

college. After touching upon the history of the site, which had in mediaeval times belonged to St. Bartholomew's Hospital and throughout most of the centuries had been devoted to education, Mr. Girling Ball paid a tribute to Sir Holburt Waring for his encouragement in securing Merchant Taylors' School for Bart's; to the Merchant Taylors Company for their indulgence and patience; to the staff and old Bart's men everywhere for their generosity; to Sir Charles Collett for the City appeal; and to various munificent donors.

Lord STANMORE, Treasurer of the Hospital, proposing the health of the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and Corporation, complimented Sir Stephen Killik, "the first Citizen of the greatest city in the world," on a memorable year of office. The acquisition of the Charterhouse site, he said, emphasized the educational side of the work of Bart's and would stand for ever as a milestone in the history of the hospital and its college. The LORD MAYOR, in reply, said it was a special privilege on one of the last occasions when he would respond to the civic toast to acknowledge the love and regard of the City for Bart's, which it always looked upon as its own hospital. His Royal Highness's visit was a compliment not only to Bart's, but also to the City of London, with which the hospital had been so closely linked throughout the centuries.

"The Health of the Guests" was proposed in comprehensive terms by Mr. REGINALD VICK, Warden of the College. After extending a general welcome to "a world of famous men," he greeted in particular the Treasurer and Almoners of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, the Masters of various City Companies, the Chairman of Lloyds, the Master of the Charterhouse, and the head master of Merchant Taylors'; Dr. Arthur MacNalty, representing the Minister of Health; the Vice-Chairman and the Chief Medical Officer of the L.C.C.; the medical heads of the three Services; the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, Principal, and Chairman of the Court of the University of London; Sir Farquhar Buzzard and Professor John Ryle, from Oxford and Cambridge; Lord Dawson of Penn, P.R.C.P., and Sir Cuthbert Wallace, P.R.C.S.; Dr. Christopher Addison, one-time professor of anatomy at Bart's; Lord Hirst and Lord Plender, members of the appeal committee; the deans of two sister hospitals, Guy's and St. Thomas's; the representatives of the Press, which had never failed in its friendliness to Bart's; and lastly the students, upon whom hung the whole future of the College. Bart's, Mr. Vick said in conclusion, was proud of its antiquity, and perhaps still more proud of its youth and energy to-day. Lord MACMILLAN, in reply, joined in the general felicitations. Dining with doctors, he said, was always a pleasure. Medicine, perhaps naturally, attracted the good will of the world: had it not a monopoly of the epithet "beloved"? On behalf of the University of London he offered congratulations on the great success of the present venture, expressing his own admiration for the work of Bart's in research and for its co-operation with other schools. Lord HORDER, the senior physician, proposing "The Health of the Chairman," said that the achievement they were celebrating that night was largely the result of Mr. Girling Ball's personal drive, his foresight, and his indomitable pluck. Their chairman's "anxiety neurosis" about the new College had been appeasable only by the administration of large cheques; but thanks to princely donations this malady was now well under control. What Mr. Ball had accomplished had been done without neglect of teaching and practice, and throughout it all he had preserved a view of medical education as it should be.

The formal proceedings ended with the CHAIRMAN'S reply and three cheers for the Prince of Wales, after which the guests had an opportunity of inspecting the various departments of the new Medical College.

We have received a copy of a new Spanish journal entitled *Revista Española de las Enfermedades del Aparato Digestivo y de la Nutrition*, which is published monthly at Madrid as the organ of the Spanish Society of Diseases of the Digestive System and Nutrition.

## MEDICAL CANDIDATES AT THE GENERAL ELECTION

The following is a further list of members of the medical profession who have been nominated as candidates for election to the House of Commons at the General Election on November 14th, supplementing the list published last week at page 849.

### ENGLAND

#### LONDON BOROUGHS

- Dr. C. R. Cooke-Taylor (L.), Dulwich.
- Dr. Elizabeth Jacobs (Lab.), St. Marylebone.
- Dr. S. W. Jeger (Lab.), St. Pancras (South-East).
- Dr. G. de Swietochowski (L.), Paddington (North).

#### ENGLISH BOROUGHS

- Dr. D. McIntosh Johnson (L.), Bury.
- Dr. P. McDougall (Ind.), Manchester, Rusholme.

### SCOTLAND

#### SCOTTISH BURGHS

- Dr. R. A. Barlow (L.), Edinburgh Central.

#### SCOTTISH COUNTIES

- Dr. W. S. R. Thomas (L.), Aberdeen and Kincardine Central.

Dr. J. H. Williams has been returned unopposed for Carmarthen, Llanelli, and Professor T. Sinclair for the Queen's University of Belfast.

## Nova et Vetera

### THE ILLNESS OF THE EMPEROR FREDERICK

The echoes of the controversy over the illness of the Crown Prince of Germany, afterwards the Emperor Frederick, have now died away, and therefore Mr. Lionel Colledge could take this subject as the theme of his brief presidential address to the Section of Laryngology of the Royal Society of Medicine last week without any misgiving.

Mr. Colledge made it clear that he was neither criticizing nor defending those who had charge of the royal patient; his purpose was to study the illness from the pathological standpoint in the light of modern knowledge. Sir Morell Mackenzie arrived in Berlin on May 20th, 1887, without knowing exactly why he had been summoned. He found that the Crown Prince had been suffering from an affection of the larynx since the previous autumn, that a diagnosis of cancer had been made, and that the operation of thyrotomy was to be undertaken the following day by von Bergmann, but that it was desired first to get another opinion. Mackenzie saw with the mirror a growth about the size of a split pea on the posterior part of the left vocal cord, disappearing from view on phonation. He stated that this showed that it was partly attached to the under surface as well as to the side of the cord—in other words, was partly subglottic. His opinion was that the diagnosis of cancer had been made on insufficient evidence; he removed a portion of the tumour and sent it to Virchow, who reported the growth to be benign. Mackenzie advised the removal of the growth with forceps, but did not attempt it at the time, and left Berlin, not returning until June 7th, when he again removed a piece of the growth and sent it to Virchow, who reported that the lesion was pachydermia verrucosa, and that in no part could the ingrowth of this epithelial formation into the mucous membrane be detected. On the strength of Virchow's report it was decided to treat the case by endolaryngeal extirpation of the growth with forceps. On June 28th another piece, thought to be the entire growth, was removed and sent to Virchow, who again found no evidence of malignant

said the one word "constipation." The action was a "pounds, shillings, and pence" one, and it failed. He did not in any way accept the account which the father had given of the happenings on the night in question, and he was not satisfied that the doctor had acted in any way improperly.

The defence was conducted under the instruction of the Medical Defence Union.

## Universities and Colleges

### UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

The Theodore Williams Scholarship in Physiology, 1935, has been awarded to J. N. Mills (New College).

### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

At a congregation held on November 2nd the following medical degrees were conferred:

M.D. (*honoris causa*).—J. A. Ryle, M.D.Lond., Regius Professor of Physic.

M.D.—G. L. F. Rowell, R. S. Stacey, E. F. Skinner, J. M. Wallace.

M.B., B.CHR.—T. B. Jones.

M.B.—S. J. Hadfield, R. I. N. Greaves, R. H. Brown.

### UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW

At the graduation ceremony held on November 2nd the degree of M.D. was conferred on W. S. Burnet.

### UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM

#### *Course in Neurology*

A special course in neurology for post-graduates preparing for the Diploma in Psychological Medicine of the Conjoint Board, and other practitioners who may wish to attend, has been arranged by the Faculty of Medicine of the University. The course will be held in May, June, and July, 1936, as follows. At General Hospital: May 5th, 12th, and 19th, at 2 p.m., neurological ophthalmology. At Queen's Hospital: May 5th, 12th, 19th, and 26th, June 9th, 16th, and 30th, and July 7th and 14th, at 3.30 p.m., neurology; May 5th, 12th, 19th, and 26th, and June 9th, at 5 p.m., neuropathology; July 7th and 14th, at 5.15 p.m., radiology of the nervous system. At Cripples Hospital, Broad Street: June 16th and 30th, at 4.45 p.m., neurological orthopaedics. The fee for the course is £5 5s., payable in advance to the secretary of the University, Edmund Street, Birmingham.

### ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON

A quarterly meeting of the Royal College of Physicians of London was held on October 31st, with the president, Lord Dawson of Penn, in the chair. Dr. A. Ramsbottom, Dr. A. Feiling, Dr. O. L. V. S. de Wesselow, Dr. E. H. Kettle, Dr. R. H. Miller, and Dr. P. H. Manson-Bahr were elected councillors.

The following were elected representatives: Dr. H. L. Tidy, on the committee of management of the Conjoint Board; Dr. A. S. Barnes, on the court of governors of the University of Birmingham; Dr. John Hay, on the court of governors of the University of Liverpool; Sir Stanley Woodward, on the Central Council for District Nursing; and Dr. Arthur MacNulty, on the executive committee of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

The president announced the award of the Jenks Scholarship to John Douglas James, late of Epsom College, and the appointment by the council of Dr. D'Arcy Hart to the Milroy Lectureship for 1937. Dr. R. D. Gillespie was appointed a delegate to the Fourth Biennial Conference on Mental Health in January, 1936.

#### *Membership*

The following candidates, having satisfied the Censors' Board, were admitted Members of the College:

Franklin Bicknell, M.B.Oxf., Thomas Colver, M.B.Sheff., John Howard Fisher, M.B.Sydney, Arthur Evans Francis, M.D.Lond., George Edward Godber, M.B.Oxf., John Stuart Harper, M.B.Aberd., William Albert Hawk, M.D.Toronto, Thomas Shirley Hele, O.B.E., M.D.Camb., John Locke Lovibond, M.B.Camb., William McCartan, M.D.Belf., James Robertson Monro Mackie, M.D.Aberd., Robert Walsh Mussen, Surgeon Commander, R.N., M.D.Belf., Lionel Everard Napier, L.R.C.P., Neville Christopher Oswald, M.B.Camb., Mahankali Seetharama Rao, M.D.Madras, Kenneth Moorhouse Robertson, M.D.Lond., William Stuart Tegner, M.B.Oxon., Samuel Edward Turvey, M.D.Manitoba, John Henry Walters, L.R.C.P., Sydney Lawrence Wright, M.D.Lond.

#### *Licences*

Licences to practise were conferred upon the following 140 candidates (including seventeen women) who have passed the final examination in medicine, surgery, and midwifery of the Conjoint Board, and have complied with the necessary by-laws:

M. M. Ali, I. C. Allen, W. G. R. Ashley-Emile, E. Ashman, G. Bair, Margaret Ball, A. B. Barbour, K. E. Barlow, J. E. M. Barnes, H. H. F. Barns, P. N. Baruah, W. M. Beattie, H. B. Birnbaum, L. J. Blay, G. L. Broderick, J. A. B. Burnett, W. A. Burnett, A. Z. Butt, T. D. Chablani, Freda M. Chalkley, S. L. S. Chiew, Priscilla B. Clark, E. R. Coleman, J. D. Cooper, R. N. B. Cridland, H. W. F. Croft, N. Cruickshank, G. M. Curtois, B. Datta, D. R. Davies, H. L. Ellis, G. A. Ewen, R. D. Ewing, J. V. L. Farquhar, W. Fielding, G. M. Fleming, Daireen I. Forster, T. D. Fraser, E. D. B. Freedman, J. French, S. E. Furber, T. H. T. Gautby, P. R. Gavin, S. G. Gordon, D. W. F. Gotla, A. A. Hakeem, P. B. Hanbury, C. W. McN. Harvey, B. B. Hickey, G. S. Hodge, G. A. Hodgson, R. J. House, W. Hughes, T. G. Humby, R. S. Hunt, C. A. Hutt, R. A. Johnson, D. Joy, E. W. Knowles, J. W. Lacey, C. Langmaid, B. Lee, D. N. Leeming, J. I. Lesh, W. M. Lippitt, H. S. Lohgarh, R. G. M. Longridge, I. B. McCrae, K. G. F. Mackenzie, Ivy M. Massick, Dorothy V. Mazel, S. C. Mehta, H. C. de B. Milne, D. W. Moynagh, A. Mukerji, R. Mundy, A. H. G. Munro, E. G. Murphy, Moira Murray, A. A. K. Naqsh-Bandi, S. G. Nardell, J. A. V. Nicoll, A. R. H. Oakley, T. D. W. O'Flynn, C. W. F. Outred, S. Paletz, G. W. Palmer, Nora M. Pettitt, G. B. S. Pimblett, Dorothy S. Pope, D. A. R. Pritchard, C. N. Pulvertaft, J. D. Raftery, C. O. Ribeiro, D. T. Richards, Florence G. Richards, M. S. Richmond, C. G. Rob, E. T. Roberts, J. M. Robins, G. S. Robinson, H. D. H. Robinson, P. A. Robinson, G. Rogers, O. N. Roussel, E. B. Rowe, Milliecent I. Rowland, L. M. Rubine, A. E. K. Salvi, H. N. Savage, S. K. Sen, J. A. Seymour-Jones, D. Singh, Marjorie Smail, T. Smallhorn, A. C. Spence, S. Stein, J. Stern, L. D. Stone, J. Suchet, R. H. A. Swain, J. R. Sweeting, Phyllis J. M. Sykes, R. A. Thatcher, F. B. Thomas, B. Thornley, R. F. Tredgold, A. R. M. Waffarn, J. T. Waldie, Rosemary C. Walker, J. St. J. F. W. Wallace-Collett, J. R. Wardley, Norah E. Weatherhead, W. R. Welply, D. O. Wharton, C. E. G. Wickham, Sheila M. R. Williams, S. L. Williams, J. D. Wilson, Hilda C. Woods.

The following diplomas were granted, jointly with the Royal College of Surgeons:

DIPLOMA IN PUBLIC HEALTH.—K. F. Alford, G. Busutil, P. J. L. Capon, A. F. Cook, E. H. Hall, P. N. Kapur, A. A. Miller, C. D. Newman, Constance L. Taylor.

DIPLOMA IN CHILD HEALTH.—R. H. Bailey, D. S. Bateman, C. A. Birch, A. M. R. Cann, G. Davison, M. El-Diwany, J. H. Ebbs, L. A. Hawkins, B. McArdle, T. S. Rodgers, A. B. Stokes.

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHETICS.—G. F. V. Anson, H. Charles, L. T. Clarke, Elsie C. Hanson, O. J. Murphy, L. M. Routh, S. T. Rowling, J. D. Stewart.

## Medical News

The Duke of York will preside for the first time as president of King's College Hospital at the festival dinner at Claridge's on Thursday, November 14th, when His Royal Highness will announce the programme for the further development of the hospital.

The ninety-fourth half-yearly dinner of the Aberdeen University Club, London, will be held at the Café Royal on Thursday, November 21st, at 7.30 p.m., followed by dancing. Dr. J. M. Bulloch will preside, and General Sir Ian Hamilton will be the principal guest. The honorary secretary's address is 16, Tregunter Road, S.W.10.

The British College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists will hold a dinner on Friday, November 15th, at Claridge's, Brook Street, W., with the president (Dr. J. S. Fairbairn) in the chair.

Three Cantor lectures, on Geological Aspects of Underground Water Supplies, will be given by Dr. Bernard Smith, F.R.S., on November 18th, November 25th, and December 2nd at 8 p.m., at the Royal Society of Arts, John Street, Adelphi, W.C.2.

A meeting of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain will be held at 17, Bloomsbury Square, W.C., on Tuesday, November 12th, at 8.30 p.m., when Professor Arthur Smithells, F.R.S., will receive the Harrison Memorial Medal and deliver the Harrison Memorial Lecture, on "The Teaching of Chemistry." Professor Smithells was chief chemical adviser (anti-gas training) G.H.Q. Home Forces 1916-19, and was closely associated with Colonel E. F. Harrison, director of chemical warfare, in anti-gas work.

A meeting of the Medical Officers of Schools Association will be held at 11, Chandos Street, W., on Friday, November 15th, at 5 p.m., when Mr. E. Wilson Hall will read a paper on "Some Problems of the Medical Officer in Private Preparatory Schools." A discussion will follow.

A sessional meeting of the Royal Sanitary Institute will be held in Leamington Spa Town Hall, on Friday, November 15th, at 4.45 p.m., when there will be a discussion on "Medicine at Health Resorts," to be opened by Dr. Frank Clayton.

Dr. R. J. Lythgoe will read a paper on "Visual Perceptions Under Modern Conditions" before the Illuminating Engineering Society at the Institution of Mechanical Engineers, Storey's Gate, St. James's Park, S.W., on Tuesday, November 12th, at 7 p.m.

Two lectures for school medical officers, on the diagnosis of congenital syphilis, will be given by Dr. D. Nabarro at the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street, W.C., on Monday and Tuesday, November 18th and 19th. The lectures, the fee for which is £1 1s., will be illustrated by lantern slides and specimens, and a series of cases will be shown. They start at 2.30 p.m. and, with the demonstrations, will continue until 4 p.m.

The Fellowship of Medicine (1, Wimpole Street, W.) announces that a debate on the motion "That the Present Rate of Maternal Mortality is a Discredit to Modern Obstetrics" will be held at the Royal Society of Medicine (1, Wimpole Street, W.) on November 13th, at 8.30 p.m., when Dr. T. Watts Eden will occupy the chair. Dame Janet Campbell and Professor J. M. Munro Kerr will propose the motion, which will be opposed by Professor Gilbert Strachan and Professor Daniel Dougal. The debate will then be thrown open for discussion. All members of the medical profession are invited to be present. A course in medicine, surgery, and gynaecology will be held at Royal Waterloo Hospital from November 11th to 23rd. Other courses include: venereal disease, at London Lock Hospital, November 18th to December 14th; infants' diseases at Infants Hospital, November 25th to December 7th; proctology, at St. Mark's Hospital, November 25th to 30th; dermatology, at Hospital for Diseases of the Skin, Blackfriars, S.E., November 25th to December 7th; chest diseases, at Brompton Hospital, November 30th and December 1st; and an evening clinical and pathological course for M.R.C.P. candidates, at National Temperance Hospital, Tuesday and Thursday evenings, at 8 p.m., from November 26th to December 12th. Full information regarding the courses may be obtained from the Fellowship of Medicine.

The twenty-second French Congress of Hygiene was held on October 21st, 22nd, and 23rd at the Pasteur Institute under the presidency of Professor Lereboullet, who is President of the Société de Médecine Publique et de Génie Sanitaire. This year the congress was devoted to infant welfare.

Further information has now been received about the Physio-Therapeutic Congress, to be held at Kharkov from December 19th to 25th. The proceedings will consist mainly of short papers lasting about twenty or thirty minutes, with some shorter ones, and covering the technique and application of the varieties of physical medicine. Attention will be devoted to the latest reports about the physiological effects, and the many forms of treatment available in Soviet Russia will be detailed. Consideration will also be given to ultra-violet and short-wave therapy. A full list of speakers and subjects, and information concerning travel facilities and hotel accommodation, may be obtained from Intourist Ltd., Bush House, London.

The issue of *La Medicina Ibera* for October 5th contains an illustrated account of the proceedings of the International Congress of the History of Medicine held in September at Madrid.

Professor Pietro Rondoni has been nominated director-general of the Victor Emmanuel III Institute for the Study and Treatment of Cancer, in succession to the late Professor Gaetano Fichera.

The King has granted authority to Dr. William Dunlop, O.B.E., and Mr. Gordon Stewart Woodman to wear the Insignia of the Fourth Class (Civil Division) of the Order of Al Rafidain, conferred upon them by the King of Iraq in recognition of valuable services rendered while employed by the Iraqi Government.

Cancer has recently been made a notifiable disease in Jugoslavia on the demand of the Jugoslavia Society for the Campaign against Cancer.

The late Professor Ramón y Cajal has left a legacy of 25,000 pesetas to found a prize to be awarded by the Spanish Academy of Medicine for the best work on a subject to be settled by that body.

## Letters, Notes, and Answers

All communications in regard to editorial business should be addressed to **THE EDITOR, British Medical Journal, B.M.A. House, Tavistock Square, W.C.1.**

ORIGINAL ARTICLES and LETTERS forwarded for publication are understood to be offered to the *British Medical Journal* alone, unless the contrary be stated. Correspondents who wish notice to be taken of their communications should authenticate them with their names, not necessarily for publication.

Authors desiring REPRINTS of their articles published in the *British Medical Journal* must communicate with the Financial Secretary and Business Manager, British Medical Association House, Tavistock Square, W.C.1, on receipt of proofs. Authors over-seas should indicate on MSS, if reprints are required, as proofs are not sent abroad.

All communications with reference to ADVERTISEMENTS, as well as orders for copies of the *Journal*, should be addressed to the Financial Secretary and Business Manager.

The **TELEPHONE NUMBER** of the British Medical Association and the *British Medical Journal* is EUSTON 2111 (internal exchange, five lines).

The **TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESSES** are  
EDITOR OF THE BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL, *Aitiology, Westcent, London.*

FINANCIAL SECRETARY AND BUSINESS MANAGER  
(Advertisements, etc.), *Articulate Westcent, London.*

MEDICAL SECRETARY, *Medisecra Westcent, London.*

The address of the Irish Office of the British Medical Association is 18, Kildare Street, Dublin (telegrams: *Bacillus, Dublin*; telephone: 62550 Dublin), and of the Scottish Office, 7, Drumsheugh Gardens, Edinburgh (telegrams: *Associate, Edinburgh*; telephone: 24361 Edinburgh).

## QUERIES AND ANSWERS

### Pre-natal Quinine

Dr. N. R. DHARMAVIR (Lahore) writes: Though not in general practice for the last eight or nine years, I have been keenly interested for quite another reason in the articles appearing from time to time in the *British Medical Journal* on "pre-natal quinization." In the course of my general practice in England, extending over a period of twenty-six years in the counties where the women, young and old, work as weavers, etc., I quite early formed the opinion that quinine was a uterine neuromuscular tonic, and in menstrual disturbances—for example, amenorrhoea, menorrhagia, dysmenorrhoea, etc., unaccompanied by any grave disorder—I used to prescribe a three-months course of 2 grains of tab. quin. sulph. b.d.s., and in the event of idiosyncrasy (which I found quite common), 1 grain, b.d.s. The result was that besides improvement in general the menses appeared at regular intervals, excessive menstruation became more normal, painful menstruation became painless, and many menopausal nervous manifestations disappeared. So successful, in fact, did I find this treatment that failure was a rare occurrence. I have not found any reference to this treatment anywhere, and was, moreover, once hauled up by the Lancashire Insurance Committee to give an explanation of my excessive use of quinine for panel patients. I should be interested to know if Dr. D. A. Mitchell or any other gynaecologist has used quinine for menstrual disorders, and, if so, with what result.

### Aphonia

Dr. N. S. SETTEN (Arbroath) writes: Dr. John Donald, in your issue of October 26th, writes regarding a case of aphonia and requests a prognosis. I have a case with a similar history of about one year's duration. Two years ago the voice became a whisper following an attack of bronchitis; after some weeks, as the patient became stronger, the