

## NOTES OF THE WAR.

## CHARITY IN ELECTIONS.

AN effort will be made to infuse an element of charity into the elections about to be held for the first Reichstag of the new German empire. The Berlin Central Help Committee has addressed letters to the international aid-unions throughout Germany, expressing a desire that at the next election of members of the Reichstag the opportunity may be taken of making a collection in support of the voluntary aid of the sick and wounded. The Committee remark that the closely approaching day on which the German voters will be called on to seal, by the election of the first Reichstag, the union of the German races and the re-establishment of the German empire, seems an especially appropriate occasion for remembering those who have laid down their lives and health in the contest, and those who are now suffering from wounds and disease. It is therefore suggested that collecting-boxes, with the inscription, "The thanks of the electors to the German warriors", be placed in the voting rooms on the day of election, and that the money thus collected be applied to the use of the sick and wounded.

## AID TO THE SICK AND WOUNDED.

THE sixth report of the Berlin Society for the Aid of the Sick and Wounded in War has lately been issued. During the half-year ending January 22nd, 251 consignments of articles had been made to depôts, 516 to lazareths, and 52 to the armies in the field. The Central Committee had expended about 2,030,000 thalers in the purchase of necessary articles; and much assistance had also been received in the form of numerous gifts of useful materials of various kinds. Among the articles sent out by the Committee were the following: 74,000 blankets, 51,000 ells of India-rubber cloth and water-proof sheets, 557,000 woollen stockings, 233,000 pairs of drawers and 137,000 of socks, 196,000 shirts and 345,000 body-bandages, 1,065,000 bandages of all kinds, 69,000 pounds of charpie, 283,000 compresses; together with a large number of surgical instruments and apparatus, including 90,000 packets of Dover's powder and of quinine and morphia, 50,000 bottles of laudanum and 10,000 of hydrate of chloral, and more than 3,000 pounds of chloroform. The articles sent included also 244,000 hams and pieces of smoked meat, 43,000 pounds of sausages and 13,000 of extract of meat, together with a million bottles of wine, cognac, arrack, liqueurs, brandy, etc.

## ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

## NORTH WALES BRANCH.

THE next intermediate general meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Belvoir Hotel, Rhyl, on Tuesday, February 14th. Members of the Council of the Branch are requested to meet at 12.30 P.M. The general meeting will commence at 1 P.M.: T. F. EDWARDS, Esq., Denbigh, President.

Dinner will be provided at the end of the meeting to suit members leaving by early trains.

Gentlemen who intend to be present, to communicate papers or cases, and who purpose dining, will please to send early notice to

D. KENT JONES, *Honorary Secretary*.

Beaumaris, January 25th, 1871.

## BATH AND BRISTOL BRANCH.

THE next meeting of the session will be held at the York House, Bath, on Thursday evening, March 2nd, at 7 o'clock; CHARLES BLEECK, Esq., President.

R. S. FOWLER, } *Honorary Secretaries*.  
E. C. BOARD, }

Bath, February 8th, 1871.

## METROPOLITAN COUNTIES BRANCH.

AN ordinary meeting of this Branch will be held at the Charing Cross Hotel, on Friday, March 3rd, at 8 P.M.; T. HECKSTALL SMITH, Esq., President, in the Chair.

Mr. Fairlie Clarke will read a paper on the Medical Aspects of Pauperism.

A. P. STEWART, M.D. } *Honorary Secretaries*.  
ALEXANDER HENRY, M.D. }

London, February 9th, 1871.

## SOUTH-EASTERN BRANCH: EAST SUSSEX DISTRICT MEDICAL MEETINGS.

THE March meeting of members of the above District will be held on Wednesday, March 8th, at 3.30 P.M., at the Sussex Hotel, Tunbridge Wells: CHARLES TRUSTRAM, Esq., in the Chair.

Gentlemen willing to contribute papers, etc., will greatly oblige by letting me know at their earliest convenience.

Dinner will be provided at 5.15 precisely. Charge, 5s., exclusive of wine.

FREDK. CHAS. MUDD, *Honorary Secretary*.

Albion Villa, Uckfield, February 7th, 1871.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## MEDICAL REFORM.

SIR,—My recent letter on medical reform has drawn forth a great deal of comment, and replies of two kinds. In the first place, I have received assurances more by far than I anticipated in favour of the views which I ventured to express. But it is the second kind of reply of which I wish now by your permission to speak. I have received from many gentlemen of high place in the British Medical Association certain serious remonstrances which I was bound to respect, but accompanied with expressions of courtesy and personal consideration which I had no right to expect. These remonstrances, thus expressed, claim my immediate attention, and they seem to have reference to two points wholly or chiefly.

Firstly, it is said that my expression of opinion is inopportune, as it tends to disunite the profession, and to make it a byword that our cohesion is but the cohesion of a rope of sand. Now, sir, as to this point, let me assure the Association that it is not my intention to divide the profession. Discussion, I believe, is still open to all, and is even sought by the Association, whose desire must be to give effect to the decision of the profession at large. With this view I wrote; but when the time for discussion may fairly be said to have ceased and that for action to have come, be assured that I shall no longer decline to follow the resolution of the majority of my brethren. I am neither made for, nor seek to be, a captain of a faction; meanwhile we must expect, and all persons must expect, to see that a great constituency like ours can neither agree, nor approach agreement, in so great a question in discussion. Did we all run like sheep together, it would speak ill for our brains. The second remonstrance is, that I ought to have expressed my views sooner, and in particular at the annual meetings. I have been disappointed in my strong desire to attend these meetings, and was present only at that held in Leeds. I was then too much engaged, as one of the hosts, to find time for other matters. Had I been at Dublin or Newcastle, I should, no doubt, have been drawn into discussion, should have gone earlier into the matter, and should have arrived at those opinions which, as it is, are certainly the result of a much more recent industry. Finally, my letter was sent elsewhere, as I thought considerations of time and space would have prevented you from giving me place for a long letter in opposition to a scheme upon which your own mind and that of the Reform Committee were already made up.

I am, etc.,

T. CLIFFORD ALBUTT.

Leeds, February 8th, 1871.

## THE MEDICAL ASPECTS OF THE FACTORY ACTS.

SIR,—The "Medical Annotations" of the *Lancet* of January 28th contain an article on the above question, which must have excited considerable surprise amongst the large body of certifying surgeons throughout the kingdom; and, though it is not so decidedly hostile to them as several other articles which have lately found insertion in several of the daily papers, yet the profession generally, as well as the Association of Certifying Medical Officers, have a right to look for the staunch and unqualified support of a professional journal, in all matters relating to the interests and well-being of medical men. I venture to appeal to the British Medical Association through its JOURNAL, to see that justice is done, and that the public be not misled in this important matter. Without giving the whole of the paragraph in question, I shall feel greatly obliged by your giving insertion to the following remarks on one or two of the points therein contained.

It is first remarked that Mr. Inspector Redgrave is perfectly right—"first, in stating that a medical certificate is not wanted to gain proof of a child's age;" "secondly, that the system of requiring the certificate to be renewed whenever the child changes his or her place of employment, is vexatious and absurd in the extreme." The certifi-

officer until the next meeting of the guardians, and that they may then decide whether they should be continued or not; and that if he decline to do so, and any harm come to the patient in consequence, the relieving officer lays himself open to very serious consequences. I have tried it over and over again when I was a district medical officer, and the guardians invariably took this view of the matter. My orders were frequently refused by the relieving officer, but I always sent to him again and again until the extras were given. I always told the relieving officer that, if the patient died, and the fatal result were in any way accelerated by his refusal to grant extras, he should settle the difficulty with the coroner. If the medical officer will only adhere to the principle of what is right, and be firm in every case (I acknowledge it will give him a great deal of extra trouble), he will get over his difficulties in the end. I am, etc.,

A VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE POOR-LAW MEDICAL OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION.

### VACANCIES.

- ALNWICK UNION, Northumberland—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Embleton District (£30 per annum, and extra fees): applications, 22nd, to J. A. Wilson, Clerk to Guardians; election, 25th.
- ASTON UNION, Warwickshire—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Sutton Coldfield District (£42 per annum, and extra fees): applications to John Lumby, Clerk to Guardians, 89, New John Street, Birmingham, 28th; election, 28th; duties, March 7th.
- DURSLEY UNION, Gloucestershire—Medical Officer for District No. 3 (£70 per annum, and Vaccination and Midwifery Fees): applications, 15th, to G. Wenden, Clerk to Guardians; election, 16th.
- FALMOUTH UNION, Cornwall—Medical Officer for the Constantine District: applications to the Vicar of Constantine; vacancy, March.
- LOCHBROOM, co. Ross and Cromarty—Parochial Medical Officer: applications, 13th, to Inspector of Poor, Ullapool.
- KIRKMICHAEL, Dumfriesshire—Parochial Medical Officer: applications, March 1st, to Inspector of Poor.
- POPLAR AND STEPNEY SICK ASYLUM DISTRICT—Resident Medical Superintendent for the new Asylum at Bromley, Middlesex (£250 per annum, with board, furnished apartments, and washing): applications, 24th, to Robert Foskett, Clerk to Managers, Union Workhouse, Stepney.
- ST. OLAVE'S UNION, Southwark—Medical Officer for the No. 3 or Landside District.
- ST. PANCRAS UNION—Medical Officer for the School at Leavesden, Herts (£100 per annum, with rations, furnished apartments, and washing): applications, 13th, to David Fildew, Clerk to Guardians, Vestry Hall, St. Pancras; election, 16th.
- STRAND UNION—Medical Officer for the St. Martin's-in-the-Fields District (£150 per annum: all medicine supplied from the Union Dispensary): applications, 13th, to John Jeffrey, Clerk to Guardians, 6, Bow Street.

## THE POOR-LAW MEDICAL SERVICE OF IRELAND.

### POOR-LAW MEDICAL OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION OF IRELAND.

The following circular is being forwarded to every Poor-law medical officer in Ireland, and we trust that it will meet with success. The programme of the Association, which we have already laid before our readers, is given in a condensed form. The disposition of the surplus Church fund, regarding which Mr. Gladstone, on the introduction of his Bill, stated that part of it would probably be devoted to medical institutions, will inevitably be discussed this session. The Poor-law medical officers of Ireland have therefore now an opportunity that will not again occur. It is the common experience that, unless men look after their own interests, they are not likely to be very satisfactorily cared for.

1, Harrington Terrace, Dublin, February 1871.

DEAR SIR,—Should you not have already forwarded me the names of the gentlemen whom you have elected to be your Union and County representatives at the Poor-law Medical Officers' Association, Ireland, it is of the utmost importance that you should do so at your earliest convenience. The Session of Parliament will open on the 9th of this month, and it is expected that some most important measures affecting not only Poor-law medical officers, but the profession at large, will be brought forward. It would be most desirable, therefore, that the organisation should be placed in communication with the Parliamentary representatives of each county and borough throughout Ireland, at as early a date as possible.

You are doubtless aware that the British Medical Association has placed a considerable portion of their JOURNAL at the disposal of this Association, for the purpose of recording its proceedings, etc., and as a means of intercommunication with our brethren, the Poor-law medical officers of England, Wales, and Scotland, who have also united for the advancement of their interests; this, with the aid of the British Medical Association, numbering in all over four thousand medical men, cannot fail to have immense weight in all social and political subjects of a medical nature, whether affecting either the public or the profession.

In answer to numerous communications, I beg to state that it is proposed that the reports of this Association should not be restricted merely to the discussion of grievances of Poor-law medical officers, which, no doubt, are very numerous, but that the many interesting cases which frequently come under their notice should also be discussed, thus adding additional interest to its proceedings in a scientific point of view. The utilisation of workhouse hospitals, for instance, as schools for pathological research, would be of vast importance; and many other subjects will at once occur to you.

In alluding to the programme, as already sketched in the columns of the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL, the whole payment of our salaries by the State, instead of half as at present, will be advocated, thus forming us into a branch of the Civil Service, whereby promotion, increase of salary, according to length of service, and compulsory superannuation, would take place—thus in many instances rendering

the service to a certain extent independent of local jealousies and interference, which very often interfere with its efficiency. The indiscriminate issue of dispensary tickets—whereby our private practice is materially affected—will also form a suitable subject for discussion. The prevention of the imposition of gratuitous practice of medicine and surgery on an already ill-paid and hard-worked body of men, such as is contemplated in the late Act for the Commission of Dangerous Lunatics, "without fee or reward", is also worthy of consideration.

A New Sanitary Act will probably be brought in this Session, and, if immediate steps are not taken, may also be gratuitously imposed on the Poor-law Medical Officers of Ireland; those of England and Wales have already taken steps that they shall be remunerated for their services should it pass—and we should co-operate with them. The Royal Sanitary Commission was appointed by the Government at the request of the British Medical Association, and that Association will, of course, be enabled to exert considerable influence in modifying the legislation which will spring out of its report.

You will see the importance of these matters being brought immediately under the notice of our Parliamentary representatives. With regard to the first, that, that our whole salaries should be paid by the State, it is worthy of remark that the influence of the sanitary condition of a particular place is not merely confined to an Union, or Parish, or even a County. The present outbreak of small-pox in Ireland well exemplifies this fact, as in almost every instance it is the result of importation from England; for this reason it is advanced that the medical expenditure of the country in connection with the Poor-law should be wholly paid by the State. It has already been put forward by the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL that this would take nearly £80,000 a year off our poor-rates, a matter which would naturally form a subject for conference between our various representatives and the various Boards of Guardians throughout the country. It is of the most vital importance that this question should be brought before Parliament without delay.

The fact that the Medical Charities' Act has now been in operation exactly twenty years, and that the only amelioration of the condition of the Poor-law Medical Officers during all these years is a dubious and merely permissive Superannuation Act, shows that such an organisation as that proposed by the formation of "The Irish Poor-law Medical Officers' Association", is badly wanted, and fully explains why it has received such support in almost every Union in Ireland. May I ask you again, therefore, to send me the names of your County and Union representatives, for the purpose of forming the Council, the election of Presidents, and making arrangements for the holding of the first General Meeting, with as little delay as possible. In order to facilitate matters, and to show you the strength of our numbers, you will find on the other side an analysis of the number in each County, and the average in each Union, of the Poor-law Medical Officers of Ireland. There may be some apparent discrepancies arising from the fact that in some Unions there are several workhouse officers, and in others, where there is but one, he may hold a dispensary as well; this you can readily correct.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,  
D. TOLER T. MAUNSELL, General Secretary.

## MEDICAL NEWS.

### ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS.

MR. ERASMUS WILSON, F.R.S., the Professor of Dermatology, will bring his course of lectures on that important subject to a close this day (Friday); and on Tuesday next, the 14th instant, the President of the College, Sir William Fergusson, Bart., will deliver the Hunterian Oration at three o'clock precisely. On the following Friday, the 17th instant, Mr. W. H. Flower, F.R.S., the Hunterian Professor of Comparative Anatomy and Physiology, will commence his course of eighteen lectures on the Characters, Structure, Functions, and Modifications of the Teeth and Allied Organs in the Mammalia. The lectures will be delivered, as usual, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at four o'clock. The following is a programme of the course.

Essential characters and structure of teeth.—Development and succession of teeth.—Classification and nomenclature of teeth. Dental formulæ.—Modifications of the characters of the teeth in the different groups of the mammalia.—Teeth of man.—Teeth of *Simiina*. Old-world monkeys. New-world monkeys.—Teeth of *Lemurina*.—Teeth of terrestrial *Carnivora*. Dogs and allied forms. Cats and allied forms. Bears and allied forms.—Teeth of *Pinnipedia*. Sea-bears and seals; walrus.—Teeth of *Insectivora*. Hedgehogs, moles, shrews, etc. Galeopithecus.—Teeth of *Chiroptera*. Frugivorous bats, insectivorous bats, blood-sucking bats.—Teeth of *Rodentia*. Hares, guinea pigs, porcupines, rats, squirrels, etc.—Teeth of *Cetacea*. Odontocetes or toothed whales; dolphins, porpoises, narwhal, sperm-whale, ziphius, and allied forms. Zeuglodonts. Mystacocetes or whalebone whales; rudimentary teeth. Structure and function of baleen or whalebone.—Teeth of *Ungulata*. Perissodactyles; ancient and modern forms, palæotherium, horse, rhinoceros, tapir. Artiodactyles; pigs, hippopotamus, anoplotheridæ, camels, chevrotains, and pecora (deer, giraffe, antelopes, sheep, goats, and oxen). Teeth of hyrax, of toxodon, of tyotherium, and other anomalous forms.—Teeth of *Proboscidea*. Elephant, mastodon, dinotherium. Teeth of *Sirenia*. Dugong and manatee.—Teeth of *Edentata*. Sloths, anteaters, armadillos.—Teeth of *Marsupialia*. Opossums, thylacine, dasyures, perameles, phalangers, kangaroos, wombats. Fossil marsupials.—Value of dental characters in drawing inferences as to the affinities and habits of extinct animals.—Horny teeth of *Monotremata*. Ornithorhynchus.

The course will conclude on Wednesday, March 29th.

**ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND.**—The following gentlemen, having undergone the necessary examinations, were admitted members of the College at a special meeting of the Court of Examiners, on February 8th.

Liebreich, Frederick Richard, M.D. Berlin, Cork Street, Burlington Gardens (Middlesex Hospital)  
Chessall, Wm., M.D. St. And. and L.S.A., Horley, Surrey (Middlesex Hospital)

**APOTHECARIES' HALL OF IRELAND.**—At the quarterly examination in Arts, held on January 20th, the following candidates passed successfully. The names are arranged in alphabetical order.

Bergin, Daniel	O'Connor, James
Emerson, Thomas Gilbert	Revell, John
Kenny, Michael Joseph	Seagraves, Charles
Leggett, Charlotte Maria Janthée	Smith, Michael
Murphy, James	Spain, Rody
McCabe, John	

At the quarterly examination for the License to Practise, which commenced on January 2nd, the following gentlemen were successful.

Barry, John Richard	Kidd, Henry
Boland, Christopher Thomas	McEntee, Charles William
Halahan, John W.	

**APOTHECARIES' HALL.**—The following gentlemen passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received certificates to practise, on Thursday, February 2nd, 1871.

Green, Charles Josephus, Sunningdale, Berks  
Turner, William Mulholland, King's Road, Chelsea

The following gentleman also on the same day passed his first professional examination.

Parkhouse, Henry, Westminster Hospital

#### MEDICAL VACANCIES.

The following vacancies are announced:—

- ABERDEEN UNIVERSITY**—Lecturer on Clinical Surgery.  
**CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL**—Another Assistant-Surgeon: applications, to Henry Woolcott, Sec.; election, 15th.  
**DEVON AND EXETER HOSPITAL**—House-Surgeon (£150 per annum, with board and lodging): applications to Edwin Force, Sec.  
**EAST LONDON HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN**, Ratcliff Cross—House-Surgeon: applications, 21st.  
**GLASGOW TOWNS HOSPITAL**—Assistant Medical Officer: applications to Dr. Robertson.  
**HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN**, Soho Square—Physician: applications, 18th.  
**KENT COUNTY OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL**, Maidstone—Consulting Surgeon: March 18th.  
**KERRY DISTRICT LUNATIC ASYLUM**, Killarney—Resident Medical Superintendent: applications, 20th, to the Under Secretary, Dublin Castle.  
**NORTHERN INFIRMARY**, Inverness—House-Surgeon and Apothecary (£40 per annum, with board, etc.): applications, 14th, to Alexander Dallas, Sec.  
**NORTH ORMESBY COTTAGE HOSPITAL**, Middlesbrough—House-Surgeon.  
**NOTTINGHAM DISPENSARY**—Hon. Physician; Four Hon. Consulting Surgeons; Assistant Resident Surgeon (£120 per annum); election, 27th. Applications to Martin J. Preston, Sec.  
**QUEEN ADELAIDE DISPENSARY**, Bethnal Green Road—House-Surgeon (£100 per annum, with furnished apartments, coal, and light): applications, 28th, to Rev. T. Peckston, Hon. Sec., 260, Cambridge Road; election, March 3rd.  
**ROYAL SURREY COUNTY HOSPITAL**, Guildford—Medical Officer: 23rd.  
**ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN**, Quay Street, Manchester—Medical Officer for Out-patients (£60 per annum, with board and residence): applications, 17th, to Joseph Barber, Sec.  
**ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL**—Assistant-Surgeon: election, March 9th. Resident Assistant-Surgeon: election, Feb. 28th. Applications (for both offices), Feb. 14th, to the Treasurer, 13, St. Thomas's Street.  
**WICKLOW COUNTY GAOL**—Medical Officer: applications, 13th, to J. W. Fetherston, Head Local Inspector.

#### MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Names marked with an asterisk are those of Members of the Association.

- \*ANDREW, Edwyn, M.D., appointed Surgeon 1st Administrative Battalion Shropshire Rifle Volunteers, *vice* W. J. Clement, M.P., deceased.  
\*COWELL, George, Esq., Assistant Surgeon to the Westminster Hospital, elected Assistant Surgeon to the Royal Westminster Ophthalmic Hospital, *vice* Jabez Hogg, Esq., promoted.  
LYLE, Thomas, M.B., C.M., appointed Assistant Medical Officer to the Borough Lunatic Asylum, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

#### BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

The charge for inserting announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, is 3s. 6d., which should be forwarded in stamps with the communication.

##### MARRIAGE.

CLARKE, P. J., Esq., Surgeon-Major 84th Regiment, to Mary E., second daughter of the late John TOBIN, Esq., Halifax, Nova Scotia, in Dublin, on February 7th.

##### DEATH.

LIPSCOMB.—On January 28th, aged 72, Elizabeth Sarah, widow of the late John Thomas Lipscomb, Esq., Surgeon, of St. Alban's.

**DONATION.**—S. W. Y. has, for the third time, kindly sent £1000 to the exchequer of the Great Northern Hospital this week, and the Worshipful Company of Clothworkers, £52: 10.

#### OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

- MONDAY** . . . . . Metropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.  
**TUESDAY** . . . . . Guy's, 1.30 P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—National Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.  
**WEDNESDAY** . . . . . St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Mary's, 1.30 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.—Samaritan Free Hospital for Women and Children, 2.30 P.M.—Cancer Hospital, Brompton, 3 P.M.—King's College, 2 P.M.  
**THURSDAY** . . . . . St. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Royal Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.  
**FRIDAY** . . . . . Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M.  
**SATURDAY** . . . . . St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 1 P.M.—Lock (Clinical Demonstrations and Operations), 1 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.—East London Hospital for Children, 2 P.M.—Hospital for Women, 9.30 A.M.

#### MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

- MONDAY.**—Medical Society of London, 8 P.M. Mr. Barnes, "A Case of Fatal Hæmorrhage from Fibroid Polypus of the Uterus"; Dr. Semple, "On Diphtheria, and the Diseases allied to it or mistaken for it."  
**TUESDAY.**—Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society, 8 P.M., Ballot, 8.30 P.M., Mr. Callender, "Cases of Injury to the Brain"; Dr. Bakewell, "Pathology and Treatment of Malarious Fever."—Anthropological Institute of Great Britain and Ireland, 8 P.M.  
**THURSDAY.**—Harveian Society of London, 8 P.M.—Royal Society.—Chemical Society.—Linnæan Society.  
**SATURDAY.**—Association of Medical Officers of Health, 7.30 P.M.

OWING to the pressure on our space, we are compelled to defer the publication of numerous notices and answers to correspondents.

WE are indebted to correspondents for the following periodicals, containing news, reports, and other matters of medical interest:—The New York Medical Gazette, Jan. 21st; The New York Medical Record, Jan. 26th; The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, Jan. 26th; The Madras Mail, Nov. 28th; The Shield, Feb. 4th; The Philadelphia Medical Times, Jan. 23rd; The Peterhead Advertiser, Feb. 4th; The Yarmouth Independent, Feb. 4th; The Dublin Evening Post, Jan. 31st; The Sunderland and Durham County Herald, Feb. 3rd; The Bath Chronicle, Feb. 2nd; The Preston Guardian, Jan. 25th; etc.

**COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, ETC.,** have been received from:—Sir Thomas Watson, Bart., London; Dr. T. K. Chambers, London; Dr. Hughes Bennett, Edinburgh; Mr. Erasmus Wilson, London; Professor Maclean, Netley; Dr. A. P. Stewart, London; Mr. Lyell, London; Mr. Cross, London; Dr. George Brown, Colchester; Dr. W. M. Mackenzie, Kelso; Mr. Hardwick, London; Cantab.; Dr. Shettle, Reading; Dr. Forsyth, Culmore; Dr. Whitmore, London; Mr. Draper, London; Dr. Grimshaw, Dublin; Mr. Berkeley Hill, London; Mr. W. Prager, York; Mr. Gregson, London; The Secretary of the Epidemiological Society; The Surgical Registrar of the London Hospital; Mr. Armstrong, South Shields; Mr. H. Walmsley, Preston; Mr. John Pennefather, London; Mr. Griffith, Wrexham; Dr. Tilbury Fox, London; Dr. Thomas Jones, London; Mr. Whitfield, London; Mr. S. S. Noakes, London; Mr. J. Davies Thomas, London; Mr. Sydenham J. Knatt, London; Dr. Stephen Mackenzie, London; Dr. W. Ogle, Derby; Mr. Pennington, jun., Liverpool; Dr. Forthgill, Leeds; Dr. W. Murray, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Dr. Procter, York; Dr. Fitzgibbon, Quay, Clonmel; Mr. J. T. Evans, Sheffield; Mr. T. Bell, Uppingham; Mr. C. Marsh, Shrewsbury; Dr. Andrews, London; Mr. Coates, Devonport; Dr. Robertson, Glasgow; Dr. Shapter, Exeter; Mr. Heath, Manchester; Dr. Diver, Caterham; Mr. Wesley, London; Dr. Cameron, Liverpool; Mr. Goodwin, Ashbourne; Mr. Rudge, Bristol; Mr. J. Hinton, Warminster; Mr. J. P. Badley, Dudley; Dr. Halley, London; Dr. Wolfe, Glasgow; Mr. G. F. Hodgson, Brighton; Mr. J. B. Carter, Chapel Allerton, Leeds; Dr. Bowstead, High Wycombe; Dr. Duke, Rugby; Dr. Joseph Bell, Edinburgh; Mr. Nettleship, London; The Rev. Dr. Haughton, Dublin; Dr. Styrax, Shrewsbury; Dr. Kidd, London; Professor Tyndall, London; Mr. T. A. Henderson, Ramsgate; Dr. M. H. Taylor, Glasgow; Mr. W. P. Brookes, Much Wenlock; Mr. W. H. Elmes, Finston; Mr. F. C. Mudd, Uckfield; Mr. de Méric, London; Mr. Reginald Harrison, Liverpool; Mr. St. George Mivart, London; Mr. Benson Baker, London; A Student, London; Mr. Pope, Clebury Mortimer; Mr. Anderson, London; etc.

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