sulphur dioxide expressed as parts per million by volume.

The above information is taken from a report of the Medical Officer of Health to London County Council, Dr. J. A. Scott, to the health committee of the Council.

Infectious Diseases

The largest changes in the number of notifications of infectious diseases in England and Wales during the week ending January 17 were a decrease of 3,355 for measles, from 24,738 to 21,383; and increases of 351 for scarlet fever, from 1,238 to 1,589; 100 for whooping-cough, from 2,060 to 2,160; and 98 for dysentery, from 214 to 312.

The largest falls in the number of notifications of measles were 638 in Essex, from 2,448 to 1,810; 373 in Warwickshire, from 1,543 to 1,170; 286 in Kent, from 1,397 to 1,111; 257 in Lancashire, from 2,021 to 1,764; and 216 in Hertfordshire, from 700 to 484. The only large exception to the general decline in the incidence of measles was a rise of 91 in Southampton County, where the notifications rose from 1,676 to 1,767. Small rises in the incidence of scarlet fever occurred in most areas, but the only increase of any size was 78 in Lancashire, where the notifications rose from 197 to 275. The largest rise in the number of notifications of whooping-cough was 56 in Lancashire, from 427 to 483, and the largest fall was 30 in Yorkshire West Riding, from 224 to 194.

12 cases of diphtheria were notified, 10 fewer than in the preceding week. This is the smallest number of cases of diphtheria ever notified, being 3 below the preceding lowest level recorded 16 weeks ago. 5 of the 12 cases were notified in Lancashire.

There were 31 cases of acute poliomyelitis—2 more for paralytic and 5 fewer for non-paralytic cases than in the preceding week. The largest returns were Sussex 4 (Midhurst R.D. 2) and Yorkshire West Riding 4.

Two new outbreaks of dysentery were reported during the week—41 cases in East Ham C.B. and 10 cases in Yorkshire East Riding, Haltemprice U.D. The other large returns were Lancashire 81 (Preston R.D. 34, Liverpool C.B. 23), Lincolnshire 58 (Grimsby C.B. 57), London 19, and Middlesex 14. The outbreak in Grimsby C.B. has persisted for 18 weeks, and 348 cases have been notified so far.

72 deaths were attributed to influenza in the great towns during the week.

Vital Statistics

Industrial Accidents and Diseases in 1952

There were 1,472 deaths from accidents of workpeople in the course of their employment in the United Kingdom during 1952. These comprised 472 in mines and quarries, 804 in factories, docks, etc., and 196 in the railway service. In addition the deaths of 145 seamen were reported.

Cases of industrial disease notified numbered 471, and included 48 of lead-poisoning, 20 of anthrax, 158 of epitheliomatous ulceration, and 217 of chrome ulceration.—*Ministry of Labour Gazette*, January, 1953.

Week Ending January 24

The notifications of infectious diseases in England and Wales during the week included scarlet fever 1,832,

Sir Heneage Ogilvie's appointment as praelector in the faculty of medicine at St. Andrews University (see *Journal*, January 17, p. 169) is for one week only. Immediately afterwards he will be returning to London.

Emergency Bed Service: Applications and Admissions.—During the seven days ending February 2 the number of applications made by doctors to the London Emergency Bed Service for admission of patients was 2,065, of whom 88.47% were admitted. In spite of this higher level of acceptances, on February 2 the previous red warning was changed only to yellow. This is because the present favourable trend could easily be reversed at very short notice.

COMING EVENTS

Education in Nutrition.—The Nutrition Society is holding a whole-day symposium at King's College of Household and Social Science, Campden Hill Road, London, W.8, on Saturday, March 7, on the subject of "Education in Nutrition in the United Kingdom." The chairman will be Professor J. Yudkin. Further particulars may be obtained from the programmes secretary, Dr. R. J. L. Allen, Monkhouse and Glasscock Ltd., Snow's Fields, London, S.E.1.

Course on Rheumatic Diseases.—A week-end course on "The Chronic Rheumatic Diseases" is to be held at the Rheumatism Unit of St. Stephen's Hospital, Chelsea, on March 21 and 22. The course will be opened by Dr. P. M. F. Bishop, and will include lectures and practical demonstrations. Further details may be obtained from the secretary, Fellowship of Postgraduate Medicine, 1, Wimpole Street, London, W.1.

NEW ISSUES

British Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry.—The next issue (Vol. 16, No. 1) will be available in a week's time. The contents include:

- APHASIA. Sir Charles Symonds.
THE EFFECTS OF METHEDRINE AND OF LYSERGIC ACID DIETHYLAMIDE ON MENTAL PROCESSES AND ON THE BLOOD ADRENALINE LEVEL. D. W. Liddell and H. Weil-Malherbe.
INVESTIGATION OF AMNESIC DEFECTS BY PROGRESSIVE PROMPTING. Moyra Williams.
THE STUDY OF THE PARAESTHESIAE INDUCED BY COLD. John Marshall.
AFFECTIVE EPILEPSY. L. van der Horst.
THE EPILEPTIC THRESHOLD IN SCHIZOPHRENIA. J. Hoenig and D. M. Leiberman.
DISTURBANCES OF OCULOMOTOR FUNCTION ACCOMPANYING EXTRADURAL HAEMORRHAGE. S. Sunderland and K. C. Bradley.
THE INTRA-ARTERIAL INJECTION OF NEOSTIGMINE AS A DIAGNOSTIC TEST IN MYASTHENIA GRAVIS. E. C. Hutchinson and W. B. Matthews.
THE NEUROLOGICAL ASPECTS OF DERMATOMYOSITIS. W. B. Matthews and J. C. Burne.

Issued quarterly; annual subscription £2 2s., single copy 12s. 6d.; obtainable from the Publishing Manager, B.M.A. House, Tavistock Square, London, W.C.1.

SOCIETIES AND LECTURES

Details in this column are necessarily brief. Further information and tickets where required (marked ●) should be obtained from the institution concerned.

Monday, February 9

- BRITISH SOCIETY FOR THE STUDY OF ORTHODONTICS.—7.30 p.m., Dr. H. R. E. Wallis: Medical Aspects of Mal-occlusion.
INSTITUTE OF NEUROLOGY.—5 p.m., Professor E. Bay (Heidelberg): The So-called Visual Agnosias.
INSTITUTE OF PSYCHIATRY.—5.30 p.m., Dr. E. Stengel: lecture-demonstration for postgraduates.
MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON.—8.30 p.m., discussion to be introduced by Dr. W. E. Snell and Mr. V. C. Thompson: Recent Methods in the Treatment of Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Tuesday, February 10

- BRITISH POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL FEDERATION.—At London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, 5.30 p.m., Dr. Honor B. Fell, F.R.S.: Organ Culture in Biological and Medical Research.
CHELSEA CLINICAL SOCIETY.—At South Kensington Hotel, 8.30 p.m., discussion to be opened by Mr. J. Betjeman, Sir Heneage Ogilvie, and Mr. Gilbert Harding: The Importance of Leisure.
●INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY.—5.30 p.m., Mr. A. K. Monro: Hypostatic Eczema and Ulceration.
ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON.—5 p.m., Milroy Lecture by Dr. W. R. S. Doll: Bronchial Carcinoma, Incidence and Aetiology.
ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND.—5 p.m., Hunterian Lecture by Professor T. E. Cawthorne: Surgery of the Temporal Bone.
WEST END HOSPITAL FOR NERVOUS DISEASES.—5.30 p.m., Mr. G. C. Knight: Treatment of Head Injury.

Wednesday, February 11

- INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY.—5.30 p.m., Dr. H. Haber: Benign Tumours of the Corium.
INSTITUTE OF UROLOGY.—At St. Paul's Hospital, W.C., 4.30 for 5 p.m., Mr. A. R. C. Higham: Eneuresis.
LONDON UNIVERSITY.—At London Hospital Medical College, 5 p.m., Professor A. Giroud (Paris): Factors of Abnormal Development.
ROYAL FACULTY OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF GLASGOW.—5 p.m., Dr. John Burns Lecture by Dr. R. R. Willcox: The Treponemal Diseases.

Thursday, February 12

- ALFRED ADLER MEDICAL SOCIETY.—At 11, Chandos Street, W., 8 p.m., Dr. M. N. Pai: Indications for Hypnosis in Psychotherapy.
BRITISH POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL FEDERATION.—At London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, 5.30 p.m., Professor P. C. C. Garnham: Life Cycle of the Malaria Parasite.
GLASGOW UNIVERSITY MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY.—At Glasgow University Union, 7.30 p.m., Group Captain W. K. Stewart: Aviation Physiology.
●HUNTERIAN SOCIETY.—At Savoy Hotel, W.C., 7 for 7.30 p.m., annual dinner.
●INSTITUTE OF CHILD HEALTH.—5 p.m., Dr. E. M. Creak: Behaviour Problems in Early Childhood.
●INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY.—5.30 p.m., Dr. R. W. Riddell: Mycology—Diagnostic Techniques.
LIVERPOOL MEDICAL INSTITUTION.—8 p.m., Mr. F. R. Edwards: Present Position of the Surgery of the Heart and Great Vessels.
OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—At Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre, 8.30 p.m., Mr. H. J. Seddon: Colonial Medicine.
ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL COLLEGE.—5 p.m., Dr. R. Lewthwaite: Typhus Group of Fevers (with lantern slides).
ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON.—5 p.m., Milroy Lecture by Dr. W. R. S. Doll: Bronchial Carcinoma, Incidence and Aetiology.
ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND.—5 p.m., Hunterian Lecture by Professor W. Hynes: Results of Pharyngoplasty by Muscle Transplantation in "Failed Cleft-palate" Cases, with Special Reference to the Influence of the Pharynx on Voice Production.
ST. ANDREWS UNIVERSITY.—At Physiology Department, Dundee, 5 p.m., Professor J. W. McLeod, F.R.S.: Nature of Anaerobic Infections and their Control.

Friday, February 13

- ASSOCIATION OF INDUSTRIAL MEDICAL OFFICERS (LONDON GROUP).—At London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, 5.30 p.m., clinical meeting.
●INSTITUTE OF DERMATOLOGY.—5.30 p.m., clinical demonstration by Dr. H. Gordon: Benign New Growths.
ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND.—4 p.m., Hunterian Oration by Mr. L. E. C. Norbury: The Hunterian Era—its Influence on the Art and Science of Surgery.
ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PHILOSOPHY.—At University Hall, 14, Gordon Square, W.C., 5.15 p.m., Professor J. N. Findlay: Wittgenstein's Philosophical Studies.
ROYAL MEDICAL SOCIETY, Edinburgh.—8 p.m., Sir Clement Price Thomas: Carcinoma of the Lung.

Saturday, February 14

- SOUTH-EAST METROPOLITAN REGIONAL TUBERCULOSIS SOCIETY.—At London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, 10.30 for 11 a.m., Dr. Neville Oswald: Bronchitis.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS

BIRTHS

- Bower.—On January 21, 1953, at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham, to Christine (formerly Aitchison), M.B., D.Obst.R.C.O.G., wife of B. D. Bower, M.B., M.R.C.P., a son.
Davies.—On January 22, 1953, to Dr. Winifred M. Davies (formerly Haigh), wife of Dr. D. M. Davies, Meadehurst, Glebelands Road, Prestwich, Lancs, a son.
Maxwell.—On January 25, 1953, at St. Mary's Hospital, London, W., to Joan (formerly Eggleston), wife of Dr. W. Murray I. Maxwell, a son—Christopher Murray.

MARRIAGES

- Lovibond—Carew-Jones.—On December 12, 1952, in London, John Locke Lovibond, T.D., M.D., F.R.C.P., to Mary Carew-Jones.

DEATHS

- Anderson.—On January 18, 1953, John Anderson, M.B., C.M., of 7, Ashcroft Road, Ipswich, Suffolk, aged 83.
Barrett.—On January 22, 1953, at the Lindo Wing, St. Mary's Hospital, London, W., Henry Edward Barrett, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of 33, Holland Park, London, W., aged 75.
Bellis.—On January 19, 1953, at his home, Wernto, Llanfairfechan, Caern., Thomas Bellis, M.B., Ch.B.
Bisset.—On January 20, 1953, at 37, Bankhurst Road, London, S.E., Mary Ronald Bisset, M.B., Ch.B., late of Bhiwani, India.
Burden.—On January 18, 1953, at Pine Grange, Bournemouth, Hants, Henry Burden, C.I.E., F.R.C.S., Colonel, I.M.S., retired, aged 85.
Clark.—On January 20, 1953, at Peebles, Scotland, Robert Veitch Clark, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., formerly of Manchester, aged 76.
Hodges.—On January 17, 1953, at Bulan, Perranporth, Cornwall, Richard Harold Hodges, M.C., L.R.C.P.&S.I. & L.M., Major, R.A.M.C., retired, aged 65.
James.—On January 22, 1953, John Angell James, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of "Dusk," Elmlea Avenue, Bristol, aged 89.
Joy.—On January 20, 1953, at Chichester, Norman Humbert Joy, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., late of Bradfield, Berks, aged 78.
Paget-Tomlinson.—On January 20, 1953, at Summerhill, Ulverston, Lancs, Edward Edmondson Paget-Tomlinson, M.D., aged 70.
Stonham.—On January 20, 1953, at his home, Worthing, Sussex, Thomas George Stonham, M.D., aged 95.
Webb.—On January 23, 1953, in a nursing-home, Cambridge, Charles Carew Webb, M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H., of 8, Millington Road, Cambridge, aged 87.