

## THE EARL OF DEVON ON POOR-LAW REFORM.

ON Thursday evening, the Earl of Devon, President of the Poor-law Board, moved in the House of Lords for the production of the reports of the special inspections of forty-eight country workhouses by Dr. Edward Smith, which were recently referred to in the *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL*. In an address, of which the report arrived too late on Thursday evening for us to print it in full, he referred in a liberal and generous manner to the efforts of those volunteers who had, by their reports in the leading medical journals, and by their efforts in public association, drawn the attention of the Board and the public to the existing defects. We could have desired no more frank and generous recognition. He stated that the subject of further legislation was now under consideration. The measure which it might be his duty to lay before Parliament would probably seek to confer increased powers of expenditure on the Board, to give them the means of remedying any neglect of duty by the guardian visiting committees, and to provide generally for the more prompt discovery and remedy of abuses.

The Archbishop of York said that the statement of the noble earl was in many respects very satisfactory. He pointed out, however, that Dr. Smith's reports were those of an inspector upon inspectors. He should like to see the reports of the inspectors to Mr. Hardy in January 1867, on the houses in their own districts. He commented unfavourably upon the circumstance of the Bedminster report being only produced this week to the guardians.

The Earl of Carnarvon discussed at some length the general question involved, and said that, if recent experience proved anything, it was this, that external cleanliness was compatible with corruption, dirt, mismanagement, and cruelty; and that skilled visitors would discover what the ordinary staff of the Poor-law Board failed to discover. He asked the noble lord to state how far he was prepared to extend to the country the same principle of medical and scientific inspection which had proved essential to the metropolis.

The Earl of Devon, in reply, said that he would see whether he could agree to present the inspectors' reports which were asked for. His impression was, that there could be no objection. He did not reply to the latter important section of Lord Carnarvon's observations.

On the whole, this discussion presented many very satisfactory features. Lord Devon addressed himself to the subject with candour, earnestness and ability. He has great experience in the administration of the Poor-law; and we have great confidence that he will produce an useful measure. Rarely has any high officer of government responded more quickly, more earnestly, and more sympathetically to a grievance than in this instance. But the traditions of the Poor-law Board are so essentially obstructive, that we fear he will encounter great difficulty in passing any important or comprehensive measure.

## THE BEDMINSTER WORKHOUSE.

AT the weekly meeting of the Bedminster Board of Guardians on Tuesday last, a discussion took place on the report which has recently appeared in this *JOURNAL*. Mr. Gulson, the Poor-law Inspector of the district, was present; and said that, twelve months ago, when there was a discussion on the state of the wards and other matters, he had requested Dr. Edward Smith to inspect the workhouse. Dr. Smith accordingly made an independent report in September, 1866, which was in the hands of the clerk. The report was read, which contained complaints that the water-closets had not cross draughts, and that the air entered the passage; that there was an open privy in the itch ward, and that the ventilation was defective. There was no record of that report on the books of the Board of Guardians; and Sir W. Miles said that, consequently, any deficiencies that were pointed out could not be altered by them, as they were ignorant of the facts of the case. Sir Arthur Elton complained of the manner in which the Poor-law Board had received his request for them to send down a medical inspector, and thought it unfair to himself and others that they did not inform him of their intention to send out an inspector. One of the guardians, Mr. Watkins, asked the surgeon (Mr. Day) whether he had given the board information as to the deficiencies; to which Mr. Day replied that he had done so. Subsequently, Mr. Gulson stated that he had that morning gone over the house with the Committee, and that they had agreed that certain alterations, "not of an extensive character," were necessary. During the meeting, the resignation of the matron was received. The board also passed by a majority of two (17 to 15) a resolution excluding the Ladies' Visiting Committee, and prohibiting the visits of all persons not having proper authority.

## ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

## SOUTH-EASTERN BRANCH: WEST SURREY AND SUSSEX DISTRICT MEETING.

A MEETING of this Branch was held on Thursday, November 23rd, at the Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford; ALBERT NAPPER, Esq., President of the Branch, occupied the chair.

The Secretary was re-elected.

*Next Meeting.*—It was arranged that the next meeting should be held at Horsham, on Thursday, May 21st, 1868; and that Henry J. D. Matthews be requested to take the chair.

*Papers, etc.*—Mr. TAYLOR read a paper upon the recent Epidemic of Typhoid Fever at Guildford, in which the author attributed the outbreak to a supply of water contaminated by sewage matter.

Dr. JAMES R. STEDMAN read a paper upon a case of Encephaloid Tumour of the Abdomen.

*Dinner.*—The dinner took place at 5.30 P.M. at the White Hart Hotel, and ten of those present at the meeting attended.

## SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

## DUBLIN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

*The Dublin Schools—Quarterly Examination—Election of Senator of Queen's University—Services at a Railway Accident—A Dispensary Doctor for 53 Years—Efforts against Fever.*

THE returns from our schools, like those of London, will show a slight decrease of the entire number of students with an increase of newcomers; the reason being that the present abundant opportunities for employment are disposing of the *chronic* men.

Last week, twenty-two candidates presented themselves for final examination at the College of Surgeons, and nineteen passed; whereas, of the thirteen who attempted the first examination the week before, as many as six failed, a knowledge of physiology being their principal deficiency. Teachers will be forced to give their pupils a more complete and practical acquaintance with the subject than heretofore.

The deaths of ex-Chancellor Blackburne and Lord Rosse have caused two vacancies on the Senate of the Queen's University. The nomination to the former lies with Government; to the latter with the Convocation—that is, professors and graduates of two years' standing. Dr. Mapother, who contested a seat in October 1866, now declines to stand, as the new charter enlarging the University so as to embrace the Catholic University and the Dublin medical schools has been abandoned. A requisition has been presented to Dr. William MacCormac, of Belfast, and he will be elected without opposition. His professional position, connection with the Belfast Hospital, and distinguished university career, fully entitle him to the promotion. The securing of a medical representative is important. By the way, he was travelling in the train which lately met with the collision on the Calais line, and has been presented with a letter of thanks from Baron Rothschild, the President of Council of the Administration, and a free ticket to travel on their lines during 1868.

A case lately occurred which shews the need for superannuation allowances to dispensary medical officers. Dr. Tyrrell, of Banbridge Dispensary, has just retired after fifty-three years' service. It must be acknowledged that his Committee thoroughly appreciated his services and appointed his son as his successor. This was, moreover, not an unjustifiable piece of nepotism, for his qualifications appear to have been very superior.

The Dublin fever-rate continues extremely low, and encourages us to hope that, with improved drainage, house-accommodation, and sanitary inspection, that disease will become with us, as with English towns, an epidemic, not an endemic as it has been hitherto. The hot-air disinfecting chamber of the Corporation is pretty generally used, but the authorities of the fever hospitals have not as yet co-operated.

threatened invasion of our shores by the first Napoleon. The lapse of years in no way quenched his zeal in the cause, for, shortly after the formation of the Leeds Engineer Corps, he became one of their surgeons, and took an active part in their operations. Since then he was appointed major of the battalion, and at reviews and other occasions when the corps turned out in large numbers, his well-known face was very frequently seen. Mr. Smith was a warm advocate of the movement which resulted in the Act for the shortening of the hours of labour in factories, and by his zealous aid, both at meetings at which the question was agitated and at the committee-rooms of the House of Commons, where he gave evidence on the subject, he contributed very greatly to the ultimate success of the movement. In politics he was a consistent and staunch Conservative, but he took no part in political controversy further than the recording of his vote in favour of the Conservative candidate for the borough. In private life he was very much respected by all those who were acquainted with him, and his disposition was at all times simple and genial. He was a warm friend and generous supporter of the Church, and for many years filled the office of churchwarden of the parish church, which he held at the time of his death.

## MEDICAL NEWS.

### ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS: THE NOMENCLATURE OF DISEASE.

WE are glad to learn that the "Nomenclature of Diseases," which was submitted to the Royal College of Physicians in July last, has been unanimously adopted by the College at a meeting held on Thursday the 28th of November.

**ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS.**—The following members of the College have passed the Primary or Anatomical and Physiological examinations for the Fellowship of the College.

Braine, Francis Woodhouse, Hertford Street, Mayfair; diploma of membership dated March 31st, 1853  
 Bulteel, Christopher, Down Street, Piccadilly; March 31, 1854  
 Calthrop, Christopher William, Manchester; April 25, 1867  
 Cooper, Clarence, H.M. Indian Army; December 17, 1852  
 Cowell, George, Belgrave Road, S.W.; July 9, 1858  
 Dukes, Clement, Victoria Park; April 23, 1867  
 Grosjean, James Keith Jeanneret, Kensington; April 17, 1860  
 Hill, John Daniel, Guildford Street; July 18, 1859  
 Moore, Thomas, Brighton; December 6, 1859  
 Prall, Samuel, West Malling; April 20, 1857  
 West, James Fitzjames, Broad Street, Birmingham; October 13, 1854  
 Wood, Miles Astman, Ledbury, Herefordshire; January 25, 1865

**APOTHECARIES' HALL.**—Names of gentlemen who passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received certificates to practise, on Thursday, November 21st, 1867.

Mallory, Henry Leigh, Knutsford, Cheshire  
 Marshall, Frederick, Claremont House, Prince of Wales's Road  
 Roberts, William, West Grove, Retford  
 Symons, Croft George, Plympton, Devon  
 Walters, James Hopkins, Kingston-on-Thames  
 Williamson, George, 225, Newtown, Birmingham  
 Williams, Joseph Llewelyn, Wrexham, North Wales

At the same Court, the following passed the first examination:—  
 Hubbard, Thomas Wells, Guy's Hospital  
 Pritchard, Urban, King's College Hospital

### APPOINTMENT.

BINGHAM, John J., L.R.C.P. Edin., M.R.C.S. Eng., appointed House-Surgeon to the Derbyshire General Infirmary, *vice* W. G. Curguenven, M.D., resigned.

### MARRIAGE.

OWEN, Edward R., Esq., Surgeon, Oxford, to Louisa Jane Simpson, youngest daughter of the Rev. R. J. FRANCIS, rector of Rollesby, Norfolk, at Norwich, on November 21st.

**BEQUEST.**—The late Miss Tottingham of Harley Street has left a legacy of £500 to the Middlesex Hospital.

**A TEMPERANCE HOSPITAL.**—A meeting was last week held at the East Central Coffee House, Jewin Street, for the purpose of taking steps for the erection of a temperance hospital, college, etc., where the sick might be cured without the use of intoxicating drinks, on the hygienic principle; Mr. J. W. Richardson in the chair. Resolutions in favour of the proposed scheme were agreed to, and a memorial requesting Mr. Samuel Morley to become president of the hospital was carried.

**ADDENBROOKE'S HOSPITAL, CAMBRIDGE.**—At a special meeting of the governors of this institution, held on Monday last, convened for the purpose of electing a house-surgeon in the room of Mr. Wallis, resigned. The Mayor presided. The candidates were Mr. Geo. Lucas, M.R.C.S.E., and Mr. J. B. Ward, of Caius College, Cambridge. Each candidate being duly proposed and seconded, a show of hands was taken, when there were held up for Mr. Lucas forty-five, and for Mr. Ward eighteen. A poll was demanded; and, at the close (four o'clock), there appeared for Mr. Lucas one hundred and twenty-five; for Mr. Ward, sixty-seven. The former was declared elected.

**THE PROPOSED ANNEXATION OF THE EAST AND WEST LONDON UNIONS TO ST. LUKE'S AND CLERKENWELL PARISHES.**—We hear semi-officially that it is not the intention of the Earl of Devon to proceed with his proposal to annex the parish of St. Luke's to the East London, and that of Clerkenwell to the West London Union, in consequence of the strong representations which have been made to him by the board of guardians of both, and the manifestations of public opinion which have been made against such annexation. We further learn that it is the intention of the right hon. gentleman, early in the closely approaching session of parliament, to introduce an amended measure upon the subject.

**THE MERCANTILE MARINE.**—A circular of instructions relative to lime and lemon juice required for use on board ship, has just been issued by Mr. Thomas Gray, Marine Assistant-Secretary to the Board of Trade, for the direction of merchants and producers. This circular, which was framed by Mr. Gray, in conjunction with Dr. Dickson, R.N., medical officer to Her Majesty's Customs, and Mr. Harry Leach, Medical Inspector to the Board of Trade under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1867, explains all general conditions to be fulfilled, under the terms of the Act, as to examination, mixing, bottling, and packing of the juice; and also includes the regulations framed by the Commissioners of Customs for its storage in bond. The Act will take effect on and after the 1st of January next, from which date all lime and lemon juice must, if required for use on board ship, be obtained from a bonded warehouse, and will be subject to such regulations of the Customs as are now applicable to bonded ships' stores.

**THE "BORER."**—The Indian mails announce that Dr. Bidie, of the Madras medical service, and professor of botany at the medical college, has, with the consent of the Mysore Government, been appointed to report upon the devastation caused by the borer in the coffee plantations. Dr. Bidie has recently visited Coorg and Mysore, and inspected some of the plantations with the view of collecting facts regarding this destructive insect. He has embodied his observations in an interesting report to Government. He expresses his belief that there is not at present an estate in Coorg free from the pest, while one at least has been rendered worthless, "and many more will be in nearly the same condition before the advent of the rains in 1868." "In fact," writes Dr. Bidie, "this branch of industry is threatened with complete extinction; and it is very humiliating to think that the cause is a tiny insect of which a man could crush a thousand between his palms." During the last few seasons the coffee plant has been subjected to various debilitating influences, and Dr. Bidie believes that this general debility has been a powerful predisposing cause to the borer epidemic. He found that healthy trees which had been purposely or accidentally manured rarely suffered from the borer, while others in which this condition is absent suffer severely. Plants on newly-opened estates, in which the soil has not been exhausted, escape entirely or suffer only slightly; while plants on dry, barren, and exposed ridges suffer soonest and most severely. With regard to a remedy, Dr. Bidie is of opinion that the efforts of the planter should chiefly be directed towards the introduction of a superior mode of cultivation, so as to get the plants into better condition. In short, he recommends high cultivation—more careful weeding, systematic manuring, and skilful pruning.

**THE MIDLAND RAILWAY WORKS AND ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL.**—The following note has appeared in a daily paper:—Sir,—Having seen it stated in your paper that the contractors on the Midland Railway had taken advantage of St. Mary's Hospital in cases of accident or sickness among their men, but had made no contribution to the funds of the hospital, as agent for Messrs. Waring, Brothers, the contractors for this portion of the works, I have to request that you will publish the enclosed letter from E. Cousins, Esq., and, at the same time, to state that, though we have sent no cases to that hospital, the firm have made a contribution of £25 to its funds.—I am, etc., Charles Walker.—"Dear Sir,—Since the works at King's Cross commenced, I have surgical charge of all the accidents upon that portion of the Midland Railway, and am not aware that any case of injury sustained there has ever been treated at St. Mary's Hospital.—I am, dear sir, yours truly, Edward Cousins, F.R.C.S."

## OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

**MONDAY** .....Metropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's, 9 A.M. and 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.  
**TUESDAY**.....Guy's, 1.30 P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.  
**WEDNESDAY**..St. Mary's, 2 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1.30 P.M.—Samaritan Free Hospital for Women and Children, 2.30 P.M.  
**THURSDAY**...St. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.—Royal Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.  
**FRIDAY**.....Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.  
**SATURDAY**....St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Lock (Clinical Demonstrations and Operations), 1 P.M.—Royal Free, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

## MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

**MONDAY**.—Epidemiological Society, 8 P.M. Dr. C. F. Edwards (General Sanitary Inspector), "On the Recent Outbreak of Pernicious Fever in Mauritius"—Entomological Society.—Medical Society of London, 8 P.M. Mr. Alfred Ebsworth, "On Nurses and Nursing generally."  
**TUESDAY**.—Pathological Society of London, 8 P.M.—Anthropological Society of London, 8 P.M.  
**WEDNESDAY**.—Obstetrical Society of London, 7 P.M., Meeting of Council. 8 P.M., Dr. Snow Beck, "A Case of Puerperal Fever, with Remarks"; Dr. D. L. Roberts, "A Case of Caesarean Section"; Dr. Playfair, "On Cardiac Apnoea after Delivery"; Dr. Graily Hewitt, "On Traumatic Aneurism of the Uterine Artery."—Geological Society.  
**THURSDAY**.—Harveian Society of London, 8 P.M. Dr. Broadbent, "On Purpura."—Royal Society.—Chemical Society.—Linnæan Society.  
**FRIDAY**.—Western Medical and Surgical Society of London, 8 P.M. Dr. Anstie will read some Remarks on the Clinical use of the Sphygmograph, with Demonstrations.

## NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*All Letters and Communications for the JOURNAL, to be addressed to the EDITOR, 37, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.*

CORRESPONDENTS not answered are requested to look to the Notices to Correspondents of the following week.

*Communications as to the transmission of the JOURNAL should be sent to MR. RICHARDS, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C.*

To PURCHASERS.—To insure attention, it is requested that all orders sent to the Office for extra copies of the JOURNAL, be accompanied with stamps for the amount.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names—of course, not necessarily for publication.

G. C. (Taunton).—The Poor-law Board consists of Lord Devon (President), the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Secretary of State for the Home Department, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mr. Fleming and Mr. Slater-Booth (Secretaries).

We are requested to state that Mr. J. J. Merriman of Kensington is not the gentleman referred to last week in the JOURNAL as having been formerly connected with the Reform League.

We are indebted to correspondents for the following periodicals, containing news reports and other matters of medical interest.—The Belfast News-Letter, November 20th; The Sussex Express, November 19th; The Durham Chronicle, November 22nd; The Western Express, November 25th; The Glasgow Herald, November 25th; The Downpatrick Recorder, November 23rd.

MR. O'LEARY's communication shall receive early attention.

H. C. (Hampshire) might peruse with interest Jago's treatise on *Entoptics*, and the chapters in Warlomont and Testelin's translation and supplement to Mackenzie *On the Eye*.

THE papers of Dr. Broadbent and Mr. Christopher Heath are in type, and will appear in an early number of the JOURNAL.

F.R.C.S. (Devonport).—The result of the new examinations for the Fellowship cannot be ascertained yet. There were sixteen candidates.

## UNION SURGEONS' FEES.

SIR,—Will you kindly oblige me by giving me an answer in your next issue to the following question: Is an union medical officer entitled to an extra allowance from the guardians for performing the operation paracentesis abdominis? and, if so, what amount? I am, etc., COUNTRY SURGEON.

\* Article 177 of the Poor-law Consolidated Order defines the operations and services which entitle the district medical officer to extra remuneration. Certainly paracentesis abdominis does not come under them. Article 181 says: "In any surgical case, not provided for in Article 177, which has presented peculiar difficulty, or required and received long attendance from the district medical officer, the guardians may make to the said medical officer such reasonable extra allowance as they may think fit and the Commissioners may approve."

## NEW MEMBERS.

MR. E. W. WITTEN (York); DR. WHITMORE (London); MR. ASHTON; DR. MARKHAM; MR. COWELL; MR. LANGMORE.—The names proposed shall be forwarded for election as members. We may repeat the observations which we last week made, and may take this opportunity of reminding our readers that this is the best time for introducing new members, as the subscription dates from the commencement of the year. As this JOURNAL now confessedly occupies the front rank amongst medical periodicals, and is admittedly at least equal in scientific and literary value and interest with any of its weekly contemporaries, there seems every reason to believe that a large accession of members may be expected by making extensively known at this season the fact that the annual subscription—including the professional advantages of membership of the Association and possession of the JOURNAL free by post—is only one guinea annually; that is, *one-third less than the subscription to the other journals of like repute*. At the stage of prosperity which has now been reached, any further considerable accession of members will not only bring the JOURNAL far into the van of medical periodical literature, and so give to it an unquestionable preeminence in circulation and influence, such as the organ of our greatest professional Association ought to possess, but it will place in the hands of the Association that which has always been an object of desire—surplus funds; which may be used for the advancement of medical science and the protection of professional interests throughout the country. We hope that we may be permitted to appeal to our members individually to aid us in this matter, and to remind them that each one who proposes a new member, renders a service to the Association; while, by widening the bonds of union and strengthening an organisation which aims at the elevation of the whole body medical and the support of its best scientific and social interests, he is doing well for the profession at large.

COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, &c., have been received from:—

Dr. Alexander Fleming, Birmingham (with enclosure); Mr. J. K. Spender, Bath (with enclosure); The Secretary of Apothecaries' Hall (with enclosure); Mr. T. M. Stone, The Registrar-General of England; Mr. Higginbottom, Nottingham (with enclosure); Dr. M. Foster; Mr. Starr, Bath Hospital (with enclosure); Dr. John Murray; The Registrar-General of Ireland; Dr. Hyde Salter; Mr. Campbell de Morgan; Mr. T. Holmes; Dr. Basham; Mr. Samuel Solly; Mr. James Paget; Dr. Wilson Fox; Mr. Mivart; Mr. Spencer; Dr. R. Payne Cotton; Mr. Clarke; Dr. Eastlake; Dr. Murchison; Mr. Curgiven; Mr. Hill; Mr. Arthur Kempe, Exeter (with enclosure); Mr. E. W. Witten, York; Dr. Archibald Reith, Aberdeen (with enclosure); Mr. W. Druce, Oxford; Mr. F. J. Wilson, Westminster Hospital; Mr. Adams, Kent County Ophthalmic Hospital; Dr. W. Anderson, Richmond (with enclosure); Sir Henry Holland; Dr. Benec Jones; Dr. Meryon; Dr. Fuller; Mr. Prescott Hewett; Dr. Cockle; Dr. G. Goddard Rogers; Mr. J. C. Wordsworth; Dr. T. H. Tanner; Mr. A. Bruce; Mr. J. C. Davies, Cleobury Mortimer; Mr. J. J. Merriman; Mr. T. Watkin Williams, Birmingham (with enclosure); Mr. O'Leary, Dublin; Dr. Bryan, Northampton; Dr. Julius Althaus (with enclosure); Dr. William Newman, Stamford (with enclosure); The Registrar of the University of London; Dr. A. Meadows; Mr. Startin; Mr. J. N. Radcliffe (with enclosure); Dr. A. E. Sansom (with enclosure); The Honorary Secretary of the Obstetrical Society; Mr. Wheeler (with enclosure); The Honorary Secretary of the Western Medical and Surgical Society; Dr. H. Gervis (with enclosure); Dr. Quinan, Dublin; Mr. E. Johnson Smith (with enclosure); Dr. Maudsley (with enclosure); Dr. J. Waring-Curran, Bexhill; Mr. W. T. Greene, Moira, Ireland (with enclosure); Dr. S. Scott Alison; Dr. O. Sturges; Mr. Alfred Fleischmann, Cheltenham (with enclosure); Dr. Washbourne, Gloucester (with enclosure); Mrs. Baines (with enclosure); Dr. Walshe; Mr. G. W. Callender; Dr. A. B. Garrod; Mr. J. Morton, Guildford (with enclosure); Mr. J. W. Hulke; Mr. Mayo, Oxford; Dr. J. West Walker, Spilsby (with enclosure); Rev. J. Barrum; Dr. Monckton, Maidstone; The Honorary Secretary of the Epidemiological Society; Dr. B. W. Richardson; Dr. Headlam Greenhow (with enclosure); Mr. Sewill (with enclosure); Dr. J. Crichton Browne, Wakefield; Dr. Charlton Bastian (with enclosure); Dr. Cruise, Dublin; Dr. E. Symes Thompson (with enclosure); Dr. Mapother, Dublin; Mr. P. Black; Dr. G. Buchanan, Glasgow; Mr. Annandale, Edinburgh; Dr. Gidley; Mr. Constable, Cambridge (with enclosure); Mr. Carver, Cambridge; Mr. Henry Lee; Mr. Ashton; Dr. J. G. Geoghegan, Dublin; Dr. Thorburn, Manchester; Dr. McC. Anderson, Glasgow; Mr. J. J. P. Black, Aberdeen; Mr. Peter Squire; Dr. Markham; Mr. Hussey, Oxford; Dr. Churchill, Dublin; Dr. Allman, Edinburgh; The Registrar of the Medical Society of London; Mr. W. H. Flower, College of Surgeons; Dr. Carr, Blackheath; Dr. G. F. Giles, Hastings; W. E.; Dr. Andrew Clark; Dr. Ramskill; Mr. John C. Salter; Dr. T. G. Stewart, Edinburgh; Dr. J. G. Wilson, Glasgow; Professor J. H. Balfour, Edinburgh; Dr. J. T. Campion, Dublin; Dr. G. H. B. Macleod, Glasgow; Dr. Henry Kennedy, Dublin; Professor Laycock, Edinburgh; Mr. J. V. Solomon, Birmingham (with enclosure); Mr. Joseph Bell, Edinburgh; Dr. Hayden, Dublin; Dr. G. F. Blandford; Mr. Soelberg Wells; Dr. H. Jay, Wakefield; Dr. J. Matthews Duncan; Dr. William Webb; Mr. Evans; Dr. Collis, Dublin; Dr. Madden, Dublin; The Honorary Secretary of the Harveian Society; Dr. T. W. Belcher; Dr. Eben Watson, Glasgow; Dr. McCall Anderson, Glasgow; Mr. Bryant; Dr. Handfield Jones; Dr. S. J. Goodfellow; Dr. G. Johnson; and Dr. W. Addison, Brighton.