NOTICES of Births, Marriages, Deaths, and Appointments, intended for insertion in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL, should arrive at the Office not later than 10 A.M. on Thursday.

THE CONJOINT SCHEME.

THE CONJOINT SCHEME.

IR,—In your leading article in the JOURNAL of the 19th June, on the English Conjoint Scheme, I carefully looked to see if I had not, up till the present time, been mistaken as to your opinions on the subject of medical reform. I do not find that I have been so. Still I am unable to understand of what good to the profession, or to the public, the carrying out of your levelling system can be; it may be a levelling up, but it seems to me to be much more like a levelling down; and as such, to be repudiated by every properly educated practitioner, and especially to be objected to by the public. The idea of a conjoint scheme for a minimum qualification to enable a person to become a legally qualified medical and surgical practitioner, entitled by the public. The idea of a conjoint scheme for a minimum qualification to enable a person to become a legally qualified medical and surgical practitioner, entitled as such to be upon the Register as M.S.P. (Medical and Surgical Practitioner), is a good suggestion; but the idea of his being entitled to any of the honorary diplomas of colleges or universities, merely because he is a legally qualified practitioner, with the qualification of a conjoint board, however practical it may be, is a very levelling down proceeding. The minimum qualification should be sufficient to ensure the safety of the public from pretenders; and it should be sufficient to enable its possessor to take public medical and surgical appointments, such as can now be held by the M.R.C.S. and L.S.A. The M.S.P. should be the general practitioner—the old Cabinard metherery in fact if it he desirable to save the Society. on the field by the M. K.C.S. and L.S.A. The M.S.F. should be the general practitioner—the old-fashioned apothecary, in fact, if it be desirable to save the Society of Apothecaries from extinction—with the right of dispensing medicines, and with all the rights and privileges of a licentiate of that Society—rights not to be conferred by the diploma, or degree, or licence of any other body. Thus qualified and registered, it seems to me to be absurd to suppose that the M.S.P. should have the terred by the diploma, or degree, or licence of any other body. Thus qualified and registered, it seems to me to be absurd to suppose that the M.S.P. should have the right to appropriate by affiliation the degree, or licence, or diploma, according to his choice, of any College or Society, for which he might please to pay, without an additional examination; his power to do so would be so degrading to the Colleges selected, as to bring their diplomas into well deserved contempt. The M.S.P., or legally qualified practitioner, with his minimum qualification only, should not be allowed to call himself Doctor, or Surgeon, or Physician; he should first of all obtain the honorary degree, or diploma, or licence, of an University, College of Surgeons or Physicians, by undergoing such farther examination than that of the conjoint scheme as such corporation should require, before conferring its honorary distinction upon him. The only reform then required would be for a short Medical and Surgical Titles Bill to be passed by Parliament, prohibiting anybody from using or assuming a title to which he has no right, and fixing their titles by law to the different grades of practitioners, all being, before being allowed to practise at all on their own account, M.S.P.'s of the Conjoint Scheme. There must be, and ever will be, different grades in the profession; and the higher qualifications, with their honorary distinctions, should be open to all who have the patience, perseverance, and ability to obtain them legitimately, but not by affiliation. Let us not have a levelling down, but an elevating reform, if any.—I am, sir, your truly, Bewdley, June 23rd, 1880.

P.S.—I have no doubt the honorary diploma of the College of Surgeons would be obtained by as many by choice as it is now by compulsion, for it would then be a greater distinction that it is now; and the same result would be seen in the desire to obtain physicians' diplomas and university degrees of real value as honorary distinctions, instead of mere legal qualifications to

distinctions, instead of mere legal qualifications to practise.

* Our correspondent cannot have read the article on Conjoint Examinations with ordinary attention. Had he done so, he would have seen that the proposed arrangements amount to this: that the College of Physicians, the College of Surgeons, and the Apothecaries' Society, find that it will be for their convenience and advantage of themselves and the candidates seeking their several diplomas, that, in place of a person being examined three times, in three different places, and by three different sets of examiners-for example, in Anatomy-the several corporations can arrange that one and the same examination shall be made sufficient for all three. So, likewise, with all the other subjects of medical and surgical examination. The examinations can thus be rendered more thorough and complete, at the same time that the candidate is spared the worry of being examined over and over again in the same subject. The Colleges and Hall being satisfied with the result, will confer on the candidates the diploma and licence as at present. There will be no special separate examinations, such as was contemplated in some of the Bills that have been brought before Parliament. The title of "Medical and Surgical Practitioner", objected to by our correspondent, will be unnecessary, and was never thought of. There will be no levelling down; all persons will be thoroughly examined in every subject, and all will be justly entitled to the medical and surgical diploma which they will receive. The participation of the Universities in this system is an advantage to which it is needless to refer again.

HONOURS AT THE BRUSSELS UNIVERSITY. SIR,—I have received a large number of letters containing inquiries as to the manner in which honours are obtained at the Brussels University. Not having the time to answer all individually, and as some misconception on the subject appears to exist even among graduates, may I trespass upon your valuable space to make a few brief remarks on a subject attracting a good deal of attention at the present

I am frequently asked to name the subjects which are specially valuable in the eyes of the examiners. On this point, I cannot speak positively; but I am inclined to think that pathology, the physiological and therapeutical actions of drugs, surgical anatomy, operative surgery, and clinical medicine and surgery, are of the

surgical anatomy, operative surgery, and clinical medicine and surgery, are of the highest importance.

There are three tests or doctorates, and, at the conclusion of each, the examiners are always pleased to confer distinction on special merit in any subject or subjects, but no certificate is now given; and I am assured by one of the university professors that, even if one were given under such circumstances, it does not entitle the recipient to attach honours to his name. When the series of examinations are concluded, the entire court of examiners assemble on a given day, and if, on a review of his marks in all three doctorates, the candidate be deemed worthy, they have inscribed on his degree "avec distinction", honours in all three doctorates being implied thereby. It will thus be evident to my correspondents that, although special knowledge in one or two departments will have great weight, the dead level of uniformity will have better chances of a grateful recompense.—I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CREAN.

Rötheln.

SIR,-It is so difficult to get rid of objectionable words when once they have been admitted into a language, that we ought to be very careful to oppose their first introduction. Just now, I see several papers in the JOURNAL treating of what the Germans call "rötheln". What a word for Englishmen unacquainted with the German language to pronounce! I dread to hear it. Surely it has a Latin equivalent. If not, the sooner one is devised the better. Meantime, why not stick to "German measles" ?- Your obedient servant, D.

COMMUNICATIONS, LETTERS, etc., have been received from:-

Dr. Paget, Cambridge; Dr. Playfair, London; Mr. Holmes, London; Mr. F. Wallace, London; Dr. Duffey, Dublin; Dr. L. Jones, Blackpool; Mr. H. Fox, Bristol; Mr. J. F. Whipp, Manchester; Mr. Joseph Hinton, Warminster; Mr. C. E. Winckworth, Shefford; Dr. Robert Lee, London; Mr. F. T. Le Tall, Woodhouse; Mr. Charles Steele, Clifton; Our Edinburgh Correspondent; Mr. W. J. Miller, London; Dr. E. Williams, Wrexham; Mr. P. Martin, Abingdon; Dr. A. S. Currie, Lydney; Mr. J. R. Stedman, Guildford; Dr. W. C. Grigg, London; Dr. J. Lightburne, Newry; Dr. W. Rutherford, Edinburgh; Mr. A. Cooper, London; Mr. W. Y. Veitch, Middlesborough; Our Dublin Correspondent; Dr. Clay, Manchester; Dr. A. P. Stewart, London; Dr. F. B. Lee, Heckmondwike; Dr. J. Styrap, Shrewsbury; L.R.C.P.E.; Dr. H. D. Foote, Sunderland; Mr. N. Porrett, Leeds; Dr. J. Donaldson, London; Our Glasgow Correspondent; Dr. J. Watkins, Newton-le-Willows; Dr. Martin de Bartolomé, Sheffield; Mr. W. Ewart, London; Mr. J. Brindley James, London; Mr. Francis Mason, London; Mr. M. R. J. Behrendt, Burringham; Dr. Rabagliati, Bradford; Dr. Davey, Bristol; Mr. F. A. Maciver, Edinburgh; Mr. H. P. May, Blackpool; D. A.; Dr. W. S. Greenfield, London; Mr. H. C. Lawrence, London; Dr. J. M. Sutton, Oldham; Dr. J. Broom, Clifton; Mr. Kelly, Walsall; Mr. Paradise, Leigh; Mr. W. Wallace Auld, Edinburgh; Mr. H. G. Howe, London; Dr. H. D. Ellis, Eastbourne; Mr. J. Farquharson, Stocktonon-Tees; Mr. J. H. Hughes, Droitwich; Dr. Thomas Keith, Edinburgh; Mr. S. Wilson Hope, Petworth; Mr. Mark S. Wade, Sheffield; Dr. H. Kennedy, Dublin; Mr. James Parette, Sirhowy; Mr. M. Douglas, Barnard Castle; Dr. R. B. Low, Helmsley; Dr. E. T. Tibbits, Bradford; Dr. Heywood Smith, London; Mr. Samuel Temple, Bootle; Mr. A. Graham, Plumtree; Dr. David MacEwen, Dundee; Dr. P. Rice, Galway; Dr. J. Scanlan, Trowbridge; Mr. A. H. Leadman, Boroughbridge; Mr. James Crocher, Bingley; Dr. Munro, Manchester; Mr. T. Dutton, London; Messrs. Fairless and Beeforth, London; Mr. W. J. Wheeler, Dublin; Mr. James Startin, London; Dr. Crothers, St. Leonard's-on-Sea; Mr. J. R. Wittecombe, London; Dr. D. W. Eshelby, Stonehouse, Gloucester; Mr. George Gosset, Abingdon; Mr. H. W. Sharpin, Bedford; Dr. R. W. Foss, Stockton-on-Tees; Mr. J. Churchill, Chesham; Mr. W. J. Brown, Hartlepool; Mr. Charles Hartley, Lynton; Mr. W. Owen Jones, Bowdon; Mr. W. G. Copestake, Derby: Mr. Robert Birch, Newbery; Dr. E. T. Wilson, Cheltenham Mr. Lawson Tait, Birmingham; Mr. E. Carver, Cambridge; etc.

BOOKS, ETC., RECEIVED.

Practical Lithotomy and Lithotrity. By Sir Henry Thompson. New Edition. London: J. and A. Churchill. 1880.

The Dissector's Guide. By D. J. Cunningham, M.D. Edinburgh: Maclachlan and Stewart. 1880.

Anatomy, Descriptive and Surgical. By Henry Gray. Ninth Edition, by T. Holmes, F.R.C.S. London: Longmans and Co. 1880.

The Nature and Treatment of Syphilis. By C. R. Drysdale, M.D. London: Baillière, Tindall, and Cox. 1880.

Report of the Third Congress of the Sanitary Institute of Great Britain, held at Croydon 1879; edited by C. H. Burdett and F. De Chaumont, M.D., F.R.S. London: 1880

Professional Book-Keeping. By W. J. Gordon. London: Wyman and Sons. 1880. ontributions of Orthopædic Surgery. By J. C. Hutchison, M.D. New York: J. P. Putnam's Sons. London: Trübner and Co. 1880.

Scale of Charges for Advertisements in the "British Medical Journal".

Seven lines and under	••	 	••	••	••	£o	3	6
Each additional line		 			• •	0	0	4
A whole column		 	••	• •	• •	1	15	0
A page	• • •	 			••	5	0	0

An average line contains eight words.

When a series of insertions of the same advertisement is ordered, a discount is made on the above scale in the following proportions, beyond which no reduction can be

For 6 insertions, a deduction of .. ,, 12 or 13 ,, ,, 26 10 per cent. ,, .. 25

Advertisements should be delivered, addressed to the Manager, at the Office, not later than Twelve o'Clock on the Wednesday preceding publication; and, if not paid for at the time, should be accompanied by a reference.

Post-Office Orders should be made payable to Mr. Francis Fowke, at the West Central Post-Office, High Holborn. Small amounts may be sent in postage stamps. Agent for the Advertising Department in France: J. ASTIER, 67 Rue Caumartin, Paris.

BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL:

Being the Journal of the British Medical Association.

No. 1022.

SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1880.

Registered as } a Newspaper.



Contents.

The HARVEIAN ORATION, de livered at the College of Physiclans. By John W. Ogle, M.D., F.R.C.P., Consulting Physician to St. George's Hospital (concluded from fage 118)

CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS on the INTRODUCTION of TRA-CHEAL TUBES by the MOUTH, INSTEAD of PERFORMING TRACHEOTOMY or LARYNG-OTOMY. By W. MACEWEN, M.D., Surgeon and Lecturer on Clinical Surgery, Glasgow Royal Infirmary (concluded from page 124)

NOTE on HOMICIDAL MANIA. By JAMES RUSSELL, M.D., Senior Physician to the General Hospital, Birmingham

M.D. 166
THERAPEUTIC MEMORANDA.
On a New Method of Arresting Conorthœa. By J. Brindley James,
M.R.C.S.Eng. 166
SURGICAL MEMORANDA. Amputation for Disease of the Femur. By
H. P. POTTER, F.R.C.S.—Ruptured

Ligamentum Patellee. By P. O'CONNELL, M.D., Ch.M.—Sayre's Plastic Jacket. By L. B. MASON, L.R.C.P.

HOSPITAL REPORT.

Sussex County Hospital. Locomotor Ataxy in a Boy (Dr. Ainslie Hollis) :67

REPORTS OF SOCIETIES.

GLASGOW PATHOLOGICAL AND CLINICAL

Anotherer Medical Society.
Anophthalmus.—Infantile Paralysis.
Tubercular Ulceration of the Large
Intestine.—Pathological Specimens of
Intra-ocular Tumour.—Ovarian Cysts.
—Parovarian Cyst.—Mitral Disease.—
Mediastinal Tumour ... 160 MANCHESTER

NEW INVENTIONS.

Flexible Spray-Producers.-Medical and Surgical Bed-Dress ...

LEADING ARTICLES.

GUY'S HOSPITAL THE VACCINATION BILL DR. TANNER'S FAST INSANE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMIT-MENT ... 172
THE WEEK. Miscellaneous. -- Guy's
Hospital. -- Scurvy in the Bosnian

Army. — The Contagious Diseases Acts. —The British Dental Association. —Mr. Cooke's Anatomical School.— Hospital Patients after their Discharge. Hospital Patients after their Discharge.
—Convalescent Homes.—Death during the Administration of Chloroform.—Purification of Sewage.—Hydrophobia.—Kindergarten.—Society for Widows and Orphans of Medical Men.—Diarrheca in London.—Mr. George Pollock.—Narcolepsy.—St. John's Ambulance Association.—The Metric System in Medicine.—"Hypotheses non fingo".—The French Association for the Advancement of Science.—The Infant Life Protection Act.—Utilisation of Sewage.—The Transmissibility of Tuberculosis by Milk 172
THR WEEK.—IRELAND ... 176
THE WEEK.—IRELAND ... 176

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

MELBOURNE ASSOCIATION INTELLIGENCE.

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION: PROGRAMME OF ANNUAL MEETING.. 184
BRANCH MEETINGS TO BE HELD ... 185
EDINBURGH BRANCH: ANNUAL MEET-

CORRESPONDENCE.

CORRESPONDENCE.
The History of Ovariotomy. By T. Keith, M.D. and C. Clay, M.D. 186
Metropolitan Provident Medical Association. By Sir C. E. Trevelyan, Bart.; G. Whitcombe; and J. H. Gray. M.B. 187
The Welbeck Poisoning Case. Hy M. Martin de Bartolomé, M.D. 188
Davos Platz. By C. C. Carter, M.A. 189
The New Ophthalmological Society. By A. H. Jacob, M.D. 168
Excursions at the Cambridge Meeting. By W. Easby, M.D. 169
Asylums with Unclosed Doors. By J. B. Tuke, M.D. 169
The Annual Meeting of the British Medical Association in 1881. By H. Macnaughton Jones, M.D. 199
Cutaneous Affections following Vaccination. By R. Lee. M.D. 167
Typhoid Fever in New Zealand and Australia. By C. A. Gordon, M.D. 169
MEDICO-PARLIAMENTARY 191
MEDICO-PARLIAMENTARY 191 MEDICO-PARLIAMENTARY 191 OBITUARY MILITARY & NAVAL MEDICAL SERVICES PUBLIC HEALTH & POOR-LAW MEDICAL SERVICES MEDICAL NEWS .. 195 OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPI-

Hours of Attendance at the London Hospitals ... ib.
Letters, Notes, and Answers to CORRESPONDENTS. Insane Offenders under Commitment.—Morbid Sense of Smell.—Nitric Acid as a Caustic.—Private Dispensaries.—Hyperidrosis.—Falling off of Hair.—Unprofessional Conduct, etc.

This day is published, Third Edition, Revised and in part Rewritten, 8vo, ros. 6d.

Practical Lithotomy and LITHOTRITY; or an Inquiry into the Best Modes of Removing Stone from the Bladder.

By Sir HENRY THOMPSON, Surgeon-Extraordinary to H. M. the King of the Belgians, Emeritus Professor of Clinical Surgery, and Consulting Surgeon to University College Hospital.

L. & A. Churchttle, New Burlington Street.

J. & A. CHURCHILL, New Burlington Street.

In the Immediate Treatment

of STRICTURE of the URETHRA.
By BARNARD HOLT, F.R.C.S.,
Consulting Surgeon to the Westminster He-pital.
"Mr. Holt's method of treatment of stricture of the trethra by 'immediate dilatation' is so fully recognised and practised by surgeons of the day, that his work, in which the results of his own practice are recorded, can need no recommendation."—Lancet.
"This work will both spread Mr. Holt's already well-carned reputation, and—what he will value far morewill help to lessen human suffering and prolong human life."—Edin. Med. Jour.
London: J. & A. CHRCHILL. New Burlington Street.

London: J. & A. Churchill, New Burlington Street.

MALCOLM MORRIS ON SKIN DISEASES.
With Illustrations, crown 8vo, 7s. 62.

Skin Diseases: including their
Definitions, Symptoms, Diagnosis, Promocie Definitions, Symptoms, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Morbid Anatomy, and Treatment; a Manual for Students

Jorda Anatomy, and Treatment; a Manual for Students and Practitioners.

By MALCOLM MORRIS,

Joint Lecturer on Dermatology, St. Mary's Hospital Medical School; formerly Clinical Assistant, Hospital for Diseases of the Skin, Blackfriars.

London: SMITH, ELDER, & Co., 15, Waterloo Place.

By S. O. HABERSHON, M.D.Lond., F.R.C.P., Senior Physician to, and late Lecturer on Medicine at, Guy's Hospital. 3rd Ed., Revised & Enlarged, 5 Pl., 8vo, 21s. In Diseases of the Abdomen, comprising those of the Stomach and other Parts of the Alimentary Canal, Esophagus, Cecum, Intestines, and Peritoneum.

Third Edition, Revised, grown Svo, 58. in Diseases of the Stomach, the Varieties of Dyspepsia: their Diagnosis and Treatment.

On the Pneumogastric Nerve, being the Lumleian Lectures delivered at the Royal College of Physicians of London, 1876. Post 8vo, 3x. 6d. J. & A. CHURCHILL, New Burlington Street.

Just published, price 38. 6d.

An Essay on Fatty Heart.

By HENRY KENNEDY, A.B., M. E. Dub, Univ.

We have no hesitation in recommending it as a
most valuable contribution to the subject."—"Indicat
Press and Circular." I have found in it much that is
highly interesting, practical, and instructive."—In a
letter to the Author from Dr. RICHARD QUAIN, F.R.S.,
London.

Dublin: FANNIN & Co. London: BAILLIÈRE, TINDALL, & CON.

DR. PROSSER JAMES ON THE THROAT. FOURTH Edition, with With Coloured Plates, Coloured Plates, 6s. 6d. SORE THROAT, LARYNGOSCOPY

its Nature, Varieties,
Treatment, and Connection with other Diseases,
J. and A. CHURCHILL, 11,
New Burlington Street.

Now ready, Third Edition, Revised and Enlarged, post 8vo, 7s. 6d.

Veterinary Pharmacopoeia; including the Outlines of Materia Medica and hermentics.

Therapeutics.

By RICHARD V. TUSON, F.C.S.,

Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica at the

Royal Veterinary College.

**Therapeutics of the Materia Medica at the Royal Veterinary College.

J. & A. Churchill, New Burlington Street.

Dractical Hints on the Pre-

SERVATION of the TEETH.
By N. STEVENSON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, and
Licentiate in Dental Surgery.

J. & A. Churchill, New Burlington Street.

Second Edition, much Enlarged, with 63 Engravings, feap. 8vo, 6s.

Outlines of Practical Histo-LOGY.

By Professor RUTHERFORD, M.D., F.R.S.

"We know of no hook that will prove more useful to the young microscopist, or that we can more conscientiously recommend." The Lancet.

L. & Churchell New Burlington Street.

J. & A. CHURCHILL, New Burlington Street.

With 39 Engravings, fcap. 8vo, 7s. 6d.
'he Student's Guide to Dis-

EASES of the EYE.

By EDWARD NETTLESHIP, F.R.C.S.,
Ophthalmic Surgeon to St. Thomas's Hospital.
"A thoroughly good manual. It is clear, accurate, and scientific."—Lond. Med. Record.
"The best manual on ophthalmic surgery with which we are acquainted."—Amer. Med. Jour.

J. & A. CHURCHILL, New Burlington Street.