

APPOINTMENTS.

JAMES, W. W., Esq., elected Surgeon to the Exeter Dispensary, in the room of W. P. KINGDON, Esq., resigned.

PARSEY, Dr. W. H., late Assistant Medical Officer of the Devon County Lunatic Asylum, to be Medical Superintendent to the Warwick County Asylum.

SMITH, Andrew, M.D., Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, elected Inspector-General of Hospitals, and Superintendent to the Army Medical Department, in the room of Sir JAMES McGRIGOR, resigned.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL, PADDINGTON. The following gentlemen have been selected:—PHYSICIANS—Drs. Alderson, Chambers, and Sibson. SURGEONS—Messrs. Coulson, Lane, and Ure. PHYSICIAN-ACCOUCHEUR—Dr. Tyler Smith. SURGEON-ACCOUCHEUR—Mr. I. B. Brown. OPHTHALMIC SURGEON—Mr. White Cooper. AURAL SURGEON, Mr. Toynbee.

OBITUARY.

AUDUBON, M. J. J., the distinguished naturalist, at his residence near New York, aged 76, on 27th January.

FLETCHER, Dr. Ralph, late Consulting Surgeon to the Gloucester General Hospital, at his residence in Gloucester, aged 70, on 8th February.

LANGENBECK, M., Professor of Surgery at Göttingen, aged 75, lately.

MACKNESS, Dr. James, at Hastings, aged 46, on 8th February.

NAEGELE, Dr., Professor of Midwifery at Heidelberg, aged 72, lately.

THORPE, R., Esq., Consulting Surgeon to the Royal Infirmary at Manchester, aged 64, on 21st January.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

To the Editor of the London Journal of Medicine.

24th February, 1851.

SIR,—In a "Paper on Continued Fever", by Dr. Humphry Sandwith, published in the LONDON JOURNAL OF MEDICINE for the present month, is the following passage: "On the other hand, Dr. William Jenner himself admits, that occasionally, though very rarely, in typhoid fever with the rose rash, the follicular lesion is wanting". So far as I am aware, during four years' daily attendance at the London Fever Hospital, I saw not a single exception to the rule, that rose spots are diagnostic of typhoid fever, that is to say, of an affection having for its anatomical character disease of Peyer's patches, and that the mulberry rash is diagnostic of typhus fever; I mean just as far diagnostic of those diseases as are the eruptions of measles, and of scarlet fever diagnostic of those two diseases. I may add, that the experience of 1850 fully bore out the law I attempted to establish in vol. xxxiii of the *Medico-Chirurgical Transactions*, that the poison of typhoid fever, of typhus, and of relapsing fever, respectively produce only disease identical in essential characters with that from which the poison generating the new disease itself sprung. By inserting this in your ably conducted Journal, you will oblige,

Yours obediently,

W. JENNER.

8, Albany-street, Regent's Park.

ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL. From the length of the account of this hospital, we have been obliged to postpone it to next month.

OUR COTEMPORARIES, when they quote original articles from our pages, ought to name the Journal to which they are indebted. DR. R. QUAIN's paper on the Stethometer (wood-cuts included) was transferred to the *Lancet* and *Medical Gazette*, but there was no reference to the LONDON JOURNAL OF MEDICINE. By another species of inadvertence, our youthful brother the *Institute* reprints one of Dr. C. J. B. Williams's papers on the Physical Examination of the Abdomen, stating that it is from the *Dublin Journal of Medicine*!

FOREIGN EDITORS and AUTHORS are requested to deposit copies of their works with M. Victor Masson of Paris, or with any of the booksellers in Germany in correspondence with Messrs. Williams and Norgate, of Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, London. In all cases they ought to be addressed, distinctly, "To the Editors of the London Journal of Medicine, Richards' Printing Office, 37, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London."