

producing a better volume, if the Fellows could be induced to take a more lively interest in the scientific progress of the Society than they have done for the last year or two.

A REPORT of a Committee on Trichiniasis has been presented to the Medical Society of Vienna by Professor Wedl. The Committee dealt mainly with the presence of the disease in different animals, etc. Rats taken in Vienna and the suburbs, as well as in many of the provinces of the empire, were especially examined with this object. Very few trichinæ were found in Vienna rats. On the other hand, suburban rats, and the Moravian and Galician rats, were found well studded with the parasites. In Moravia, for example, where there are an extensive manufacturing of sausages and large pig-markets, trichinæ abounded. Trichinæ were also found in the marmot, hedgehog, shrew-mouse, polecat, and fox. But in pigs, for the most part, the examinations were negative. Hitherto, there have only been in Austria a few scattered cases of trichinosis observed in man. The pigs experimented on exhibited no distinct pathological symptoms characteristic of trichinosis. Cough and irritation of the skin, loss of appetite, and wasting, were noted, but after a time disappeared. The same symptoms were noted in a calf. Experiments with tainted food made on rats, mice, foxes, etc., all gave positive result. But in no case was paresis or paralysis observed. Trichinæ subjected to gastric fluid were destroyed; but the capsulated trichinæ resisted destruction. Muscular trichinæ exhibited great tenacity of life in decomposed muscle; they were still capable of infecting after being kept eighty days in putrid flesh.

Dr. Jurányi has been nominated Professor of Botany at Pesth, says *Wiener Med. Wochen.*, although a Protestant. His opponent, Dr. Linzbauer, who knew nothing of botany, and was supported by the clerical party, has addressed a protest to the Emperor against the election of a Protestant.

M. Dumas has been nominated Honorary Professor of the Paris Faculty of Medicine.

IRISH REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S REPORT. The return just issued records 18,751 deaths in Ireland in the third quarter of the present year, being at the rate of 18.4 to every person living. About thirty registrars reported cases of cholera; many are stated to have been imported from England by the reapers. In Mallow, twenty-six deaths from cholera took place, the greater number of them occurring in the vicinity of a well, the water of which was used for domestic purposes by the people residing in its neighbourhood. The water has since been analysed, and found to contain a very large amount of organic matter derived from animal sources. The same thing occurred at Arklow, in Rathdrum, where twenty-one deaths were occasioned by Asiatic cholera, out of a total of fifty-eight for the quarter.

Association Intelligence.

REPORT OF MEETING OF COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL:

Held at Birmingham, November 22nd, 1866.

PRESENT—Dr. Sibson, F.R.S. (in the Chair); Mr. Bartleet; Mr. T. H. Bartleet; Dr. Bryan; Mr. Clayton; Dr. Falconer; Mr. Husband; Dr. Richardson; Dr. Simpson; Mr. Southam; Dr. Stewart; Dr. A. T. H. Waters; Dr. Edward Waters; Dr. Wilkinson; and Mr. T. Watkin Williams (General Secretary).

Resolved—

1. That Professor R. W. Smith, of Dublin, be appointed to deliver the Address in Surgery at the Annual Meeting in 1867.
2. That a JOURNAL Reference Committee be appointed: to consist of the President of the Association; the Vice-President; the President of the Council; Dr. Markham; and Dr. Stewart.
3. That Ernest A. Hart, Esq., be appointed Editor of the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.
4. That the Committee of Council be appointed a deputation, with power to add to their number, to wait upon the Home Secretary when considered desirable.

T. WATKIN WILLIAMS, *General Secretary.*

Birmingham, November 26th, 1866.

BATH AND BRISTOL BRANCH.

THE second ordinary meeting of the above Branch will be held at the York House, Bath, on Thursday evening, December 13th, at 7.15 p.m.

The following papers are expected:—A Case of Gonorrhœal Rheumatism. By A. Prichard, Esq. An Extraordinary Case of Carcinoma in a Child. By W. B. Herapath, M.D. On the Internal Use of Tartar Emetic in Sudden Acute Inflammations. By J. K. Spender, M.B. An Unusual Case of Valvular Disease of the Heart. By Ezra Hunt, Esq. Clinical Temperature in Acute Disease. By H. W. Freeman, L.R.C.P.L.

R. S. FOWLER, *Honorary Secretary.*

SOUTH EASTERN BRANCH: EAST SURREY DISTRICT MEDICAL MEETINGS.

THE next meeting of the above Branch will be held at Longton's Hotel, Sydenham, on Thursday, December 13th. The chair will be taken by Dr. Ray, of Dulwich, at 4 p.m.

Papers, etc., will be read by Dr. Horace Jeaffreson, of Wandsworth; Dr. J. M. Bright, of Forest Hill; Mr. Roper, of Croydon; and by other gentlemen.

Dinner will be provided at 6 p.m.

HENRY T. LANCHESTER, M.D., *Hon. Sec.*

Croydon, November 28th, 1866.

QUEKETT MICROSCOPICAL CLUB. The monthly meeting was held at University College on the 23rd ult., Ernest Hart, Esq., President, in the chair. Mr. M. C. Cooke read a short paper "On the Best Method of Transmitting Slides by Post." Mr. S. J. McIntire read a paper "On the Different Kinds of Poduræ." Mr. N. E. Green read a paper "On Melicerta." Nineteen members were elected, and the proceedings terminated with a *conversazione*.

Medical News.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON. The following is a list of candidates who passed the recent Second M.B. Examination.

First Division.

Bateman, Francis, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Buckell, Francis John, University College
Bushell, Stephen Wootton, B.Sc., Guy's Hospital
Clothier, Henry, University College
Cole, Thomas, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Eastes, George, Guy's Hospital
Ferris, John Spencer, King's College
Gooding, Ralph, B.A., King's College
Howse, Henry Greenway, Guy's Hospital
Hughes, John Pearson, University College
Kelly, Charles, King's College
Nunneley, Frederic Barham, University College
Philpot, Charles William, B.Sc., King's College
Shaw, Thomas Clay, B.A., King's College
Spencer, George Outhwaite, University College
Spender, John Kent, King's College
Taylor, George Christopher, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Taylor, Arthur, Guy's Hospital
Thorne, Richard Thorne, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Welch, John Burges, King's College
Williams, John, University College

Second Division.

Ball, John Augustus, Guy's Hospital
Barter, Clement Smith, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Evans, John Augustus Michael, University College
Grimes, John, B.Sc., King's College

Examination for Honours.

First Class.	Medicine.	
Kelly, C., (Scholarship and Gold Medal), King's College	} equal	
Philpot, C. W. (Gold Medal), King's College		
Bushell, S. W., Guy's Hospital		
Howse, H. G., Guy's Hospital		
Nunneley, F. B., University College		
Shaw, T. C., King's College	} equal	
Thorne, R. T., St. Bartholomew's Hospital		
Cole, T., St. Bartholomew's Hospital		
Williams, J., University College		
Clothier, H., University College		
Gooding, R., King's College		
Taylor, G. C., St. Bartholomew's Hospital		

Second Class.

Taylor, A., Guy's Hospital
Welch, J. B., King's College
Ferris, J. S., King's College

First Class.	Midwifery.	
Kelly, C. (Scholarship and Gold Medal), King's College	} equal	
*Howse, H. G. (Gold Medal), Guy's Hospital		
*Bushell, S. W., Guy's Hospital		
*Shaw, T. C., King's College		
*Philpot, C. W., King's College		
Welch, J. B., King's College	} equal	
Thorne, R. T., St. Bartholomew's Hospital		
Ferris, J. S., King's College		
Nunneley, F. B., University College		
Williams, J., University College		
Gooding, R., King's College		

Second Class.

Spencer, G. O., University College
Taylor, G. C., St. Bartholomew's Hospital } equal
Taylor, A., Guy's Hospital

First Class.	Forensic Medicine.	
Spencer, G. O. (Scholarship and Gold Medal), Univ. Coll.	} equal	
Bushell, S. W. (Gold Medal), Guy's Hospital		
Philpot, C. W., King's College		
Shaw, T. C., King's College		
Nunneley, F. B., University College		

Second Class.

Gooding, R., King's College
Taylor, G. C., St. Bartholomew's Hospital } equal

Third Class.

Howse, H. G., Guy's Hospital

* Obtained number of marks qualifying for scholarships.

APOTHECARIES' HALL. On November 22nd, 1866, the following Licentiates were admitted :—

Nowell, Richard Bottomley, Guy's Hospital
Rix, Richard Avery, Beccles
Willan, Thomas Henry, Littlehampton, Sussex
Yeung, Frederick William, Salisbury

At the same Court, the following passed the first examination :—

Colson, Edward, Guy's Hospital
Harvey, James D'Arcy, University College Hospital
Jenkins, Robert Thomas, Charing Cross Hospital
Pratt, John Wyatt, St. Mary's Hospital
Roberts, Thomas Andrew, St. Mary's Hospital

APPOINTMENTS.

EASTLAKE, Henry E., F.K. & Q.C.P.Irel., etc., elected Consulting Physician-Accoucheur to the Western Dispensary, Westminster, vice Dr. Mark Tanner, resigned.
FOX, Charles James, Esq., elected Assistant Dental Surgeon to the Dental Hospital of London, vice J. Walker, Esq.

ARMY.

DEBBLE, Surgeon W., 56th Foot, to be Surgeon-Major, having completed twenty years' full-pay service.
EATON, Staff-Assistant-Surgeon R. C., to be Assistant-Surgeon 16th Foot, vice J. R. Kehoe.
FLEMING, Surgeon J. W., 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Surgeon-Major, having completed twenty years' full-pay service.
KEHOE, Assistant-Surgeon J. R., 16th Foot, to be Staff-Assistant-Surgeon, vice R. C. Eaton.

VOLUNTEERS, (A.V. = Artillery Volunteers; R.V. = Rifle Volunteers):—

CANNELL, J. M., M.D., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon 7th Lancashire R.V.
WILLEY, H., M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon 1st Hampshire R.V.

BIRTHS.

ASHDOWN. On November 23rd, at Northampton, the wife of *George Ashdown, Esq., of a son.
CUFAUDE. On November 24th, at Acle, Norfolk, the wife of W. H. Cufaude, Esq., Surgeon, of a daughter.
DANIELL. On November 20th, at Blandford, the wife of George W. Daniell, Esq., Surgeon, of a son.
GERVIS. On November 27th, at 38, Adelaide Road, Haverstock Hill, the wife of F. H. Gervis, Esq., Surgeon, of a son.
HOLMAN. On November 20th, at the Dockyard, Chatham, the wife of John R. Holman, M.D., of a daughter.
MARSHALL. On November 25th, at Mere, Wilts, the wife of W. N. Marshall, Esq., Surgeon, of a son.
PICKTHORNE. On November 19th, at Aberdeen, the wife of T. R. Pickthorne, Esq., Staff-Surgeon H.M.S. *Saturn*, of a daughter.
SEQUEIRA. On November 23rd, at Jewry Street, the wife of H. I. Sequeira, Esq., Surgeon, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

TURNER, James Smith, Esq., Surgeon, to Annie, eldest daughter of Richard WHITBOURN, Esq., of Godalming, on November 25.

DEATHS.

BARNES. On November 12th, at Tottenham, aged 56, Elizabeth, wife of Christopher H. Barnes, Esq., Surgeon.
COLLINGWOOD. On November 12th, at Amphilh, Mary, wife of *W. Collingwood, Esq., Surgeon.
FALLS. On November 20th, at Bournemouth, Annie, wife of *Wm. S. Falls, M.D.
HAMILTON. On November 20th, at Mitcham, Surrey, Anna, wife of Thomas W. Hamilton, M.D.
JONES, Charles, Esq., L.R.C.P.Ed. (of Tenby), at Susa, near Turin, aged 28, on September 17th.

A HOSPITAL FOR BRITISH SEAMEN will be opened next spring at Cronstadt.

MR. DARWIN, the author of the *Origin of Species*, has sent a subscription of £10 to the Eyre Defence Fund.

MORTALITY IN LONDON. The amount of mortality in the city of London during the past week was considerably below the average of the last five years.

CHOLERA. One death from cholera was reported on Sunday and Monday, and three from diarrhoea. The deaths from all causes were 173 less than the calculated average.

DESTRUCTION OF RATS. The *Presse*, of Vienna, states that the rats in the sewers of that city have been so effectually destroyed by means of green vitriol, or sulphate of iron, that Professor Hyrtl, requiring some for experiment, was scarcely able to obtain them at any price.

THE TYNE. The healthy persons on board the *Tyne* were put on board the *Eolus*, at the Motherbank, on Tuesday morning, and received pratique on Thursday morning.

NORTH RIDING PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM. Dr. Christie, medical superintendent of Pembroke House, *Hackney*, has been appointed to the same post in the North Yorkshire Pauper Lunatic Asylum, in the place of Mr. Samuel Hill, compelled to resign through ill health.

SUBJECTS FOR DISSECTION. Some difficulty having been experienced at Queen's College, Birmingham, in procuring subjects for dissection, an application was made by the Professor of Anatomy to the guardians of the West Bromwich Union for the unclaimed bodies from the infirmary. The application was negatived by a majority of nine to five.

THE GILBERT BLANE MEDALS. These prizes, founded by the late Sir Gilbert Blane, for competition amongst naval medical officers for the best reports of medical cases, have been adjudged by Sir Thomas Watson, Mr. Partridge, and Dr. Bryson, to Dr. Stephen Bowden, of H.M.S. *Prince Consort*, and Staff-Surgeon W. H. Sloggett, of H.M.S. *Edgar*.

FOUNDLING HOSPITAL AT MOSCOW. The Prince of Wales has visited the foundling hospital at Moscow. This institution admits 12,000 children a year, one-sixth of which are born within its walls. If healthy, the infants, when four weeks old, are handed over to young mothers in the country, who are well paid; but 50 per cent. of the children die within the first year.

DRYING SUCCULENT PLANTS. "I have succeeded in drying succulent plants and orchids in a very satisfactory manner, by plunging them first into boiling water, which arrests any further growth; and I have never been disappointed by finding the leaves fall off when dried, as is the case with specimens not treated in this manner; and, moreover, the colour remains unimpaired for years." (*Hardwicke's Science Gossip*.)

DISINFECTANTS AND DEODORISERS. The Lords of the Admiralty have ordered that the use of Burnett's disinfecting fluid shall be discontinued in the Royal Navy, in consequence of several fatal cases of poisoning having occurred, from its having been accidentally swallowed by seamen. Moreover, it has been discovered that the Burnett's fluid is not a disinfectant, but only a deodoriser. Carbolic acid is now to be used throughout the fleet.

ALKALINE TREATMENT OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM. In commenting on four cases, Dr. Lyons observed that they were too few in number to admit of any absolute deductions being drawn from them. Having, however, in many other instances employed like means with like results in the treatment of this disease, he confidently recommends it as one well worthy of consideration. The patients were in all cases carefully fed on farinaceous aliment with milk. Wine was occasionally allowed when the symptoms of the case demanded it. Much ease is experienced from the application of the poultices of camomile and poppy heads to the affected joints, the great secret being that they require to be applied hot and hot about every third hour, any chill to the joints being very injurious. In the combination of the salts of potash referred to will be found the alkali requisite to neutralise any excess of uric or other acid in the system, and in the diuretic salts is provided a stimulus to free elimination through the kidneys. The entire freedom from cardiac complication in the four cases cited is worthy of note. (*Medical Press and Circular*.)

ACCOUNTS FROM INDIA show that sanitary regulations for the army are but ill carried out. Jubbulpore, in the upper valley of the Nerbudda, is in the vicinity of jungle, and its water is of questionable quality. From letters dated Sept. 24th, 1866, it appears that a bad kind of jungle fever is prevalent in the 23rd (Royal Welsh) Regiment. At that date, an assistant-surgeon and six men had died in one week, and 128 men were in hospital, out of a complement of 12 officers and 500 men. Later dates (Oct. 24th) report 150 men in hospital, and as many more sick, but unable to obtain admission from want of room. Ten men had died.

WATER SUPPLY. At the last meeting of the Metropolitan Board of Works, a memorial was presented, complaining of the quantity and quality of the water supplied by the East London Water Company, which is polluted with sewage to an alarming extent; and it was stated that, wherever this water was supplied, there was an increase in the cholera death-rate. The memorial proposed that a bill should be presented to Parliament to compel the East London Water Company to improve the purity of their supply, and prayed the board to use its influence to effect the passing of such a bill through Parliament. It was moved that the memorial be referred to the Works Committee.

INFANTICIDE IN FRANCE. Notice has lately been called to the decrease of the population in several districts of France owing to the fearful mortality among infants. The children who thus die off by thousands are those sent out to nurse by parents who cannot attend to them, or who wish to rid themselves of illegitimate offspring. Some communes are celebrated for never rearing children. The following table will give an idea of the scale on which this massacre of the innocents is carried on. The figures appended refer to 1860, when Government ordered an inquiry into the matter, but since that date the evil has become worse. The rate at which infants aged from one day to one year die is, in Loire-Inférieure, 90.50 per cent.; Seine-Inférieure, 87.36; Eure, 78.12; Calvados, 78.09; Aube, 70.27; Seine-et-Oise, 69.23; Côte-d'Or, 66.46; Indre-et-Loire, 62.16; Manche, 56.66. During 25 years, while the population of Rouen has increased 31,856, Havre 47,169, and Dieppe 1,567, the augmentation in the department Seine Inférieure was only 69,463 inhabitants. (*Pall Mall Gazette*.)

DISEASED DUTCH MEAT. At the weekly meeting of the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London, held on Tuesday, Dr. Letheby reported that 2,297 lbs. weight of meat, unfit for human food, had been seized at the different markets. He also made a special report with regard to a large quantity of meat imported from Erlangen and Rotterdam, which has been seized at Newgate Market, as quite unfit for human food on account of disease. This meat had escaped the inspection at Blackwall, and had been sent up to the London markets to be disposed of for human food. A large seizure of the same description of meat was also made at Newgate Market on November 23rd. The whole of this meat was in such a condition that it ought to have been seized at Blackwall, and Dr. Letheby suggested that a communication should be made to the Custom House authorities, in order that a more strict inspection should be made of the foreign meat that was landed at Blackwall.

PARALYSIS OF THE PNEUMOGASTRIC NERVE. To his careful and most interesting narrative—too long to be rendered here—of a fatal case of defective innervation of the heart, Professor Wolf of Berlin subjoins the following. General von S., a friend of

the deceased, aged 68, otherwise robust, had for about a year complained of an annoying pain in the occiput, periodically recurring, and which required the head to be supported; when, on a sudden, he was seized with symptoms which could only be accounted for by the assumption of a beginning paralysis of the par vagum. The three functions over which these nerves preside were simultaneously and equally affected; the appetite gave way entirely, and, during the two weeks that the illness lasted, could not by any means whatever be restored. With great reluctance, the patient contrived, in submission to medical order, to swallow a small quantity of food or beverage. The respiration slackened more and more; and on one of his last days, there were counted forty-four seconds between two respirations. *Pari passu* declined the movements of the heart. As its impulse and sounds grew feebler, so the pulse vanished in the extremities, and at length could no more be felt in the crural and radial arteries. During the two last days of life, it was by the stethoscope only that a faint vibration of the heart could be perceived. Along with the pulse went also the warmth of the extremities. "However, gangrene of the feet did not ensue; the occurrence of which I had occasion to observe (together with Drs. Romberg and Riese) about the same time in a patient who succumbed to fatty disease of the heart, and in whose case the pulse and temperature had likewise fallen off in the lower extremities during the last days of life." Death, which ensued at the commencement of the third week of illness, while the patient remained conscious to his last breath, was in the true sense of the word an "extinction" of life. The cranial cavity was not allowed to be opened. (*Deutsche Klinik*, Oct. 23rd, 1866.)

OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MONDAY.....Metropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's for Fistula and other Diseases of the Rectum, 9 A.M. and 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.
TUESDAY. Guy's, 1½ P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.
WEDNESDAY... St. Mary's, 1 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1.30 P.M.
THURSDAY.... St. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.—London Surgical Home, 2 P.M.—Royal Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.
FRIDAY. Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.
SATURDAY.... St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Lock, Clinical Demonstration and Operations, 1 P.M.—Royal Free, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

MONDAY. Epidemiological Society, 8 P.M. Dr. Ed. Goodeve, "On the Proceedings of the International Sanitary Conference, and the protection of Europe from Cholera."
TUESDAY. Pathological Society of London, 8 P.M.—Anthropological Society of London, 8 P.M.
WEDNESDAY. Obstetrical Society of London, 7 P.M., Council Meeting, 8 P.M., Dr. Fairbank, "On a Case of Fracture of the Pelvis, with Injury to the Uterus during Pregnancy"; Dr. Tanner, "On Excision of the Clitoris as a Cure for Hysteria"; Dr. Newman, "On a Case of Cæsarean Section"; and other papers by Drs. Madge and Short.
THURSDAY. Harveian Society of London, 8 P.M. Dr. Broadbent, "On Cases illustrating Prognosis in Heart-Disease."
FRIDAY. Western Medical and Surgical Society of London, 8 P.M. Dr. Marot, "A Case of Empyema treated by Tapping and Injection"; Mr. C. Hunter, "A Case of Paralysis treated by Strychnine injected Hypodermically."

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

* * All letters and communications for the JOURNAL, to be addressed to the EDITOR, 37, Great Queen St., Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

COMMUNICATIONS.—To prevent a not uncommon misconception, we beg to inform our correspondents that, as a rule, all communications which are not returned to their authors, are retained for publication.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names—of course, not necessarily for publication.

THE Publisher begs to intimate that orders for JOURNALS sent by post must be accompanied by stamps for the amount. Price of each number is, by post, *sixpence*.

DR. MUSHET.—We regret that we cannot comply with our correspondent's request.

MR. NUNN.—We are requested to state that an announcement which appeared in the *Lancet* to the effect that Mr. Nunn has withdrawn from his position as Surgeon to St. Peter's Hospital, is incorrect.

SUBPENA QUERE.—In law cases we are obliged to attend and give evidence because we have received a summons? I once went to the court contrary to my expressed wish, and afterwards found that our senior practitioner had coolly stayed at home, though he was served with a subpoena. B. B.

THE CASE OF MR. STATHAM.—SIR: I must beg to be allowed to correct the report, given in last week's number of the JOURNAL, of the few remarks I made at the meeting called to consider the case of Mr. Statham. I did not say that Mrs. Absolon "was so exorbitant that it was difficult, almost impossible, to treat her at all." I stated that in howsoever wild and excited a state the patient presented herself, she could always behave quietly and rationally, and perfectly control herself, on my requiring her to do so as a condition of my prescribing for her. She was for some time under treatment and observation, and I at last dismissed the case as one of *exaggerated hysteria*. I am, etc.,
Nov. 27th, 1866. WM. CHOLMELEY, M.D.

A QUESTION FOR THE LAWYERS.—A subscriber puts the following case, and asks for an answer. "In 18—, Mr. A. was a surgeon in practice in England, and Mr. C. was a medical student, and had attended all the lectures, hospital practice, etc., required by the *Hall and College*, but had no money to pay for the College Diploma; consequently, Mr. A. lent his diploma to C., to go out as surgeon on board ship. In about six months afterwards, C. returns, passes the College of Surgeons, and takes the M.D. of Edinburgh. Now, both these gentlemen are registered, etc., and behaving themselves as gentlemen, and an honour to their profession; now, can the Medical Council erase the names of these gentlemen from the *Medical Register* for the above offence, which occurred before the Medical Council came into act? Would there be any chance in law of these surgeons being erased from the College and Hall list?"

COMMUNICATIONS have been received from:—Dr. WILLIAM NEWMAN; Dr. A. T. H. WATERS; Mr. A. B. STEELE; Dr. TILBURY FOX; THE HONORARY SECRETARIES OF THE WESTERN MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON; Mr. MORGAN; Mr. HOLMES COOTE; Dr. W. B. MUSHET; Mr. R. S. FOWLER; THE HONORARY SECRETARY OF THE EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SOCIETY; Mr. HILL; THE HONORARY SECRETARY OF THE HARVEIAN SOCIETY OF LONDON; Dr. JEAFFRESON; CHIRURGICUS; THE HONORARY SECRETARIES OF THE OBSTETRICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON; Mr. T. M. STONE; Mr. J. BRICHENALL; Dr. H. JONES; Mr. BARWELL; Mr. JONATHAN HUTCHINSON; Mr. G. ASHDOWN; Dr. CHOLMELEY; PROFESSOR RODGERS; Dr. EASTLAKE; Mr. BLOWER; Mr. SWAIN; Mr. WALTER COULSON; Mr. DAYMAN; Dr. LANCHESTER; Mr. F. H. GERVIS; Mr. W. H. ARROWSMITH; Dr. SKINNER; and Mr. T. M. EVANS.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

1. The Nervous System. Part I. By Ludovic Hirschfeld. Edited by A. M. Macdonough. London: 1866.
2. Club-Foot: its Causes, etc. Being the Jacksonian Prize Essay. By W. Adams. London: 1866.
3. On Exuberant Growths of the Tonsils. By J. Yearsley, M.D. London: 1866.
4. A System of Medicine. Edited by J. R. Reynolds, M.D. London: 1866.
5. Abscess and Tumours of the Orbit. By Spencer Watson. London: 1866.
6. Fecundity, Fertility, Sterility, and Allied Topics. By J. M. Duncan, A.M., M.D. Edinburgh: 1866.
7. On Diseases of the Stomach; the Varieties of Dyspepsia, their Diagnosis and Treatment. By S. O. Habershon, M.D. London: 1866.
8. Homoeopathy and Hydropathy impartially appreciated. By Edwin Lee, M.D. Fourth Edition. 1866.