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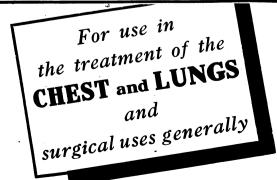
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Medical Information Series

In Obstructive Jaundice & Neo-natal haemorrhage

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normalises blood clotting time

Physiological Considerations Prothrombin, an essential link in the chain necessary for normal coagulability of blood, is probably produced in the liver and needs vitamin K for its elaboration. By restoring to normal the prothrombin level of the blood, 'Kapilon,' the Glaxo series of vitamin K analogues, successfully checks and overcomes the tendency to bleed. 'Kapilon' preparations have proved their capacity to diminish haemorrhage during and after operation in cases of obstructive jaundice, and to prevent or arrest bleeding among the newborn. Some workers urge the prophylactic antepartum or intrapartum use of vitamin K analogue when premature onset of labour is expected, when labour is long, and when forceps delivery is anticipated. What is 'Kapilon'? The name 'Kapilon' identifies three Glaxo preparations that have the physiological action of vitamin K and a therapeutic activity at least as

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2 Neo-natal Haemorrhage Newborn infants are liable to haemorrhage, which commonly occurs in the first 14 days, and most usually between the second and tenth days. During the first few days after birth, in all infants, there is a steep reduction in prothrombin level.

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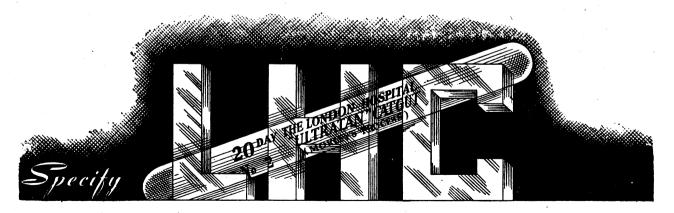
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