

SATURDAY 19 AUGUST 1978

LEADING ARTICLES

517
518
519
519

The continent urostomy	520
Throwing off warts	521
Falls and femoral fractures	522

PAPERS AND ORIGINALS

Treatment of Raynaud's phenomenon by fibrinolytic enhancement P E M JARRETT, M MORLAND, N L BROWSE	523
Hypothalamo-pituitary-thyroid function in anorexia nervosa: influence of weight gain	
R D G LESLIE, A J ISAACS, J GOMEZ, P R RAGGATT, RICHARD BAYLISS	526
Indian childhood cirrhosis: an inherited disorder of tryptophan metabolism? A M SUR, ANIANA BHATTI,	529
HBsAg-positive chronic liver disease: inhibition of DNA polymerase activity by vidarabine	
R G CHADWICK, M F BASSENDINE, E M CRAWFORD, H C THOMAS, S SHERLOCK	531
Haemostatic defect in non-immune patients with falciparum malaria: no evidence of diffuse intravascular coagulation	
J VREEKEN, TH M CREMER-GOOTE	533
Changes in antibiotic sensitivity in strains of Staphylococcus aureus, 1952-78	
ZEHRA A HASSAM, ELIZABETH J SHAW, R A SHOOTER, D B CARO	536
Chronic bronchitis: is bacteriological examination of sputum necessary?	
I C PATERSON, G R PETRIE, G K CROMPTON, J R ROBERTSON	538
Search for late-onset side effects of practolol J BARCLAY, L E RAMSAY, J L JAY, A MCQUEEN, A R LORIMER	538
Legionnaires' disease and acute renal failure DAVID N S KERR, R ALISTAIR L BREWIS, A D MACRAE	538
Breakfast and Crohn's disease—I P M RAWCLIFFE, S C TRUELOVE	539
Breakfast and Crohn's disease—II L N J ARCHER, RICHARD F HARVEY	540

MEDICAL PRACTICE

How to organise an international medical meeting-I: Committees and budgets IAN CAPPERAULD, A I S MACPHERSON 5	541
Medical care in the inner cities MICHAEL A P S DOWNHAM, ROBERT MACGIBBON, GEORGE M PRESTON, SHELAGH M TYRRELL 5	545
Use of antibiotics: Aminoglycosides PAUL NOONE	549
History of medicine in Gibraltar C MONTEGRIFFO	52
Medicine and Books	556
Any Questions?	555
Words	548
Medicine and the Media	560
Materia Non Medica—Contributions from R E GOODMAN, S L HENDERSON SMITH, HEATHER WINDLE.	544
Personal View KEITH BALL	561

CORRESPONDENCE—List of Contents	562
OBITUARY	574
NEWS AND NOTES	
Views	576
Epidemiology—Outbreak of whooping cough in general	
practice DOUGLAS JENKINSON	577
Medical News	578
Instructions to authors	579

SUPPLEMENT

CURRENT, Pay-beds in NHS 580 Consultative machinery in Camden and Islington 580 British National Formulary 1976-8...... 580 Comparing hospital resources L T REES...... 582 Secretary of State sells land to GPs MK WILLIAMS.... 583 Medical assistants: Mark II SANJOY ROY-CHOWDHURY.. 584 Corrections: HJS Conference; ARM, Review Body.... 581

NO 6136 BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL 1978 VOLUME 2 517-584 BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION TAVISTOCK SQUARE LONDON WC1H 9JR.

ASTM CODEN: BMJOAE 2 (6136) 517-584 (1978) WEEKLY. SECOND CLASS POSTAGE PAID AT NEW YORK NY

CORRESPONDENCE

·····		
Mortality from abortion: the NHS record	Medical course at Nottingham	Behçet's disease
C L Brewer, MRCPSYCH, and P J Hunting-	Sir George Pickering, FRCP, FRS 567	R A C Graham-Brown, MRCP 570
ford, FRCOG 562		Prevalence of multiple sclerosis in
Whooping-cough fatality rate	D N Golding, FRCPI 567	West Yorkshire
G Dick, FRCPATH	1 1 0 0	M McCoubrie, MB, and D Shuttleworth,
Drugs for myeloma	S J Rose, мв 568	мв 570
J S Malpas, FRCP, and D Parker, MRCP 563		"A-Z Pregnancy and Babycare"
Confidential inquiry into gynaecological	intracranial aneurysms	Lord Smith of Marlow, FRCS 570
laparoscopy	J van Rossum, MD, and A R Wintzen, MD. 568	Cerebral blood flow in diabetes mellitus
G V P Chamberlain, FRCOG 563		R M Gardiner, мкср 571
Computer confidentiality	their families	Misuse of hypnosis
W J Appleyard, мкср 563	Eva M Kohner, FRCP 568	D Waxman, MRCS 571
Sexual pressures on children	Lymphatic fistula: a complication of	Pigeon fanciers and disease
G Cust, MFCM; T E Parker, JP, and M V	arterial surgery	C A Osman 571
Smith, MFCM; N A Chisholm, LRCPED 564	A V Pollock, FRCS	Ileostomy or ileorectal anastomosis for
Acute renal failure due to polymyositis	Surgery for intracranial aneurysm in the	ulcerative colitis
J P H Wade, мкср; Marion E Sloan, мв,	elderly	D G Jagelman, FRCS 571
and others 565	R S Maurice-Williams, FRCS 568	Six months in South Africa
Medicine and the media	Antibiotic resistance in Streptococcus	S F Szanto, MRCPI 571
P C Steptoe, FRCOG 565	pneumoniae and Haemophilus	Career structure in community
⁷ Misdiagnosis of amoebiasis	influenzae	medicine
Sir Francis Avery Jones, FRCP 565	M Rahman, MRCPATH 569	
Communication in hospital		Negotiating rights for junior hospital
C F Hawkins, FRCP 565	Costs in perspective	
Treatment of septicaemia	G Teeling-Smith, FPS 569	R D Rawlins, FRCS
P G Reasbeck, FRCS; H V Wyatt, PHD 566	A numbers game: understanding normal	
Treatment of hypertensive emergencies	standards	Ballot of consultants and registrars
with oral labetalol	P L T Willan, FRCSGLAS, and others 569	
C G H Maidment, MRCP, and R Davies,	Swaddling and congenital dislocation of	Part-time training open to all?
маср	the hip	J McE Potter, FRCS 572
Back pain	M A Smith, FRCS 569	New consultant contract
R C B Barbor, мв; I H J Bourne, FRCGP 566	Propranolol in black hypertensives	F Hampson, FRCPATH 573
Possible environmental hazards of	D G Delvin, MRCGP 569	Authority in the NHS
gas cooking	Carcinoma of the male breast and	K C Bailey, FRCPSYCH 573
E A K Patrick, FICHEME; M C S Kennedy,	oestrogen metabolism	Money for old rope
MRCS		J C Oakley, MRCGP
	G G Riden <i>o</i> , iRex	J C Ouncey, micor

Correspondents are urged to write briefly so that readers may be offered as wide a selection of letters as possible. So many are being received that the omission of some is inevitable. Letters must be signed personally by all their authors.

Mortality from abortion: the NHS record

SIR,-Since accurate records were kept following the 1967 Abortion Act figures have appeared from time to time which show conclusively that the mortality from abortion performed in NHS hospitals is consistently and significantly higher than the mortality of non-NHS abortion. In the past 10 years approximately 1.5 million abortions have been performed. The majority have been non-NHS abortions, yet of the 86 deaths resulting from these abortions, 72 occurred in NHS patients.

In spite of the fact that for most of the past decade the non-NHS sector has performed many more abortions than the NHS, there has not been a single year in which the number of NHS abortion deaths has been fewer than those following non-NHS abortion. For most of these years the excess of NHS over non-NHS deaths is considerable. One of us (CB) has already shown by reference to the Confidential Enquiry into Maternal Deaths during 1970-2 that the majority of abortion deaths were due to what were called "avoidable factors."1 From the clinical examples given it is clear that this is generally a euphemism for negligence. In several cases it seems that death has been due to a lack of skill either in performing the abortion, in anaesthetising the patient, or in diagnosing and treating surgical or anaesthetic complications. At the very least this suggests a lack of supervision of the junior staff who undoubtedly handle a significant proportion of the cases, but it may reflect skills even at consultant levels. Another cause may be the performing of more late abortions, although the difference between the NHS and non-NHS sectors is not great. The choice of technique is sometimes very questionable, as is the tendency, which is marked in the NHS, to combine abortion and sterilisation in spite of the known medical and psychological problems which this may cause. It is clear that the excess of NHS deaths is not accounted for by pre-existing disease. These figures are disturbing.

Even more disturbing is the reluctance of the Department of Health and Social Security to publish and accept the facts. One of us (PH) as far back as 1970 experienced difficulty in using differential morbidity statistics originally provided by the DHSS. Permission to publish them was eventually withdrawn. It was necessary to have a parliamentary question tabled to obtain recent differential mortality statistics. The figures for deaths and reported complications appear to be the only abortion statistics which are not broken down into NHS and non-NHS cases. If the DHSS is reluctant to permit its performance in this field to be publicly scrutinised it is perhaps not surprising if that performance is not as good as it might be. We believe that this issue is long overdue for

public discussion and that it also merits some			
official comment. Our letter is written with			
the hope that it may bring about both of these			
things.			

COLIN BREWER

PETER J HUNTINGFORD

Joint Academic Unit of Obstetrics, Gynaecology, and Reproductive Physiology, London Hospital Medical

Colles

London E1

¹ Brewer, C L, New Society, 1977, 39, 281.

Whooping-cough fatality rate

SIR,-One of the remarkable things about the increase in notifications of whooping cough over the past 18 months has been the change in the case fatality rate (as measured by the ratio of deaths to notifications). Since the 1950s this rate has been about 1:1000. In 1977, with seven deaths and 17 390 notifications, and in the first half of 1978, with five deaths in 29 262 notifications these rates are about 1:2500 and 1:6000 respectively.

How can this apparent decrease in case fatality rate, if real, be explained? Less whooping-cough vaccine has been used recently. Vaccine is believed to make the disease milder in those not fully protected by it, yet with less vaccine in use it appears that there has been an increase in mild cases, as suggested by the drop in case fatality rate. There may have been a large epidemic with a relatively avirulent strain of Bordetella pertussis, but this is something new. Could it be that the reduction in case fatality rates is due to the use of antibiotics? I do not think

10

ø