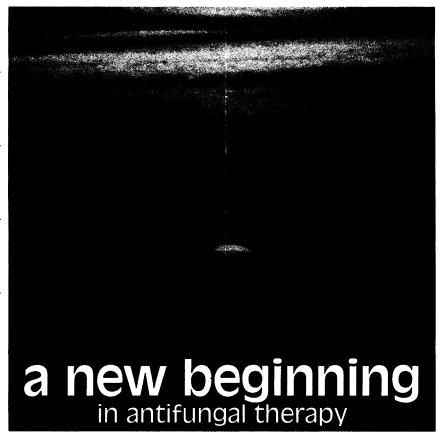
# TRADEMARK TRADEMARK



Nizoral is the only antifungal drug in the world today that offers the simplicity and convenience of oral medication to treat all common fungal infections.

Doctors and patients alike are impressed with the modern simplicity of **Nizoral** therapy. In *Candida* vaginitis, for example, the dosage is: 2 oral tablets once daily for 5 days. That's all it takes today to effectively cure the problem.

Presentation: white, flat, half scored uncoated tablets marked "Janssen" on one side and k/200 on the reverse. Each tablet contains 200 mg ketoconazole. Uses: Nizorai is an orally active antimycotic for the treatment in adults, of vaginal candidosis, superficial and systemic mycoses including dermatophyte and yeast infections of the skin, hair and nails, yeast infections of the mouth and G.I. tract. Also maintenance treatment of systemic mycoses and chronic mucocutaneous candidosis and prophylaxis in "at risk" patients. In children: systemic mycoses and severe local infections where previous topical treatment has failed. Side effects, precautions, contra-indications: contra-indicated in pregnancy. For maximal absorption. Nizoral should be taken with meals. The use of agents which reduce gastric acidity (anti-cholinergic drugs, antacids, H<sub>2</sub> blockers) should be avoided and, if indicated, such drugs should be taken not less than two hours after Nizoral. Nausea, skin rash, headache and pruritus may occasionally be observed. Alterations in liver function tests have occurred in patients on ketoconazole, these changes may be transient. Cases of heatitis have been reported with an incidence of about 1 per 10,000 patients. Some of these may represent an idiosyncratic adverse reaction to the drug. This should be borne in mind in patients on long-term therapy. If a patient develops jaundice or any symptoms suggestive of hepatitis, treatment with ketoconazole should be stopped.





#### Heceta lighthouse, Oregon, USA

#### **Prescribing Information**

Presentation Vials containing 500mg, 1g or 2g of cefotaxime sodium. Indications Infections before identification of the organism. Infections caused by bacteria of established sensitivity, including chest infections, septicaemia, urinary tract infections, soft tissue infections, obstetric and gynaecological infections, bone and joint infections, meningitis, gonorrhoea. Dosage Claforan is administered i.m. or i.v. Adults: Usually 2-6g daily (see full prescribing information). For infections caused by sensitive Pseudomonas spp., doses of more than 6g daily are usually required. Children: 100-150mg/kg/day in 2 to 4 divided doses. Up to 200mg/kg/day may be given in very severe infections. Neonates: 50mg/kg body weight daily in 2 to 4 equally divided doses. In cases of severe infection, divided daily doses of 150-200mg/kg have been given. **Dosage in renal impairment** Reduced dosage is only required in severe renal failure (GFR<5ml/min = serum creatinine approx. 751 µmol/l) when, after an initial loading dose of 1g, the daily dose is halved without change in frequency of dosing. Contra-Indications Known allergy to cephalosporins. Precautions Cephalosporin antibiotics may usually be given safely to patients who

are hypersensitive to penicillins, although cross reactions have been reported. Special care is indicated in patients who have had an anaphylactic response to penicillin. Patients with severe renal dysfunction — see previous. Cephalosporin antibiotics at high dosage should be given with caution to patients receiving aminoglycoside antibiotics or potent diuretics such as frusemide. At recommended doses, enhancement of nephrotoxicity is unlikely with Claforan. A false-positive reaction to glucose may occur with reducing substances. Claforan should not be mixed in the syringe with aminoglycoside antibiotics. The safety of Claforan in human pregnancy has not been established. Side effects Adverse reactions are rare and generally mild and transient, but include diarrhoea (pseudomembraneous colitis has been rarely reported), candidiasis, rashes, fever, eosinophilia, leukopenia, transient rises in liver transaminase and alkaline phosphatase, transient pain at the site of injection and phlebitis. **Product licence holder and number** Roussel Laboratories Ltd., Broadwater Park, North Orbital Road, Uxbridge, Middlesex UB9 5HP. 0109/0074. Package quantities and basic N.H.S. price Vials of 500mg, 1g and 2g in packs of 10. One gram vial £4.95. Date of preparation November 1984.

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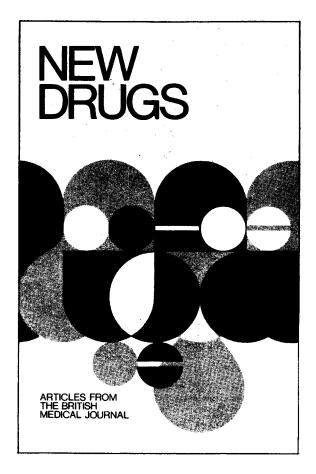
## **NEW DRUGS**

In the past few years the number of important new drugs and our understanding of pharmacology have continued to increase. Reliable and unbiased information on the therapeutic use of these agents is, however, not always readily available. Articles recently published in the *BMJ* on entirely new groups of drugs – H<sub>2</sub> receptor antagonists, calcium antagonists, captopril – and on new members of groups of drugs already available – beta-blockers, tranquillisers, hypnotics, diuretics – fill this gap and are now collected together in book form. Busy practitioners will find that this comprehensive review allows them to make a more rational choice of treatment.

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## OCIUM loperamide

Oral rehydration and

the case for Imodium In acute diarrhoen it is often essential to treat In acute diarmoet it is onen essential to treat dehydration by administering fluids intrave. dehydration by administering fluids theram dehydration by acuth Oral remidration dehydration or his mouth Oral remidration denydration by administering fluids intraved the administering fluids intraved the remaining the rem

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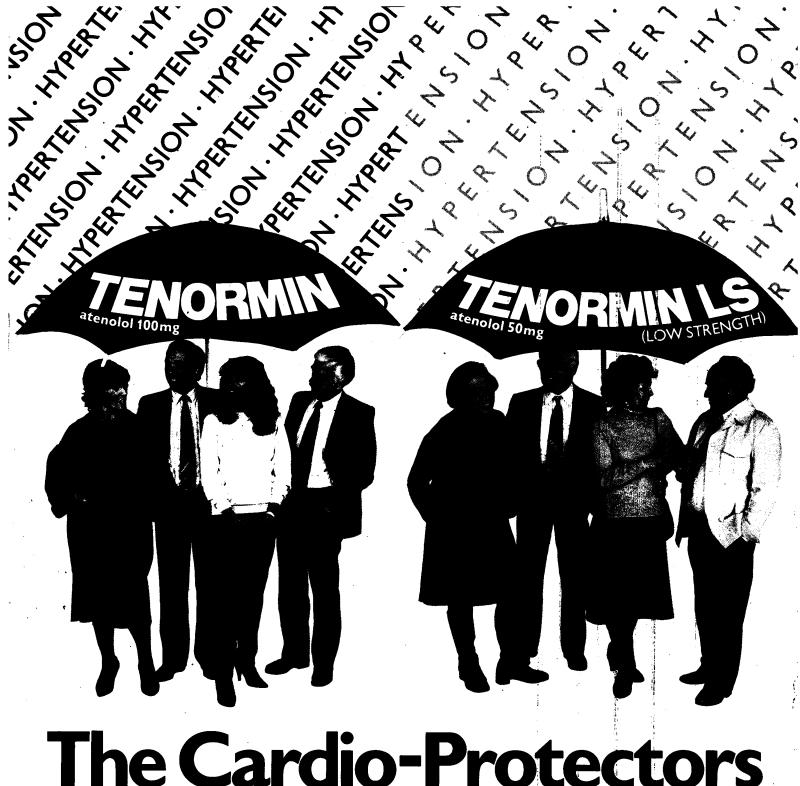
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patient's recovery.

the drug discovery company



## The Cardio-Protectors

### **TENORMIN** FOR MODERATE HYPERTENSION **TENORMIN LS** FOR MILD AND OLDER HYPERTENSIVES

'Tenormin' and 'Tenormin' LS Prescribing Notes

PRESENTATION: 'Tenormin' tablets containing atenolol 100 mg are round, bi-convex, orange and film coated. 'Tenormin' LS tablets containing atenolol 50mg are round, bi-convex, orange and film coated.

USES: Management of Hypertension. DOSAGE: 'Tenormin' 100 mg orally once a day and 'Tenormin' LS orally once a day; some patients may respond adequately to 'Tenormin' low strength. **CONTRAINDICATIONS:** Heart Block.

PRECAUTIONS: Untreated cardiac failure, bradycardia, renal failure, anaesthesia, pregnancy. Caution in patients with chronic obstructive airways disease. 'Tenormin' modifies the tachycardia of hypoglycaemia. Co-administration of verapamil or Class I antidysrhythmic agents. Withdrawal of clonidine. Withdrawal of beta-blocking drugs should be gradual in patients with ischaemic heart disease.

SIDE EFFECTS: Coldness of extremities, bradycardia and muscular fatigue may occur. Sleep disturbance rarely seen. Rashes and dry eyes have been reported with beta-blockers-consider discontinuance if they occur. PACK SIZE AND BASIC NHS COST: 'Tenormin' 28's £6.98; 'Tenormin' LS

PRODUCT LICENCE NUMBER: 'Tenormin' 29/122; 'Tenormin' LS 29/86.

'Tenormin', 'Tenormin' LS are trademarks



Full prescribing information is available on request to the Company. Stuart Pharmaceuticals Limited, Carr Vanco Pood Cheadle Cheshire, SK8 2EG.

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