I will abuse your patience no longer to-day. Whatever I might say—and it is but little that I can say—would be always far below what I feel and what I think. In any case, I trust you will allow me to hope that I am not looking on these friendly faces for the last time; but that, should occasion bring any of you to Paris, you will not let me miss the pleasure of welcoming you to my country. And yet I ask you to hear one word more. If anything could make the compliment you show me to-day more valuable in my eyes, it is the presence of the venerable friend who has with so much kindness consented to preside. In him we recognise the living personification of perfections to which we all can and ought to aspire. The great value of his teaching lies less in those lectures so highly appreciated, in which he conveys the benefit of his vast and judicious experience, than in the example of his honoured life, which we may hope will be preserved for many years to come. Gentlemen, I wish to end these few words by expressing my gratitude to, and admiration of, your great medical corporations. I ask to be allowed to propose as a toast, "The Royal College of Physicians, and the Royal College of Surgeous."

Sir WILLIAM GULL, in replying for the College of Physicians, as Senior Censor, said that the College of Physicians was anxious, he believed, to assist all within its influence to fit themselves for the performance of their arduous duties, and the College sympathised with all that was advanced, whether in the science or the literature or the practice of medicine. It weighed well the moral attributes of men, for no man could do his duty as a physician who is not highly endowed with moral sense. The physician has constantly to solve not only questions of art, but problems as to what is right and just as to himself and to his patient. The College of Physicians will always strive to ascertain and to fulfil what is due to all its Fellows; to require of them not only an ample professional knowledge, but the faithfulness to what is right, and the exercise of it. The physician knows no politics. He was once asked by a distinguished man what were his politics. He replied that they were in a sense, but in a higher sense, those of a chronometer: the mainspring, or general instincts, urged him forward in any line of progress, but judgment, knowledge, and experience, were ever controlling the instincts, and guiding them, if he might say so, to keep time in the movement. Though no politicians, the whole body of Fellows would gladly welcome their parting guest back again if the course of events in his native country should so order it.

Mr. HANCOCK in a few words returned thanks for the College of Surgeons.

Sir James Paget rose to propose the health of the Chairman. He said:

We are bound to drink his health and wish him long life to enjoy all the good that his long good life has gained for him. For we are all his pupils; not only as students of the works which he has published from the stores of his vast and well considered experience, but as students of his life—a life of unsurpassed gravity, sincerity, and uprightness—a life full of lessons on the right use of great intellectual power. He has taught us the right use, not only of great power, such as his own, but of power of whatever lower degree—its use both in the mecessary business of our lives, and in mutual counsel, and in the maintenance of the honour and highest interests of our profession. We owe him grateful thanks for these and many things besides; for the honours which he has won for our profession, and in which we as his brethren share; and, not least, for his genial kindness in presiding over us to-night, and giving to our meeting a grace the like of which could not be given, even by all the heartiness with which we might receive and part from our guest and friend. We wish him, then, long life: we could wish that a part of his immortality could be spent on earth, so that those to come long after us might have the happiness which we have had, of living with him whom we admire as a wise physician, a true English gentleman, a thorough good man.

Sir Thomas Watson replied:

Any words which I could command would very feebly express my grateful sense of the kind manner in which you have been pleased to receive the toast proposed by my friend, Sir James Paget, in terms which, though I well know that they were perfectly sincere, I am too conscious have been carried by his friendship beyond any merit that I could pretend to. I must content myself with thanking very heartily both you and him; and, though I am unwilling to consume any more of your time, I would gladly take the opportunity furnished by the presence of so large a number of the most eminent members of the profession, now—when I am drawing near the close of a career which, though begun somewhat late in life, has been prolonged to, within two or three years, the great extent of half a century—I would fain, I say, take this opportunity, for I can hardly expect another such, of saying, in the fewest possible words, that I feel deeply grateful for the help, the forbearance, the constant respect, and the invariable kindness

which it has been my desire to receive and my endeavour to deserve from the great body of our profession; which it has been my exceeding happiness to have received abundantly; and of which I shall cherish the comforting recollection so long as God may permit my reason and my life to last.

THE VOLUNTEER MEDICAL REGULATIONS.

WE are glad to be able to state that Mr. Cardwell has decided to revise the recent regulations regarding the Volunteer Medical Staff. We are informed by Dr. John Murray, honorary secretary to the Volunteer Medical Association, that he has receved a communication from the Secretary of State for War, to the effect that the subject of the allowance for medical attendance on the permanent staff of Volunteers is under his consideration, and that further instructions will in due course be issued.

REPORT ON THE WATER SUPPLIED TO LEAMINGTON.

THE investigation of the deaths from typhoid at Leamington leads us to the conclusion that they are due to a defective water-supply, and at the present time it is important that there should be no mystification on the subject.

The general water-supply to the town of Leamington is undoubtedly very impure at the present time, as is shown by the following analysis of a sample taken from the tap at the Town Hall. One million parts of this water contained

0.02 parts of Free Ammonia
0.16 parts of Albuminoid Ammonia;

whilst drinking-water of good quality does not contain more than 0.06 or 0.07 parts of albuminoid ammonia. We have seldom met with a worse sample of water from a water-works. The water from the well in Tachbrook Road was likewise very bad. One million parts contained

0.04 parts of Free Ammonia
0.12 parts of Albuminoid Ammonia.

The water from the well at No. 7, Gas Street was of fair quality. One million parts contained

0.02 parts of Free Ammonia 0.06 parts of Albuminoid Ammonia.

Dr. Letheby's analysis of the Leamington water likewise exhibits the organic nitrogenous matter in the water as being much higher than that usually present in good water. He abstains, however, from drawing any conclusion from that fact, inasmuch as rivers are in flood just now; and some water-works, whose filtering arrangements are adequate in fair weather, are unable to cope with the flood. The fact, however, remains that, at present, Leamington water is quite as impure as the very worst London water; and there is nothing in any of the published analyses which can authorise the declaration that this organic contamination is not due to sewage pollution.

ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

BIRMINGHAM AND MIDLAND COUNTIES BRANCH: PATHOLOGICAL AND CLINICAL SECTION.

THE next meeting will be held in the Midland Institute, Birmingham, on Friday, November 29th, at 3 P.M.

VINCENT JACKSON, Wolverhampton, R. JOLLY, Birmingham, Secretaries.

Birmingham, November 18th, 1872.

BATH AND BRISTOL BRANCH.

THE next meeting of this Branch will be held at the York House, Bath, on Thursday, December 12th, at 7.30 P.M.; T. G. STOCKWELL, Esq., President, in the Chair.

R. S. FOWLER, E. C. BOARD, Honorary Secretaries.

Bath, November 24th, 1872.

EXAMINATION OF PAUPER LUNATICS.

THE Guardians of St. George's, Hanover Square, lately communicated with the Local Government Board, expressing their disapproval of the practice of paying the fees of medical men for examining pauper lunatics only in cases where certificates of insanity are actually granted. In reply, Mr. Hibbert, M.P., writes to explain that when a medical officer is summoned to attend before a magistrate to give evidence by certificate respecting the insanity of a pauper, he is entitled to be paid fair compensation.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT: MEDICAL OFFICER FOR BIRMINGHAM.

By the casting vote of the Mayor, the Town Council decided on Tuesday to decline the offer of the Local Government Board to pay one-half of the salary of the medical officer of health and inspectors of nuisances, on condition that such officers were appointed under the 10th section of the Public Health Act. The Council preferred their power over the appointment of the salaries and duties of their own officers, independently of the department. A committee having considered the requirements of Section 10 relative to the appointment of a medical officer of health, recommended that the committee be authorised to advertise for candidates, to examine their testimonials, and to submit to the Council the names of two gentlemen selected as eligible for the appointment. They also recommend that the duties of the medical officer of health be identical with those specified in the Metropolis Local Management Act (18 and 19 Vict. c. 120, s. 132).

THE EAST LONDON WATER-SUPPLY.

Dr. Corner, Medical Officer of Health for the hamlet of Mile End Old Town, has issued a report calling attention to the power possessed and freely exercised by the water-companies in cutting off the water-This power is often carried into effect to the danger not only of the health and lives of the families so deprived, but also of the whole community. This course is adopted where the landlord is in arrears with payment of water-rate, and the fact has only come to the knowledge of the sanitary authorities weeks after the event, and when unknown and, perhaps, fatal mischief has been caused. The immediate effects and subsequent consequences of a number of poor families in several crowded houses-and it generally occurs to groups of housesbeing suddenly deprived of water may be partially imagined, as also the straits of begging, borrowing, and even buying from their neighbours. to which they are reduced in their efforts to maintain cleanliness and decency. The companies certainly possess and freely use this legal power; but Dr. Corner points out that they also possess the legal power to proceed summarily against the landlord to recover the rate. This course, however, is never adopted, but that power is invariable indicated the summarily against the heldless converges and used which inflicts unjust punishment upon the helpless occupiers, and through them causes peril to the public health. The landlord is informed of the situation, but, generally, for some time continues "not to pay," and in this way, by a sort of improvised drought, and through the instrumentality of the water-company, he gets rid of an impover-ished, non-paying, or troublesome tenant, ultimately, of course, at the cost of and injury to the whole community.

MEDICAL NEWS.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND. - The following gen tlemen, having undergone the necessary examinations for the diploma, were admitted members of the College at a meeting of the Court of Examiners, on November 12th.

caminers, on November 12th.

Baily, Frederic William, Highbury
Benham, Henry James, Wigmore Street
Biggs, Henry Grave, L. R. C. P. Edin., Southsea
Brown, Joseph L'Oste, L. R. C. P. Lond., Grantham
Coates, William Harrison, L. S. A., Henley on-Thames
Duke, David, L. S. A., Kennington
Fletcher, George, Bromsgrove
Goodchild, John Arthur, South Eaton Place
Gray, Frederick Archibald, Stonehouse, Devon
Greaves, Edward, L. R. C. P. Edin., Great Easton, Leicester
Hands, Arthur, L. R. C. P. Edin., Great Easton, Leicester
Hands, Arthur, L. R. C. P. Edin., L. S. A., Pontypridd, Glamorganshire
Hopper, Arthur Richard, Liverpool
Horton, Walter, L. R. C. P. Edin., Wednesbury (Birmingham School)
Jenkinson, Harold, L. S. A., Ranskill, Nottinghamshire
Le Mottée, George Herbert, L. S. A., Guernsey
Lidderdale, James, Great Bedwyn, Wilts
Molyneux, Harold Joseph, Wigan
Morgan, George, Pontypridd, Glamorganshire

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Parker, George Williams, L.R.C.P.Lond., L.S.A., New Cross Road Robey, Henry, Newcastle (Birmingham School)
Robey, Ralph Prime, Newcastle
Snell, Simeon, Leeds
Steele, Henry Francis Arthur, Liverpool
Turnell, Arthur Pythias, Brixworth, Northamptonshire
Vowell, Charles Martin, Charlton Kings
Webster, Joseph Henry, L.R.C.P.Edin., Nottingham
White, Ernest William, Norwich
White, Ernest William, Norwich
Whitefoord, Adam John, L.R.C.P.Edin., St. John's Wood
Wright, John Frederick, L.S.A., Seymour Street
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Four candidates were referred to their professional studies for six months.

APOTHECARIES' HALL .- The following gentlemen passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received certificates to practise, on Thursday, November 14th, 1872.

Bailey, John Andrew, Bushey, Herts Bruce, James, Kidsgrove, Stafford Godding, Charles Cane, Portsmouth Hirons, George Merriman, Alvechurch, Worcester

MEDICAL VACANCIES.

THE following vacancies are announced:—
ADDENBROOKE'S HOSPITAL, Cambridge—House-Physician.
CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL—Chloroformist.—Demonstrator of Anatomy.
CHELSEA—Medical Officer for the South East District: £80 per annum, and extra fees

CHELTENHAM GENERAL HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY-House-Sur-

CHEUTENHAM GENERAL HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY—House-Surgeon's Assistant and Dispenser: £50 per annum, board and residence. CONINGSBY, Lincolnshire—Medical Officer to the Lodges of the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows and the Foresters Clubs.

CRAIGNISH, Argyleshire—Parochial Medical Officer.

DERBY AMALGAMATED FRIENDLY SOCIETIES' MEDICAL ASSOCIATION—Medical Officer: £200 per annum and residence.

EAST PRESTON UNION, Sussex—Public Vaccinator for the No. 2 B Worthing District.

District.
HOWDEN UNION, Yorkshire—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Newport District: £32:10 per annum, and extra fees.
HUNTINGDON COUNTY HOSPITAL—House-Surgeon; £60 per annum, board and lodging.
INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE—Sixteen Assistant-Surgeons.
LEICESTER PROVIDENT DISPENSARY—Medical Officer.
LIVERPOOL—Third Medical Inspector of Emigrants at Liverpool: £300 per ann.
LONDON FEVER HOSPITAL—Resident Medical Officer: £200 per annum, residence. coal. gas. and attendance. residence, coal, gas, and attendance.

MEATH INFIRMARY, Navan—Apothecary, Secretary, and Registrar: £52:13:8

MEATH INFIRMARY, Navan—Apothecary, Secretary, and Registrar: £52:13:8 per annum, furnished apartments, coal, and gas.

MITCHELSTOWN UNION. co. Cork—Medical Officer, Public Vaccinator, and Registrar of Births, etc., for the Galbally Dispensary District: £100 per annum, and fees.

NAVAL MEDICAL SERVICE—Assistant-Surgeons.

NORFOLK AND NORWICH HOSPITAL—Assistant-Surgeon.

OWENS COLLEGE, Manchester—Assistant Lecturer in Chemistry and Junior Demonstrator in Chemical Laboratory: minimum income, £250 per annum.

ST. MARY, Islington—Medical Officer for the Canonbury District: £90 per annum, and extra fees.

ST. MARY, Islington—Medical Officer for the Canonbury District: £90 per annum, and extra fees.

ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL—Medical Registrar.—Surgical Registrar.

SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL (late Dreadwought), Greenwich—House-Surgeon.

SHEFFIELD GENERAL INFIRMARY—Assistant House-Surgeon; £65 per annum, board, lodging, and washing.

SLIGO UNION—Apothecary to the Sligo Dispensary: £100 per annum.

SUFFOLK GENERAL HOSPITAL, Bury St. Edmunds—Three Physicians.

TIVERTON UNION, Devon—Medical Officer for the Workhouse: £30 per annum.—Medical Officers for the Eastern, Cadbury, and Washfield Districts: £70, £27, and £15 per annum, and fees respectively.

WESTMINSTER GENERAL DISPENSARY, Gerrard Street, Soho—Surgeon. WORCESTER GENERAL INFIRMARY—House-Surgeon: £100 per annum, board, and lodging.

board, and lodging.

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Names marked with an asterisk are those of Members of the Association.

BLAKE, J. Ffrench, Esq., appointed Resident Obstetrical Officer to the Charing Cross Hospital, vice W. M. Atkinson, Esq.

DELAMOTTE, Peter, Esq., appointed House-Surgeon to the Charing Cross Hospital. EAGER, T. Cawley, Esq., appointed Honorary Assistant-Surgeon to the Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford.

HARRIS, William J., Esq., appointed Medical Visitor for Private Lunatic Asylums in the District of West Sussex.

Ormin, Arthur W., Esq., appointed Resident Medical Officer to the Charing Cross Hospital, vice Peter W. Delamotte, Esq.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

The charge for inserting announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, is 3s. 6d., which should be forwarded in stamps with the communication.

Jav.—On November 11th, at Chippenham, Wiltshire, the wife of Henry Mason Jay, F.R.C.S., of a daughter.

DEATHS.

CARTWRIGHT, John Talbot, Esq., Surgeon, of Wolverhampton, at Shifnal, aged 62, on October 26th. 62, on October 2011.
*Eviles, Richard Strong, Esq., at 12, Bloomsbury Square, aged 82, on Nov. 16th.
HUNTER, W. E., M.D., at King's Lynn, aged 62, on November 2nd.

OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MONDAYMetropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.

TUESDAYGuy's, 1.30 P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—National Orthopædic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—West London, 3 P.M.

WEDNESDAY. St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P. M.—St. Mary's, 1.30 P. M. —Middlesex, 1 P. M. — University College, 2 P. M. —St. Thomas's, 1.30 P. M. — Middlesex, 2 P. M. — Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A. M. — Great Northern, 2 P. M. — Samaritan Free Hospital for Women and Childreh, 2.30 P. M. — Cancer Hospital, Brompton, 3 P. M. — King's College, 2 P. M. — Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P. M.

St. George's, I P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, I P.M.—Royal Orthopædic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, II A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.—Royal Westminster THURSDAY... Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.

FRIDAYRoyal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M. — Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M. — Central London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M. — Royal South London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M.

SATURDAY... St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Lock (Clinical Demonstrations and Operations), 1 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.—East London Hospital for Children, 2 P.M.—Hospital for Women, 9, 30 A.M.—Royal Westmunster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.

MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

MONDAY.—Medical Society of London, 8 P.M. Dr. Lichtenberg, "Two Cases of Rhinoplastic Operation"; Dr. Broadbent, "A Study of a Case of Heart-Disease, probably Malformation."

TUESDAY.—Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society, 8.30 P.M. Mr. Spencer Wells. "Results of Five Hundred Cases of Ovariotomy"; Mr. Lawson Tait, "On a new form of Trocar for Ovariotomy."

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CORRESPONDENTS not answered, are requested to look to the Notices to Correspondents of the following week.

WE CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO RETURN MANUSCRIPTS NOT USED.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names-of course, not necessarily for publication.

COMMUNICATIONS respecting editorial matters should be addressed to the Editor; those concerning business matters, non-delivery of the JOURNAL, etc., should be addressed to the General Manager, at the Office, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C.

THE communication of Laudator Temporis Acti in reply to, and in further review of, Dr. Wilks's Address, is somewhat late. Other opportunities will no doubt arise for the discussion of the points involved; or they may be treated in a separate form by lecture or otherwise.

WE are compelled by want of space to defer the publication of the list of subscribers to the Druitt Testimonial Fund, reports of Branch meetings, Societies, letters, etc.

MR. WALLACE DREW'S communications are in hand for publication as soon as space can be found for them. If he thinks that room can be found for them earlier, we have no objection whatever to his communicating them to any other periodical in preference.

MR. WORTH is referred to the printed notices at the head of the column.

WE do not at all clearly apprehend the nature of the question which Mr. Manley (West Bromwich) wishes to bring under our notice. Perhaps he will kindly enter into a more detailed explanation than that contained in his brief communication.

THE letter of Mr. Steele (Liverpool) shall have our best consideration. Its suggestions are very much in accordance with our expressed views on former occasions.

MR. RICHARD BARWELL writes to say that the mechanical shoe for the treatment of club-foot, described last week in the JOURNAL by Mr. R. Davy, is practically identical with that introduced by Dr. Sayre, of New York, five years since, de scribed by him in his Manual of the Treatment of Club-foot in 1869, shewn by him here in 1871, and since manufactured by Mr. Weiss from his pattern. The one only point in which it differs, is that Sayre uses spring-force instead of screwforce, which Mr. Barwell thinks more physiologically efficacious.

WE regret not to be able to give Mr. Kesteven the information which he desires.

In Mr. Garman's communication last week, for "monogram", read "monograph".

THE statement of our contemporary was evidently founded on imperfect information, and was neither just nor contemporary was evidently founded on imperfect information, and was neither just nor courteous to the practitioners of Bishop's Stortford who signed the memorial. Now that our contemporary has had the opportunity of examining the memorial hastily condemned without seeing it, an *amenda honorable* will no doubt be made.

DR. KIDD. -- For all articles not signed, the editor assumes the sole responsibility. To state whether or not any particular article proceeded from his pen, would only satisfy an idle curiosity.

MR. MANN (Manchester).—Not suitable for publication.

ETHER.—Very good ether may be obtained, at very moderate wholesale prices, a Messrs. Huskissin and Sons, 77, Swinton Street, Gray's Inn Road.

Notice to Advertisers. —Advertisements should be forwarded direct to the Printing-Office, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C., addressed to Mr. FOWKE, not later than Thursday, twelve o'clock.

MR. JEAFFRESON (Newcastle-upon-Tyne).—At an early opportunity.

SPHYGMOGRAPHS AND OPHTHALMOSCOPES. SPHYGMOGRAPHS AND OPHTHALMOSCOPES.

SIR,—I shall feel obliged if you or any of your readers can give me any advice regarding sphygmographs, as I purpose purchasing one. I should wish to know who is considered the best maker, and the price of one. Also, I shall be glad to know if Hawksley's Self-Illuminating Ophthalmoscope is of any practical use?

I am, etc., Henry A. Martin, M.D.

9, Hubert Terrace, Dover, November 19th, 1872.

9, Hubert Terrace, Dover, November 19th, 1872.

DOCTOR, WHY MR.—Can any of your readers give the origin of the Cockney habit of calling a physician Mr. instead of Dr., and a surgeon Dr. instead of Mr. At the metropolitan hospital I now attend I have observed that the practice amongst the patients is almost universal. I think the patients consider the title of Dr. hardly commensurate with the dignity and mysterious knowledge of the physician as represented by the stethoscope and the urine-test apparatus. They are apt to connect the sale of "a pen'orth o'pills", tooth-brushes, and plasters—a melancholy custom in practice amongst the lower stratum of the medical profession in London—with the title of Dr. But why should they throw the title at the surgeon? Is it, as you very wittily hinted in a recent leader, that they observe that the surgeon presents too much of the educated artizan, and that they are thus reminded by the sight of so many knives, splints, and bandages, of the "doctor's" shop in their neighbourhood, let alone the custom rather common to poor practitioners and surgeons of adhering firmly to the free use of purgative pills, lotions, and plasters.

A Provincial Ignoramus. A PROVINCIAL IGNORAMUS.

A PROVINCIAL IGNORAMUS.

ANAESTHESIA AMONG THE CHINESE.—According to a reputed discovery by M. Stanislaus Julien, it appears that as far back as the third century of our era, the Chinese were in possession of an anæsthetic agent, which they employed for producing insensibility during surgical operations. A description of this was discovered by M. Julien in a work preserved in the Bibliothèque Nationale—called Kon-kin-i-long, or a General Collection of Ancient and Modern Medicines—which appears to have been published in the sixteenth century. In a biographical notice of Hoa-tho, who flourished under the dynasty of Wei, between the years 220 and 230 of our era, it is stated that he gave the sick a preparation of cannabis (Ma-yo), who in a few moments became as insensible as one plunged in drunkenness or deprived of life; then, according to the case, he made incisions, amputations, and the like. After a certain number of days, the patient found himself reestablished, without having experienced during the operation the slightest pain. It appears from the biography of Han that this cannabis was prepared by boiling and distillation. and distillation.

WE are indebted to correspondents for the following periodicals, containing news, reports, and other matters of medical interest:—The Liverpool Weekly Albion, Nov. 16th; The Manchester Guardian, Nov. 20th; The Ulster General Advertiser, Nov. 16th; The Bath Express, Nov. 16th; The Scotsman, Nov. 18th; The Pembrokeshire Advertiser; The Lincolnshire Chronicle; The Norwich Argus; The Orkney Herald; The Yorkshire Post, Nov. 18th; etc.

COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, ETC., have been received from:-

Dr. W. B. Cheadle, London; Mr. Callender, London Mr. Jonathan Hutchinson, London; Mr. Soutter, London; Dr. Dyce Duckworth, London; Mr. Wallace Drew, London; Dr. G. H. Savage, London; Mr. Manley, West Bromwich; A Member; Dr. P. Boulton, London; Mr. Ikin, Leeds; Dr. Aveling, London; Dr. Kershaw, Royton; Mr. R. Barwell, London; Mr. Simpson, London; Mr. Domville, London; Mr. C. A. Salter, Bath; Dr. F. J. Brown, Rochester; The Secretary of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society; M. Dupuy, Brussels; Mr. Green, Bristol; Mr. Jeaffreson, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Mr. Coles, London; Mr. James, Snitterfield; Dr. T. R. Fraser, Edinburgh; Mr. J. W. Langmore, London; Mr. J. Morley, Barton-on-Humber; Dr. Drummond, Manchester; The Registrar-General of England; The Secretary of Apothecaries' Hall; The Registrar-General of Ireland; Mr. T. M. Stone, London; The Registrar of the Medical Society of London; Mr. Wanklyn, London; The Secretary of the Pathological Society; Dr. Rutherford, London; Dr. Cholmeley, London; Dr. Wingate Saul, Lancaster; Mr. S. Wood, Shrewsbury; Mr. B. T. Cartwright, Wolverhampton; Mr. Procter, Shifnal; Mr. Winterbotham, Bridgwater: Mr. Kesteven, London; Dr. Corfield, London; Mr. Garman, Wednesbury; Mr. Blake, London; Mr. Watkins, Worcester; Dr. H. Barnes, Carlisle; Mr. Craister, Bramley; Dr. Dickinson, London; Mr. Jay, Chippenham; Dr. Crisp, London; Mr. Brigstocke, Calne; Dr. R. C. Croft, London: Mr. Wilson, Withington, Manchester; Mr. G. J. Sealey, Weybridge; Mr. Hitchcock, Greenwich; Mr. Lawson Tait, Birmingham; Dr. Cobbold, London; Dr. Cartwright Reed, Fulham; Dr. Heaton, Leeds; Mr. V. Jackson, Wolverhampton; Dr. Sedgwick Saunders, London; Mr. Justice, Mallow; Mr. Woolcott, London; Mr. Eager, Guildford; Dr. A. Meadows, London; Mr. De Lamotte, London; Mr. Mann, Manchester; Mr. Jessop, Leeds; Sir James Paget, London; Dr. Murchison, London; Mr. Harris, St. Leonards; Mr. Hodgson, Brighton; Mr. Cribb, Bishop's Stortford: Mr. Couper, London; Mr. Teevan, London; Mr. Sidney, London; Dr. J. Wakley, London; Dr. Smart, Penge; etc.

BOOKS, ETC., RECEIVED.

Statistical Tables of the Patients under Treatment at St. Bartholomew's Hospital

Statistical Tables of the Patients under Treatment at St. Bartholomew's Hospital during 1871.

Human Physiology, the Basis of Sanitary and Social Science. By T. L. Nichols, M.D. London: 1872.

A Manual of Botany: including the Structure, Function, Classification, Properties, and Uses of Plants. By Robert Bentley, F.L.S. London: 1872.

Transactions of the Pathological Society of London; comprising the Report of the Proceedings for the Session 1871-72. London: 1872.