

thought of his personal welfare he refused to leave his wards, and subsequently received further injuries which proved fatal.

Dr. Gore Grimes, a native of Dublin, entered Trinity College, Dublin, from St. Gerard's School, Bray. In 1934 he joined the medical school of Dublin University and graduated M.B., Ch.B. in 1939 with honours. He swam for the water-polo team of Trinity College, and represented the Dublin University Yacht Club in several events. After graduation Dr. Gore Grimes held resident posts in Dublin and also did postgraduate work at the Rotunda. In England he was house-surgeon to the Children's Hospital, Birmingham, before going to the Coventry and Warwickshire Hospital as a house-physician. This appointment he took up just before the bombardment of Coventry in November, and in his short stay he was observed to be keen, diligent, and sincere in all his work. His untiring work on the night of April will never be forgotten.

These men (writes the Resident Surgical Officer) were our colleagues; their willingness to help, their unselfishness, and their popularity with all of the Coventry and Warwickshire Hospital are still in our minds. Their careers, cut short so early, indicate in some measure to what heights in the profession they might have climbed, but they died with so many patients to whom earlier in the night they had carefully administered the healing art.

PROF. A. J. CLARK

Brigadier E. M. COWELL writes: One morning during the last days of the Battle of Flanders, 1940, I was, when driving, stopped by an orderly on a motor cycle, who had been sent out by his officer to look for medical help. I agreed and followed my guide. After repeated halts, in the nature of evasive action against dive-bombing, I entered a rather knocked-about building in Hazebrouck and found Colonel Clark acting as a medical officer to the garrison, which was fighting a desperate delaying action. He was very tired, as we all were, but cheerful and doing his best for many severely wounded. Colonel Clark served in France from 1939 till he came away off the beach at Dunkirk, and he occupied an important advisory post at G.H.Q. His fearless devotion to duty and humanitarian efforts should provide a lesson for all of us in the medical profession.

Dr. HENRY LANGDALE died at Stanley House, Warrington, on July 27, aged 74 years. He was a student of Owens College, and qualified M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. in 1888, taking the M.B. and M.D. degrees of the University of London in 1893. Before starting his career at Warrington, where he became consulting physician to the Royal Infirmary, he had served as house-surgeon at the Manchester Royal Infirmary. "W. E. B." writes: The death of "John" Henry Langdale has deprived Warrington medicine of its best link with the nineteenth century, for after being house-surgeon at the infirmary he bought a well-established practice in the town in the middle of the 'nineties. He had been in active practice, and was often to be seen cycling on near-by visits until a month of his death. His personal interest in and friendship for his patients were unbounded; in fact he had few interests besides them and books. A serious illness fifteen years ago prevented his taking an active part in medical affairs with his colleagues, but before that time many of them had cause to appreciate his kindly and willing help. He leaves a widow, a daughter, and a son. Dr. JAMES BENNET also sends the following appreciation: Dr. Langdale's medical colleagues in Warrington and district feel a great sense of loss now that the senior member of the medical profession in this district has "passed on." A man of few interests outside his own profession, he was the very embodiment of all that is best in the true family doctor tradition, to which my own family bears grateful testimony. He came to Warrington only a few months short of fifty years ago as junior house-surgeon, subsequently becoming senior, and it was not surprising that he afterwards decided to stay on in the town in which he had already become known as a competent physician and surgeon and had earned the good will of both the infirmary board and the public. He remained an honorary physician at the infirmary for many years, and was the oldest member of the British Medical Association in this area. Having further extended a high-class practice taken over from the late Dr.

Sherratt, to whom he had been assistant, he considered it to be in his best interests not to participate in the panel scheme when the N.H.I. Act came into being; but as a consultant to panel practitioners he was in great demand. For over forty years and up to the time of his death he was medical visitor to the mental deficiency homes of the West Derby Hundred and to the Haydock Lodge Private Mental Home, where it was my privilege to meet him quarter after quarter, and I can therefore vouch for the very high esteem in which he was held by all the visiting magistrates. Cultured and courteous, Dr. Langdale set a very high standard, never spared himself, and, being a man of intense kindness, had as a reward the esteem and affection of his patients and his medical colleagues.

Dr. RODERICK MURDOCH MATHESON died at his home in Edinburgh on July 31. He was educated at the University of Edinburgh and the School of Medicine, and graduated M.B., C.M. in 1893, proceeding M.D. (with commendation) four years later, taking for his thesis empyema and its treatment. In 1901 he contributed an article to the *British Medical Journal* on haematemesis occurring in the course of appendicitis. In 1904 he became an F.R.C.S.Ed. He held the posts of assistant surgeon at Noble's Hospital, Isle of Man, and house-surgeon to the lock wards and clinical assistant to the skin department of Edinburgh Royal Infirmary before settling in practice in Edinburgh.

The Services

NAVAL AWARDS

Surgeon Captain P. M. May, R.N. (ret.), has been awarded a Greenwich Hospital pension of £50 per annum in the vacancy caused by the death of Fleet Surgeon C. S. Facey, R.N. (ret.).

The M.B.E. has been awarded to Temporary Surgeon Lieut. F. R. Badenoch, R.N.V.R., for courage in rescue work during enemy air raids on Portsmouth.

ARMY AWARD

The M.C. has been awarded to Captain R. N. Lees, R.A.M.C.

CASUALTIES IN THE MEDICAL SERVICES

ROYAL NAVY

Surgeon Lieutenant DAVID AUSTIN PROTHERO, who was killed in action, received his medical education at St. Bartholomew's Hospital and qualified M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. in 1935. Two years later he took the D.A. His home was at Bedford. He was a member of the British Medical Association.

David Prothero (writes "E. H. P.") was injured on duty at sea and died soon afterwards. It was characteristic of him that his first thought after the accident was for those casualties near him, and it was not until they had been attended to that he himself went down to the sick bay. David was an ideal messmate and colleague. His small figure is sadly missed in the wardroom, for in times of stress or depression he never failed to instil a more balanced outlook. He had a sound clinical judgment, and though he had specialized in anaesthetics he was a reliable surgeon. I remember him operating on a gangrenous and perforated appendix while the ship was at sea off the west coast of Africa. Though the temperature of the theatre was 120° F. and tempers were becoming frayed, David remained imperturbable throughout. The patient made an uninterrupted recovery.

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Missing

Captain James Edward Scott Carmichael.

Prisoners of War

Major William Stanley Sykes.
Captain Charles Donald.
Captain William Gordon France.
Captain John Buchanan Fulton.
Captain John Goodworth Jamieson.
Captain George Ross Mackay.
Captain Harold William Wykes.
War Substantive Captain Graham Forrest Hay.
War Substantive Captain Geoffrey Bertrand Leyton.
War Substantive Captain John George Munro.
War Substantive Captain Kenneth Todd.

Universities and Colleges

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

K. V. Earle has been approved, in absence, for the degree of M.D.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL MEDICAL SCHOOL

The following scholarships, exhibitions, and prizes have been awarded at University College Hospital Medical School:

Goldsmid Entrance Scholarships.—Miss M. E. P. Hele (Newnham College, Cambridge); R. J. Williams (St. John's College, Cambridge). *Goldsmid Entrance Exhibition*.—R. H. Shephard (University College, London). *Filliter Entrance Scholarship in Pathology*.—P. Shubik (University College, Oxford). *Atchison Scholarship*.—R. E. O. Williams. *Magrath Scholarships—Surgery*: O. P. G. Whitfield; *Medicine*: Miss J. W. Shrimpton; *Midwifery*: Miss S. M. Luty. *Filliter Exhibition*.—Miss G. R. Briggs and R. Barer (joint award). *Tuke Silver Medal*.—J. A. Black. *Liston Gold Medal*.—O. Daniel. *Alexander Bruce Gold Medal*.—A. L. M. Christie and Miss M. Mack. *Fellowes Silver Medal*.—T. R. Fink. *Junior Clinical Surgery Prize*.—Miss J. A. Davies. *Suckling Prize in Obstetrics and Gynaecology*.—A. L. Wolf. *Ferriere Scholarship*.—H. Melhuish.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON

At the quarterly meeting of the Royal College of Physicians of London, held on July 31, with Sir Charles Wilson, President, in the chair, the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: *Censors*, W. E. Hume, A. C. Douglas Firth, J. A. Ryle, C. M. Hinds Howell; *Treasurer*, H. E. A. Boldero; *Harveian Librarian*, Arnold Chaplin; *Assistant Registrar*, R. Hilton.

The President announced the award of the Bisset-Hawkins medal to Sir Frederick Menzies for his work as Chief Medical Officer of the London County Council; the Baly medal to Prof. Edgar Allen of Yale University for his work on oestrogens; and the Murchison scholarship (by Edinburgh University) to Alan Guild, M.B.

Prof. J. C. Meakins has been asked to represent the College at the centenary celebration of the Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario.

Membership

The following candidates, having satisfied the Censors' Board, were elected to the Membership of the College:

C. L. Davidson, M.D., J. V. Davies, M.B., P. H. Denton, M.D., Flying Officer, R.A.F.V.R., W. Dodd, M.D., C. M. Fletcher, M.B., Stella M. Instone, M.B., G. A. Kiloh, M.D., H. Kopelman, M.B., A. D. Leigh, M.B., Captain, R.A.M.C., J. McMichael, M.D., F.R.C.P.Ed., Hilary F. March, M.D., H. V. Morgan, M.B., R. W. Parnell, M.B., A. M.-M. Payne, M.B., J. Reid, M.B., J. C. Roberts, M.D., R. E. Rodgers, M.D., A. Sakula, M.B., L. W. D. Scott, M.D., H. L. Sheehan, M.D., Major, R.A.M.C., Margaret D. Snelling, M.B., R. H. Taylor, M.B., J. B. L. Tombleson, M.D., L. Watson, M.B., D. A. Williams, M.D., D. Wilson, M.B., Acting Squadron Leader, R.A.F.V.R., R. Wilson, M.B.

Licences and Diplomas

Licences to practise were conferred upon the following 196 candidates (including 27 women) who have passed the final examination of the Conjoint Board, and have complied with the by-laws of the College:

E. Adler, Brenda N. Akeroyd, G. A. Anderson, E. J. Anthony, G. O. Ashworth, W. J. Atkinson, G. A. Barclay, A. G. Beaton, M. Q. Birkbeck, K. F. Blackburn, D. W. Briggs, Jutta Brokovski, W. A. Bromley, H. J. S. Brown, H. J. M. Browne, J. P. Bull, D. W. Burgess, Katherine D. Caddick, D. Caddy, J. H. Capon, L. G. Capra, W. E. Church, I. I. A. Clarke, S. N. Cole, E. D. H. Cowen, R. A. D. Crawford, C. H. K. Daly, Valerie M. K. Davies, J. J. Y. Dawson, J. C. Day, S. R. Deenadayalu, P. J. R. Deller, P. B. de Maré, M. Diamond, J. P. Donnell, G. B. Downs, Christina N. Duigan, H. L. le V. dit. Durell, K. C. S. Edwards, R. M. Ellison, M. L. H. Evans, W. H. M. Evans, A. Feiner, H. P. Ferreira, J. C. Firth, R. B. Franks, F. E. Fraser, R. Fuller, M. Gang, V. O. B. Gartside, D. S. G. Genge, J. A. Gillett, N. Gillman, C. W. Glassey, E. C. Glover, C. L. Grandage, D. McC. Gregg, H. Grylls, Joan I. Hallinan, A. P. Hardman, K. O. Harrison, J. L. G. Hartley, A. Heller, W. G. Helsby, J. A. Henderson, Joan D. K. Hilditch, C. Hirson, F. H. Howarth, G. Howells, Janet R. Humphrey, M. P. Hutchinson, E. L. Ives, B. Jackson, J. R. Jackson, P. Jacobs, C. T. A. James, Alberta M. Jeans, E. R. Jones, Evelyn A. Kaye, B. Kelion, S. K. Kellett-Smith, G. R. Kershaw, C. A. King, Doreen H. King, M. D. King, F. Kohn, Celia P. Larkins, W. S. Lewis, Ursula M. Lister, H. C. Llewellyn, Sophia Lucas, G. M. Lunn, Stella M. Luty, J. Lyons, J. M. McCurdy, J. L. B. MacFarlane, Joan Mack, Sylvia I. E. Macmillan, J. M. H.

McMurray, I. E. L. J. McNair, A. D. A. Machonochie, F. M. McRae, M. Makin, E. A. de la T. Mallett, J. A. Mantle, W. J. C. Markby, D. E. Marmion, A. H. E. Marshall, S. A. Mason, J. R. Matthews, P. H. N. Matthews, Violet D. Maxwell, R. J. Melhuish, S. L. Melville, A. R. H. Mills, D. V. Milward, F. S. Moon, T. K. Morgan, F. P. Morris, G. A. Mott, R. A. Nabi, D. L. Nichol, J. A. B. Nicholson, H. H. Nixon, J. F. North, A. O'Connor, P. H. Ogilvie, D. J. O'Meara, T. M. Ll. Owen, H. Paradis, T. E. Parr, J. H. Peacock, M. T. Pheils, J. H. C. Phillips, L. G. Picciotto, G. H. Pickering, R. J. F. H. Pinsent, R. J. Pitchford, Peggy O. M. Plews, A. Poteliakhoff, C. Reichman, Margaret E. Rhodes, C. W. Richards, G. K. Riddoch, T. B. Ll. Roberts, Dorothy H. Robertson, J. A. Robertson, E. Robinson, A. C. Rogers, M. Rosten, B. Samuel, C. S. Savage, G. P. A. Sechiari, J. A. Segal, J. Seiler, B. A. Sellick, J. Shah, O. H. C. Shelswell, J. J. Shipman, M. Shoham, G. Skinner, H. Souster, Eirian Spickett, J. M. Stansfeld, A. W. P. Stone, T. P. Storey, C. G. Stringer, A. Tay, G. G. Taylor, J. G. Taylor, A. B. Thomas, E. F. Thomas, M. G. B. Thompson, Joan M. Thornton, J. P. Turney, G. K. Tutton, A. B. Unwin, Carolina M. van Dorp, C. T. Vincent, W. J. K. Walls, J. A. Ward, K. O. Warner, R. P. Warren, P. C. Watson, Mary E. Wehner, E. Wellisch, Alison D. Wells, L. Wertheim, F. T. Wheeldon, A. H. Widdup, H. L. J. Wilson, J. R. J. Winter, P. H. Wood, R. C. Woolls, G. A. Yorke, Mary Young.

Diplomas in Anaesthetics were granted, jointly with the Royal College of Surgeons of England, to the twenty-two candidates whose names were published in the report of the meeting of the Royal College of Surgeons of England in the *Journal* of June 21 (p. 949), and Diplomas in Laryngology and Otology (four), Psychological Medicine (eleven), and Public Health (six) were granted to the successful candidates whose names were published in the report of the meeting of the Royal College of Surgeons of England in the *Journal* of July 19 (p. 105).

The following diplomas were also granted, jointly with the Royal College of Surgeons of England:

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY.—G. W. Blomfield, Mary A. C. Cowell, A. Fry.

DIPLOMA IN OPHTHALMIC MEDICINE AND SURGERY.—K. A. Abayomi, H. C. Black, P. A. Gardiner, J. Halperin, L. H. Lake, T. A. Narayanan, Jean M. G. Shaw, J. L. S. Steele-Perkins, D. Turner.

Medical Notes in Parliament

On August 7 the Royal Assent was given to the Pharmacy and Medicines Act, as also to the National Health Insurance, Contributory Pensions, and Workmen's Compensation Act.

Pharmacy and Medicines Bill

On August 5 the House of Lords considered the Pharmacy and Medicines Bill in Committee. After technical amendments to Clauses 1 and 2, the LORD CHANCELLOR moved an amendment to Clause 8 (Disclosure of composition of medicines). He said that the clause as printed in the Bill provided that the article recommended as a medicine must have a label to show "the appropriate designation of the substance so recommended, or of each of the active constituents thereof." Anxiety was expressed, more particularly on behalf of the herbalists, that this might be taken to mean that they had to state what were the chemical constituents in the bottle, notwithstanding that there might be quite serious changes after the contents had been put together. That would be putting on the herbalist too severe a burden. The amendment was agreed to.

On Clause 9 (Restriction of sale of medicines by unauthorized persons) Viscount PLUMER moved an amendment which, he said, described the processes commonly used in the preparation of herbal medicines, but which were not mentioned in the Bill. The protection given in the clause to herbalists did not go far enough. There was nothing to permit the use of a liquid process which was necessary for the production of many tinctures, essences, and oils commonly used by the herbalist and sold by him in his shop.

The LORD CHANCELLOR said the amendment was too wide. In the end it would lead to the production of an unlimited number of medicines whose efficacy depended on their chemical constituents produced under the alleged shelter of dealing with herbs and herbal extractions. Lord HORDER said that the House had given the herbalists a certain amount of what they had asked for. Now they were asking that certain processes should be permissible in preparing those ingredients which were calcu-