

the staff and the laboratory facilities to make its own toxicity tests in most cases, so it may depend on the reports of reputable manufacturers. The F.D.A. makes no comment on the efficacy of drugs, a quality hardly to be divorced from consideration of their toxicity. It does, however, ban the fraudulent statement and dissuade the inaccurate persuaders. The recent expression of Presidential interest may presage further charges against the drug industry by those whom Lasagna calls "Congressional knights on horseback."

The account of the work of the long-established Foundations—such as the Rockefeller, the Ford, the Carnegie, and the Markle—is fascinating and, on the whole, approving. When he turns to the national voluntary health associations (the National Tuberculosis Association, the American Heart Association, the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis) he is much more critical—"a world of ballyhoo and the 'hard sell', of controversy and bickering"—and he relates in detail the "Great Salk Vaccine Fiasco." He discusses the replacement of all these agencies by the local Community Chest or the United Fund and he quotes John Bishop, syndicated columnist: "I've had enough. I'm going to hang a sign on the front door. It will read: 'Fund Raisers—Go Home.' I'm tired of the buck bleeders. They have nicked me for every type of human malady, mental, physical and imaginary." The chief complaint against these voluntary agencies is the high cost of their organizations—their vast overheads.

It is natural to compare Lasagna's book with René Dubos's *The Mirage of Health*. Lasagna is the more sprightly and entertaining—a topical best-seller, but Dubos has the greater intellectual distinction. Seldom are the "doctors' dilemmas" explicitly stated by Lasagna, and, when they are, not always does he proffer a solution.

D. V. HUBBLE.

CONNECTIVE TISSUES

Physiologie du Tissu Conjonctif. Normal et Pathologique. By A. Policard and A. Collet. (Pp. 258; illustrated. NF. 36.) Paris: Masson et Cie. 1961.

Just about every activity of normal and pathological connective tissue is mentioned in this crisply written book by Policard and Collet. The one notable omission is neoplasia. Much of the five chapters taken up by cells, ground substance, blood and lymph vessels, and nerves will be familiar to British readers through the medium of good histology textbooks. A special feature, however, is the skilful interweaving of chemistry with morphology and electron microscopy by which our hopes are raised for the four chapters devoted to pathological disturbances. But, alas, these hopes are ill-founded. The account of inflammation shows no appreciation whatsoever of the great amount of careful work that has been put into this challenging topic both in the United Kingdom and America. Fibrosis comes off slightly better, though most of the subsections devoted to it are scrappy and frustrating. Such important matters as oedema, amyloid, fibrinoid, hyaline, calcification, and necrosis are best left without comment. If these snippets are intended as last-minute aids to the first examination in general pathology, well, then, good; as a serious contribution to our knowledge of a most important section of medicine they might be quickly forgotten. References appear to have been prepared with more care than the text. A few of the 30 illustrations are worth including.

ROY CAMERON.

CANCER YEAR BOOK

The Year Book of Cancer 1961-1962. Compiled and edited by Randolph Lee Clark, B.S., M.D., M.Sc.(Surgery), D.Sc. (Hon.), and Russell W. Cumley, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Pp. 523; illustrated 64s.) London: Lloyd-Luke Ltd. Chicago: Year Book Medical Publishers. 1962.

The Year Book of Cancer, 1961-62, is the sixth volume in a series now being published annually. It has been compiled and edited by Drs. Randolph Lee Clark and Russell W. Cumley with the assistance of more than 450 persons who have freely given their time to select articles and prepare material for this volume.

It consists of abstracts or summaries from more than 300 articles chosen for inclusion in this comprehensive review of advances in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer and also in cancer research. Many of the abstracts and summaries are accompanied by editorial comments, sometimes critical in character but more often designed to draw attention to special merits in the article abstracted, and the book ends with an original contribution by Dr. R. Lee Clark on the clinical significance of recent advances in cancer research. It is a most useful book, excellently indexed and illustrated.

C. E. DUKES.

BOOKS RECEIVED

Review is not precluded by notice here of books recently received.

Metabolic and Endocrine Physiology. By Jay Tepperman, M.D. (Pp. 214; illustrated. 57s.) London: Lloyd-Luke Ltd. 1962.

Les Filariose Pathogènes de l'Homme. By Marc Gentilini. (Pp. 150+viii; illustrated.) Paris: Librairie Arnette. 1961.

Histochimie du Foyer Otospongieux. By L. G. Chevance. (Pp. 133; illustrated.) Paris: Librairie Arnette. 1962.

Troubles de l'Appareil Auditif et Manifestations Ophtalmologiques Associées. By R. Grimaud, P. Mounier-Kuhn, M. Gignoux, and H. Martin. (Pp. 365; illustrated.) Paris: Librairie Arnette. 1962.

Gamma-rays of Radionuclides in Order of Increasing Energy. By D. N. Slater. (Pp. 201+viii. 45s.) London: Butterworths. 1962.

Correlative Anatomy of the Nervous System. By Elizabeth C. Crosby, Ph.D., Tryphena Humphrey, M.D., Ph.D., and Edward W. Lauer, Ph.D. (Pp. 731+x; illustrated. £5 13s.) New York: The Macmillan Company. 1962.

Cataracts. By Leonard Lurie, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.O.M.S. (Pp. 76; illustrated. 4s.) London: W. and G. Foyle Ltd. 1962.

The Mental Ward. By Morgan Martin, M.Sc., M.D. (Pp. 84+xi. \$4.50.) Springfield, Illinois: Charles C. Thomas. 1962.

Ross's Post-mortem Appearances. By D. M. Pryce, M.D. (Lond.), and C. F. Ross, M.D.(Lond.), B.Sc.Hons.Psychology (Lond.). Sixth edition. (Pp. 336. 27s. 6d.) London, New York, and Toronto: Oxford University Press. 1963.

The Hair and Scalp. Revised by Agnes Savill, M.A., M.D. (Glasg.), F.R.C.P.I., and Clara Warren, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Fifth edition. (Pp. 326+vii; illustrated. 42s.) London: Edward Arnold Ltd. 1962.

Calling the Laboratory, edited by W. A. R. Thomson (E. and S. Livingstone, 1962; pp. 112+xi; 12s. 6d.) embodies a series of articles which appeared in *The Practitioner* on the laboratory investigation of clinical material. These have been revised, and two new ones have been added. According to a preface by Professor R. Cruickshank only 15 to 20% of practitioners use the laboratory services now available to them "regularly and intelligently." The main object of these articles is to show how the laboratory can be of service. There is also due emphasis on proper methods of obtaining specimens. The range covered is wide, including tests for pregnancy, infertility, and alcoholic intoxication as well as methods used in bacteriology, haematology, and chemical pathology.

wanted to know when this would be, that he would be reluctant to press them, but he knew they realized the time as well as the other aspects.

Register of Congenital Deformities

Lieut.-Colonel J. K. CORDEAUX (Nottingham, Central, Con.) asked the Minister whether he would consider making it a statutory obligation that all congenital deformities should be officially registered at birth. Mr. POWELL: "I am arranging for returns of children born with recognizable abnormalities. Statutory powers should not be necessary."

Cancer Registration

Mr. J. BOYDEN (Bishop Auckland, Lab.) asked if arrangements for the registration of all hospital cancer cases had now been completed. Mr. BRAINE, Parliamentary Secretary, said, "Not everywhere." Mr. BOYDEN asked what was holding things up—lack of money, or bad administration? Mr. BRAINE explained that cancer registration was complex and information was sought on a variety of points. The Minister was asking that this should be given the highest priority where coverage was still not satisfactory. In three hospital boards and 11 London teaching hospitals there was already 90% coverage or better, and the figures showed considerable improvement.

Emigration by Doctors

Dr. DONALD JOHNSON (Carlisle, Con.) asked the Minister if he was aware of the continued high rate of emigration of British doctors and the problems of staffing in the National Health Service thereby created; and what steps he was taking within the full context of a free society to keep doctors in Great Britain. Mr. POWELL replied: "No," and, "This does not arise."

Dr. JOHNSON asked the Minister to look at this question in greater depth than he had done hitherto in view of its serious nature. The fundamental factor was a world-wide shortage of doctors. At the moment we were losing doctors to the other English-speaking countries and importing them from India and Pakistan and elsewhere, but this alternative source of supply might dry up by the force of other events taking place in India. Mr. POWELL said the evidence he had been able to obtain from the medical schools shows that the percentage of students who took up residence abroad—for example, the percentage of those qualified in the 1950s who were abroad to-day—was quite small, about 6%. This, in turn, was only part of the more active flow of doctors and other professional men from one part of the world to another which had characterized the post-war world. The fact was that the number of British-born doctors in the hospital service had been increasing and continued to increase.

PROVING BYSSINOSIS

[FROM OUR PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT]

Mr. LESLIE HALE, the Labour member for Oldham, West, was given leave on December 11 to introduce a Bill to make further provision for the definition of byssinosis and for the hearing and determination of cases relating to industrial disease. One clause, he said, was in his view simply declaratory of the law, and stated that when an application for benefit was turned down a later application could be made when fresh or more recent evidence was obtained. The principal clause provided that if a man who had complied with all the other conditions—proof of long employment in the appropriate industry or sections of it; proof of disablement by a severe respiratory pulmonary disease; proof of exposure to dust, and so on—if such a man could prove that he was suffering from a pulmonary disease medically indistinguishable from byssinosis, then the disease should be regarded as byssinosis. In a large number of cases it was labelled bronchitis. Informed medical opinion agreed that there was no physical test to distinguish bronchitis from byssinosis.

Medico-Legal

SWAB NOT REMOVED

[FROM OUR LEGAL CORRESPONDENT]

A patient died from paralytic ileus three days after a swab had been left inside his abdomen during an appendicectomy (*Yorkshire Post*, November 9). The operation was performed by a doctor who qualified in December, 1961, assisted by a male staff nurse and a student nurse. The student nurse (who had been training for five years, and who had taken her final examinations) was assisting because the theatre sister was required at an emergency operation in the other theatre. Although the two assistants counted the swabs the absence of one swab was overlooked. On the third day after the operation the swab was detected by x-ray examination, but its removal by a second operation failed to save the patient's life.

View Taken by Courts

At the subsequent inquest evidence was given of the system at the hospital that swabs were carefully counted before an operation and again before the wound was closed. The coroner's jury recommended that it should be the duty of a surgeon to count the swabs when he had finished an operation. In fact, for a surgeon to break off and check the count before closing the wound would not be expected of him by the civil courts, which have generally taken the view that a surgeon has sufficient to do without having to do a swab count. However, it is the duty of the surgeon personally to take such precautions as are reasonable under the circumstances to ensure that all swabs are removed. In most circumstances this will include a duty to search by touch, though this duty may in other cases be overridden by the duty to bring the operation to a speedy close. The surgeon's duty will not be discharged simply by using swabs which have tapes and forceps attached and removing all swabs marked by forceps or tape: for this system is not infallible. Further, although a surgeon before terminating an operation ought to ask expressly for the result of the count from the nurse appointed to make it he is not entitled generally (unless speed is paramount) to rely wholly and exclusively on a satisfactory reply: for, again, this system is not infallible. However, it should not be beyond the wit of man to make a system for a swab count which would be very nearly infallible.

Universities and Colleges

UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

In Congregation on December 1 the degree of D.M. was conferred on M. W. B. Bradbury.

The Martin Wronker Prize in Medicine for 1962 has been awarded to D. F. Horrobin, of Balliol College.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

In Congregation on November 17 the following degrees were conferred:

M.D.—A. W. Johnston.
M.B., B.CHIR.—A. V. Gillespie.

*By proxy.

UNIVERSITY OF ABERDEEN

At a Graduation Ceremony on October 31 the degree of M.D., with commendation, was awarded to D. T. Gordon.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH

At a meeting of the University Court held on November 26, the status of Honorary Research Fellow in the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery was conferred on Dr. J. K. Weaver.

Mr. I. B. Macleod and Mr. R. M. Preshaw were appointed Assistant Lecturers in the Department of Clinical Surgery.

Dr. G. D. Forwell is to resign from his appointment as Assistant to Dean (Planning) in the Faculty of Medicine, with effect from January 31, 1963.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

Dr. John Gloster, formerly a member of the Scientific Staff of the Medical Research Council, Ophthalmological Research Unit, has been appointed to the Readership in Experimental Ophthalmology tenable at the Institute of Ophthalmology.

Dr. G. S. Nelson, Parasitologist in the Kenya Medical Department, has been appointed to the Readership in Medical Parasitology, tenable at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine.

The title of Professor of Experimental Neurology has been conferred on Dr. G. D. Dawson, in respect of his post at the Institute of Psychiatry.

UNIVERSITY OF WALES

WELSH NATIONAL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

The following candidates have been approved at the examination indicated:

M.B., B.Ch.—D. G. Binding, Juliet A. Eggington, Gwyneth M. England, W. R. Fitzgerald, Agnes V. Jones, D. G. Jones, E. M. Jones, J. Manser, N. H. N. Mills, L. D. Newman, Ann Noot Cochran, G. S. S. Panda, Lilian J. B. Pearce, P. Steadman, Ella H. White, P. W. MacD. Windsor.

ACADEMY OF MEDICINE AT SINGAPORE

The following officers have been elected for the session 1962-3: *Master*, Dr. Gwee Ah Leng. *Assistant Master*, Professor Yeoh Ghim Seng. *Scribe*, Mr. Choo Jim Eng. *Bursar*, Dr. Khoo Oon Teik. *Bedel*, Professor J. A. Jansen.

Vital Statistics

Infectious Diseases

Areas where the numbers of notifications were high in the latest two weeks for which figures are available.

				Week Ending	
				Nov. 24	Dec. 1
Measles					
Essex	...	...	...	398	428
Southend-on-Sea	C.B.	...	...	122	110
Lancashire	...	...	...	1,804	2,426
Blackburn	C.B.	...	...	89	154
Blackpool	C.B.	...	...	52	111
Liverpool	C.B.	...	...	645	813
Manchester	C.B.	...	...	71	112
Preston	C.B.	...	...	46	126
Northumberland	...	...	...	98	194
Tynemouth	C.B.	...	...	57	136
Warwickshire	...	...	...	379	315
Birmingham	C.B.	...	...	241	191
Yorkshire North Riding	...	...	...	380	363
Middlesbrough	C.B.	...	...	218	172
Yorkshire West Riding	...	...	...	1,129	1,388
Bradford	C.B.	...	...	192	196
Sheffield	C.B.	...	...	132	149
Glamorganshire	...	...	...	195	209
Cardiff	C.B.	...	...	67	102
Food-poisoning					
Yorkshire North Riding	...	...	...	0	54
Scarborough	M.B.	...	...	0	54
Dysentery					
Lincolnshire	...	...	...	59	85
Spalding	U.D.	...	...	30	33
Stamford	M.B.	...	...	4	22
Surrey	...	...	...	44	77
Malden and Coombe	M.B.	...	...	24	35
Richmond	M.B.	...	...	1	17
Sussex	...	...	...	32	61
Eastbourne	C.B.	...	...	30	31
Bexhill	M.B.	...	...	0	19
Yorkshire West Riding	...	...	...	95	89
Leeds	C.B.	...	...	36	27
Paisley	...	...	...	29	22

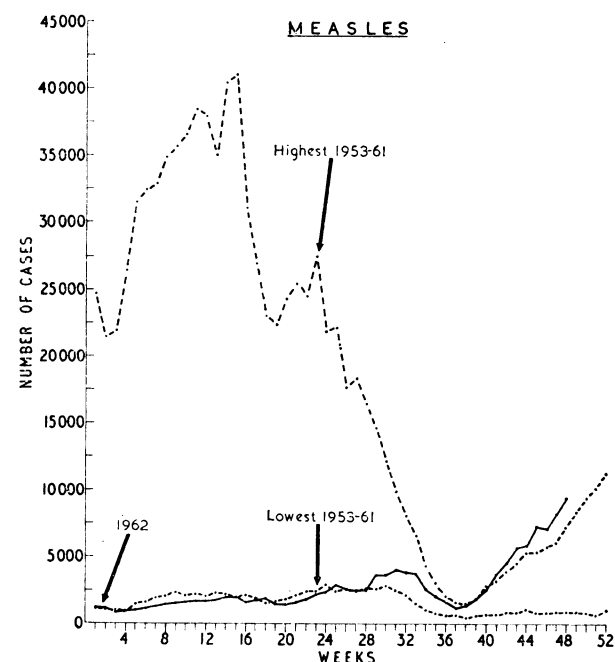
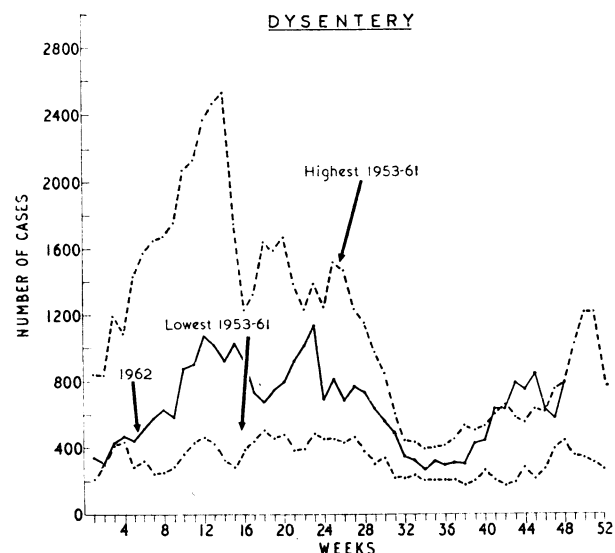
Industrial Accidents and Diseases

The number of workpeople (other than seamen) in the United Kingdom whose deaths from accidents in the course of their employment were reported in October, 1962, was 83, compared with 67 in the previous month and 78 in October, 1961.

The numbers of cases of industrial diseases in the United Kingdom reported during October were as follows: lead poisoning 2, aniline poisoning 1, compressed air illness 1, epitheliomatous ulceration 28, chrome ulceration 8: total 40. There was one death from epitheliomatous ulceration.

Graphs of Infectious Diseases

The graphs below show the uncorrected numbers of cases of certain diseases notified weekly in England and Wales. Highest and lowest figures reported in each week during the years 1953-61 are shown thus ----, the figures for 1962 thus —. Except for the curves showing notifications in 1962, the graphs were prepared at the Department of Medical Statistics and Epidemiology, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine.



that the U.S. has no patent agreement with Italy and that marketing "pirated" drugs is unethical. (*A.M.A. News*, November 12.)

Postgraduate Travelling Fellowships

The British Postgraduate Medical Federation is inviting applications from registered medical or dental practitioners for a limited number of postgraduate travelling fellowships. Details are on advertisement page 33.

Training of Scottish Health Visitors and Social Workers

The medical members of the Scottish Advisory Committee to the Council for Training in Social Work are as follows: Dr. CATHERINE HARROWER, Professor A. MAIR, Dr. J. RIDDELL, and Dr. H. P. TAIT; while the medical members of the Scottish advisory committee to the Council for the Training of Health Visitors are Dr. B. R. NISBET (chairman), Professor T. FERGUSON, Dr. I. A. G. MACQUEEN, Dr. E. NEIL REID, and Dr. H. P. TAIT.

In Brief

A memorial tablet to David Daniel Davies (1777-1841), who was the first professor of obstetrics in London University and who attended at the birth of Queen Victoria in 1819, was recently unveiled in Llandyfaelog Church, near Carmarthen, by Emeritus Professor MILES H. PHILLIPS. The unveiling took place during the Welsh Society of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists' meeting in Carmarthen.

People in the News

►Dr. H. S. GEAR has been awarded the Gold Medal of the Medical Association of South Africa "for distinguished service to the medical profession." (*S. Afr. med. J.*, November 10.)

►Dr. AUDREY MARTIN, a general practitioner at Bentley, near Alton, has been chosen as prospective parliamentary candidate by the constituency Labour Party at Petersfield, Hampshire. (*The Times*, December 11.)

►Dr. P. M. SHEPPARD, Ph.D., has been appointed to the newly established chair of genetics at the University of Liverpool.

COMING EVENTS

Royal Medical Benevolent Fund.—Recital in aid of Ladies' Guild, January 11, 8.30 p.m., Fishmongers' Hall, London Bridge, London E.C.4. VALDA AVELING (harpischord), EVELYN ROTHWELL (oboe). Details and tickets (25s. to include refreshments) from Ladies' Guild of R.M.B. Fund, Tavistock House South, Tavistock Square, London W.C.1 (EUS 1389), and Ibbs and Tillett, Ltd. (WEL 8418).

Central Council for Health Education.—Annual conference for Medical Officers of Health, February 18-21, "New Horizons in Health Education." Details from C.C.H.E., Tavistock House North, Tavistock Square, London W.C.1.

Society of M.O.H.s.—Annual symposium, February 22, Wellcome Foundation, Euston Road, London N.1. Details from Secretary of Society, Tavistock House South, Tavistock Square, London W.C.1.

2nd European Meeting, International Fertility Association.—Main theme: "Ovarian Inhibition by Progestogens in the Woman, the Mechanism and Results." March 2, 3, Brussels. Details from Dr. J. FERIN, 42 Beukenlaan, Heverlee, Belgium.

Royal College of Physicians of London.—Conference, primarily for Fellows and Members who are consultants in medicine or pathology, "The Thyroid and its Diseases," March 15, 16. Details from College's Registrar, Pall Mall East, London S.W.1.

London Jewish Hospital Medical Society.—Annual dinner and ball, March 28, King David Suite, Great Cumberland Place, Marble Arch, London W.1. Tickets from Mrs. M. MOLHO, London Jewish Hospital, Stepney Green, London E.1.

New Issues of Specialist Journals

The journals listed below are obtainable from the Publishing Manager, B.M.A. House, Tavistock Square, London W.C.1

GUT

The contents of the December issue are as follows:

- Immunological Reactions in Gastrointestinal Disease: Review.** K. B. Taylor and S. C. Truelove.
Larval Granulomata in Liver. R. A. B. Drury.
Dynamics of Mucosa of Small Intestine in Idiopathic Steatorrhoea. B. Creamer.
Faecal Stasis in Proctocolitis. J. E. Lennard-Jones, M. J. S. Langman, and F. Avery Jones.
Management of Fulminant Ulcerative Colitis. N. D. Gallagher, S. J. M. Goulston, N. Wyndham, and Sir William Morrow.
Betamethasone Enemata in Ulcerative Colitis. S. G. Flavell Matts.
Site of Absorption of Fat from Human Small Intestine. Bengt Borgström, Arne Dahlqvist, and Göran Lundh.
Factors Influencing Bromsulphalein Retention and its Evaluation in Bilirubinal Hepatic Fibrosis. H. S. Badawi, A. M. Nornieir, and R. A. Zaher.
Carcinoma in Gastric Remnant after Partial Gastrectomy for Benign Ulceration. Study of Three Cases Illustrating Diagnostic Contribution of Exfoliative Cytology. D. D. Gibbs.
17-Ketosteroid and 17-Hydroxycorticosteroid Excretion in Patients with Duodenal Ulceration. A. G. Green and C. N. Pulvertaft.
Use of D-xylose Excretion Test in Children. Peter A. Clark.
Role of Pancreas in Gastric Secretion. B. N. Catchpole.
Motility of Pelvic Colon. Part II. Paradoxical Motility in Diarrhoea and Constipation. Alastair M. Connell.
Electrophoresis of Human Gastric Juice. Part I: In Normal Controls. Part II: In Patients with Gastric Ulcer. Part III: In Pernicious Anaemia Patients. D. W. Piper, Mirjam C. Stiel, and Janet B. Builder.
Methods and Techniques:
Evaluation of Gastroduodenal Fibroscope. William Burnett.
Use of Telemetering Capsules in Disorders of Alimentary Tract. Part I: Technique of Recording Pressure Changes. Part II: Application to Study of Human Gastro-intestinal Motility. A. N. Smith and M. Ridgway.

Index to Volume 3.

Volume 3; No. 4. (Quarterly; £3 yearly.)

APPOINTMENTS

BIRMINGHAM REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD.—J. Littlejohn, L.R.C.P.&S.Ed., L.R.F.P.S.Glas., D.P.M., Whole-time Consultant Psychiatrist and Medical Superintendent to Shrewsbury Group of Hospitals; F. H. Lumb, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.P., Part-time Consultant Physician (9 notional half-days weekly) to Stafford Group of Hospitals; C. P. Cotterill, M.B., Ch.B., M.Ch.Orth., F.R.C.S.Ed., Whole-time or Maximum Part-time Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon to Birmingham (Dudley Road) and Birmingham (Selly Oak) Groups of Hospitals; B. E. R. Symonds, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.C.H., Part-time Consultant Paediatrician (9 notional half-days weekly) to Stafford Group of Hospitals; F. A. Jenner, Ph.D., M.B., Ch.B., D.P.M., Whole-time Consultant Psychiatrist to Birmingham (Mental B) Group of Hospitals and Medical Research Council; J. H. Burns, L.R.C.P.&S.J.&L.M., D.P.M., Whole-time Consultant Psychiatrist to Mid-Staffs (Mental) Group of Hospitals; Margaret E. Burns, M.B., Ch.B., F.F.A.R.C.S., D.A., D.C.H., Whole-time Consultant Anaesthetist to Birmingham (Dudley Road) Group of Hospitals.

BIRTHS

Millington.—On November 21, 1962, to Mavis, wife of Dr. Douglas Millington, a sister for Rachel, Robert and Claire—Rebecca.

DEATHS

Bonar.—On November 18, 1962, Thomas Lonsdale Bonar, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Briscoe (Wood).—On November 21, 1962, in Durban, South Africa, Hylda Catherine Briscoe (Wood), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Clarke.—On November 14, 1962, at Rottingdean, Sussex, Henry Hugh Rose Clarke, M.D., in his 90th year.
Combe.—On November 12, 1962, suddenly, at his home, Fourth Point, Sea Close, Middleton-on-Sea, Sussex, William Combe, M.B., Ch.B., B.Sc.
Craig.—On November 20, 1962, suddenly, at Bromley Hospital, Roy Neville Craig, M.D., D.P.M., of Beaufort House, Beaufort, Co. Kerry, Eire.
Garrett.—On November 19, 1962, suddenly, at his home, 160-2, Haverstock Hill, London, N.W.3, Leslie Garrett, M.D.
Hannigan.—On November 16, 1962, at 45 Broadwalk, South Woodford, London E., Anne May Hannigan, L.R.C.P.&S.I.
Hare.—On November 11, 1962, Margaret Caroline Hare, M.B., B.Chir., of West Wickham, Kent.
James.—On November 22, 1962, suddenly, at his home, Oakfield House, Sandiway, Cheshire, Henry Hubert James, M.D.
McClements.—On November 14, 1962, at Taunton, Somerset, Samuel McClements, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Rachwalsky.—On November 21, 1962, Ernst Rachwalsky, M.D., L.R.C.P. &S.Ed., of 59 Gunnersbury Avenue, London W.5, in his 74th year.
Rogers.—On June 8, 1962, accidentally drowned, Lindsay Sangster Rogers, M.B.E., M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S., F.R.C.S.Ed., F.R.A.C.S.
Rosten.—On November 9, 1962, at 47 Park Road, Hampton Hill, Middlesex, Leslie Martin Rosten, M.B., B.S., aged 82.
Sergeant.—On October 26, 1962, Frederick George Sergeant, M.D., of 16 Colless Road, South Tottenham, London N.15, aged 78.
Simmers.—On November 11, 1962, at Athlone, Radcliff, Hertfordshire, Forbes Simmers, M.B., Ch.B., aged 71.
Trefusis.—On November 6, 1962, the Rev. Francis Mackworth Trefusis, B.M., B.Ch., of Sowton Lodge, Clyst Honiton, Exeter.
Walsh.—On July 21, 1962, Roy William Whiston Walsh, D.S.O., V.D., M.B., Ch.B., F.R.A.C.S., of 9 Prince Street, Cronulla, New South Wales, Australia.