

sixty years and upwards. The deaths referred to cholera and choleraic diarrhoea, which had ranged between 40 and 20 in the four previous weeks, declined to 15 last week, only 5 being adult cases; of these 4 were certified as choleraic diarrhoea and 1 as English cholera.

UP to the 15th instant there had been no cases of cholera in Vienna; and it is hoped (says the *Wien. Med. Presse*) that the recent change of temperature will remove all danger of the occurrence of the disease for this year at least. Our Vienna contemporaries urge continued energy in carrying out within the city the sanitary measures agreed on some weeks ago (see *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL*, September 2nd). It would seem that in Vienna itself there is some laxity; while in some at least of the suburbs active preparations to meet the disease are being carried on. In Sechshauss, for instance, the suburb is parcelled out into sections, to each of which a committee and physician are appointed for the purpose of making house-to-house visitations, remedying sanitary defects, and ordering the cleansing and disinfection of the sewerage. For the latter purpose, phenate of lime is the agent mostly used. The *statthalter*, Baron von Weber, is specially mentioned as being most energetic in the organisation and carrying out of sanitary measures.

## ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

### SOUTH-EASTERN BRANCH: WEST KENT DISTRICT MEETINGS.

THE next meeting is appointed to be held at Rochester (at St. Bartholomew's Hospital), on Tuesday, September 26th, at 3.30 P.M.; Dr. BURNS in the Chair.

Papers on clinical subjects by A. W. Nankivell, Esq.; by J. H. Lyddon, Esq.; and by Dr. Bell, are promised.

Dinner will be provided at the Bull Hotel at 5.30.

FREDERICK JAMES BROWN, M.D., *Honorary Secretary*.  
Rochester, September 11th, 1871.

### EAST YORK AND NORTH LINCOLN BRANCH.

THE half-yearly meeting of the above Branch will be held at the George Hotel, Barton-on-Humber, on Thursday, September 28th, 1871, at half-past three o'clock precisely.

The following papers are promised:—*Variola Hæmorrhagica*; by G. F. Elliott, M.D.—*Injury to Eye from Gunpowder Explosion*; and *Two Surgical Cases*; by W. H. Sissons, Esq.—*A Case of Abscess of the Lung*; by J. B. Moxon, Esq.

The dinner will be provided at five o'clock. Tickets for dinner and dessert, 5s. 6d. each.

Members of the profession are invited to attend both the meeting and the dinner.

Gentlemen intending to dine, are requested to inform the Secretary on or before the 25th instant.

ROBERT H. B. NICHOLSON, *Honorary Secretary*.  
21, Albion Street, Hull, September 1871.

### SOUTH-EASTERN BRANCH: EAST SUSSEX DISTRICT MEDICAL MEETINGS.

A MEETING of the members of the above District will be held at the Castle Hotel, Hastings, on Friday, the 29th instant, at 2.30 P.M. (not on Wednesday, as hitherto notified); the Chairman to be chosen at the time.

Dinner at 4 o'clock. Charge 5s., not including wine.

All members of the South Eastern Branch are entitled to attend, and to introduce friends.

Such as propose to stay to dinner, will much facilitate the arrangements by informing me on the previous day.

G. F. HODGSON, *Hon. Sec. to the South Eastern Branch*.  
52, Montpellier Road, Brighton, Sept. 20th, 1871.

### WEST SOMERSET BRANCH.

THE autumnal meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Railway Hotel, Taunton, on Tuesday, October 3rd, at 5 P.M. Dinner on the table at 5.15 punctually. Tickets 3s. 6d. each, exclusive of wine and waiters.

The following resolution was passed at the annual meeting:—"That with a view to obtaining from members of the Branch their opinion, and to this extent, authority on especial points of interest, a notice be sent to each member, at least one month before a general meeting of

the Branch. A question on a medical or allied subject to be proposed by the Council, on which at the said meeting each member will be expected to express his opinion; but having regard to the number of opinions it is sought to elicit, no argument in supporting an opinion shall exceed five minutes in delivery, whether read by the writer, or deputed, or spoken extemporaneously."

The following question has been settled by the Council as the one on which opinions should be now asked:—"Does the application of Carbolic Acid favour the healing of wounds?"

Gentlemen intending to be present at the dinner, or to read papers afterwards, are requested to give notice to the undersigned, so that he may make the necessary arrangements.

W. M. KELLY, M.D., *Honorary Secretary*.  
Taunton, September 11th, 1871.

### SOUTH MIDLAND BRANCH.

THE next meeting of the above Branch will be held at the Town Hall, Wellingborough, on Tuesday, October 10th, at 2 P.M.

Gentlemen who intend to read papers or cases, are requested to forward the titles of the same forthwith.

J. M. BRYAN, M.D. } *Honorary Secretaries*.  
WM. MOXON. }  
Northampton, September 11th, 1871.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

### SANITARY AFFAIRS IN DUBLIN.

SIR,—As examples of injuries from sensational sanitary letters in newspapers, let me mention two statements from Friday's Dublin papers.

1. A "Commissioner" sent to accompany Dr. Grimshaw through the worst parts of the city, reports:—"Farther on in the Coombe we pass by the old Coombe Lying-in Hospital, which has just been abandoned. Though not exactly connected with my special task, I cannot help turning aside to mention a ghastly fact connected with this grimy-looking building. It is one of the oldest houses in Dublin, having been at one time the residence of the Earls of Meath. From the confined nature of the rooms and their long use as lying-in wards, they became saturated with the subtle poison of that dreaded disease—puerperal fever. The result was that the patients were decimated by this terrible scourge; and yet it is only the other day the plague-house was abandoned." Dr. Ringland has proved that the eight statements of which the above consists are all untrue.

2. A Poor-law Guardian is reported to have said that there had been last week a case of cholera on board a Russian vessel in the Liffey, and that Dr. Harty, County Coroner, had been sent to the ship by the Port and Docks Board. The man did not die. No item of this is true. No such case occurred; the County Coroner is not a medical man; he could not hold an inquest in the city, nor anywhere on a living man; and, lastly, the Port and Docks Board do not act in such cases.

Newspapers in dull times readily publish such statements, which frighten the public and throw discredit on the profession.

I am, etc., E. D. M.

### POOR-LAW MEDICAL OFFICERS AND HEALTH-OFFICERS.

SIR,—As a Poor-law medical officer, I must take exception to that part of Dr. A. P. Stewart's address in the *JOURNAL* of August 26th, where he says "The proposal to constitute the Poor-law medical officers throughout England and Wales officers of health is most objectionable. A more fatal gift to the Poor-law medical officers in their own interest and that of the public could not be made." I fail to see anything objectionable in the proposal, or fatal to our own interest or that of the public. On the other hand, I, in common, I believe, with every other medical officer, look upon the proposal (if carried out) as a means of improving both our *status* and incomes; and I think you will admit that we should be the best judges of our own interests.

I submit that the very nature of the duties we are every day called on to perform especially fits us for officers of health, as in our visits to the hovels of the poor we are brought face to face with those very conditions which I presume it is the duty of a medical officer of health to remedy—such as overcrowding, filth, bad ventilation, bad drainage, etc.

If these few remarks should be the means of drawing the attention of such gentlemen as Dr. Rogers and other Poor-law medical reformers to this subject, my object will be gained.

I am, etc., S. GOURLEY, M.D.

## OBITUARY.

WILLIAM NISBET, L.F.P.S.Glasgow, EGREMONT, CHESHIRE.

MR. NISBET died at Egremont on September 12th, aged 63, after having practised as a surgeon for nearly forty years in the parish of Wallasea. He was born in Paisley in 1808, and received his diploma from the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow in the year 1827. He was then for a time in the service of the Honourable East India Company, and made two voyages to India in medical charge of troops. In 1833, he settled in practice in Wallasea, on the shore of the Mersey, opposite Liverpool, and remained there until his death. He had much openness of character and activity of mind. Mr. Nisbet had made for himself a lasting place of honour in the memories of all who knew him. He was unable to take food during the last weeks of his life, but there was no suffering. The necropsy showed the cause of death to have been cancer of the liver.

JOSEPH BIRT, M.B.

WE have to lament the early death of Mr. Joseph Birt, M.B., which occurred recently at his father's house at Leamington. His medical education was conducted at Sydenham College, Birmingham, where he was a distinguished pupil. Having passed the College of Surgeons and the Hall, he graduated with honours at the University of London, and was shortly afterwards elected House-Surgeon to the Stourbridge Dispensary, where the kindness of his manners and the assiduity with which he discharged his duties gained him the respect and regard of all with whom he came into contact. But it is not merely on account of his personal qualities and domestic worth that special notice is here recorded. In him the medical profession and the community at large have, there is reason to believe, sustained a real loss. Mr. Birt was devoted to his profession, both as a science and a practical art, in no ordinary degree; and as his abilities were much above the average, a distinguished career for him was confidently anticipated by all who had opportunities of judging of his talents. In his case there is reason to fear that

Science self-destructed her favourite son,

and that his unremitting studies and zeal in the pursuit of professional knowledge, acting on a frame not habitually strong, contributed to his end, if not by directly inducing disease, at any rate by rendering his constitution less fit to resist its attacks.

JOHN WILLIAM IRVINE, M.D.

DR. IRVINE was the eldest son of Dr. James Pearson Irvine, who for a quarter of a century practised his profession in Lancaster. He was educated in the Royal Grammar School, Lancaster, and afterwards at the University of Glasgow, where his distinguished career in anatomy especially led to his appointment as Curator of the Leeds School of Medicine, at which place he finished his medical studies. He obtained his diplomas of L.R.C.S. Edin. and L.S.A. Lond. in 1859; and in 1862 became a Doctor of Medicine at St. Andrew's, passing his examination with high honours. His success in Liverpool, where he commenced practice, was rapid. He was at once appointed Honorary Surgeon to the Liverpool Caledonian Schools, and subsequently Honorary Surgeon to the Liverpool dispensaries. In 1864, he was elected Visiting Surgeon to the West Derby Union Hospital. All these appointments he held up to the time of his death. He was also an Assistant-Surgeon to the First Lancashire Rifle Volunteers. By gentlemanly bearing and scholarly attainments, Dr. Irvine had won the confidence of all who knew him, and had gained a promising position. With a kind word and a willing ear for all, he won from suffering humanity a love which is better than any stone man can raise over the grave, and left on the hearts of his fellows a better epitaph than pen can write. There are none who knew him who will not truly regret his untimely death. Dr. Irvine contributed to the medical papers essays on Fever in Liverpool, and on Resection of the Clavicle, with Formation of the Entire Bone. At the time when his illness overtook him, he was engaged on a paper for the *Liverpool Medical and Surgical Reports* on Amputation at the Hip-joint, that paper being the result of three successful hip-joint amputations after failure of resection of the knee-joint and disease of the femur.

Last spring, Dr. Irvine suffered from relapsing fever, the attack having been probably favoured by his unremitting labours in the wards of the West Derby Hospital during the late fever and small-pox epidemics. He never thoroughly recovered his strength, though he still supervised

the wards of his hospital with but short intermissions. In the beginning of August, by the strong advice of his medical friends, he was induced to undertake a voyage to Canada, on board the steamship *Germany*. He suffered on the second day from severe sickness, which prostrated him so much that, on the fifth day after leaving Liverpool, he died quietly and painlessly of exhaustion, at the early age of 33.

## MEDICAL NEWS.

**APOTHECARIES' HALL.**—The following gentlemen passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received their certificates to practise, on Thursday, September 14th, 1871.

Popham, Francis William Home, Gowler, South Australia  
Thomas, John Howell, Carmarthen

The following gentleman also on the same day passed his first professional examination.

Meredith, William Henry, Queen's Hospital, Birmingham

## MEDICAL VACANCIES.

**THE following vacancies are announced:—**

BIRMINGHAM LYING-IN CHARITY—Two Honorary Surgeons.  
CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL—Assistant Physician.  
CULROSS, Perthshire—Parochial Medical Officer.  
DUMBARTON—Surgeon to the Prison.  
GAINSBOROUGH DISPENSARY—House-Surgeon.  
GLANFORD BRIGG UNION, Lincolnshire—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Messingham District.  
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY—Surgeon for the Leamington District.  
GREENWICH UNION—Dispenser.  
GUEST HOSPITAL, Dudley—Resident Medical Officer.  
HAWARDEN UNION, Flintshire—Medical Officer for District No. 2.  
KENT AND CANTERBURY HOSPITAL—Assistant House Surgeon and Dispenser.  
LIVERPOOL INFIRMARY FOR CHILDREN—Honorary Assistant Medical Officer.  
MANCHESTER, Township of—Dispenser at the Male Infirmary at the Workhouse at Crumpsall.  
MAGHERAFELT UNION, co. Londonderry—Medical Officer, Public Vaccinator, and Registrar of Births, etc., for the Bellaghy Dispensary District.  
MANCHESTER ROYAL INFIRMARY—Physician's Assistant.  
MAYO INFIRMARY—Surgeon.  
MEDICAL AID ASSOCIATION, Bradford District of the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows—Surgeon.  
MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL—Assistant Surgeon; Resident Physician's Assistant.  
NARBERTH UNION, Pembrokeshire—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for District No. 3.  
NORTH DISPENSARY, Liverpool—Honorary Medical Officer.  
NORTHERN HOSPITAL, Liverpool—Physician.  
OAKHAM UNION, Rutlandshire—Medical Officer for the Empingham District.  
ORSETT UNION, Essex—Medical Officer for the Grays District.  
PEMBROKE UNION—Medical Officer for District No. 5.  
QUEEN ADELAIDE DISPENSARY, Bethnal Green—House-Surgeon.  
STOCKPORT INFIRMARY—House-Surgeon.  
TENTERDEN UNION, Kent—Medical Officer for the Halden District.  
UNST, Shetland, Parish of—Medical Officer.  
WARMINSTER UNION, Wilts—Medical Officers and Public Vaccinators for the Corsley and Warminster Districts and the Workhouse.  
WARNEFORD HOSPITAL, Leamington—Surgeon.  
WARRINGTON DISPENSARY—Resident Surgeon; Apothecary.  
WESTERN GENERAL DISPENSARY, Marylebone Road—Resident Surgeon and Apothecary.  
WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL—House-Physician.  
WHITCHURCH UNION, Southamptonshire—Medical Officer for the Overton District.  
WIMBORNE and CRANBORNE UNION, Dorset—Medical Officer for District No. 2 and the Workhouse.  
WORKSOP DISPENSARY—Resident Surgeon.

## BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

*The charge for inserting announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, is 3s. 6d., which should be forwarded in stamps with the communication.*

### BIRTH.

DUCKWORTH.—On September 21st, at 11, Grafton Street, Dond Street, the wife of \*Dyce Duckworth, M.D., of a daughter.

### DEATHS.

BALL, John, Esq., Surgeon, at Walker Street, Liverpool, aged 83, on August 26th.  
CUTCLIFFE, Charles Elworthy, Esq., Surgeon, at Silvertown, Devon, aged 59, on September 10th.  
MITTON, Michael John, Esq., Surgeon, at Wildbad, North Germany, aged 31, on September 4th.  
\*NEWBOLD, Edward, Esq., Surgeon, of Macclesfield, on Sept. 8th, at Worthing.  
PHILLIPS.—On September 13th, Margaret Anne, the infant daughter of \*F. R. Phillips, Esq., Surgeon, Treorchy, Pontypridd.

**THE "DR. HATTON" LIFE-BOAT.**—A new life-boat, bearing the above name, has been given to New Romney, with its equipments and boat-house, at a cost of £680, by the widow of Dr. John Hatton, formerly of Manchester.

## OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MONDAY ..... Metropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.  
 TUESDAY ..... Guy's, 1.30 P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—National Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.  
 WEDNESDAY ..... St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Mary's, 1.30 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Great Northern, 2.30 P.M.—Samaritan Free Hospital for Women and Children, 2.30 P.M.—Cancer Hospital, Brompton, 3 P.M.—King's College, 2 P.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.  
 THURSDAY ..... St. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Royal Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.  
 FRIDAY ..... Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M.—Royal South London Ophthalmic Hospital, 2 P.M.  
 SATURDAY ..... St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Lock (Clinical Demonstrations and Operations), 1 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.—East London Hospital for Children, 2 P.M.—Hospital for Women, 9.30 A.M.

## NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

ALL Letters and Communications for the JOURNAL, to be addressed to the EDITOR, 37, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

CORRESPONDENTS not answered, are requested to look to the Notices to Correspondents of the following week.

TO PURCHASERS.—To insure attention, it is requested that all orders sent to the Office for extra copies of the JOURNAL, be accompanied with *halfpenny* stamps for the amount.

WE CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO RETURN MANUSCRIPTS NOT USED.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names—of course, not necessarily for publication.

A MEMBER can procure information respecting the Jacksonian Prize Essay for this year, from Mr. T. M. Stone, of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

W. S. (Bristol) will observe that the advertisement leaves the post open to all professions.

## CORONERS AND MEDICAL WITNESSES.

SIR,—A man was found dead in a river. A gamekeeper was found dead in his preserves, with shots through his head. A man was run over, and died next day. In all these cases, inquests were held by a neighbouring county coroner, but medical evidence was ignored, the surgeon who had attended not even being notified of the inquests. Is this the intention of the Legislature or 'Crown's 'quest' law'?  
 I am, etc.; ENQUIRER.  
 Faversham, September 1871.

\* \* It does not accord with either.

## THE INQUEST AT BATH.

DR. MEERES' letter arrived last week on Friday, and therefore after publication of the JOURNAL. We had, however, already taken the view which it suggests. We cannot see that any blame whatever attaches to Dr. Meeres. The sad occurrence was one which might well have happened to the most eminent and skilful of practitioners. He adopted a well known and much used application. An especial constitutional susceptibility appears to have existed on the part of his little patient, which could not be foreseen. Equally sad accidents sometimes follow the application of a blister. We are glad to see that the medical press generally has taken the same view of the facts; and Dr. Tilbury Fox has shown a creditable manliness in personally assuming the share of responsibility which falls to him as having recommended the application in his work.

## DUTIES OF CORPORATIONS.

SIR,—I have read Mr. Benson Baker's letters respecting the sanitary state of Dublin with great interest. His ideas are so novel, that the writer must have come from Laputa. He evidently supposes that the duty of the Corporation is to attend to the cleansing of the city and the health of its inhabitants. It is no such thing. As a gentleman is elected to be a member of that august body solely on account of his political attainments, so it is his duty to devote himself to politics. Unless, therefore, Mr. Baker can prove his complaint to involve a seditious-political question, it is not a proper subject for consideration.  
 I am, etc.; FREEMAN.

## UMBILICAL EXCRESCENCE IN AN INFANT.

SIR,—A child, about eighteen months old, has a small pea-like excrescence at its navel, which is ulcerated to a small extent at its summit, and from which exudes frequently a drop or two of blood. There seems to be no pain caused, as the child has frequently allowed it to be cauterised, touched with the strong solution of perchloride of iron, etc.; nor does the system seem to be much affected. The child thrives, and has done so since its birth, from which time the mother states that the bleeding has gone on. Tonic treatment has been tried since it came under my care some months ago. I find, however, that it has improved most under the compound syrup of phosphate of iron (Parrish's), the part being touched each morning, when required, with the strong solution of perchloride of iron. When this plan is persevered with, there probably is no discharge for three weeks or a month at a time; but as soon as it is given up, the scab falls off, or becomes removed, and again there is a return of the old symptoms. As the case presents some difficulties, I shall be obliged if you or some of your readers will kindly instruct me how to act in the matter. The child is of rather strumous appearance; its father is decidedly nervous; the mother is healthy; and there is no history of hæmorrhagic diathesis.  
 I am, etc.;  
 September 18th, 1871.

J. L. R. E., M.D.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—Advertisements should be forwarded direct to the Printing-Office, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C., addressed to Mr. F. H. HEATHCOTE, not later than *Thursday*, twelve o'clock.

DR. GREENE (London) will, we believe, be correct in giving credit to the gentleman mentioned in his letter for the best motives and a pure desire for the public good.

DR. EDMUNDS complains that, the whole context of his speech being omitted, the observations last quoted are not sufficiently qualified in the quotation. Reading his whole speech, we do not, however, appreciate the point of the complaint. He states, by way of explanation:

"I was unexpectedly compelled to travel over the ground I did by the complaints of a reverend gentleman who preceded me, and bitterly referred to his experience of reclaimed drunkards who had been induced again to take intoxicants by their medical advisers, and had, as a direct consequence of that advice, relapsed into drunkenness and ruin. That complaint was omitted from the newspaper reports, as also was much qualifying matter that accompanied my own remarks. Doubtless, on the spur of the moment, I spoke warmly; and especially so, as I had just been disgusted by reading the twaddle about drink and tea that had been emitted by gentlemen supposed to represent the British Medical Association on an important occasion at Plymouth."

Dr. Edmunds's disgust appears to have led him to employ violent language against the profession, which, no doubt, he regrets, and which he might advisedly retract.

## DAMAGES IN RAILWAY CASES.

G. C. C. asks: "In the case of damages obtained by a patient against a railway company, does the medical man receive his account direct from the company, or through the patient? That is to say: Has he to get it by legal means, if not paid?"

\* \* The question is rather legal than medical; but the claim is evidently upon the patient. He receives his damages on the faith that he owes a stated sum to his doctor, which he either has paid or is about to pay; and that is included in the sum granted by the verdict. The claim of the doctor is, however, equally valid upon the patient, whether the latter is entitled to and receives compensation or not.

## DISPUTED MIDWIFERY FEES.

SIR,—I notice in our JOURNAL a question from "A Member" as to "Disputed Midwifery Fees." I have had two cases in which my fee was refused, when I took proceedings and recovered the fee with all legal costs. The proceedings were taken in the first case in the County Court at Goolie; in the other, in the County Court at Malton—both in Yorkshire. In both cases judgment was given for me, on the ground that my fee was due to me from the moment that I was engaged, having held myself in readiness to attend; that, in fact, "it was a retainer." The circumstances of the two cases were rather different. In the first I was engaged to attend, they did not send for me, moved from the place, and sent for some one else rather nearer. In the second I was not engaged, but was sent for; I started in my carriage, but was met about a quarter of a mile from the village, saying I need not go, they had got some one else. I demanded my fee, and was refused. The Judge, however, ordered payment, with costs, on the same general rule that the order to attend was a "retainer," that my not attending was not my fault, and that therefore I was entitled to my fee.

I am, etc.,

R. GILLARD, M.R.C.S. Eng.

60, Clapham Road, S.W., September 15th, 1871.

WE are indebted to correspondents for the following periodicals, containing news, reports, and other matters of medical interest:—The New York Medical Gazette, Sept. 16th; The New York Medical Record, Sept. 9th; The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, Sept. 9th; The Madras Mail, July 8th; The Shield, Sept. 16th; The Philadelphia Medical Times, July 31st; The Philadelphia Medical Independent, Sept. 2nd; The Birmingham Morning News, Sept. 15th; The Lancashire Guardian, Sept. 9th; The Glasgow Daily Herald, Sept. 8th; The Carlisle Post, Sept. 9th; The Devizes and Wiltshire Gazette, Sept. 7th; The Dumbarton Herald and County Advertiser, Sept. 14th; etc.

## COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, etc., have been received from:—

Dr. C. Handfield Jones, London; Mr. G. Elder, Nottingham; Dr. Patrick Nicol, Bradford; Dr. T. Beatty, Dublin; Mr. A. H. Hunt, Romford; Mr. Wm. J. Square, Plymouth; Dr. Meeres, Melksham; Dr. J. Russell Reynolds, London; Mr. James Haworth, Filey, Yorkshire; Dr. R. W. Foss, Stockton-on-Tees; The Registrar-General of England; The Secretary of Apothecaries' Hall; The Registrar-General of Ireland; Mr. T. M. Stone, London; The Registrar of the Medical Society of London; M.D.; Dr. Henry Browne, Manchester; Dr. James Russell, Birmingham; Dr. Edmunds, London; Mr. F. Le Gros Clark, London; Dr. Robert Barnes, London; Dr. Needham, York; Mr. Lara, London; Our Dublin Correspondent; Dr. Nicol, Bradford; Mr. Benson Baker, London; Our Edinburgh Correspondent; Mr. John Calder, Liverpool; Dr. Wm. R. E. Smart, Penze; Dr. G. H. Philipson, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Dr. Wahlutuch, Manchester; Dr. H. Cripps Lawrence, London; Dr. C. Kidd, London; Mr. J. T. Illingworth, Bradford; Dr. Webb, Wirksworth; Dr. Page, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Dr. W. Provis, Congresbury; Mr. Hornby, Barnby Moor; Dr. R. L. Campbell, Stourbridge; Dr. W. Ogle, Derby; Dr. Mapother, Dublin; Scrutator; Dr. J. Henry Bennet, London; Dr. E. Long Fox, Clifton, Bristol; Dr. Wade, Birmingham; A Member; Mr. Berkeley Hill, London; Mr. Terry, Northampton; Dr. J. M. Bennett, Liverpool; Dr. Clifford Allbutt, Leeds; Mr. T. R. Phillips, Treorchy, Pontypridd; Mr. F. Dunn, Wolverhampton; Mr. F. W. Wright, Derby; Mr. R. J. Harvey, Würzburg; Mr. Edwards, Ipswich; Mr. Wilson, London; Mr. W. Roberts, Pont Blyddyn, Mold; Mr. William Adams, London; Mr. T. Morgan, Madeley; Mr. J. H. Wathen, Fishguard; Mr. Hodgson, Brighton; Dr. Day, Torquay; Dr. Haddon, Eccles, Manchester; Dr. Kitchen, Middlesbrough; Dr. J. C. Hirschfield, Edinburgh; Surgeon-Major Atchison, Tenby; Dr. Corfield, London; Mr. C. E. Cutcliffe, Silvertown; Mr. Haviland, London; Mr. Vasey, London; Mr. R. Gillard, London; Mr. P. H. Holland, London; Dr. Meeres, Melksham; Dr. W. T. Greene, London; etc.