

ment, I went to my study, and, after some deliberation, I settled to inject some disinfecting fluid into the uterus. Without any delay, and within the period of ten minutes, I had injected into the uterus, by means of a strong stomach-pump, slowly, steadily, and with force, a washhand-basinful of water, at 64 deg. Fahr., containing three drachms of Condy's disinfecting fluid. Within an hour after the operation, the general appearance of the patient had improved, the pulse had lessened in frequency, and the heat of the skin had diminished. I performed a similar operation the following day, with an equal quantity of water, at the same temperature, but containing only two drachms of Condy's fluid. After these operations, the patient steadily, and with comparative rapidity, made an excellent recovery.

Midwifery not being the branch of the practice of medicine I follow, I have had no subsequent case to prove either the efficiency or inefficiency of the mode of treatment I have mentioned; I, therefore, give it merely as a suggestion for others. I am, etc.,

Ben Rhydding by Leeds, August 18th, 1874. WM. MACLEOD.

ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

SHROPSHIRE SCIENTIFIC BRANCH.

THE annual meeting of the above Branch will be held in the Natural History and Antiquarian Museum, at Shrewsbury, on Wednesday, September 9th, at 1.30 P.M.; WM. EDDOWES, Esq., sen., President.

Papers on Hydrophobia and Chorea will be read, and others are promised.

The dinner will take place at the George Hotel.

SAMUEL WOOD, *Honorary Secretary*.

Shrewsbury, August 14th, 1874.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND POOR-LAW MEDICAL SERVICES.

REPORTS OF MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH.

ST. ASAPH.—Dr. J. Lloyd Roberts, Medical Officer for the St. Asaph Union, draws special attention to the high death-rate of children from diarrhoea, and also to the large number of deaths which are uncertified. Out of a total of 144 deaths, 45 were of children under five years of age; whilst of that total number of deaths, 56, or 38.8 per cent., were returned as not being certified by a medical practitioner.

LEEDS.—Dr. Goldie's report on the sanitary condition of his district during July is not a satisfactory one. The number of deaths was 702, being 199 in excess of the corresponding month of last year. The excess has been caused chiefly by diarrhoea. The principal zymotic diseases caused in all 237 deaths, being at the rate of 11.08 per 1000 of all ages. The fatality of diarrhoea amongst children under five years was somewhat remarkable, there having been 147 deaths, 127 of which were of infants under one year. Concerning this loss of infantile life, Dr. Goldie gives the following sound advice: "I would suggest to those having charge over the young, that early treatment is essential. For the most part, it will be seen from this report that the victims are young children; a few hours suffice, with acute diarrhoea, to lay them quite prostrate. The stomach and bowels become so irritable in a short time, that if treatment is not had recourse to early, the time for doing good is soon passed by, and death results. I feel I am not asking too much when I would commend parents to seek at once the most skilled and qualified advice for their children, when suffering from disease of a dangerous nature like diarrhoea. My attention is daily attracted to the serious neglect on this point, so many deaths are entered on my records, 'Not certified', which means either no medical attendance, or that it has passed through the hands of some unqualified person. I am of opinion more discretion and care on this point would lead to fewer deaths."

MILITARY AND NAVAL MEDICAL SERVICES.

ANALYSIS OF WATER ON BOARD SHIP.—On the recommendation of the Director-General of the Naval Medical Department, the Lords of the Admiralty have ordered that in future all men-of-war carrying a medical officer shall be supplied with an apparatus by which the water supplied for the use of the ships' companies can be subjected to analysis.

THE ARMY MEDICAL SERVICE.—Subjoined is a list of army medical candidates who were successful at both the London and Netley examinations, having passed through a course of instruction at the Army Medical School, Netley.

Marks.				Marks.			
1. Ward, L. B.	4841	9. Smith, J. A.	3435				
2. Gallwey, T. J.	4615	10. Martin, J.	3116				
3. Miller, W. B.	4290	11. Young, F. S.	3105				
4. Hickson, G. B.	4265	12. Greene, J. J.	3105				
5. Jagoe, B. R.	4085	13. McCreery, N.	3062				
6. Prendergast, J.	4072	14. Gormley, J. A.	3039				
7. Pratt, W. S.	3780	15. Foss, J. E. W.	2915				
8. Smyth, C. C. H.	3568	16. Turner, C. P.	2887				

The following is a list of the gentlemen who competed successfully for appointments as Surgeons in H.M.'s Army Medical Service at the competitive examination held at the London University on August 10th, 1874.

Marks.				Marks.			
1. Harrison, C. E.	2525	10. Smith, R.	1615				
2. Wellings, B. W.	2250	11. Gardner, R. H.	1555				
3. Trevor, F. W.	1830	12. Campbell, W.	1545				
4. McGann, J.	1785	13. Gardner, H. G.	1537				
5. Bourke, G. D.	1690	14. Carter, S. H.	1525				
6. Forrester, J. S.	1680	15. Powell, J.	1480				
7. Mullane, J.	1658	16. May, W. A.	1422				
8. Scott, H.	1650	17. Hoysted, J.	1395				
9. Fogerty, H. A.	1615						

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.—List of Indian medical candidates, who were successful at both the London and Netley examinations, having passed through a course of instruction at the Army Medical School, Netley, August 1874.

Marks.				Marks.			
1. *Leckler, H. M.	5868	10. Malcolm Smith, J. G.	4465				
2. Corbett, J. L.	5626	11. Lancaster, J.	4450				
3. Browne, S. H.	5385	12. Yeld, H. P.	4300				
4. Mair, E.	5339	13. Fullerton, J. C.	4075				
5. Benson, P. H.	5208	14. Warden, C. J. H.	4055				
6. Armstrong, J.	5125	15. King, W. G.	4003				
7. Warder, R.	4825	16. Patterson, D. A.	3980				
8. Dawson, L. R.	4798	17. Wilkins, J. S.	3908				
9. Shircore, J. C.	4650	18. Barren, W. A.	3602				

THE ASSOCIATION AND THE PUBLIC MEDICAL SERVICES.

SIR,—It is hardly possible to overrate the importance of the political weight which the medical profession is gradually acquiring through the organisation of the British Medical Association. The increase in the numbers of the Association, which the recent report of Council showed to consist now of between 5,000 and 6,000 members, and the operations of the Parliamentary Bills Committee, are daily making this influence more powerfully felt. The medical profession really had hardly any audible voice in the body politic at all before the Association acquired its present solid consistence. Other professions—the bar, the church, the combatant ranks of the army and navy, the landed and mercantile interests—were largely represented in the two Houses of Parliament; but the profession of medicine hardly appeared in the parliamentary ranks. What was wanting, and in a great degree is still wanting, inside the walls of the two Houses of Parliament, is now becoming supplied by the Association outside its walls. This was acknowledged, to a certain extent, by the Secretary of State for War lately, when, on being addressed regarding the grievances of the army medical officers, he referred to these officers having the advantage of being supported by a powerful Association—such a support as, he said, no other branches of the army possessed. It was strange that Mr. Gathorne Hardy should have forgotten, as he evidently did when making this remark, that a large portion of his own supporters in the House of Commons consisted of officers of the other ranks of the army, and that many of the combatant officers of the army, and still more numerous their relatives and friends, were members of the House of Lords also; so that the executive ranks are always present and able to defend their own interests in Parliament whenever any of their claims and privileges are brought into question. Still, though these facts were overlooked at the time by the minister, his remark served to show how the influence of the Association was making itself felt, and how it was becoming appreciated, in official quarters. In proportion as this political weight is acknowledged, the more attentively will the voice of the profession, through its representatives, be listened to, and the more the social status of every individual member of the profession must become raised. To none of the members of the profession, however, is the gain of this political standing of such direct concern as it is to the members of the profession who are in the public services. It is contrary to military rules for those who are already in the ranks of the army or navy to combine in any general complaint or representation of

The symptoms gradually grew worse, coma ensued, and death took place about two o'clock on Wednesday morning, eighteen hours after the operation. Dr. Mackenzie, Mr. Norton, Mr. Thornton, Mr. Marshall, the registrar, and the house-surgeon of St. Mary's Hospital, were in constant attendance until his death.

Mr. Schlesinger had proved himself one of the ablest students at St. Mary's Hospital. He had held the post of assistant demonstrator, and had shown considerable capability as a teacher. He possessed a thorough knowledge of French and German, and was a great reader of both English and Foreign medical literature. It was Mr. Schlesinger's intention to enter into consulting practice, and the writer feels justified in saying that more than one of the staff of St. Mary's, looked forward to acting with him as a colleague. The intelligence of his death was received with unfeigned regret by every member of the staff and by every official connected with the institution to which he was attached.

HENRY MUDGE, M.R.C.S.ENG., BODMIN.

MR. HENRY MUDGE died at Bodmin on June 27th, in the sixty-eighth year of his age. He was born at Bodmin, and received his education at the old Grammar School. He became a pupil of the late Dr. W. Michell, whom he afterwards succeeded. He studied at St. Bartholomew's Hospital; and, after obtaining the diploma of the Royal College of Surgeons and the licence of the Apothecaries' Hall, spent some time in Paris. He settled in his native town, where his skill and kindness soon gained him a large practice and wide-spread reputation.

In 1853, he ceased from the more active duties of the profession, and devoted much of his time to the promotion of social and political reforms. All that tended to promote the moral and physical amelioration of the people received from him the greatest aid. In the early years of his practice, seeing the great evils attendant on the drinking customs of the country, he took a prominent and firm part in introducing the principles of total abstinence from alcoholic liquors. He was one of the first to practise it, and that at a time when to do so required a much greater amount of moral courage than at the present day. He lived to see many of his works established successfully, and died universally esteemed and respected.

MEDICAL NEWS.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.—1874. First M.B. Examination. For Honours.—Anatomy.

First Class.

Keetley, Charles Robert B. (Gold Medal), St. Bartholomew's Hospital

Physiology, Histology, and Comparative Anatomy.

First Class.

Tirard, Nestor Isidore Charles (Exhibition and Gold Medal), King's College
Carrington, Robert Edmund, Guy's Hospital

Second Class.

Keetley, Charles Robert Bell, St. Bartholomew's Hospital

Organic Chemistry, and Materia Medica and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.

First Class.

Carrington, Robert E. (Exhibition and Gold Medal), Guy's Hospital
Keetley, Charles R. B. (Gold Medal), St. Bartholomew's Hospital. (Obtained the number of marks qualifying for the Exhibition.)
Burton, Samuel Herbert, University College

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND.—The following gentlemen, having passed the required examinations for the diploma, were duly admitted members of the College at a meeting of the Court of Examiners on July 30th.

Frederick S. Alford, Hampstead; Charles W. Belfield, Bristol; George W. Bell, Hatfield; George H. Bishop, Harrow Road; John J. Byrne, Manchester; Bolton G. Corney, Kensington Road; Thomas H. Haslam, L.S.A., Finboro Road; Lewis Jones, M.D. Dublin, Aberystwith; Wm. A. Kennedy, Newcastle-on-Tyne; John J. Newman, Barnsley; Edward Noot, L.R.C.P.Ed., Dudley; Arthur Norton-Taylor, Maidia Hill; John B. Sincock, L.S.A., Scorrer, Cornwall; Wm. Speirs, L.R.C.P.Ed., Glasgow; Samuel J. Thomson, L.S.A., Ramsgate; James H. Turtle, L.S.A., Chatham; Herbert E. Williams, Tavistock.

Of the 190 candidates examined during the fortnight, 44 failed to satisfy the Court of Examiners, and were referred to their professional studies for six months. This is the last examination for the membership of the College until November.

KING AND QUEEN'S COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS IN IRELAND.—At examination meetings of the College, held on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, August 4th, 5th, and 6th, 1874, the License to Practise Medicine was granted to—

Dane, Arthur Henry Cole
Hogan, Edward Michael Angelo

Vesey, Agmon Blathwayt

The License in Midwifery was obtained by—

Gordon, Samuel Thomas Vesey, Agmon Blathwayt

The License to Practise as a Midwife and Nursetender was granted to—
Greenstreet, Miss Ellen M.

Miss Greenstreet is the first candidate who has presented herself for examination under the new by-law of the College.

APOTHECARIES' HALL.—The following gentlemen passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received certificates to practise, on Thursday, August 6th, 1874.

Brady, Owen Cornelius, Vernon Road, Birmingham
Mitchell, Charles Joseph Carter, Kempton, Bedford

The following gentlemen also on the same day passed their primary professional examination.

Calcott, Lewis Berkeley, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Haselden, Robert, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Parkinson, Sidney George, St. Mary's Hospital
Pearless, Walter Relf, St. Bartholomew's Hospital
Upton, Alfred, St. Bartholomew's Hospital

The following gentlemen passed their examination in the science and practice of medicine, and received certificates to practice, on Thursday, August 13th, 1874.

Harle, William John Vincent, Eagle Villa, Hackney
Horne, John Fletcher, Clarendon Road, Leeds
Snook, William Ernest, Colyton, Devon

The following gentleman also on the same day passed his primary professional examination.

Lucas, Arthur, Middlesex Hospital

ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, EDINBURGH: Double Qualification.—The following gentlemen passed their first professional examination during the recent sittings of the examiners.

William Deane Penier, Cork; Cecil Osburne, Cork; George H. Bentley, Bombay; John Hugh Maclean, Edinburgh; George Taylor Schofield, Yorkshire; William Perrin Brown, Warrington; Mackintosh A. J. Collie, Morayshire; Thomas Gallimore, Ashwood, Longton; Archibald Alexander Hamilton, India; James W. M'Glade, Edinburgh; Hargreaves H. H. Hanson, Leicester; Walter T. Ramsden, Batley; William Henry Vickerstaff, Macclesfield; and John Mitchell Carr, County Armagh.

The following gentlemen passed their final examination, and were admitted L.R.C.P.E. and L.R.C.S.E.

Richard Wilkins, Madras; Wm. O'Hara, India; Richard Stratheden Dawson, India; George Benjamin Powell, Dublin; John Francis Herring, South Wales; Reginald Hartley, Yorkshire; Hugh Alexander Auchinleck, Strathane; William M'Iver, County Tyrone; Marc d'Espaignet, Mauritius; Thomas Douglas, Northumberland; Fray Ormrod, Lancashire; John Edward Allen, Cheshire; James Bruce Ronaldson, County Cork; Rowland Cooke O'Meara, Dublin; Edward William Thomson, East Indies; John Walker Smyth, County Antrim; John Frederick Johnson, Monaghan; Nicholas Leader, County Cork; Walter Kavanagh Verling, County Cork; David John Ross, Galway; Thomas Horne, Whitby; Thomas William Myles, Limerick; Henry George Horace Naylor, Calcutta; James William Whiteford, Canada; Patrick Joseph Hayes, Cork; James Rutherford Morison, County Durham; and William John Vereker Bindon, Cape of Good Hope.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS, EDINBURGH.—The following gentlemen passed their first professional examination during the July sittings of the examiners.

Alexander Graham, Tobermory; Charles Thornton Champneys, Glasgow; Chas. H. Richardson, Appleby; and John Veitch Wallace, Fifehire.

The following gentlemen passed their final examination, and were admitted L.R.C.S.E.

William Howlin, County Dublin; Edward James Nix, London; Edward Leopold Baker, Somerset; David Alexander, Forfarshire; Arthur Robert Campbell, Hawick; Hugh M'Gregor Forbes, Fifehire; John Farquhar Lloyd, Monmouthshire; and George Bleek Butter, West Indies.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.—On August 1st the following candidates were introduced by Professor Balfour, and had successively the degree of Doctor of Medicine (under the new statutes) conferred upon them—[*** indicates that the candidate obtained prize—gold medal—for dissertation, and * that the dissertations were commended].

Daniel Loftus Beckingsale, Isle of Wight, M.B. and C.M., 1872; *Robert Blair, Scotland, M.B. and C.M., 1870; *Henry Macdonald Church (B.Sc.Edin.), Scotland, M.B. and C.M., 1872; *Justyn George Durham Douglas, Canada, M.B. and C.M., 1871; Alexander Dunbar, England, M.B. and C.M., 1871; Robert Taylor Sumner Eagar, England, M.B., 1871; **James Foulis, Scotland, M.B. and C.M., 1872; *Chas. Gowan, Scotland, M.B. and C.M., 1871; Charles Frederic Hutchinson, England, M.B. and C.M., 1872; Robinson Jas. Hutchinson, England, M.B. and C.M., 1871; Walter Robt. Spence Jefferies, Scotland, M.B. and C.M., 1870; *Wm. Thomas Law, England, M.B., 1872; Charles Macfie, Scotland, M.B., 1870; *Wm. Mansell-Macculloch, Guernsey, M.B. and C.M., 1872; Frederic Neild, England, M.B. and C.M., 1872; Henry Alleine Perkins, Tasmania, M.B. and C.M., 1871; Orlando Reeves Frankerd, England, M.B. and C.M., 1869; David Ridpath, Scotland, M.B. and C.M., 1865; Edmond West Symes, England, M.B., 1871.

The degrees of Bachelor of Medicine and Master in Surgery were conferred upon the following candidates [* indicates that the candidate

passed the examinations with first-class honours, and * indicates that he passed with second-class honours.

Thomas Osmond Fabian Alsop, Australia; Wm. Andson, Scotland; Frederick Wm. Barry, Scotland; George Thomas Beaton (B.A. Cantab.), Ceylon; John C. Bell, Scotland; Edwin Denny Barton, New Brunswick; Wm. John Brook, Scotland; *James Murdoch Brown, Scotland; Reginald Kennedy Casley, England; James Cockburn, England; Alex. Robert Coldstream, Scotland; Holland John Cotton, England; James Brown Crabbe, Scotland; Christopher Crawford, Scotland; *Daniel John Cunningham, Scotland; Hamlet Lloyd Davies, Wales; Francis Vardy Davison, Monte Video; Geo. Henry Horsfall de Wolfe, Nova Scotia; Arthur Drysdale, Scotland; James Walker Edgar, Scotland (received the degree in April 1874); Thomas David Fabian Evans, England; *James Cossar Ewart, Scotland; Wm. Fairbanks, England; Albert Field, Barbadoes; Alexander Duncan Fraser, Scotland; Robert Alexander Gibbons, Canada; Wm. D'Oyly Grange, West Indies; Alexander Stevenson Greenway, England; John Jamieson Gunn, Tasmania; Wm. George Hardie, England; Thomas Samuel Hawkesford Hincks, England; Michael Hodgson (B.A. Durham), England; Elphinstone Hollis, Isle of Wight; Posthumus Walter Hughes, Wales; John Johnson, Scotland; Thomas Johnstone, Scotland; James Kelland, Scotland; Peter Leys, Scotland; *John M'Diarmid, Scotland; Alexander MacLachlan, Scotland; Jas. M'Master, Scotland; Samuel Macvie, Scotland; John Maitland, India; Edward Arthur Mapleton, England; Andrew Stanford Morton, England; Wm. Henry Murray, Scotland; *James Ogilvie, Scotland; Robert Edward Phillips (M.A. Cantab.), England; Henry Walter Plant, England; Wm. Edward Pountney, England; Richard Moreton Prichard, Wales; Thos. Eadie Purdum, Scotland; George Rice, America; John Billingley Richardson, England; *Thomas Rutherford Ronaldson, Scotland; Wm. John Russell, Scotland; Robert Saunby, England; Richard Battersby Scholes, New South Wales; John Halliday Scott, Scotland; Robert Scott, Scotland; Thomas Rennie Scott, Scotland (received the degree in April 1874); William Henry Seed, England; Charles Forgan Sinclair, India; George Wm. Smellie, Scotland (received the degree in April 1874); John Cormac Smith, Scotland; Cornelius Peter Smuts, Cape of Good Hope; Alexander Kenneth Stewart, India; Edward Wm. Fleming Stiven, India; John Wm. Taylor, Scotland; Charles Sinclair Thompson, England; Leslie Batten Trotter, England; *Chas. Vetch, Scotland; Arthur Watson, England; Wm. Cairns Wicks, Scotland; Robert Williams, England; Wm. Henry Williams, England; Edward Arthur Wright, England; George Jobson Wyse, Scotland; Wm. Bernard Young, Scotland.

The following candidates had conferred on them the degree of Bachelor of Medicine—[* indicates that the candidate passed the examinations with second-class honours].

Johannes Aveticon Calantariants, Armenia; *Andrew Stark Currie, Scotland; John Alexander Gailey, Scotland; Alexander Henry, Scotland; Richard Anderson Lambert, (B.A. Trin. Coll., Dublin), France; James Little, England; George Mackay, Scotland; *Archibald Campbell Munro, Scotland; Douglas M'Kissock Ross, England.

The Ettles Prize for 1874 was awarded to James Murdoch Brown, M.B., C.M.; and the Hope Chemistry Prize to R. Milner Morrison.

MEDICAL VACANCIES.

THE following vacancies are announced:—
ACCRINGTON AND DISTRICT DISPENSARY—Medical Officer.
AMERSHAM UNION—Medical Officer for the Missenden District: £34 p. ann. **ANDERSON'S UNIVERSITY**, Glasgow—Professor of Chemistry. Applications, 1st September, to J. B. Kidston, Secretary.
BIRMINGHAM GENERAL DISPENSARY—Additional Resident Surgeon: £130 per annum, rising to £150, £30 per annum for cab-hire, furnished rooms, etc. Applications, 26th instant, to A. Forrest, Secretary.
BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT—Medical Officer of Health and Borough Analyst: £150 per annum for one year.
BRADFORD (Yorkshire) EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL—Assistant-Surgeon: £52:10 per annum. Applications, 8th September, to Wm. Maw, Secretary.
BRISTOL GENERAL HOSPITAL—Physician's Assistant: £50 per annum, board, lodging, etc. Applications, 24th instant, to Henry Fox, R.N., Secretary.
CANCER HOSPITAL—Resident House-Surgeon and Registrar: £105 per annum, board and residence. Applications, 27th instant, to the Chairman of the Weekly Board, 167, Piccadilly.
CARLISLE DISPENSARY—Assistant House-Surgeon: £90 per annum, with apartments, coal, gas, and attendance. Applications to Mr. Davidson, Honorary Secretary, 8, Devonshire Street, Carlisle.
CASTLE WARD UNION, Northumberland—Medical Officer to the Workhouse: £30 per annum—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Ponteland District: £20 per annum, and fees. Applications, 22nd instant, to Thomas Arkle, Highlaws, Morpeth.
CORK STREET FEVER HOSPITAL, Dublin—Apothecary and Accoucher: £120 per annum, and fee of 20s. for each accoucher case, furnished apartments, etc. Applications, 26th instant, to the Managing Committee.
DAILY, Ayrshire—Parochial Medical Officer: £50 per annum, £80 per annum as Medical Officer to two Collieries, and private practice. Applications, 26th instant, to Robert Inglis, Chairman.
DURLEY UNION, Gloucestershire—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for No. 3 District: £80 per annum, and fees. Applications, 26th instant, to George Wenden, Clerk.
GARSTANG RURAL SANITARY DISTRICT—Medical Officer of Health: 21s. per case, and 6d. per mile each way. Applications, 27th instant, to Thomas Noble, Clerk.
GREAT NORTHERN HOSPITAL—House-Surgeon: £63 per annum, board and lodging. Applications, 28th instant.—Physician-Surgeon: Applications, 15th September, to A. Phillips, Secretary.
HOLYWELL UNION—Medical Officer for the Whitford No. 2 District: £35 per annum.
HOXNE UNION, Suffolk—Medical Officer for the Hoxne District: £42:12:6 per annum.
HULL AND SCULCOATS DISPENSARY—House-Surgeon.
HULL GENERAL INFIRMARY—Resident Assistant Surgeon. Vacancy, 1st September. Applications to W. Shepherdson, Secretary.

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL—Physician to Out-patients.

LIVERPOOL DISPENSARIES—Two Assistant House-Surgeons: £108 per annum, increasing to £128, furnished apartments, etc., each. Applications, 25th instant, to Wm. Lister, Secretary, 34, Moorfields, Liverpool.—Two Honorary Medical Officers to the North Dispensary. Applications, 26th instant, to Wm. Lister, Secretary, Moorfields, Liverpool.

LUNESDALE UNION—Medical Officer for the Workhouse and Hornby District: £30 and £70 per annum, respectively.

MANCHESTER GENERAL HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY FOR SICK CHILDREN—Assistant Physician: £300 per annum. Applications, 22nd instant, to the Chairman.

MANCHESTER ROYAL INFIRMARY—House Physician: £21 for six months, board, and residence. Applications, 22nd instant, to the Chairman of the Weekly Board.

MORPETH UNION—Medical Officers for Nos. 1 and 8 Districts: £45 and £10 per annum, respectively.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE INFIRMARY—Physician. Applications, 3rd September, to R. Y. Green, Secretary.—Senior House-Surgeon.

NOTTINGHAM UNION—Medical Officer for No. 1 District: £120 per annum.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S LYING-IN HOSPITAL—Resident Medical Officer. Applications, 7th September, to A. Boodle, Secretary.

RADFORD URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT—Medical Officer of Health: £50 per annum for three years. Applications, 27th instant, to R. Harwood, Clerk to the Authority.

ROYAL CORNWALL INFIRMARY, Truro—Physician.

ST. THOMAS UNION, Exeter—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Topsham District: £55 per annum, and fees. Applications, 27th instant, to J. Champion, Clerk.

SOUTH SHIELDS URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT—Medical Officer of Health: £300 per annum for three years. Applications, 27th instant, to J. M. Moore, Clerk to the Authority.

WESTERN OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, Marylebone Road—Two Surgeons. Applications to H. C. Wilson, Honorary Secretary.

WEST NORFOLK AND LYNN HOSPITAL—Resident Medical Officer and Secretary: £100 per annum, board, lodging, etc. Applications, 22nd instant, to the Weekly Board.

WEST WARD UNION—Medical Officer and Public Vaccinator for the Patterdale District: £10 per annum, and fees. Applications, 22nd September, to the Chairman, Hackthorpe.

YORK DISPENSARY—Resident Medical Officer: £130 per annum, apartments, coals, and gas.

YORKSHIRE LUNATIC ASYLUM—Resident Medical Superintendent: £300 per annum, house-rent and taxes free; coals, gas, vegetables, milk, and washing provided; £150 will be expended on substantial furniture.

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Names marked with an asterisk are those of Members of the Association.

***BRAILLEY**, Wm. Arthur, M.A., M.D. Cantab., appointed Curator of the Museum of the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields.

CORMACK, John C., L.K.Q.C.P., appointed House-Surgeon to the North Dispensary, Liverpool.

CROWFOOT, Edward B., M.B., appointed Medical Officer to the Beccles Hospital. **CROWFOOT**, William M., M.B., appointed Medical Officer to the Beccles Hospital.

HORNER, Arthur C., M.R.C.S., appointed House-Surgeon to the Kidderminster Infirmary.

JENKINSON, Harold, Esq., appointed Senior Resident Medical Officer to the Leeds Public Dispensary.

***JULIE**, Henry E., M.R.C.S., L.S.A., appointed House-Surgeon to the Female Lock Hospital and Asylum, Westbourne Green.

KEELING, J. H., M.D., re-appointed Surgeon to the Sheffield Public Hospital and Dispensary.

KEYWORTH, G. H., M.R.C.S., L.S.A., appointed House-Surgeon to the Buckinghamshire General Infirmary, Aylesbury, *vice* B. H. Williams, Esq., resigned.

***M'GILL**, Arthur F., Esq., elected Honorary Surgeon to the Leeds Public Dispensary, *vice* E. Atkinson, Esq., resigned.

MAGRATH, John, M.D., appointed Assistant Physician to the Metropolitan Free Hospital.

MEDCALFE, E. S., M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P.Ed., L.S.A. Lond., appointed Resident Medical Officer to the Western Branch of the Brighton and Hove Dispensary, *vice* Mr. J. Morris, resigned.

METCALFE, Robert Ives, M.D., appointed Medical Officer to the Beccles Hospital.

NEDDIAN, Frederick, M.D., appointed Medical Superintendent of the Barnwood House Lunatic Asylum, Gloucester.

PRICHARD, Arthur W., M.R.C.S., appointed House-Surgeon to the Royal Westminster Ophthalmic Hospital.

ROGERS, Maurice Cohen, M.R.C.S., appointed Honorary Surgeon-Dentist to the Western General Dispensary.

SMITH, John, M.D., appointed Physician to the Dumfries and Galloway Royal Infirmary.

SPRATLEY, Samuel, M.D., appointed Medical Officer to the Birkenhead Borough Hospital.

VERDON, Walter, M.R.C.S.E. (Demonstrator of Anatomy at the Westminster Hospital Medical School), appointed Honorary Surgeon to the Farringdon Dispensary.

WATSON, Morrison, M.D., appointed Professor of Anatomy in Owens College, Manchester.

WHITTLE, E. George, L.R.C.P. Lond., appointed House-Surgeon to the Hove Lying-in Institution, Hospital, and Dispensary for Women and Children.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

The charge for inserting announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, is 3s. 6d., which should be forwarded in stamps with the communication.

DEATHS.

DURHAM, Andrew, M.D., Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, at Sandford, County Dublin, aged 61, lately.

***HAYMAN**, Charles C., M.D., at West Malling, aged 48, on August 2nd.

***MAULE**, John Templeman, M.D., late Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Madras Army, at Bath, aged 73, on August 9th.

OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MONDAYMetropolitan Free, 2 P.M.—St. Mark's, 9 A.M. and 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.

TUESDAYGuy's, 1.30 P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—West London, 3 P.M.—National Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.

WEDNESDAY ..St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—St. Mary's, 1.30 P.M.—Middlesex, 1 P.M.—University College, 2 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 1.30 P.M.—London, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.—Samaritan Free Hospital for Women and Children, 2.30 P.M.—Cancer Hospital, Brompton, 3 P.M.—King's College, 2 P.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.

THURSDAYSt. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 1 P.M.—Royal Orthopaedic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, 2 P.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.

FRIDAY.....Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Central London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M.—Royal South London Ophthalmic, 2 P.M.

SATURDAYSt. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—King's College, 1.30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.—Royal Free, 2 P.M.—East London Hospital for Children, 2 P.M.—Hospital for Women, 9.30 A.M.—Royal Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—St. Thomas's, 9.30 A.M.—Royal Free, 9 A.M. and 2 P.M.

MEETINGS OF SOCIETIES DURING THE NEXT WEEK.

FRIDAY, August 28th.—Quekett Microscopical Club, 8 P.M. (University College, Gower Street.)

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CORRESPONDENTS not answered, are requested to look to the Notices to Correspondents of the following week.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.—We shall be much obliged to Medical Officers of Health if they will, in forwarding their Annual and other Reports, favour us with *Duplicate Copies*.

AUTHORS desiring reprints of their articles published in the *JOURNAL*, are requested to communicate beforehand with the printer and publisher, Mr. T. Richards, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names—of course, not necessarily for publication.

WE CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO RETURN MANUSCRIPTS NOT USED.

COMMUNICATIONS respecting editorial matters, should be addressed to the Editor: those concerning business matters, non-delivery of the *JOURNAL*, etc., should be addressed to the General Manager, at the Office, 37, Great Queen Street, W.C.

THE SONG OF THE UNION DOCTOR.

SIR,—I cannot conceive what possible good can accrue from the writing of the above named lines. If it is thought that the position of union doctors can in the least degree be improved, I will tell the author that, in my humble opinion, it will have quite a contrary effect. I presume that it is to be understood that the lines are written by an "Union Doctor"; but I should prefer to think they were not. I should be sorry to think that any member of our profession would hold office where he was unable to purchase the drugs necessary to efficiently perform his sacred duty to his patient. If I am mistaken in my estimate, I am driven to agree with the author in thinking that he is "an egregious fool". Most of my medical friends who have read the lines agree with me in thinking they were written by one who feels delight in endeavouring to keep the union doctor in the back-ground by making him out a poor tool in the hands of Guardians; but it is well known that, if not overpaid, the union doctor of the present day is in a far better position than the union doctor fifty years ago.

I am, etc., M. MONCKTON, Union Doctor.

SIR,—I hope that the Song of the Union Doctor, which appeared in the *JOURNAL* of August 8th, may be laid to heart by every medical officer throughout England, and that the key-note struck in the postscript may not fall upon deaf ears. Cannot a leader be found capable of organising the scattered and isolated union doctors into one powerful body? I for one am ready with my £10 or £20 to help such an undertaking, if a scheme sufficiently broad be fairly mooted. Your poetical correspondent has painted the life of an union doctor so well, that there is little left to say; but few of us, I think, can read those lines without a blush of shame. Why do we endure such treatment? Would any other body of men, educated or uneducated, submit as we do?

In a recent number of the *JOURNAL* there appeared a letter from Mr. Rogers, lamenting the apathy of union doctors towards the Poor Law Medical Officers' Association; but I, for one, feel that such an association, unless it assumes a bolder tone, can do no good. It is like England sending a deputation of Quakers to King Coffee, with a courteous request to withdraw from the Protectorate. Success is not only possible, but certain, if our ranks be well organised.

I am, etc.,

C. MOSS CAMPBELL, M.D.

Staunton, August 12th, 1874.

NOTWITHSTANDING that nearly every number of the *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL* published this year has included a supplement of eight pages, and that one-third more of original matter has been published this year in the *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL* up to the present date than in any former year, we have still a considerable accumulation of manuscripts from town and country contributors. We would therefore especially ask our correspondents to compress, as much as possible, any communications with which they may favour us, with a view to their publication with the least possible delay.

NOTICES of Births, Deaths, Marriages, and Appointments, intended for insertion in the *BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL*, should arrive at the Office not later than 10 A.M. on Thursday.

KAPPA.—The fees at the University of Glasgow are very moderate, and there are several "bursaries" open to medical students, varying in value from £15 to £50. Our correspondent can obtain further information regarding these in the prospectus of the University.

GOETHE'S VIEWS OF MEDICAL MATTERS.

SIR,—Dr. Ogle mentions Goethe's description of the symptoms of the disease now known as aphasia, as an instance of the correct conception by a non-medical mind of a medical subject. Surely that is not so striking an instance of his (Goethe's) peculiar aptitude for our profession as is his view of the treatment of the insane, as given in the conversation of the clergyman who has charge of the old Harper. These ideas are, I believe, identical with those held at the present day by men who have had the greatest success in the treatment of melancholia, and are the more remarkable that they are in direct opposition to the views held by our profession at the time of writing *Wilhelm Meister*. It is certainly humiliating to think that a layman should have held and published such correct ideas almost fifty years before we, in our superior wisdom, arrived at the same conclusions.

Trusting you will find space for this gossip, I am, etc., C.
Cambridge, August 11th, 1873.

SULPHURET.—If a medical officer, or two qualified medical practitioners, certify to the sanitary authority that "a place used for any process causing effluvia is a nuisance, or injurious to the health of the neighbours, the sanitary authority must direct complaints to be made before a justice, who may summon before two justices, etc." A requisition in writing, signed by ten inhabitants, is deemed equivalent to the certificate of the medical officer or medical practitioners under the preceding provision (18 and 19 Vict., c. 121, s. 27; 29 and 30 Vict., c. 90, s. 18). If the sanitary authority neglect this duty, "any inhabitant" (23 and 24 Vict., c. 77, s. 13) may complain before a justice, who must issue a summons requiring the person by whose act, default, or surffiance, the nuisance arises; or, if he cannot be found, the owner or occupier of the premises, to appear before two justices, who must act as though the person making the complaint were the sanitary authority.

Or the attention of the Local Government Board might be called to the default or neglect of the sanitary authority.

But the above provisions are not applicable to places beyond the limits of any city, town, or populous district; and "Sulphuret" has not stated the precise locality, so far as the city boundary is concerned, of the gas-works in question. If our correspondent do not obtain relief under any of these provisions, we will point out his Common Law remedy.

A CAUTION.

SIR,—I would beg you to insert the following facts, as a caution to London medical men. On Sunday, August 16th, 1874, a young man obtained £3 from Dr. Halley, 16, Harley Street, W., representing himself as a friend of Dr. Southey's (out of town), and detained for want of coin towards travelling expenses to the North of England. On Monday, the 17th, the young man interviewed me, representing himself as a friend of Mr. Maunders' (also out of town), who was thus prevented from at once advancing his conveyance. Courteously declining these advances, I wrote to Mr. Maunders, and on the 18th received a telegram in reply, disclaiming all personal knowledge. His Christian name varies as well as his residence, for the prefix of his signature is either Percy or Henry; and his detention, and that of his luggage, on August 17th, at Ridler's, Holborn Hill, is incorrect, because he left that hotel on the 17th without any. I am, etc., RICHARD DAVY.
33, Welbeck Street Cavendish Square, London.

WE are indebted to correspondents for the following periodicals, containing news, reports, and other matters of medical interest:—The Birmingham Daily Gazette, Aug. 17th; The Lincoln Gazette; The Lincoln, Rutland, and Stamford Mercury; The Leeds Mercury; The Blackburn Times; The Leicester Advertiser; The Cork Constitution; The Lincolnshire Chronicle; The Carlisle Patriot; The Macclesfield Advertiser; The Auckland Times and Herald; The Northampton Mercury; The Knaresborough Post; The Wrexham Advertiser; The Northern Daily Express; The Eastern Daily Press; The Western Daily Mercury; The Ulster General Advertiser; The Brighton Examiner; The Lincolnshire Chronicle; The Melbourne Argus; etc.

COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, ETC., have been received from:—

Dr. G. M. Humphry, Cambridge; Sir J. Rose Cormack, Paris; Dr. J. Marion Sims, Paris; Dr. Rumsey, Cheltenham; Mr. Geo. Oliver, Redcar; Mr. Le Gros Clark, London; Mr. Ayres, Northampton; Dr. Eade, Norwich; Dr. C. Theodore Williams, London; Mr. Wm. Draper, York; Dr. James Ross, Manchester; Our Eastern Correspondent; Dr. Louis Lewis, London; Dr. Budgett, Eastbourne; A Correspondent; Dr. Wm. Arthur Brailey, Witham; Dr. J. Leech, Manchester; Mr. Frederick Page, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Dr. J. Matthews Duncan, Edinburgh; Miss Miles, Eastbourne; Mr. James Robinson, Bolton; Mrs. J. Holland, Galway; Mr. C. J. Jeaffreson, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; The Registrar of the Royal College of Physicians, London; Mr. T. S. Gimson, London; Mr. Charles J. Jones, Pontypridd; Dr. J. P. Cassells, Glasgow; Mr. George Brown, London; Dr. J. C. Murray, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Dr. Macleod, Ben Rhydding; Captain Doty, London; The Vice-Dean of London Hospital; the Warden of St. Bartholomew's Hospital and College; Dr. Clifford Allbutt, Leeds; Mr. Thomas Lucas, Lambeth; Mr. E. R. Morgan, Glamorganshire; Mr. Fowler, Bath; Mr. J. H. Nicholson, Manchester; Mr. H. K. Evans, London; Dr. Finlayson, Glasgow; Dr. Bateman, Norwich; Dr. Spencer Thomson, Torquay; Mr. R. Davy, London; The Secretary of Apothecaries' Hall; The Registrar-General of England; The Registrar-General of Ireland; Mr. Wanklyn, London; The Registrar of the Medical Society of London; Mr. Eastes, London; Mr. Cadge, Norwich; Mr. T. B. Groves, Weymouth; Dr. Mackey, Birmingham; Dr. Angus Mackintosh, Chesterfield; The Director-General of the Army Medical Department; Dr. Cornelius Fox, Chelmsford; Our Irish Correspondent; Mr. J. E. Ingpen, London; Dr. Taaffe, Brighton; Mr. G. H. Keyworth, Aylesbury; Mr. G. F. Duffey, Dublin; Dr. Batty Tuke, Edinburgh; etc.