OPERATION DAYS AT THE HOSPITALS.

MondayMetropolitan Free, 2 p.m.—St. Mark's for Fistula and other Diseases of the Rectum, 1.30 p.m.—Sama- ritan, 2.30 p.m.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.m.
TUESDAY Guy's, 1½ P.M.—Westminster, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.
WEDNESDAY St. Mary's, 1 r.m.—Middlesex, 1 r.m.—University College, 2 r.m.—London, 2 r.m.—Boyal London Oph- thalmie, 11 a.m.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 r.m.
THURSDAYSt. George's, 1 P.M.—Central London Ophthalmic 1 P.M.—Great Northern, 2 P.M.—London Surgical Home, 2 P.M.—Royal Orthopædic, 2 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic 11 A.M.

FRIDAY. Westminster Ophthalmic, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London

Ophthalmic, 11 A.M.

SATURDAY....St. Thomas's, 1 P.M.—St. Bartholomew's, 1.30 P.M.—
King's College, 1'30 P.M.—Charing Cross, 2 P.M.—
Lock, Clinical Demonstration and Operations, 1 P.M.—
Royal Free, 1.30 P.M.—Royal London Ophthalmic, 11 а.м.

DISEASE IN MANCHESTER AND PRESTON.

RETURN of diseases occurring in public practice in the week ending August 13th, 1864. Manchester, contributed by Manchester and Salford Sanitary Association; Preston, by R. C. Brown, Esq.

	Manches	ter.	Preston.
Small-Pox			. –
Chicken Pox	1		. 2
Measles	12		. 4
Scarlatina			. 6
Diphtheria			—
Hooping-Cough	4		. —
Croup			
Diarrhœa and Dysentery	160		. 38
Continued Fever	47		. 17
Erysipelas			. 3
Rheumatism	57		. 5
Neuralgic Affections	11		. 5
Constitutional Syphilis	26		. 2
Phthisis	52		
Insanity			. 2
Bronchitis, Inflammation, and Catarrh	1 121		. 16
Pleurisy and Pneumonia			. 1
Skin Diseases			. 3
Dyspepsia			. 12
Other diseases not classed			. 70
Totals	1416		189
_ 00000			

CORRESPONDENTS.

* .* All letters and communications for the JOURNAL, to be addressed to the Editor, 37, Great Queen St., Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

CORRESPONDENTS, who wish notice to be taken of their communications, should authenticate them with their names-of course, not necessarily for publication.

FRRATUM.-In Mr. Paget's paper published in last number, at page 213, column 11, line 10, for "pubes", read "umbilicus".

THE governors of the Samaritan Free Hospital have decided that operations for diseases incidental to women may be performed either by the physicians or the surgeons of the hospital. This seems to us a very natural resolution. Physician-accoucheurs have taken upon themselves the right of operating, and (as far as we can understand the rights and wrongs of a matter) they have a perfect right to do so. Practice, we suppose, makes etiquette; and there is no etiquette which forbids the accoucheur to perform an operation. If a physician choose to operate, most assuredly the College of Physicians would never contest his right to do so. It would be hard, indeed, if any college attempted to interfere in such a way with its members, so long as there is nothing to prevent any man in the country, from the Archbishop of Canterbury (who confers degrees in medicine) down to the crossing-sweeper, from performing operations or treating diseases. Etiquette has decided that pure physicians must not amputate legs; but it has not decided that physician-accoucheurs shall not operate on female diseases; and therefore physician-accoucheurs do operate in such diseases; and we really see no reason why they should not, if they are pleased to do so.

M.S .- You need be in no anxiety respecting the limitation of the Provident Fund to members under sixty. The Committee was quite right in taking the actuarial average; but the Chairman of the Directorate promised at Cambridge that the whole subject should be reconsidered by the directors, who will, we doubt not, find a means of meeting the difficulty, to the satisfaction of all

STRUMOUS OPHTHALMIA .- SIR: Your number for August 6th, contains an appeal from a correspondent, "M.D.", who finds a difficulty in dealing with certain cases of so-called "strumous" ophthalmia, of a persistent and contagious character, in children who are workhouse residents. I beg to direct his attention to page 398 and context of the British and Foreign Medical Review, April 1863. He will probably, on minute inspection of his patients, find the affection not different from the granular ophthalmia of barracks; notices are to be found in the last Army Reports, and which is proved to exist in workhouses, in a somewhat recent number of Beale's Archives. This complaint is so little amenable to treatment, that it is likely to constitute a standing imperfection in our I am, etc., in-door workhouse system.

Paddington, August 1864.

CERTIFICATES IN CASES OF MISCARRIAGE.—SIR: I am reported at a late inquest to have said, "It was a common practice for medical men to let the bodies of still-born children be buried in back gardens." I referred to miscarriages. Dr. Hanks said, "That the medical profession wished particularly to know if, in cases of miscarriage, certificates were required?" It seems that all medical men are not yet convinced of the absolute necessity of supplying certificates in cases of miscarriage and abortions; as some are still awaiting the unanimous decision of the members of the medical profession; many wishing "particularly to know if certificates are required in cases of miscarriage." They do not echo my remark: "That after that verdict, the medical profession would know what to do in cases of miscarriage." For, in spite of the "opinion of blame", fearless of its dire consequences, detraction from their reputation, and interruption to their success, some of my brethren propose resolutely to conform with the custom transmitted from their forefathers, positively refusing to certify to some of my oreunral propose resonance to community and community are transmitted from their forefathers, positively refusing to certify to cases of abortions and miscarriage. They join with myself in boldly calling for a reply, careless of the indignation and protest of the insignificant few; satisfied that, by so doing, they are not casting a slur nor bringing dishonour on the profession.

I am, etc., Henry Hanks.

I am, etc., 146, Mile End Road, August 1864.

GRATUITOUS MEDICAL SERVICES.—A correspondent writes: "You may perhaps remember that about four years ago, the Committee of the Nottingham Dispensary agreed to make some pecuniary acknowledgment of the services of the consulting medical officers. This act of liberality (which, I believe, was noticed and commended by the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL) has been repeated every year up to the present time; but, unfortunately, some of the Committee have managed to get up a strong opposition to it; and in revising the rules a short time ago, left out any mention of payment. A special general meeting of the governors was called last Monday, and though the Committee were defeated on a question of form, yet there was a manifest indisposition on the part of the meeting to admit the propriety of paying the medical staff, and therefore I addressed a letter (enclosed) to one of our daily papers, setting forth the opinions which, in common with yourself, I hold on the subject of gratuitous medical labour; and I acknowledge myself under much obligation to you for your powerful advocacy of the same principles which I have endeavoured, but feebly, to espouse." GRATUITOUS MEDICAL SERVICES .- A correspondent writes: "You

COMMUNICATIONS have been received from: — Mr. George Lawson; Dr. Monckton; Mr. Gaskoin; Mr. Rhodes; Mr. C. Harrison; Mr. Lawson; Dr. G. H. Philipson; Mr. Jonathan Hutchinson; Mr. T. M. Stome: Mr. T. P. Teale; Dr. Thomas Skinner; Mr. T. Paget; Mr. W. M. Baker; Mr. S. W. Feann; Dr. H. J. Alford; Mr. T. W. Williams; Dr. Morris; Dr. James Russell; Dr. A. Ransome; Mr. Thomas Martin; and Dr. C. B. NANKIVELL.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Resident Clinical Assistants.

A VACANCY having occurred in the HOSPITAL for CONSUMPTION and Diseases of the Chest, those Gentlemen who are desirous of becoming Caudidates for the vacant office are requested to sendin their applications, with testimonials on or before Saturday, the 3rd of September, and to attend the Medical Committee on the following Monday, at 4 o'Clock. Testimonials as to moral character as well as to medical qualifications are required. Further particulars may be obtained at the Hospital.

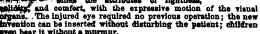
PHILIP ROSE, Hon. Sec.

Brompton, August 17th, 1864.

PHILIP ROSE, Hon. Sec. HENRY DOBBIN, Sec.

veryone has marked the un-

ant dirty appearance of a GLASS EYE, which can always be detected by the disagreeable expression on the physiognomy. But it is now known that M. BOISSONNEAU is now known that M. BOISSONNEAU
Senior, Ovalist to the French Army
and Hospitals, of No. 11 Rue de
Monceau, Paris, has invented a little
chef-d'ouvre in Enamel, which comsalidity, and comfort, with the expressive motion of the visual
organs. The injured eye required no previous operation; the new
invention can be inserted without disturbing the patient; children
even bear it without a murmur.



M. BOISSONNEAU will be in London (Symond's Hotel, Brook Street, Groavenor Square) on the 15th and 18th of September. Any person desirous of communicating with him by correspond-sines will be solicited to send the colour of the eye required, and a photograph of the face not coloured.

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