

professional man in France. We give a translation of the judgment:

"Considering that, in regard to the acts of swindling attributed to Martinez, it appears from the investigation and the pleadings that, having been established seven or eight years at Toulouse, he has represented himself and announced himself in the newspapers as having a special power of healing or extirpating cancer, and has promised a radical cure to persons who have applied to him, although their disease had been declared incurable; considering that these false promises are doubtless insufficient in themselves alone to constitute the offence of swindling, but that they have always been preceded, accompanied, and followed, by fraudulent manœuvres, with the object of obtaining from the patients—first, the promise of important sums, and then their payment into his hands;

"Considering that, in fact, the investigation and pleadings have established—1, That Martinez, after having visited his patients, sought to terrify them, so as to force them to entrust themselves to his treatment, by telling them that their disease was incurable, that no other medical man could do anything, that he alone was sure of curing them, that he had an infallible remedy, a secret which he was on the point of selling to the Government; 2, that he represented himself as having performed numerous cures, the number of which, according to certain witnesses, he stated to be one hundred and ninety-two; 3, that he represented himself as medical attendant to the Queen of Spain, and a doctor of medicine, while he was merely a simple *officier de santé* recognised in France; 4, that, after having exacted from his patients the promise of large sums, sometimes amounting to 4000 francs (£160), he always caused half of the promised sum to be paid before commencing treatment, and stipulated that the second half should be paid on the performance of the cure which he promised; 5, that he took care, in the receipts which he gave, to mention that the second payment should be made on the extirpation of the cancer, thus preparing new manœuvres to obtain the second payment, even though the patients had not obtained the promised cure; 6, that the treatment which he caused to be undergone by the patients who had the misfortune to entrust themselves to him, consisted in the application of violent caustics to the affected part, causing them to suffer long and terrible agony, and destroying and hardening the flesh; 7, that he surrounded himself in mystery when he dressed the patients, desiring no person, not even their nearest relations, to be present—not wishing, as he said, that they should become acquainted with his secret; and that after some months of treatment, he simulated the removal of a cancer by lifting out a piece of the flesh of the part, or of the eschars, which he represented as the cancer itself, assuring the patients that all was completed, that the wound had only to cicatrise, that the process of cicatrisation was tedious, but that the cure was complete.

"Considering that in one instance (that of Madame Biane), doubts having been raised as to the pretended extraction of the cancer, Martinez rendered all verification impossible by making away with the bottle containing the substance which he had removed from the patient's breast; that he also threatened such patients as made an objection to paying because they did not consider themselves cured, that he would cease from his attendance on them;

"Considering that all the preceding facts constitute fraudulent means employed by Martinez, by the aid of which he caused to be paid to him, and endeavoured to obtain, considerable sums of money, and that he has thus committed the crime of swindling with which he is charged;

"Considering that the acts of swindling were committed to the prejudice of Mesdames Barrau, Thibaut, Biane, Roux, Bedoussont, Brachit, Calages, Pégourier, Prévost, Lamothe, Sabatier, Chartron, Laya, Bidou, and sisters Alexandrina and St. Louis, nuns;

"Considering that, although the facts relative to Mesdames Lamothe and Pégourier are of old date, yet those relative to all the other persons named above have been committed within three years, and fall within the application of the penal law;

"Considering, with regard to the accusation against Martinez of having committed acts of homicide, as having caused wounds by imprudence or neglect of rules, that it is ascertained that the treatment employed by him, in the cases of persons named above, caused them to experience unheard of and insupportable suffering, which must of necessity have an injurious influence on the health of the patients, of whom some have died, and others have survived, uncured; but that it is

not sufficiently established that the treatment they received from Martinez produced death or wounds;

"Considering, with regard to the accusations of having violated the prescriptions of the code of medical police, that Martinez supplied the caustics which he applied to his patients, but that it is not established that he prepared them himself, and that he might have obtained them from druggists, as he has alleged; that, moreover, he did not sell them to the patients, and did not receive payment for them in addition to his charges for treatment; that, finally, it has not been proved he performed any surgical operation in violation of the law, since he confined himself to removing the masses of flesh that had been burned by the caustics which he used;

"For these reasons, the tribunal acquits Martinez of the accusations of involuntary homicide, or wounding by imprudence or neglect of rules, and of violating the regulations of the code of medical police;

"Finds him guilty of having, within three years, committed sundry acts of swindling, to the prejudice of the persons already named, by persuading them that he was a great physician, the possessor of a secret or an infallible remedy for extirpating and healing the most intractable cancers, which secret he even alleged he was about to sell to the Government; by causing them to believe in a cure, though impossible, and thus raising in them the hope of a success or of a chimerical event; and by also persuading them, in the course of the treatment to which he subjected them, that their cure was accomplished by a pretended extirpation of the cancer; and, finally, finds him guilty of having, by fraudulent means, caused to be delivered to him various sums of money, of which he has thus swindled the above-named persons, to their prejudice;

"In consequence, condemns Martinez to five years imprisonment, and a fine of one thousand francs."

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON. On Monday evening next, a paper will be read upon the Natural History, Properties, and Medical Uses of *Sanguinaria Canadensis*, by Dr. Gibb.

HEALTH OF LONDON—JANUARY 14th, 1860.

[From the Registrar-General's Report.]

		Births.	Deaths.
During week		{ Boys.. 985 Girls.. 953 }	{ 1938 .. 1344
Average of corresponding weeks 1849-58		1645 .. 1334	

Among the causes of death were—bronchitis, 188; pneumonia, 120; phthisis, 140; small-pox, 41; scarlatina, 63; measles, 23; diphtheria, 7; whooping-cough, 31. The deaths from pulmonary diseases (exclusive of phthisis) were 316, being 36 above the corrected average. Of persons who died at the age of 80 and upwards, 9 were nonagenarians, and one a centenarian. Of bricklayers, 3 died in the week, of bricklayers' wives, 4, of bricklayers' children, 9; of carpenters, 6 died, of carpenters' wives, 5, of carpenters' children, 19; of masons, 1 died, of masons' wives, 2, of masons' children, 1; of painters, 10 died, of painters' wives, 2, of painters' children, 11; of plasterers' wives, 1 died, of plasterers' children, 8.

Barometer.

Highest (Sun.) 30.194; lowest (Sat.) 29.896; mean 30.032 in.

Thermometer.

In sun—highest (Wed.) 60.0 degrees; lowest (Tues.) 42.0 degrees.
 In shade—highest (Sun, Th. and Sat.) 46 degs.; lowest (Mon.) 30.3 degs.
 Mean—37.9 degrees; difference from mean of 43 yrs. +2.3 degrees.
 Range—during week, 15.7 degrees; mean daily, 10.2 degrees.

Mean humidity of air (saturation = 100), 93.
 Mean direction of wind, S.W. and S.E.—Rain in inches, 0.07.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications have been received from:—MR. ROBT. WYNNE JONES; DR. A. T. H. WATERS; MR. ARTHUR A. JOHNSON; DR. T. INMAN; DR. W. V. BRID; MR. GEO. MALLETT; DR. B. W. RICHARDSON; MR. THOMAS HUNT; MR. T. HOLMES; DR. COCKLE; MR. WILLIAM MARTIN; MR. C. J. EVANS; DR. W. B. CARPENTER; DR. AGAR; and A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

- [* An Asterisk is prefixed to the Names of Members of the Association.]
1. On the Coagulation of the Blood in the Venous System during Life. By *George Murray Humphry, M.D., F.R.S. Cambridge: Macmillan and Co. 1859.
 2. On Chronic Alcoholic Intoxication; or Alcoholic Stimulants in connection with the Nervous System. With a Synoptical Table of Cases. By W. Marcet, M.D., F.R.S. London: Churchill. 1860.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. Silverlock's Medical Label Ware—

H. HOUSE, LETTER-PRESS, COPPER-PLATE, & LITHOGRAPHIC PRINTING OFFICES, Wardrobe Terrace, Doctors' Commons, London, E.C.
H. SILVERLOCK'S stock of Labels for DISPENSING purposes having been recently revised and enlarged, now consists of upwards of 800 different kinds. Yellow and Green Labels for Drug Bottles, Drawers, etc., at per book or dozen; a Book containing a selection in general use in Surgeries or Dispensaries, 10s. 6d. Priced Catalogues of the above may be had, post-free on application.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT MODERATE PRICES.

Pepsine. — The Liq. Pepsinæ, as
used and recommended by Dr. NELSON, can be had from Messrs.
W. & C. R. TITTERTON, 6, Snow Hill, Birmingham.

S. Bowles (late Windsor & Co.), Phial
AND BOTTLE MERCHANT, Dealer in Druggists' Sundries, etc.,
6, JAMES STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C. The cheapest house in
London for every description of Medical Glass of the best quality. Samples
and prices forwarded free on application.

Great Saving in the Purchase of
SIX GROSS OF NEW MEDICAL GLASS BOTTLES AND PHIALS,
assorted to suit the convenience of Purchasers, at S. ISAACS & SON, Glass
Bottle Manufacturers—London Warehouse, 24 and 25, Francis St., Tottenham
Court Road.

6 and 8 oz., any shape, plain, or graduated	8s. 0d. per gross
3 and 4 oz. ditto ditto	7s. 6d. "
1/2 oz. Moulded Phials	4s. 6d. "
1 oz. ditto	5s. 6d. "
1 1/2 oz. ditto	6s. 0d. "
2 oz. ditto	7s. 0d. "

NOTICE.—S. ISAACS & SON beg to return their sincere thanks to the
Medical Profession for past favours, and beg to inform them that in conse-
quence of the great increase in their business, they have removed to more
extensive premises, and hope by adhering to their usual attention and punctu-
lity to receive a continuance of their favours at their new London Ware-
houses, 24 and 25, Francis Street, Tottenham Court Road. Packages free.
Remittance on receipt of Goods. Post-office Orders payable to S. ISAACS
and SON, at the Post Office, Tottenham Court Road. Bankers—Unity Bank.

TO SURGEONS, APOTHECARIES, AND DRUGGISTS.

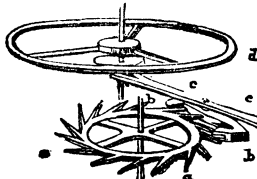
Important Saving, by Prepayment,
in the PURCHASE of
NEW WHITE ROUND MOULDED VIALS OF THE BEST QUALITY.
PELLATT and Co. submit the following PRICES of VIALS, for PRE-
PAYMENT only:—

1/2 oz., 1 oz., 10 dr., & 1 1/2 oz. per Gross, 6s.	In quantities of not less than
14 dr., & 2 oz. " 7s.	Six Gross, assorted to suit the
3 oz. " 8s.	convenience of the purchaser;
4 oz. " 10s.	delivered to carriers in London.
6 oz. " 15s.	No charge for Package.
8 oz. " 18s.	Breakage at risk of Purchaser.
4 1/2 oz. graduated in 3 doses " 12s. 6d.	

The above Prices being based upon a calculation which excludes all
charges whatever between the Manufacturer and the Consumer, no attention
can be paid to any order not accompanied by a remittance in full made
payable in London.—P. and Co. do not supply Green Glass.—Orders and
remittances to be addressed,

PELLATT & CO.,
FALCON GLASS WORKS, LONDON.

LEVER ESCAPEMENT.



BENSON'S WATCHES.

—"Perfection of mechanism."

—Morning Post.

Gold 4 to 100 guineas.

Silver.... 2 to 50 guineas.

Send two stamps for Benson's

Illustrated Watch Pamphlet.

Watches sent free to any part of

the kingdom on receipt of a remit-

tance.—33 & 34, Ludgate Hill,

London, E.C.—Established 1749.

For Varicose Veins and Weakness.

—Very superior SURGICAL ELASTIC STOCKINGS and KNEE-
CAPS, on a New Principle, pervious, light in texture, and
inexpensive, yielding an efficient and unvarying support, under
any temperature, without the trouble of Lacing or
Bandaging. Likewise, a strong low-priced article for Hospi-
tals and the Working-classes.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTING BELTS for both Sexes.
those for Ladies' use, before and after accouchement, are
admirably adapted for giving adequate support with EX-
TREMELY LIGHTNESS—a point little attended to in the com-
paratively clumsy contrivances and fabrics hitherto employed.

Instructions for measurement and prices on application,
and the articles sent by post from the Manufacturers,
POPE and PLANTE, 4, Waterloo-place, Pall Mall, London.
The Profession, Trade, and Hospitals supplied.

J. & E. BRADSHAW, late
Shoolbred and Bradshaw,

51, JERMYN STREET, begs to call attention to the various improved

ments in PATENT ELASTIC
STOCKINGS, BELTS, KNEE-
CAPS, SOCKS, and Ladies' and
Gentlemen's SPINE SUP-
PORTERS. A new description
of BELT, invaluable for pre-
vention of Cholera, and the cure
of Rheumatism, Lumbago, etc.
N.B. Every description of IN-
DIA-RUBBER BANDAGE,

vulcanized on the newest principle.

Directions for measurement sent by post.—N.B. A liberal

Discount to the Profession.

A female to attend on Ladies.

TO SURGEONS, DENTISTS, ETC.

The best House in London for

SECOND-HAND INSTRUMENTS is Mr. WM. LAWLEY'S, Lombard
House, 78, Farringdon Street, City.

Established upwards of a Century.
A large Stock of New Instruments always on Sale, all warranted.
Instruments Bought, Sold, or Exchanged.

N.B.—The largest Stock of Second-hand Dissecting Cases in London.

CAUTION.

Chlorodyne. — Any Preparation

advertised or sold under the name of Chlorodyne, other than Dr. J.
COLLIS BROWNE'S, is not that recognised and prescribed by the profession,
for which so great and valuable testimony is accorded, as published in the
Medical Journals.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne is the *only* genuine, he having *alone*
discovered and named this new agent, and confided its manufacture *absolutely*,
solely, and *entirely* to
J. T. DAVENPORT, Pharmacist, 33, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury,
London.

N.B.—Medical Men are earnestly solicited to attach the words, Dr. J.
COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne, when prescribing; also to observe that the
signature of Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE, in white letters on a red ground, is
outside each bottle.

The spurious compounds sold under the name of Chlorodyne not only in-
variably fail to produce the extraordinary beneficial effects accorded to the
genuine, but often occasion most serious results, and being a remedy so often
resorted to in extreme cases, the life of the Patient and the credit of the Prac-
titioner are at stake. The active principle of Chlorodyne has never been pub-
licly intimated; its effects are quite dissimilar to Opium or its Salts. It re-
lieves pain in any organ and from whatever cause. Spurious compounds will
be sure to disappoint. Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne is the *only* genuine.

Williams and Son's Pure Glycerine

SOAP, analysed by Dr. HOFMANN, F.R.S., and PROFESSOR
REDWOOD, Ph.D., strongly recommended by many eminent Members of the
Medical Profession, and favorably noticed by the following Medical Journals.

The British Medical Journal.
The Lancet.
The Medical Times and Gazette.
The Medical Circular.
The Edinburgh Medical Journal.
The Dublin Hospital Gazette.

It is suited to all cases of delicate skin (whether arising from disease of
otherwise), and is admirably adapted for nursery use. May be had of all
respectable Chemists, Perfumers, etc.

SOAP WORKS, CLERKENWELL, LONDON, E. C.

Bass's East India Pale Ale,

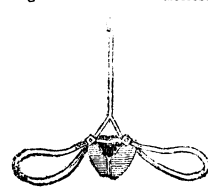
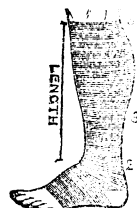
AND
BARCLAY'S PORTER AND STOUT,

Always in good condition, Eighteen Gallon Casks, Bottles, Half-bottles, and
Imperial Pints.

BERRY, BROS., and Co., 3, St. James's Street, London, S.W.

Mr. Bourjeaud's Registered Spiral

ELASTIC COMPRESSIONAL APPLIANCES, to be obtained
only at No. 11, DAVIES STREET, BERKELEY SQUARE, W., and at No.
11, RUE DES BEAUX ARTS, PARIS, and through Medical Practitioners.



THE IMPROVED SUSPENSORY BANDAGE.

Mr. BOURJEAUD, in submitting the accompanying Diagrams, presents
his best thanks to the Members of the Medical Profession for their un-
ceasing support of his invention of the Spiral Elastic Compression Prin-
ciple in Surgical Appliances, and for the continuance of innumerable re-
commendations in all parts of the kingdom, at the same time he feels it
incumbent upon him to remind his friends, that this Invention was registered
by him in February 1818, and, immediately after, advertised in the Medical
Journals, thus affording an undeniable contradiction to the assertions of the
unblushing appropriators of his principle, who have never appeared till
within the last three and a half years, and yet style themselves Patentees,
Registrars, etc., of the Spiral Principle. The advantage of qualifying an-
tecedents, and being a Member of the Surgical Profession, have enabled Mr.
B., by confining his attention to the superintendence of the manufacture
and adjustment of his appliances, to attain great proficiency; and he con-
siders it essential, especially in difficult cases, that patients should be
attended by himself or his assistants, and if not practicable, by a Member
of the Profession, as it must be admitted to be exceedingly hazardous for
the suffering to entrust their limbs or cases of hernia to persons totally
ignorant of anatomical or physiological laws.

The charges, estimating the amount of benefit afforded, are less than the
prices of the imitations: Mr. B. invites an inspection, and of the certificates
confirming his sole claim to the inventions.

N.B. No. 11, DAVIES STREET, near Mivar's Hotel. The Establish-
ment is strictly private. At home from 10 till 6.